

The Daily Examiner.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1883

VOL 12.--NO. 78.

THE DAILY EXAMINER

IS ISSUED EVERY EVENING, BY THE EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY, FROM THEIR OFFICE, CORNER OF WATER AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS, CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION: Six Months, \$2 50; Three Months, 1 25; One Month, 0 50.

Advertising at most moderate rates. Contracts may be made for monthly, quarterly, half-yearly or yearly advertisements, on application.

ALMANAC FOR FEBRUARY, 1883.

MOON'S CHANGES. New Moon 7th day, 1h. 57m. a. m. First Quarter, 14th day, 5h. 42m. p. m. Full Moon, 21st day, 5h. 6m. p. m.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	High	Low	Days
1st Monday	30	4	59	4	47	4	58			
2nd Monday	29	5	1	2	46	6	16			
3rd Monday	28	3	1	3	44	7	30	9	59	
4th Monday	26	5	4	3	47	8	31			
5th Monday	25	6	5	2	5	9	21			
6th Monday	23	7	6	8	10	7				
7th Monday	21	9	6	4	5	10	48			
8th Monday	19	11	7	19	11	28				
9th Monday	17	12	7	5	1	1	31			
10th Monday	15	14	8	22	0	8	10	17		
11th Monday	14	16	8	53	0	48				
12th Monday	12	17	9	27	1	31				
13th Monday	11	18	10	4	2	27				
14th Monday	9	20	10	46	3	18				
15th Monday	7	21	11	35	4	36				
16th Monday	5	23	11	29	6	2				
17th Monday	3	24	1	27	7	20	10	35		
18th Monday	1	26	2	28	8	20				
19th Monday	6	59	3	31	9	7				
20th Monday	58	28	4	48	9	48				
21st Monday	56	30	5	35	10	24				
22nd Monday	54	31	6	36	10	56				
23rd Monday	52	33	7	37	11	27				
24th Monday	51	34	8	36	11	58	10	57		
25th Monday	49	36	9	36	11	30				
26th Monday	47	38	10	36	1	2				
27th Monday	45	39	11	35	1	39				
28th Monday	44	40	morn	2	20					

McLEOD & MORSON

Barristers & Attorneys-at-Law, SOLICITORS, NOTARIES PUBLIC, ETC.

OFFICES: Reform Club Committee Rooms, Opposite Post Office, Charlottetown, P. E. Island, Merchants' Bank of Halifax Building, Summerside, P. E. Island. MONEY TO LOAN, on good security, at moderate interest. NEIL McLEOD. W. A. O. MORSON. Nov. 24, '82.—pres her

DR. WARBURTON,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. (EDINBURGH.)

Office in Old City Hotel, corner of Great George and Dorchester Streets, opposite the Catholic chapel. Entrance on Great George Street—night bell. Ch'town, Nov. 14, '82.—3m

FOR SALE.

Lea's Sash and Door Factory, SAWING & PLANING MILL, Is now offered for sale.

THE above property will be sold to suit purchasers, as it now stands, or buildings and land will be sold separate from machinery. Also, that COMFORTABLE DWELLING HOUSE, situated on Cumberland Street, near Grafton.

For further particulars apply to the owner on the premises, PAUL LEA. Ch'town, Jan. 5, 1883.

NOTICE.

BEING about to make a change in my business, it is necessary that all amounts due me be paid on or before the twentieth January, 1883. All amounts not paid will be sued for then, without further notice. PAUL LEA. Sash and Door Factory, Ch'town, Jan. 5, '82.

NOW OPENED

Dining and Coffee Rooms, North Side of Queen Square, OPPOSITE THE LAW COURTS. D. MAY. Ch'town, Dec. 12, 1882.—3m

CARD.

DR. McLEAN, SOURIS EAST. Office—"Royal Oak Hotel." Dec. 11, 1882.—Jm 3aw wly 3m

JOHN MAGEACHERN, (Late of Italian Warehouse) AGENT FOR

Royal Fire Insurance Company, of England, London & Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, of England, City of London Fire Insurance Co., of England, HAS REMOVED

His Office to his New Building, Queen and King Sts.—Up Stairs. Ch'town, Dec. 7, '82.

