

# The Daily Examiner.

TERMS—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free-born Men having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1882

VOL. 11.—NO. 91.

**THE DAILY EXAMINER**  
IS ISSUED EVERY EVENING,  
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AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS,  
Charlottetown, P. E. Island.  
RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:  
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Three Months, 1 25  
One Month, 0 50  
Advertising at moderate rates.  
Contracts may be made for monthly,  
quarterly, half-yearly or yearly advertise-  
ments, on application.

ALMANAC FOR SEPTEMBER, 1882.

MOON'S CHANGES.  
Third Quarter 4th day, 9h. 14m., a. m., S. W.  
New Moon 12th day, 8h. 46m., a. m., S. E.  
First Quarter, 20th day, 9h. 15m., a. m., N. E.  
(below horizon.)  
Full Moon, 27th day, 1h. 51m., a. m., S. W.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	Moon sets	High water	Days len.
1 Friday	5 26	6 34	8 23	0 54		
2 Saturday	27	32	9 51	1 40		
3 Sunday	28	30	9 52	2 30	13 09	
4 Monday	29	28	10 44	3 32		
5 Tuesday	31	26	11 43	4 45		
6 Wednesday	32	24	morn	6 10		
7 Thursday	33	22	0 43	7 21		
8 Friday	34	20	1 44	8 16		
9 Saturday	36	18	2 45	8 59		
10 Sunday	37	16	3 47	9 36	12 48	
11 Monday	38	14	4 47	10 10		
12 Tuesday	40	12	5 48	10 41		
13 Wednesday	41	11	6 47	11 22		
14 Thursday	42	9	7 47	11 43		
15 Friday	43	7	8 47	morn		
16 Saturday	45	5	9 48	0 15		
17 Sunday	46	3	10 48	0 49	12 25	
18 Monday	47	1	11 46	1 27		
19 Tuesday	48	59	12 40	2 12		
20 Wednesday	50	57	1 32	3 2		
21 Thursday	51	55	2 17	4 14		
22 Friday	52	53	2 57	5 39		
23 Saturday	53	51	3 33	7 3		
24 Sunday	55	49	4 6	8 10	12 04	
25 Monday	56	47	4 36	9 2		
26 Tuesday	57	45	5 7	9 49		
27 Wednesday	59	43	5 41	10 32		
28 Thursday	6 0	41	6 17	11 14		
29 Friday	1	39	6 58	11 56		
30 Saturday	6 3	37	7 44	12 37		

**L. ARTHUR & CO.,**  
General Commission Merchants  
Particular attention given to the sale  
of Island produce.

121 Atlantic Avenue & 20 Essex Avenue,  
BOSTON, MASS.  
May 27, 1882—wky

**Bank of Nova Scotia.**  
ESTABLISHED 1832.

Paid Up Capital . . . \$1,000,000  
Reserve Fund . . . 325,000

An Agency of this Bank will be opened on  
Monday next, 19th inst., in the building  
lately occupied by the Bank of Prince Edward  
Island, under the management of the under-  
signed.  
Deposits will be received on interest, and  
on current account.  
Drafts granted on the various Agencies and  
correspondents of the Bank.  
Sterling and other Exchange bought and  
sold, and general banking business transacted.  
D. C. CHALMERS,  
Ch'town, June 17, 1882—Agent.

**INSURANCE OFFICE.**

**Queen Insurance Company,**  
OF ENGLAND.  
CAPITAL, TEN MILLION DOLLARS.

**City of London Fire Insur-**  
**ance Company.**  
CAPITAL, TEN MILLION DOLLARS.

Insurance effected on all kinds of property  
at current rates. Losses settled promptly  
and equitably.  
F. KENNEDY,  
General Agent.  
Office—South Side, Queen Square.  
Ch'town, Feb. 3 1882.

**W. C. BISHOP,**  
SHIPPING

**FORWARDING AGENT,**  
Marine Insurance Broker,

General Commission Agent,  
BEDFORD ROW,  
P. O. BOX 1 . . . HALIFAX, N. S.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION given to the  
shipment of Lobsters and other Canned  
Goods, and collection of Custom Drawbacks  
thereon.  
Hulls, Cargoes, and Freights insured in  
first-class offices at most favorable rates.  
Consignments of Produce solicited, and  
prompt returns guaranteed.  
Correspondence solicited and answered  
promptly.  
Nov. 14, 1881—lyr

## "CITY STEAM BAKERY." TEA PARTY

THE proprietor of this Establishment, owing to the increased demand for his Goods, has added new facilities to his Bakery, consisting of the latest and most improved machinery, etc., and is now prepared to supply the trade with

Hard Bread, Plain and Fancy Biscuits, &c.,  
AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

1000 lbs. CHOICE CONFECTIONERY

To arrive per Steamship "Miramichi," from Montreal.  
Orders by mail promptly executed.

