

World Affairs In 1951

(By the Canadian Press)

- JANUARY**
- 3—Chinese Communist offensive drives U.N. forces from Seoul.
 - 7—Eisenhower returns to Paris as supreme commander, N.A.T.O. European forces.
 - 9—Commonwealth Prime Ministers' conference at London agrees China should participate in Japanese peace treaty negotiations.
 - 17—Communist China rejects U.N. proposal for Korea cease-fire.
 - 19—Mount Lamington volcano erupts in New Guinea; estimate 40,000 dead.
 - 22—Death toll in avalanches in European Alps placed at 198.
 - 26—United States Government orders wage-price freeze.
 - 29—Official death toll in British influenza epidemic 2,698.
- FEBRUARY**
- 6—Pennsylvania Railroad train derailed at Woodbridge, N. J., 85 dead.
 - 7—Chinese Communists retreat from main defences before Seoul.
 - 12—U.N. spearheads again cross 38th parallel in Korea.
 - 16—Premier Stalin charges United States dominating U.N. Korean action.
 - 21—British jet bomber flies from Ireland to Newfoundland in 4 hours, 40 minutes.
 - 22—Canadians in first Korea action, 2nd Battalion of Princess Patricia's fighting near Kudun.
 - 24—Jeanette Altweg, Britain, wins world figure skating title at Milan.
 - 25—India smallpox epidemic estimated to have cost 3,000 lives.
 - 26—Communists in Korea reported in virtual rout with 64,000 casualties.
- MARCH**
- 2—First Canadian casualty list from Korea shows six dead.
 - 7—Ezzard Charles retains world heavyweight title, beating Joe Walcott.
 - 9—Ernest Bevin resigns as British Foreign Secretary.
 - 10—French Premier Henri Queuille forms coalition government.
 - 14—United Nations troops re-occupy Seoul, South Korean capital.
 - 15—Iran Parliament approves nationalizing British-owned oil fields.

- 17—Vatican excommunicates all Catholics participating in crimes against church in Czechoslovakia.
 - 19—Canadian Parliament votes \$7-250,000 to U.N. relief costs in Korea.
 - 20—Argentina's largest independent newspaper, La Prensa, taken over by followers of President Juan Peron.
 - 25—La Prensa editor Alberto Gainza Pax takes refuge in Uruguay.
 - 31—United States tank forces smash north of Korea 38th Parallel.
- APRIL**
- 3—United States troops thrust across 38th Parallel in force.
 - 5—Gen. Douglas MacArthur, U.N. supreme commander in Far East, favors forming Nationalist Chinese second-front on mainland.
 - 6—Mr. and Mrs. Julius Rosenberg sentenced at New York to death for wartime atomic spying; David Greenglass given 15 years.
 - 8—Iranian Premier Hussein Ala rejects British oil protest.
 - 10—Canadian budget includes 20 per cent income tax boost for defence.
 - 11—Gen. MacArthur relieved of all posts in Far East by President Truman; Stone of Scorne, stolen from Westminster Abbey Dec. 15, is returned to authorities at Arbroath.
 - 14—Former British Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin dies, aged 70.
 - 16—Food famine faces 40,000,000 Indians in Bihar State; British submarine Affray lost off Isle of Wight with 75 men.
 - 19—Gen. MacArthur addresses joint session of Congress.
 - 21—Toronto Maple Leafs win Stanley Cup, beating Montreal Canadiens.
 - 22—Labor Minister Aneurin Bevan and Harold Wilson, president of the Board of Trade, resign from Attlee Cabinet.
 - 24—Big Chinese spring offensive rips U.N. line in central Korea.
 - 27—Iran Premier Hussein Ala resigns in mounting oil crisis.
 - 28—Prime Minister R. G. Menzies' coalition wins Australian election.
 - 29—U.S. businessman Robert Voegler released from Budapest prison after 17 months of 15-year sentence for espionage.



FRONT-LINE BISHOP — Far Eastern commander Gen. Matthew B. Ridgway (left) welcomes Francis Cardinal Spellman as the Archbishop of New York arrives at Tokyo's Haneda Airport. Cardinal Spellman then proceeded to Korea, where he spent Christmas with United Nations troops.