Bank of Nova Scotia. ESTABLISHED 1832.

Paid up Capital . . . \$1,000,000 Reserve Fund . . . 325,000

An Agency of this Bank will be opened on Monday next, 19th inst., in the building lately occupied by the Bank of Prince Edward Island, under the management of the undersigned.

Deposits will be received on interest, and on current account. Drafts granted on the various Agencies and correspondents of the Bank. Sterling and other Exchange bought and sold, and general banking business transacted. D. C. CHALMERS, Agent. Ch'town, June 17, 1882.—4f

INSURANCE OFFICE.

Queen Insurance Company, OF ENGLAND. CAPITAL, TEN MILLION DOLLARS. Lancashire Insurance Company CAPITAL, FIFTEEN MILLION DOLLARS

Insurance effected on all kinds of property at current rates. Losses settled promptly and equitably. DESBRISAY & ANGUS, General Agents. Ch'town, Sept. 16, 1882.

PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS

MAKE NEW RICH BLOOD, And will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take 1 Pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks, may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. For curing Female Complaints these PILLS have no equal. Physicians use them in their practice. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for eight letter-stamps. Send for circular. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

DIPHTHERIA, CROUP, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS. JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT will instantaneously relieve these terrible diseases, and will positively cure the cases out of ten. Information that will save many lives sent free by mail. Don't delay a moment. Prevention is better than cure. (For Internal and External Use). CURES Neuralgia, Influenza, Sore Throat, Bleeding at the Lungs, Chronic Hoarseness, Hacking Cough, Whooping Cough, Chronic Rheumatism, Chronic Diarrhoea, Chronic Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Kidney Troubles, Diseases of the Spine and Lamæ Back. Sold everywhere. Send for pamphlet to I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

MAKE HENS LAY

FURNITURE, FURNITURE, AT COST. Opposite Post Office, Charlottetown.

Bedsteads, Chairs, Tables, Washstands, Sofas, Lounges, Parlor, and Drawing Room Furniture, Picture Mouldings.

JOHN NEWSON. Charlottetown, Jan. 2, 1883.—1y

CHEAPEST, SAFEST, SIMPLEST LIFE INSURANCE IN THE WORLD.

The Dominion Safety Fund Life Association OF ST. JOHN, N. B. \$50,000 Deposit with the Dominion Government. Working under Government License.

An Assessment Company with a Safety Fund. Life Insurance at its actual cost.

Good Canvassers Wanted. LEONARD MORRIS, General Agent for P. E. Island. Summerside, Oct. 28, 1882.—1y

TO LET, The Business Premises Known as

"83 Queen Street," Lately in the Occupation of R. W. Tremaine.

The Stock on hand is now selling at COST and CHARGES, will be cleared off at AUCTION about the middle of January, of which due notice will be given.

JAS. DESBRISAY. Charlottetown, Dec. 29, 1882.—4f

THE EXAMINER JOB PRINTING OFFICE

HAS LATELY BEEN REPLENISHED WITH A Large Supply of Printing Types and Material OF THE LATEST INVENTION and BEST DESCRIPTION, AND WE ARE NOW PREPARED,

Under the Careful and Skilful Supervision of Mr. J. W. Mitchell, TO PRINT

BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS, BLANK CHEQUES, RECEIPTS, NOTES OF HAND, POSTERS, HAND BILLS, DODGERS, &c., &c.

On Short Notice, in Good Style, at Cheap Prices.

CORRESPONDENCE.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions or statements of our correspondents.

"What's in a Name?"

To the Editor of the Examiner.

MY DEAR SIR,—In your paper of the 10th inst., I see a paragraph headed "change of name," from Bull Creek, to Bayfield. The only Bull Creek that I know of is on Lot or Township Number 46, in King's County. I believe that the name "Bull Creek" was bestowed upon that locality, in consequence of a farm, part of my late father's property, having been "sold" by the late Mr. — to a third party, the price being a BULL, of this transaction I produced evidence before the compulsory land confiscation commission in the year 1875. I regret that the name of Bull Creek should be changed, even to that of Bayfield, for the name of Bull Creek was a memorial, or an historical record of the fate and treatment accorded to proprietors de jure in this colony. This Bull Creek farm was by no means the only part of my late father's property sold by parties who had neither legal nor moral right or title—by giving what I have heard termed "a squatters deed!" If your readers would feel interested in reading, "the recollections of an expropriated Proprietor," I can supply you with many pistol poppings, of such small length as you seem to prefer, meanwhile, "Si brovitas placeat, hoc breve carmen habet!" Vive! Valeque! est me, est facis, ama!

