



THE DAILY EXAMINER.

FEBRUARY 21, 1891.

Means by Which to Conquer.

The logic of "Unrestricted Reciprocity," as exemplified by Mr. Farrar at Washington, is not acceptable to the Grits of this Province. So their chief organ strives to belittle Mr. Farrar's position and influence in the Grit Party.

But it is contended that Mr. Farrar wrote his infamous letter "in his private capacity." This, too, is ridiculous. The Globe dare not make this pretence. The Globe denounced its contemporary, the Mail, in unmeasured terms when Mr. Farrar, then editor of the Mail, was at Washington conferring with the supporters of Unrestricted Reciprocity in the States, and smecting the nefarious schemes which afterwards, when he was editor of the Globe and chief exponent of the Opposition Party, found expression in the treasonable letter of which the last paragraph has been published.

The Patriot says: "This has been twisted into a document favoring annexation." Mr. Farrar declared in his letter that "Sir John's disappearance from the stage is to be the signal for a movement towards annexation"; that in Nova Scotia "the fishermen's phrase that they should like to see Gloucester moved east," in order that they might enjoy higher wages, commends itself to the majority; and that "the Islanders are exceedingly friendly to the Americans, and it is said by one who knows the state of the feeling there [was] this Mr. Welsh or Mr. Farquharson [?] that fully 70 per cent. of them would vote for full reciprocity or for annexation."

Yet the Patriot would fain be the apologist and defender of the traitor who wrote this letter. There is in it, we are told, "a number of plain and indisputable truths." Is it true that "the influence of the fish merchants is far-reaching,—they control the newspapers, and to some extent the politics of the Provinces?" Is it true that seventy per cent. of "the Islanders" would vote for annexation? Is it true that "a solid Liberal contingent" was sent to Ottawa from this Province for the reason that "in Prince Edward Island" it is "impossible to spend public money except on a few wharves and lighthouses?"

Why has the Patriot in his behalf resorted to the meanness and dishonesty of the garbler? If Mr. Farrar is only employed to "write articles for the Globe," if he

only write "a silly letter" "in his private capacity"; if he is not a representative of the Opposition party; if he is a "rather inferior sort of person," why does the Patriot deem it to be necessary to cut his well-balanced sentences in twain, as in the following,—

From the Patriot:—"The Islanders are friendly to the Americans and 70 per cent. (the Liberal percentage) of them would vote for full reciprocity."

As written by Mr. Farrar:—"The Islanders are exceedingly friendly to the Americans and it is said by one who knows the state of the feeling there that fully 70 per cent. of them would vote for full reciprocity or for annexation, provided the question were submitted to them free from any entangling issues of a local character, and that the Ottawa Government abstained from the use of bribery."

Why garble such an unexceptional text in the manner here shown?

The fact is that Sir Richard Cartwright and Mr. Farrar were, when in Washington, doing the business of their party. They were concocting the grand scheme by which Annexation is to be accomplished. According to this scheme, the first movement in the States was the passage of the agricultural schedule in the McKinley Bill; and the first movement in Canada is the submission to the people of the question of Unrestricted Reciprocity.

"Our Liberal friends, Fielding and Longley, of Nova Scotia; Davies, of Prince Edward Island; Mercer and Laurier, of Quebec; Cartwright, of Ontario, and a host besides, look to us, the people of the United States, for the sign by which they shall conquer."

They're Dropping Off!

The Grit policy of unrestricted reciprocity, alias annexation, is too great a load to carry.

The loyal people of Canada will have none of it.

Neither will the leading members of the party and several of the party newspapers.

The list of dissentients is quite interesting. Here are a few:

Hon. Edward Blake, ex-leader of the Opposition, whose letter of withdrawal the Grits dare not publish.

Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, who says he is opposed to a Zollverein and customs discrimination against Great Britain.

Hon. Wm. Macdougall, whose U. E. blood revolts against the degrading policy of his party.

Mr. C. N. Skinner, ex-M.P., who has taken up the Conservative standard in St. John.

Mr. Silas Ahearne, M.L.A., of St. John, who openly supports the policy of his old opponents.

Mr. D. G. Smith, of Northumberland, an old supporter of Hon. Mr. Mitchell.

Mr. J. P. Tanton, of Charlottetown, who objects to the position taken by the Opposition respecting the trade question.

Mr. Edgar Judge, of Montreal, who regards his party's policy as unwise and unpatriotic.

Mr. Gordon Brown, of Toronto, former manager of the Globe.

Ex-Ald Stephen, of Halifax, former president of the Reform Association.