- 22—Oil talks between British and Iran Governments collapse.
 - 31—Kefauver crime committee of U.S. Senate in final report on dramatic hearings charges some communities "held captive" by racketeers and grafting public officials.
- SEPTEMBER**
- 1—Pacific Ocean Pact for mutual defence signed by United States, Australia and New Zealand; Prime Minister Sidney Holland's Nationalist Party re-elected in New Zealand general elections.
 - 6—Japanese peace treaty signed by 48 nations at San Francisco; Russia boycotts final ceremony.
 - 11—Czechoslovak "freedom train" crosses border into Germany with engineer held at pistol point.
 - 12—Gen. George C. Marshall resigns as U.S. Defence Secretary; Sugar Ray Robinson of New York regains world middleweight title from Randy Turpin of England.
 - 15—Ministers of 12 countries in North Atlantic Treaty Organization open conference at Ottawa.
 - 18—Physicians announce King George had developed "structural changes" in one lung; New York Times marks 100th anniversary.
 - 20—N.A.T.O. meeting at Ottawa recommends admission of Greece and Turkey to pact membership.
 - 22—Australian voters in referendum reject constitutional amendment to outlaw Communist party.
 - 23—King George undergoes operation for lung resection; immediate post-operative condition satisfactory.
 - 27—King names Council of State; Princess Elizabeth and Duke of Edinburgh to start Canadian tour Oct. 9, one week later than planned.
 - 28—Prime Minister St. Laurent at London after Canadian tour.
- OCTOBER**
- 3—Washington announces Russia set off second atomic explosion; British oil workers evacuated to Malaya, killed by guerrillas.
 - 6—Princess Elizabeth and Duke of Edinburgh arrive by air at Montreal; Egypt denounces treaty with Britain; demands British troops leave Suez and Sudan.
 - 9—Britain announces troops will remain in Suez and Sudan.
 - 10—New York Yankees defeat Giants in world series, four games to two.
 - 16—Premier Mossadeq of Iran pleads case before United Nations Security Council.
 - 15—Prime Minister Liaquat Ali Khan of Pakistan assassinated.
 - 17—Britain rushes troop reinforcements to Suez Canal Zone; Pakistan Governor-General Khawaja Nazimuddin named premier and finance minister; Ghulam Mohamed Governor-General.
 - 19—U.N. Security Council votes to withhold action on Iran oil dispute.
 - 20—First group from Canadian 27th Brigade sails for Germany.
 - 22—U.S. atomic tests in Nevada include tiny A-bomb which may be tactical field weapon.
 - 25—Conservatives win British general election.
 - 27—Communists abandon demand that 38th Parallel be buffer line in Korea.
- NOVEMBER**
- 1—Princess Elizabeth and Duke of Edinburgh visit Washington.
 - 5—General Eisenhower at Washington outlines plans for speeding up Western Europe defence; Leon Jouhaux, 72, French anti-Communist, awarded 1951 Nobel Peace Prize.
 - 6—Luis Padilla Nervo of Mexico elected president of United Nations General Assembly.
 - 8—Russia rejects new western disarmament proposals in U.N. at Paris.
 - 11—Princess Elizabeth makes farewell broadcast to Canada from St. John's, Nfld.
 - 14—First of main body of Canadian 27th Brigade docks at Rotterdam; U.S. Eighth Army accuses Communists of killing 5,700 Allied prisoners.
 - 17—Elizabeth and Philip return to London after Canadian tour.
 - 18—Po River starts disastrous flooding of North Italy; more than 100 dead.
 - 24—Ottawa Rough Riders beat Saskatchewan Roughriders 21-14 in Grey Cup football classic at Toronto.
 - 25—Former Nazi General Kurt Meyer, transferred from New Brunswick prison to British prison in Germany, discovered