ROBERT BRUCE STEWART. Mount Mellick Farmers' Club.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

DEAR SIR,—On Saturday last, several of the young men of Mount Mellick and vicinity assembled together for the purpose of organizing a club. The meeting was opened by the appointment of Mr. Thomas Delhaunt as chairman, and the undersigned as secretary. It was unanimously agreed that the society be known as the "Mount Mellick Farmers' Club." The officers elected were as follows, viz:—

Albert Boswall—President. Michael Haley—Vice-President. Joseph Morrissey—Secretary. Joseph Praught—Treasurer. Managing Committee—Messrs. Samuel Drake, Francis Praught, and Thomas Delhaunt.

After the usual business in connection with the society had been disposed of, the following subject was proposed for discussion:—"Which was mussel mud, a benefit or an injury to the soil?"

Mr. Albert Boswall, in opening the subject on the side that mussel mud was an injury, gave good proofs to corroborate his statement.

Mr. Joseph Praught, respondent, then rose and altogether disapproved of the statements made by his opponent.

After a lively discussion on both sides, it was decided, upon division of the house, that mussel mud was a benefit.

The interest taken by each member of the club, tends to show that the meetings will be both pleasant and profitable.

Yours, etc. JOSEPH F. MORRISSEY, Secretary.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

SIR,—A correspondent of the Patriot who signs himself "J. A." asks "why the road leading from the bridge along the line of Mr. Riordan's farm, has not been opened according to promise and expectation." I fully agree with the Patriot's correspondent that this road should be opened without delay, but I think his statement that the proprietor lays the blame on the Government is not correct. I have been told that Mr. Riordan, owing to the great depth of snow in the woods last winter, was unable to procure rails to fence the road, and that on condition of the public being allowed to pass over his private roadway, the Commissioner of Public Works did not insist on the opening of the road last summer. There can now, however, be no excuse for any further delay. The compensation is paid. The route being over dry, cleared land will cost very little for grading and the public should have the benefit of it at once.

"J. A." trusts that Mr. Henry Beer will attend to the interests of his constituents, and demand an explanation on the floor of the House, when it meets. Why should "J. A." put his trust in Mr. Beer? That gentleman represented the District for many years, during part of which he sat in the Executive, and was for another considerable portion of the time in full sympathy with the Government—in fact Speaker of the House of Assembly; but he has yet to learn that he moved his little finger to open the road by Mr. Riordan's, or the other road from Mr. Hughes' forge to Tracadie, although his constituents repeatedly asked him to attend to these matters.

Tracadie. Lot 35, Feb. 19, 1883. The Great French Remedy, Dr. LeDuc's Periodical Pills.

For the cure of Leucorrhoea or White's Excessive or painful Menstruation, Green Sickness, Falling of the Womb, Catarrh of the Uterus or Vagina, Hysteria, Pain in the Back, or Piles, or for the purpose of invigorating and giving tone to the Generative Organs, two pills should be taken twice daily, or in very debilitated conditions, one pill three times a day. To effect cures in chronic cases it will be necessary to continue the use of the remedy for some months. A reasonable trial will create sufficient confidence in the remedy to insure its being taken until a permanent cure is effected.

STARR'S KIDNEY PILLS, 31 King Street, West Toronto. All Druggists, dec. 16

A BAZAAR and Tea in aid of Funds of the Methodist Church and Sabbath School, will be held on Wednesday, March 21st. Particulars in handbills. [feb14—3in

The Loss of the Jeannette.

THE OFFICIAL REPORT OF THE BOARD OF INQUIRY.—THE OFFICERS AND CREW EXONERATED FROM ALL BLAME BY THE BOARD.

The report of the "Jeannette" board of inquiry has been published at Washington.