Mr. A. A. Stockton, M.L.A., of St. John.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley, solicitor-general of New Brunswick, who appears on Mr. Foster's platform.

The Huntington Gleaner, which says Cartwright and Laurier do not represent the Liberal party.

The Chatham, N. B., Advance, which refuses to support Hon. Mr. Mitchell on his commercial union platform.

And the returns are not all in yet!

Queen's County.

THE candidates for Queen's have throughout the past week, been busily employed in the Belfast district. Gentlemen belonging to the district inform THE EXAMINER that both the Liberal Conservative candidates created a decidedly favorable impression. Mr. Blake, though not yet free from indisposition, put the points in the issue clearly and vigorously, and by his gentlemanly bearing, won the good-will of even his opponents. Mr. Ferguson was, it is generally admitted, very effective in his replies to Mr. Davies. The latter is well enough when he has a good case and an opponent who doesn't know as much as he does. But all his ability as a special pleader can not avail to cover up the essential weakness of Unrestricted Reciprocity or the carelessness of his conduct respecting the tunnel, while his glib talk and rhetorical flourishes are as mere wind when compared with the plain facts and strong Saxon English of Mr. Ferguson. As a Belfaster remarked a few years ago, "Donald floors him every time." The Conservatives of Belfast are not now under the disadvantage of having a voters' list from which many of their names are omitted; and we believe that they will have a good many accessions from the ranks of the Opposition.

Notes and Comments.

—The editor of the Patriot addressed the meeting at Kennington, and never said a word about the tunnel! Fact.

—The Toronto Globe, received yesterday, says, under the heading of "Government Boodle": "The Ottawa Government has taken hold of the Prince Edward Island tunnel scheme for the purpose of the election."

—The Patriot has not yet uttered a word on the John V. Ellis matter. Does our contemporary believe, with its grit confere, the Telegraph, that "nothing but defeat awaits the party which does not 'disown John V. Ellis'?"

Queen's County.

MEETING AT WOOD ISLANDS.

Excellent Prospects.

A meeting was held at Wood Islands on Wednesday afternoon. H. C. McMillan was in the chair. There was a large attendance of electors, and the best of order was maintained throughout. The meeting was addressed by Messrs Ferguson, Blake, Davies and Welsh, all of whom were given a good hearing. Judging from the tone of this meeting, the prospects for Ferguson and Blake are excellent.

Rousing Meeting at Brookfield.

Bright Prospects for the Conservatives.

The meeting at Brookfield last night was a big one and some rattling speeches were made. The feeling in favor of the Liberal-Conservative candidates was very pronounced, and augurs for their success at that place on election day. Mr. Murdoch McLeod occupied the chair.

Donald McKay, M. P. P., was the first speaker. For half an hour he dealt with the questions of the day ably and well.

Donald Farquharson, M. P. P., followed, speaking for three quarters of an hour.

Hon. David Laird, who came next, went out of his way to inform the electors that Mr. J. P. Tanton, of Charlottetown, had gone over to the Liberal-Conservative party because he feared that unrestricted reciprocity would kill the pork trade; and then went on to try to prove that pork was free anyway under the reciprocity treaty of 1854!

Mr. Tanton, who was present, then took the platform to reply to Mr. Laird. This move struck consternation into the grits, and a cowardly and deliberate attempt was made to shut off discussion.

Mr. Farquharson, who had himself taken up the time of the meeting for three quarters of an hour, moved that Mr. Tanton be allowed ten minutes to explain.

Hon. B. Ballerston did not agree exactly with Mr. Farquharson's motion and moved in amendment that Mr. Tanton have fifteen minutes.

Mr. McKay moved in amendment that Mr. Tanton be allowed half an hour.

Mr. McKay's motion was strongly opposed by Mr. Farquharson and the other Grits present, but the motion on being put was carried by the Conservatives.

Mr. Tanton then proceeded with his speech, paying special attention to Mr. Laird, giving that gentleman one of the severest castigations he ever received, exposing the fallacy of his proposition that they were going to make up their deficit by additional duties upon silks and satins. He challenged Mr. Laird or any lunary of the Grit party to a fair discussion of the trade question. He said he respected Mr. Farquharson as a shipper and a business man, but the best thing Mr. Laird was qualified for was to deal with trade matters.

Mr. Laird was well paid for all the services he rendered to the country, but in dealing with matters of trade he was altogether at sea. If time permitted he could produce figures upon the trade question sufficient to bury Mr. Laird together with Farrar, Wiman, and the Globe and all the rest of the arch-traitors, at whose beck and nod Mr. Laird is bound to bend the knee.