**J QUIRK,**  
Prince Street, Charlottetown, P. E. Island  
May 4, 1882.

Beautiful Summer Resort.

**THE SEASIDE HOTEL,**  
(UNDER VICE-REGAL PATRONAGE).  
Rustico Beach, - - P. E. Island.

THIS beautifully-situated and well-known establishment will be opened from July 1st till September 10th, for the accommodation of Guests and Visitors.  
RALES—\$1.75 per day; \$10 per week; \$32 per month.  
TO REACH THE HOTEL—Coach will leave Charlottetown every Wednesday and Saturday evening, calling for Guests; returning every Thursday and Monday morning, at 9 o'clock, a. m. Also, arrangements have been made with Mr. Bagnall to meet trains from all points at Hunter River, for passengers to Seaside, seven miles.  
Trains leave Charlottetown for Hunter River at 6.45, 9.20, a. m., and 4.20 p. m.  
Hunter River for Charlottetown, 9 a. m., 2.11 and 7 p. m.  
Hunter River to Summerside 7.45, 11.10 a. m., and 5.42 p. m.  
Address,  
**JOHN NEWSON & CO.**  
Charlottetown  
June 24, 12

## BRITISH WAREHOUSE, QUEEN SQUARE.

IN the month of May W. & A. BROWN & CO. opened about  
148 CASES DRY GOODS,  
from which they are still supplying largely to the WHOLE-  
SALE and RETAIL TRADE at very close prices.

Every Department of their Establishment is Kept Replenished  
BY WEEKLY STEAMERS.

100 Chests of Superior Congou Tea.  
IN STOCK AT VERY LOW PRICES.  
6072 GRAIN BAGS Daily Expected.  
Charlottetown, July 26, 1882.

## D. A. BRUCE,

**MERCHANT TAILOR,**  
Is now offering Cash Buyers the BEST VALUE that  
can be had in the market, in  
Broadcloth, Worsted, Scotch and Canadian  
Tweed Suits.

A magnificent range of  
**GENTS' FURNISHINGS,**

**AMERICAN WHITE & COLORED SHIRTS**  
Collars, Ties, Underclothing, English and American Hats.

Our Readymade Clothing is Manufactured on the Premises,  
fashionably cut, well sewed, and having good trimmings,  
Will be sold as Cheap as Imported.

We invite you to inspect our Goods.  
**D. A. BRUCE,**  
Charlottetown, May 22, '82.  
72 Queen Street.

## Picnic Supplies,

Beer & Goff's

Raspberry, Lemon and Pine  
Apple Syrups,  
Ginger Beer and Ginger Ale.

(IN BARRELS AND BOTTLES).  
BISCUITS AND CONFECTIONERY,  
DATES, FIGS, NUTS, &c.

Favorable arrangements made with Tea  
Party Committees.  
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR EGGS.

**BEER & GOFF.**  
Charlottetown, June 22, 1882

## SELLING OFF

Greatly Reduced Prices.  
A LARGE LOT OF  
MEN'S AND BOYS'

Hats, Caps, Clothing, &c.

3000 Straw Hats,  
600 Felt Hats,  
50 Caps in Cloth, Silk and Linen,  
Boys' Suits,  
Youth's Suits,  
Men's Coat Suits,  
Shirts, Linen and Drawers,  
Collars, Ties, Braces, &c.

Also, 3000 Rolls Paper Hangings, Blinds,  
Borderings, &c.

As the subscribers are desirous of clearing  
out the above Goods during the present  
month, great bargains may be expected for  
ready cash.

**F. LePAGE & CO.**  
July 5, 1882—wky

Tickets to all Points  
WEST AND NORTH WEST,  
Over the Intercolonial and  
Grand Trunk Railways.

For sale at Post Office at Pictou Landing by  
O. A. McLEOD  
May 2, 1882.

