

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

SEPTEMBER 3, 1895.

HONORABLE JOSEPH POPE.

This venerable gentleman entered into his rest at an early hour to-day. He was born at Plymouth, England, on the 20th June, 1803, and had consequently entered upon his ninety-third year. His father was Thomas Pope, the son of a substantial yeoman, who resided in Cornwall and occupied his own estate. He was the youngest of six sons, all of which were prominent in their day and generation. In 1819 he came to Prince Edward Island, whither he was preceded by his brothers, John and William Pope, with whom he entered into a mercantile and ship-builders business at Bedouin, where he resided for the lengthened period of thirty-two years. In 1850 he was elected to represent Prince County in the Legislative Assembly and he continued a member of the Assembly twenty-three years—close upon a quarter of a century. During that period he was twice elected Speaker, and he performed the duties of that honorable office with efficiency and with satisfaction to his fellow-men. In 1828 he was appointed Captain of the 2nd Prince County militia, and in 1832 he became a Justice of the Peace. With the Hon. Thomas H. Harland, he represented Prince Edward Island, in 1838, upon a delegation with Hon. Joseph Howe, Sir William Young, James W. Johnston, of Nova Scotia, and others to confer with Lord Durham concerning a federal union of North America. In 1839 he was appointed to a seat in the Executive Council which he held for fourteen years. He was one of those who took strong ground against Lieutenant Governor Huntley; and in 1847 he, with the late Honorable Edward Palmer proceeded to England and laid at the foot of the throne a petition, extensively signed, for the Governor's recall. While in England upon this occasion, he conferred with Lord Grey in respect to Responsible Government for the colony; and when he returned in the following year, he was accompanied by Sir Donald Campbell, who replaced Lieutenant Governor Huntley. For the success of the service thus rendered he was highly complimented. Shortly afterwards he originated the idea of erecting a public building upon Queen Square, and he took a leading part in providing the first Asylum for the insane. The court houses and jails of Prince and King's Counties and many other public buildings and improvements including the establishment of Supreme Courts, Customs, Excise and other public offices in Prince and King's Counties. He was also one of the leaders of the movement which resulted in the sale of the church and school lands and the distribution of the proceeds for the purposes of general education. He brought the Road Compensation Act into successful operation and united with Coles and Whelan in furthering the passage of the Free Education Act. In short his political career was marked by public improvements of which he was a practical promoter. Under Responsible Government, of which he was an advocate he held a seat in the Government of Coles and Whelan. But he resigned every public position in the year 1853; and having purchased a well equipped American fishing vessel, set sail for Australia, intending to make his home there. His wife, however, was so sea-sick while crossing the Atlantic that, solely upon her account, he gave up the idea and remained at Liverpool for fifteen years. He returned to Prince Edward Island in the year 1868, and in 1870 was appointed Provincial Treasurer and Manager of the Provincial Savings Bank. Upon the union with Canada in 1873, he was made Dominion Auditor and Manager of the Dominion Savings Bank. Soon afterwards he was dismissed by the McKenzie Government upon party considerations and without cause assigned. Almost immediately, however, he was appointed Provincial Treasurer, and two years later Commissioner of Crown and Public Lands. In 1880 he was restored to the office of Dominion Auditor and Manager of the Savings Bank, but under the burden of advancing years he was, in 1883, compelled to resign these offices and retire into private life.

This is but a brief outline of the public career of one whose life, was practically commensurate with the development of this Province, and who contributed largely towards the organization of our body politic. Mr. Pope was three times married. His first wife was a daughter of Captain Colledge, of the Duke of Kent's Regiment of Foot, and she was mother of the late Honorables William and James Colledge Pope whose names will, with that of their father, go down to posterity in the history of this Province. His second wife was Miss Lucy Campbell, and his third Miss Eliza Cooke, who survives him, and who with many grand-children and great-grand-children, will continue to cherish his memory.

WARNING TO BICYCLISTS.

No less an authority than Sir Benjamin Ward Richardson, the renowned English physician, has issued a note of warning to bicyclists. In an article contributed to the North American Review, on "What to Avoid in Bicycling," he says: "Properly cycling should not be carried on with any ardor while the body is undergoing its development—while the skeleton, that is to say, is as yet imperfectly developed. The skeleton is not completely matured until twenty-one years of life have been given to it. The cartilaginous structures have to be transformed into true osseous structures before the body can be said to be naturally perfected. If it is pressed into too rapid exercise while it is undergoing its growth it is the easiest thing in the world to make the growth premature, or even to cause a deformity.