Mr. Tanton challenged Mr. Laird to produce the treaty of 1854, showing that pork was free. Mr. Laird could not produce the document.

Mr. Tanton concluded by eloquently appealing to the loyal people of Brookfield to stand by their country and save it from the hands of traitors.

A. B. McKenzie, M. L. C., followed.

A. A. McLean then recalled to Mr. Laird's mind some statements which he made at Hunter River.

Mr. Laird replied with such Billingsgate as "Your a liar," etc.

The meeting closed with three cheers for Sir John!

Prince County!

GREAT MEETING AT CENTREVILLE.

UNANIMOUS FOR THE TUNNEL.

SUMMERSIDE, Feb. 21.

One of the largest meetings ever held in Centreville was addressed yesterday for over three hours and a half—first by Hunt and then by Howlan. They were listened to with great attention and earnestness. When, at the close of Howlan's address, he appealed to them for their decision as to whether he should go further, or cease his agitation for the tunnel, he told them to stand up and show him, they rose as one man and cheered lustily, saying, "Go on, and we will support you to the end!"

Three rousing cheers were given for the tunnel, Sir John Macdonald, Howlan and Hunt, and three for the Queen.

The meeting then broke up with a vote of thanks to the Hon. Stewart Burnis, the chairman.

This meeting ends the series of meetings held in the eastern end of the county, and the candidates go west to-day with the full assurance of the support from an eastern end such as has never been given since before the time of Confederation. The meetings for the western end open at Tignish on Monday.

Cartwright Has Also a Plantation Medley.

Oh! how I'll shout when I get dar! Doan' yo' feel like crossin' o'bar? Uncle Sam's de white haired boy— Doan' yo' feel like crossin' o'bar? Roll, Niagara, roll; roll, Niagara, roll. Iaa staided on fur Yankee lan', and I doan' want to stop, Doan' yo' feel like crossin' o'bar? Now doan' yo' be a stumbling block— Doan' yo' feel like crossin' o'bar? Roll, Niagara, roll; roll, Niagara, roll. Now doan' yo' be a stumbling block— Doan' yo' feel like crossin' o'bar? Oh! how I'll shout when I git dar! Doan' yo' feel like crossin' o'bar?

We'll gather at da great white house, Doan' yo' feel like crossin' o'bar? And I'll sit in state as a senator— Doan' yo' feel like crossin' o'bar? Roll, Niagara, roo-o-oll.

R. CARTWRIGHT.

Letter from Mr. A. S. Johnson, Ph. C.

Sir,—As there is some misunderstanding regarding the nature of the Scott Act case decided against me last Monday, I would like to state the prominent facts as briefly and clearly as possible.

On January 18th, Donald Matheson came to my store and purchased from one of my clerks a small quantity of spirits of wine, saying he wanted it for a bad pain in his chest. After obtaining it he went away, and it seems drank the greater part of it, and in consequence, became helplessly intoxicated. Some of the anti-temperance party took up the matter, and, actuated by no praiseworthy motives, laid information against me with the City Marshal, who summoned me to answer the charge of committing a breach of the C. T. Act.

According to the amended Act, I, as a legally qualified chemist and druggist, am authorized to sell alcohol of full strength for medicinal uses, but the Act requires that each sale shall be recorded in a book kept for the purpose, a requirement of which I was altogether unaware. Forasmuch as such record was not made in this case, I was fined, not for the actual sale of the alcohol, which as far as it went was quite legal, but simply because this requirement was not fulfilled. The Magistrate, in giving his decision said "Though I give his judgment without any doubt in my own mind as to its correctness, I regret its necessity, as from the evidence it appears that this is a violation of the letter of the Act, not its spirit, and that other druggists in this city, not knowing the law, though also making bona-fide sales for medicinal purposes, have not taken the precaution of making a record of their sales and have thus rendered themselves liable to prosecution."

As it is well known who were the active movers in this prosecution, it is clearly seen why I was picked out from among the other druggists of the city. Indeed, although the Act has been in force in different parts of the Dominion for the past twelve years, this is the first case on record where a druggist has been fined for the sale of this drug.

Thanking you for your space, I am, yours, &c.,

ARTHUR S. JOHNSON.

Supreme Court.