## INCREASE YOUR CAPITAL.

**\$10**  
**\$20**  
**WHEAT**  
**\$50**  
**STOCKS**  
**\$100**  
Those desiring to make money  
on small and low investments  
in grain, provision and stock  
speculation, can do so by oper-  
ating on our plan. From May 1st,  
1881, to the present date, our in-  
vestments of \$10,000 to \$1,000,000  
profits have been realized, and  
paid to investors amounting to  
several times the original invest-  
ment, still leaving the original in-  
vestment making money or pay-  
able on demand. Explainers, regu-  
lars and statements of fund W  
sent free. We want responsible  
agents, who will report on crops  
and introduce the plan. Liberal  
commissions paid. Address,  
**FLEMING & MERRIAM,** Com-  
mission Merchants, Major Block,  
Chicago, Ill.

## STEAMER HEATHER BELLE

WILL leave Orwell Brush Wharf for Char-  
lottetown every Tuesday, Wednesday  
and Thursday morning at 7 o'clock, calling  
at China Point and Halliday's Wharves; re-  
turning from Charlottetown to Orwell same  
evening at 3 o'clock; remaining at Brush  
Wharf Tuesday and Wednesday nights, and  
Thursday night returning to Charlottetown,  
arriving about 8.30 o'clock, p. m., and when  
tide permits on one of these days the steamer  
will run to Vernon River Bridge.  
Will leave Charlottetown for Crapaud  
every Friday and Saturday, according to  
tide, till first November, and not after; every  
alternate Friday the steamer will remain at  
Crapaud Wharf over night.  
Fares to Orwell and other wharves—Upper  
Deck and Cabin, 30 cts; Lower Deck, 20 cts.  
Fares to Crapaud—Upper Deck and Cabin,  
40 cts., Lower Deck, 30 cts.

**JOHN HUGHES,**  
May 11, 1882—pat ne pre 31 law Agent

## PATENTS.

We continue to act as Solicitors for Patents  
Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, etc., in  
the United States, Canada, Cuba, Englnd,  
France, Germany, etc. We have had thirty-  
five years experience.  
Patents obtained through us are notified in  
the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN. This large and  
splendid illustrated weekly paper, \$3.20 a  
year, shows the Progress of Science, is very  
interesting, and has an enormous circulation.  
Address MUNN & CO., Patent Solicitors,  
Publishers of SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, 37 Park  
Row, New York. Hand-book about Patents  
sent free. [de 1

## Souris Notes.

Dr. Knox is visiting Souris and vicinity.  
Rev. J. G. Cameron is away visiting his  
friends in Nova Scotia.

The breakwater is again receiving atten-  
tion. Ballasting appears to be the prin-  
cipal work.

We are pleased to note that Messrs.  
Wright Bros. have succeeded in re-es-  
tablishing the Steam Mill which was burned  
to the ground last winter.

The farmers of this section of the County  
complain of a decrease in the hay. Har-  
vesting has fairly commenced. The potatoe  
crop promises to be an abundant one, with  
the prospects of a high figure.

A corpse arrived here by train on Friday  
evening. Deceased was a son of Mr.  
Dugald Campbell, of Fairfield, Lot 47.  
His remains were followed to St. Colum-  
bia Chapel by a large concourse of people.

Mackerel are very plentiful around the  
coast, but are very shy in taking the hook.  
The fishermen, however, anticipate more  
than an average catch. Those already  
taken are of fair quality to command a  
high price. The principal buyers are:  
Messrs. Matthew, McLean & Co., Mac-  
donald, Macdonald & Co., and Doyle &  
McBride.

The S. S. Beaver runs regularly between  
Souris, Georgetown, Pictou, Port Hood,  
Magdalen Islands and Gaspe. The Beaver  
is inferior, in some respects, to her swif-  
ter predecessor, the S. S. Scud. The  
accommodation of her passengers is well  
attended to, while the courtesy and bene-  
volence of the officers are liberally referred  
to, and merit the patronage of the  
travelling public.

Typhoid fever of a malignant type has  
reappeared amongst us once more. The  
family of Mr. Thomas Steele, Souris West,  
is numbered with the afflicted. His second  
son, Alfred, aged 21 years, succumbed to  
its dreadful effects on Saturday last. Three  
other members of the family are also  
stricken down with the disease, of which  
two are in a very precarious condition.  
Much sympathy is felt for Mr. Steele.  
The wife of Mr. Joseph N. McDonald is a victim  
of the same malady.