- 27—Allied and Red truce negotiations for week-end.
 - 28—Korea approve provisional buffer zone in Korea; North Atlantic Pact Council at Rome sets goal of nearly 100 divisions for Western Europe by 1954.
 - 30—U.N. cease-fire negotiators insist on guarantees against Red build-up in North Korea.
- DECEMBER**
- 5—Preliminary estimate of Canadian 1951 census gives 13,893,208 population, 2,386,000 higher than 1941; Archbishop Stepinac released from prison in Yugoslavia.
 - 5—Five killed, 200 injured in Communist riots in Tehran, Iran.
 - 7—Estimate death toll 2,000 in continued eruptions of Hibok Hibok volcano in Philippines.
 - 8—Canadian Parliament approves St. Lawrence seaway authority agreement with Ontario on power development.
 - 13—South African delegates withdrawn from U.N. meeting at Paris on Southwest Africa mandate.
 - 14—Canadian Government abolishes all foreign exchange control regulations.
 - 16—Sixty-six killed when airliner City of Miami crashes in New Jersey.
 - 18—Korea truce negotiators exchange lists of war prisoners; Red list shows 11,559 Allied prisoners.
 - 21—Coal mine explosion at Frankfort, Ill., kills 119; only one survivor.
 - 22—Fire at Christmas party in Tijuana, Mexico, leaves 41 dead; Egyptian airliner crashes with 22 dead at Tehran.
 - 26—Anti-British riots in Cairo and Alexandria, Egypt; American State Department announces U.S. will pay \$120,000 fine levied by Hungary on American fliers forced down there.
 - 28—Australia retains Davis Cup, beating United States 3-2 in matches; United States Army estimates total enemy casualties in Korea 1,546,868; Allied casualties in early December estimated 109,459.

DAILY CROSSWORD

ACROSS

- Native
- Arabian
- Twisted fabrics
- To anoint (obs.)
- A kind of filling (Dent.)
- A son of Jacob
- Room (Gum)
- Double
- Article
- Flower
- Part of "to be"
- Military assistant
- Sign of the inflexible
- Italian city
- Not fast
- Type measure
- Bird
- Tavern
- Depot
- Piece to fit into
- Dull pain
- Foreign
- A toast
- Slight error
- Tillers (naut.)
- Pause
- Girl's name

DOWN

- A fresh
- Refreshes
- Arrange in a line
- God of pleasure
- Narrow inlet (geol.)
- Locomotives
- River (Argentina)
- Rational
- High (mus.)
- Sweet potato
- Sun god
- Twice
- (Prefix)
- Editor
- (abbr.)
- Simian
- Border
- Heavy weight
- Possess
- Unaffected
- Capital (Neb.)
- Rough lava
- Neuter pronoun
- Chinese measure
- (Slang)
- Made of oak
- Chum
- Like a wing
- Curved bar on horse's collar
- Elevated trains (shortened)
- Seine
- Chinese silk

Saturday's Answer

1. ACROSS: 1. Native, 2. Arabian, 3. Twisted fabrics, 4. To anoint (obs.), 5. A kind of filling (Dent.), 6. A son of Jacob, 7. Room (Gum), 8. Double, 9. Article, 10. Flower, 11. Part of "to be", 12. Military assistant, 13. Sign of the inflexible, 14. Italian city, 15. Not fast, 16. Type measure, 17. Bird, 18. Tavern, 19. Depot, 20. Piece to fit into, 21. Dull pain, 22. Foreign, 23. A toast, 24. Slight error, 25. Tillers (naut.), 26. Pause, 27. Girl's name, 28. DOWN: 1. A fresh, 2. Refreshes, 3. Arrange in a line, 4. God of pleasure, 5. Narrow inlet (geol.), 6. Locomotives, 7. River (Argentina), 8. Rational, 9. High (mus.), 10. Sweet potato, 11. Sun god, 12. Twice, 13. (Prefix), 14. Editor, 15. (abbr.), 16. Simian, 17. Border, 18. Heavy weight, 19. Possess, 20. Unaffected, 21. Capital (Neb.), 22. Rough lava, 23. Neuter pronoun, 24. Chinese measure, 25. (Slang), 26. Made of oak, 27. Chum, 28. Like a wing, 29. Curved bar on horse's collar, 30. Elevated trains (shortened), 31. Seine, 32. Chinese silk.

DAILY CRYPTOQUOTE—Here's how to work it:
A X Y D L B A A X R
is L O N G F E L L O W

One letter simply stands for another. In this example A is used for the three L's, X for the two O's, etc. Single letters, apostrophes, the length and formation of the words are all hints. Each day the code letters are different.

A Cryptogram Quotation

THMPSA NFIVM ZCSWJ, > "MVFB ZHB H NHT!"—BVHYABQAHS.A

Saturday's Cryptquote: GOOD GOD! WHAT AN AGE IS THIS AND WHAT A WORLD IS THIS!—PEPYS.