Of the condition of the vessel on her departure from San Francisco, the report says her condition was good and satisfactory to the officers and crew. As to her management, the report says: The arrangements to abandon the ship at a moment's warning, and to guard against fire were all that could be desired, and the evidence shows that in the management of the "Jeannette" up to the time of her destruction DeLong, by his foresight and prudence, provided measures to meet all emergencies, and enforced wise regulations to maintain discipline, to preserve health and encourage cheerfulness among those under his command. The fact of the ship having passed a second winter in the ice without the appearance of any scurvy on board, sufficiently attests to the excellence of the sanitary arrangements adopted, and reflects great credit upon her medical officer, Past Assistant Surgeon James M. Ambler. Of the circumstances attending the loss of the "Jeannette," the report says any vessel, no matter what her model might have been, or however strongly constructed if subjected to the same pressure as that incurred by the "Jeannette," would have been annihilated. She was abandoned June 12th, and foundered at four a. m., the following day. The court attaches no blame to any officer or man for her loss. As to the provisions made and the plans adopted for the several boats' crews upon their leaving the wreck. The report says the contingency of the loss of the vessel had been foreseen and provided for, and when the emergency arose everything was prepared to meet it. As to the efforts made by the various officers to insure the safety of parties under their immediate charge, and for the relief of other parties, the Board says that for three months after the retreat began the entire ships' company remained together under the direction of their command, struggling against obstacles which required indomitable pluck and perseverance to overcome. There seems to have been no precaution neglected which would tend to insure the safety of the company. During this time as well as upon other occasions, the conduct of the ice-pilot Dunbar, boatswain Cole, and fireman Bartlett, elicited well deserved commendation. On Sept. 12th the three boats were separated in a gale when approaching the Siberian coast, and no further records exist of the second cutter's party, but as Lieut. Chipp was noted for his seamanship qualities, it may safely be assumed that he did all he could to weather the gale. Noros and Ninderman, who were in DeLong's party and were sent forward for assistance, are held blameless for the loss of their comrades. These two men unsuccessfully did their utmost to make the natives understand the condition of the Commander's party and induce them to go to its relief. It seems there was some confusion in the minds of these people between the Commander's party and that under Melville at Geronavalocke, but the two seamen knew nothing of the whole boats fate, and could not therefore guess at the mistake, nor is it probable that if they had returned they would have found any of the Commander's alive. Of Melville's effort to save DeLong and Chipp, the report says it was not until Oct. 29 that Melville learned that the first cutters had survived the gale. When he did he at once started and did all in his power to find and succor his missing comrades, he succeeded in recovering a portion of the records left behind by the Commander, but after nearly sacrificing his life from hunger and cold he returned to Balaen and then went to Yakutsk, where he at once commenced preparations for a more extended search, which finally resulted in finding the remainder of the records and the records of DeLong's party. The coast and upper portion of Lena Delta were then unsuccessfully but thoroughly searched for the second cutter's party.

The New York Tribune's London cable letter of February 18th says:—Old members of the House of Commons say that they never knew a House beginning work so devoid of spirit. Speeches have been made thus far to almost empty benches. The Conservatives never appealed more destitute in policy or more hopeless of success. The real troubles of the Ministry are expected to begin when the Irish amendments are discussed. It is understood that Parnell will take an early opportunity for testing the efficiency of the new rules. A number of notices of Irish bills, which already have been given, sufficiently show the determination on his part to make this an Irish session.

At Moscow preparations for the coronation of the Czar are proceeding upon a fabulous scale of magnificence. Eleven miles of tables are being constructed for the banquet on the plain and eighty-five circular counters for distribution of 900,000 pies. Rubenstein is to write a march and direct the orchestra of 1,000 musicians and 8,000 chorists. Sixteen enormous vats, to hold free beer, are being built in public places and an English company is covering the Kremlin with electric lights.

Lord Hartington says that unless there is urgent need of Gladstone's presence, he will remain in the south until Easter. His colleagues assert that they can take care of the business before them, but there is, nevertheless, an uneasy feeling on account of his absence. Public apprehension as to the true condition of the Premier is not allayed, and much anxiety is caused by published statements throwing doubt upon his return at any time to public life.