## Egyptian Notes.

To counteract the evil effects of Egyptian  
sand and glare, all officers have taken out  
binoculars as part of their kit. Most  
of the binoculars are of the "Kodak" brand,  
and with a couple of pairs. A prom-  
ising young soldier went to Egypt pro-  
vided with thirteen pairs, and his anxious  
parents wrote to the horse guards to know if  
that number was sufficient.

At Alexandria, one great steamer after  
another comes alongside the wharves to  
discharge her living freight, and we reap  
the full benefit of the capital and labor bor-  
rowed to make the city a first class harbor.  
The shelter is perfect, and the depth of  
water very great, so that huge craft like the  
Orient and Orontes are enabled to land their  
passengers by ordinary gangways. Even  
these modern floating barracks can be safely  
moored to the Alexandrian wharfrage. No  
army should possibly want a better base for  
operations.

Referring to the recent anti-Christian  
riot at Beyrout, an Exchange Company's  
telegram from Larnaca states:—A Moslem  
having been found murdered at Beyrout, the  
report was spread that he had been killed  
by Christians. A great anti-Christian de-  
monstration took place at his funeral. War-  
songs were sung, and shouts of "Death to  
Christians" were raised. The police sym-  
pathized with the rioters. A panic followed,  
and many Christians fled for safety to the  
mountains. The shops were closed, and  
scores of Christians were arrested by the  
authorities. During the disturbance a Chris-  
tian was stabbed by a Moslem. The town  
is now quiet; but fears are entertained of  
further disturbances.

The English papers publish some inter-  
esting information as to the cost of each shot  
of the guns employed in the recent bom-  
bardment of the Alexandrian forts. The  
following is the bill for the discharge of a  
single round:—

Four 81-ton guns . . . . . at £25 10. . . . . £102 0  
Ten 25-ton guns . . . . . at 7 0. . . . . 70 0  
Thirty-eight 18-ton guns at 5 5. . . . . 199 10  
Sixteen 12-ton guns . . . . . at 3 12. . . . . 57 12  
Eight 9-ton . . . . . at 2 15. . . . . 22 0  
Two 6-ton guns . . . . . at 1 15. . . . . 3 10  
Four 64-pounders . . . . . at 0 18. . . . . 3 12  
Seven 40-pounders . . . . . at 0 12. . . . . 4 4

Eight-seven guns . . . . . £462 8  
When a single round costs nearly £500,  
what must a day's bombardment have  
cost?

## The Church and Beer.

Some of the stricter English churchmen are  
exercised over the scandal involved in the  
church's owning lands on which liquors are  
sold. The *Pull-Mull Gazette* says:—"Canon  
Wilberforce's letter to the archbishop of Can-  
terbury illustrates the connection between  
beer and Bible in a way that must be very  
awkward for the primate. The church as a  
whole, being the largest landowner in the  
kingdom, is naturally the largest owner of  
public houses. That is bad enough, but Mr.  
Wilberforce avers that public houses are, in  
proportion, more numerous on church lands  
than elsewhere. The bishop of London, riding  
between his two town houses, would, it is  
said, pass 100 taverns which are the property  
of his church. One of the largest public houses  
in London, which sells £10,000 worth of drink  
every year, is part of the bishop's endowment.  
Here and there in London you may see a  
church flanked on either side by a gin shop—  
all three of course being church property.  
The publican appears to take instinctively to  
the vacant land in the neighborhood of a  
church. Is this sort of thing to go on, asks  
Mr. Wilberforce, or is the church to continue  
pretending to fight against the intemperance  
which it helps to produce? The archbishop  
is an Ecclesiastical Commissioner, and the  
*Times* asks him to answer the canon's inter-  
rogatories without delay.

## Current Notes.

Much anxiety is felt at Boston among the  
friends of Gen. Butler for the safety of his  
party. The yacht "America," was due at  
Quebec two weeks ago and nothing what-  
ever has been heard from her. What's up  
with the General?

Of M. Duclerc, the new French Premier,  
*Le Moniteur* says that he is an upright and  
temperate man who certainly does not re-  
gard the Republic as the triumph of a violent  
and intolerant party. He has no thought  
of regenerating France, but will be con-  
tent with giving her the means of living  
peacefully and honorably.

"No Mormons need apply" seems to be  
the rule down in South Carolina. In York  
county a citizens' committee waited on two  
Mormon proselytizers the other day and  
invited them to leave the country, the  
option being given the brethren of doing  
so either horizontally or vertically—by  
means of a carriage or a rope.