DAILY CROSSWORD

ACROSS

- Cestus (var.)
- Wampum
- Nurse (India)
- Unfasten
- Mark to take up theme (mus.)
- Thrashes
- Close to
- Ripened fruit of rosebush
- Unit of electrical conductance
- Cut off, as the top
- Cleansing agent
- Iridium (Sym.)
- City (Okla.)
- Insensible state
- Mandate
- Hint
- Consecrated
- Girl (Scott.)
- From
- Pitcher
- To drive off (golf)
- Away
- Speck
- Radium
- Mohammedan bible
- A satchel powder
- Network
- Sharp
- Feat
- Cliches

DOWN

- Box
- Hole of a needle
- Girdle
- An Athenian beauty (Myth.)
- Public house (Eng.)
- East by northeast (abbr.)
- First man (Bib.)
- A type of architecture
- Wan
- Painful
- Kettle
- Pellet of medicine
- Portion of a curved line
- Man's name
- Secluded valley
- Tidy house
- Striking success (slang)
- Marry
- Canary-like
- Canes
- Bodies of water

Yesterday's Answer

39. Birds, 42. Liberate, 44. Woolly perennial, 47. Devoured, 48. Man's nickname, 50. Soak flax.

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A Cryptogram Quotation

CIPN IKFP PKCPR TBYVRRBQV JBZHV; CIPN KZP OKH KRH IKFP RB VIKOP —VJRXQZRP.

Yesterday's Cryptquote: NATURE MIGHT STAND UP AND SAY TO ALL THE WORLD, "THIS WAS A MAN!"—SHAKESPEARE.

- MAY**
- 3—Ultimatum to Red China recommended by Gen. MacArthur at opening of Senate hearings on his dismissal.
 - 4—Canadian Government announces new brigade, 27th, to be recruited from reserve regiments for Europe.
 - 5—King Farouk of Egypt marries young Narriman Sadek; earthquake at San Salvador leaves 200 dead, 25,000 homeless.
 - 9—MacArthur's successor as Far Eastern commander, Matthew Ridgway, promoted general.
 - 10—U.N. commander says crest of Red spring offensive broken in Korea.
 - 17—Chinese regroup in Korea offensive, smash into U.N. lines; U.N. recommends world embargo against Red China and North Korea.
 - 23—Enemy offensive stemmed in Korea; Canadians and other U.N. units gain in west-centre.
 - 25—Canadians in Korea in action for first time as brigade.
 - 29—Coal mine explosion in Durham, England, claims 82 victims.
 - 30—De Valera's Fianna Fail wins Republic of Ireland general election.
- JUNE**
- 4—King George cancels all engagements; suffering lung inflammation.
 - 7—Announce two British Foreign Office officials, Donald MacLean and Guy Burgess, missing on continent.
 - 13—Irish Dail elects Eamon De Valera prime minister by 74-69; former Australian Labor prime minister J. B. Chifley dies, 66.
 - 15—Forty dead in fire at St. Gunegonde hospice in Montreal.
 - 16—Ben Hogan wins third successive U.S. open golf title.
 - 19—Break-down of talks between Iran Government and Anglo-Iranian Oil Company officials on oil nationalization.
 - 20—Indictments returned at New York against 21 Communist party leaders for treason, including four who are missing.
 - 21—Big Four deputy foreign ministers at Paris fail to agree on agenda for meeting of foreign ministers.
 - 28—Russian U.N. delegate Jakob Malik proposes Korea cease-fire talks.
 - 29—Princess Patricia's 2nd Battalion in Korea awarded United States Presidential citation for valor in stemming Communist April offensive.
 - 30—United Air Lines mailliner smashes into Colorado mountain, 50 dead.
- JULY**
- 3—U.N. commander agrees to Chinese and North Korean terms for opening cease-fire talks.
 - 4—Associated Press correspondent at Prague, William Oatis, sentenced to 10 years for "espionage".
 - 6—English golfer Max Faulkner

TIRED FEET

Soothe them with

MINARD'S LINIMENT

35c

► Rub on freely, and note quick relief. No greasiness. Past-drying. No strong odor.

HAPPY NEW YEAR

To All

1893 - 1952

January 1st, 1952, marks an anniversary in the history of this store. Fifty-nine years ago this business was established and during these years it has been our constant ambition to serve you well.

We are sincerely grateful for the generous patronage that you have conferred upon us during this long period and recognize that only through your support could this business have grown and prospered.

It is our hope and purpose to make this establishment increasingly a better place to shop and

TO SERVE YOU WELL

The Management and Staff of Moore and McLeod Ltd., unite in wishing one and all

A HAPPY NEW YEAR

MOORE & McLEOD limited

CHARLOTTETOWN P. E. I.