The Supreme Court met to-day for the purpose of delivering judgments. In the application of M. W. Murphy, to quash the conviction of two justices of the peace for Queen's County for an assault alleged to have been committed in Charlottetown, the Court unanimously held that the magistrates had no jurisdiction to hear the case and made the rule absolute for a certiorari. Young vs. Glasgow and London Insurance Co.—The Court discharged the rule nisi for a new trial, and upheld both the finding of the jury and the ruling of the judge at the trial.

Court adjourned sine die.

PRESSED HAY FOR SALE

BEST QUALITY.

JOHN NEWSON.

Charlottetown, Feb. 20, 1891—1m

The Charlottetown Steam Navigation Company (Ltd).

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at their Office, corner of Great George and Lower Water Streets, Charlottetown, on MONDAY, the Second day of March, A. D. 1891, at the hour of Eleven o'clock, a. m.

By order,

F. W. HALES,

Secretary.

Charlottetown, Feb. 17, 1891—4y

Natural History Society.

JOHN McSWAIN, ESQ.,

Principal Queen Square School,

Will read a Paper before this Society on

"THE DISEASES OF THE POTATO,"

IN Y. M. C. A. PARLOR,

—ON—

Monday, 23rd Inst.

AT 8 O'CLOCK, P. M.

Admission Free. feb16

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Port Selkirk Work," will be received until TUESDAY, the 19th day of March next, exclusively, for the construction of Work at Port Selkirk, Queen's County, P. E. I., according to a plan and specification to be seen on application to the Postmaster, Vernon River Bridge, P. E. I., and at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the form supplied and signed with the actual signatures of tenderers.

An accepted bank cheque, payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, equal to five per cent. of the amount of tender, must accompany each tender. This cheque will be forfeited if the party decline the contract or fail to complete the work contracted for, and will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender. The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

E. F. E. ROY,

Secretary.

Department of Public Works, } Ottawa, 5th February, 1892. } feb21-31



Our Annual Sale of WHITE GOODS

WILL BEGIN Monday Morning, Feb 2nd.

We have been fortunate in securing several very attractive lots of EMBROIDERIES, FLOUNCINGS, etc., especially for this occasion. In nearly every line of Goods mentioned below we show unusual values.

BEER BROS.

SWISS EMBROIDERIES, INSERTIONS and FLOUNCINGS, AMERICAN TICKINGS, LAWN EMBROIDERIES, VANDYKE EMBROIDERIES, VICTORIA and BISHOP'S LAWN, CROSSBAR MUSLINS and PIQUES, American and Canadian SHIRTINGS, LONSDALE and NAINSOOK, COLORED EMBROIDERIES, LIFEN and COTTON EDGINGS, FEATHER STITCH TRIMMINGS, FLOUNCE MARKING COTTON, PHOENIX LINEN, etc., etc.



Dr. Geo. A. Baynes

WISHES TO ANNOUNCE to his patients in P. E. Island that, owing to the great increase in his office practice in Charlottetown, his time is so much occupied that this will be the last visitation he will be able to make for some time. He therefore requests those patients wishing to see him to call punctually and early, on the days and dates mentioned below, so that he can make uninterrupted train connections:—

- HUNTER RIVER—Bagnall's Hotel, Monday, February 23rd.
EMERALD JUNCTION—Hughes' Hotel, Tuesday, February 24th.
SUMMERSIDE—Clifton Hotel, Wednesday and Thursday, Feb. 25th and 26th.
CHARLOTTETOWN—Office, Queen Square, Friday and Saturday, 27th & 28th.
MONTAGUE BRIDGE—Mrs. McDonald's Hotel, Tuesday and Wednesday, March 3rd and 4th.
GEORGETOWN—Mrs. Aitkin's Hotel, Thursday, March 5th.
CHARLOTTETOWN—Office, Queen Square, Friday and Saturday, March 6, 7.
SCURIS—Cox's Hotel, Tuesday and Wednesday, March 10th and 11th.
MOUNT STEWART—Mrs. Clark's Hotel, Thursday, March 12th.
And thereafter every day at Charlottetown Office, between the hours of 10 and 12 a. m. and 2 and 6 p. m.

SOCIAL!

The Young Ladies of the Wesley Mission Band will give a Social in the Basement of the Methodist Brick Church, on TUESDAY, 3rd March. The Programme, consisting of Readings, Choruses, etc., will commence at 8 o'clock, after which there will be a Sale of Useful and Fancy Articles. Admission, 10c. Refreshments at 9 o'clock. February 18, 1891—tl dte

HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES.

Our Spring Stock Just Received.

HARRIS & STEWART, LONDON HOUSE.

Charlottetown, Feb. 4, 1891.