The manganese mine recently discovered  
at Onslow, Colchester county, promised to  
do well for its owners. Several small seams  
have been partly traced, and the main seam  
where they all converge is being looked for  
with good prospects of success. A few  
barrels of the ore were sent to Boston a  
short time since and the result was, it is  
understood, satisfactory to the owners.

London *Truth*—"Our clergy are  
brought up on the old text books. They  
learn of a number of doctrines and state-  
ments and cram themselves with false  
theories and bad metaphysics, and then  
proceed to teach, Sunday after Sunday,  
from our pulpits, things which grow up  
people won't believe and which intelligent  
parents are properly ashamed to teach  
their children."

The Mennonite communities in Kansas  
are prospering. About 15,000 of these  
Russians own nearly 20,000. This property  
was purchased equally from the railroad  
companies and from the Government. The  
industry and economy of the Mennonites  
are proverbial. It is said that some of  
them are worth from \$8,000 to \$10,000,  
though a few years ago they could claim  
only a few hundreds. The wheat farms  
are bringing them a large income.

A woman was bitten by a dog in Paris.  
She went at once and had the wound  
operated at the Hotel Dieu. She recovered  
perfectly well until one day when she was  
passing the hospital, she was seized by  
one of the patients, who said: "It is her  
dog; it is not dead yet!" The dog which  
bit her was downright mad, as they found  
out afterward. The woman was immedi-  
ately seized with a violent  
spasm, and in a few hours died with symp-  
toms of hydrophobia.

The results of the battle of Waterloo was  
known here two months after the occur-  
rence. Under similar conditions, the re-  
sult of the fight at Kasasnia Lock would  
have reached here about the first of Octo-  
ber, and the people at British Columbia  
would have heard of it early next spring.  
As it is the papers published on the Pa-  
cific Coast published a pretty full tele-  
graphic account of the fight the morning  
after the occurrence. Imagine the old  
order restored and that we were now just  
learning for the first of the Alexandria  
Massacre!

A Philadelphia undertaker invited some  
actors and other friends to a dinner. The  
invitations were printed on mourning  
paper, ornamented with a skull and cross-  
bones; and the guests found that the fune-  
rial aspect of the affair did not with that. The  
table was set in a room hung with black and  
lighted by candles; the table resembled a  
catafalque; the dishes were edged with  
black; a turkey was garnished with a white  
collar and black necktie; the ice cream was  
moulded like a coffin; and the mashed  
potatoes were in a mound, with sprigs of  
green here and there, and tombstones to  
complete the resemblance of a burial place.

The Princess Dolgorouki, morganatic  
widow of the late Czar, recently left Kis-  
ingford, where she had expected to spend  
the entire season, very abruptly, on hear-  
ing of the impending visit to that place of  
the Grand Duke Vladimir, whom she re-  
gards as her bitter foe. Her troubles  
and sorrows are beginning to show their  
ravages upon her beautiful face and form,  
and she has abandoned all hope of ever  
re-entering the society of which she once  
was a brilliant ornament. She now de-  
votes her entire attention to the training  
of her children, and particularly to the  
education of her only son, a handsome and  
gifted lad, who closely resembles the  
ancient prince of the Dolgorouki line.

A writer in the *Independent* protests  
against the custom of burning leaves in the  
autumn. He insists that it is the worst  
possible economy, after nature has labored  
for six months to work the elements of the  
air into material for foil, to send them  
back again to the air. The leaves make  
the best possible bedding for a horse or  
cow, and are very serviceable as a covering  
for strawberries, raspberries, tender shrubs  
and plants, and for the lawns. After being  
used as a bedding, or mulch, they make a  
valuable manure. These facts are so ob-  
vious that they sound like axioms, yet they  
are often curiously forgotten or lost sight  
of in domestic and agricultural economy.

Nothing is either moderately good or bad  
now-a-days. Things are not good—oh, no,  
they are exquisite. Things are not right;  
they are divine. Things are not bad; they  
are horribly bad. The whole force of ad-  
jectives is exhausted on the ordinary affairs of  
life, and nothing is left for the weightier mat-  
ters of thought and speech. Such extra-  
vagances have a pleasing effect once or twice;  
and of only individuals, but families and  
circles fall into the habit of using extra-  
vagant words and expressions, because, under certain  
conditions, they are amusing; but they cease  
to be so when they are applied to the common  
elements of life, and are heard every day.  
They become altogether distasteful to persons  
of refinement, and are in every way bad.