The spinal column is particularly apt to be injured by too early riding, and the excessive curve of the spinal column, which gives to that column when it is natural such easy and graceful attitudes for standing erect, stooping and bending, is too often distorted by its rigidity or want of resiliency. When that is the case the limbs share in the injury. They do not properly support the trunk of the body, and pedestrian exercise, therefore, becomes clumsy, irregular and ungraceful. We see these errors particularly well marked in the young men that the cross-bar system of the cycle has come so generally into use. The tendency in riding is for the body to bend forward so as to bring itself almost into the curve of the front wheel, and in this position many riders hold themselves for hours, and the spine becomes less permanently assumes the bent position. In plain words, the column becomes distorted and through the whole life affects the movements of the body. There are further injuries to the youth through other organs of the body and especially through the heart. Dr. Richardson's observations have led him to believe that it is the heart which is principally exercised through cycling. In this respect cycling differs from many other exercises. Bicycling tells most on the breathing organs; dumb bells and other exercises where the muscles are moved without progression of the body tell most on the muscles; whilst in climbing and long pedestrian feats it is the nervous system that is most given to suffer."

Dr. Richardson declares that there is not a cycle rider of any age in whom the heart is not influenced so as to do more work, and that, although in skilled cyclists and trained bicyclists, a certain balance is set up which equalizes the motion, such riders are not exempt from danger. He says: "I have known the beats of the heart to rise from 80 to 200 in the minute in the first exercise of riding, an increase which, for the time more than doubles the amount of work done—a very serious fact when we remember that the extreme natural motion of the heart allows it to perform a task equal to raising not less than 122 feet—tons in the course of 24 hours—that is to say over five foot-tons an hour. In the young we may apply the same argument to the heart as we have done to the skeleton; and the heart is undergoing its development, and it is an organ which cannot, without danger, be whipped on beyond its natural pace. What occurs with it under such circumstances is that it grows larger than it ought to grow, that it works out of harmony with the rest of the body, and is then most easily agitated by influences and impressions acting upon it through the mind." Dr. Richardson himself rides a wheel and is President of the "Society of Cyclists of England." He is fond of the sport. But he is constrained, on account of what he knows, to say that "in the young excessive riding affects unfavorably the muscles of the body generally, as well as the heart, which is itself a muscle." The lesson he desires to convey is that it is wise to be moderate in the use of the bicycle as of other things. Boys, go slow.

Much sympathy is felt and expressed for the Rev. Mr. Scott, the death of whose son is announced. The funeral was held to-day and was largely attended. While Mr. Scott has been sorely bereft, the City has lost a promising young business man.

By the inadvertent omission of a word, the paragraph referring to the Dominion Savings Bank in Saturday's EXAMINER conveys inaccurate information. The reference was only intended for the Dominion Savings Bank at Dorchester, N. B., which has been transferred to the Post Office Department. This policy has been pursued for the last five years, but only in cases where the management becomes vacant in a natural way.

COST OF EDUCATION IN CANADA.

The Dominion Statistician has made some investigations concerning the cost of education in Canada. According to his figures it appears that Ontario spends seven per cent of the total provincial revenue in government grants to schools, Quebec spends four per cent, Nova Scotia twenty-three per cent, New Brunswick twenty-three per cent, and Manitoba seventeen per cent. In Prince Edward Island the grant to education is fifty-four per cent, or more than half of the total revenue of the province. The statistician has also made a comparison of the proportion of educational expenditure which the government and the people provided respectively. Thus he finds that in the Province of Ontario ninety-three per cent of the total expenditure on public education is paid directly by the people, seven per cent only being contributed by grants from the provincial exchequer. In Quebec the proportion is eighty-seven per cent by the people and thirteen per cent by the province. In Nova Scotia the people pay seventy-six per cent and the province the remaining twenty-four per cent. In New Brunswick the proportion is sixty per cent and forty per cent by the people and the government respectively. In British Columbia the expenditure in the year 1888 was \$1,25 per head, and in 1893 it had increased to \$1.31. In Prince Edward Island it rose from \$1.26 to \$1.40, and in Manitoba from \$1.57 to \$2.02. British Columbia increased her educational expenditure in the same period from \$1.40 to \$1.87. In connection with the latter figures it is to be borne in mind that there is no public assessment for education in the Pacific province. Taking the average of all the provinces it shows that the people of the Dominion are now paying at the rate of \$1.56 per head of population for the purpose of public schools, an increase of six cents in the per capita expenditure since 1888.

Nearly everyone needs a good tonic at this season. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the one true tonic and blood purifier. We notice the display of foot-wear in J. M. McLeod & Co's. window attracted lots of attention last night. We are not surprised at this, as the prices they have there marked at ought to keep both inside and outside crowded.

Ch'town, Sept. 3, 1895.

NEWS NOTES.

General Gascoigne, the new commander-in-chief of the Canadian militia, will sail for this country by the steamship Parisian on the 19th September.

The University of California has been bequeathed \$400,000 by Mr. J. C. Wilder, for the purpose of establishing a school to teach boys trades by which they can earn a living.

An electric railway, at an estimated cost of \$600,000, will probably be built between Detroit and Port Huron. The projected road will run through a territory not tributary to the Grand Trunk railway.

The wheat crop of Canada will this year exceed that of Great Britain by several million bushels. The British yield is estimated at 46,311,000 bushels, as compared with 50,993,000 bushels last year, while the Canadian crop will reach fully 52,000,000 bushels, or about 10,000,000 bushels more than in 1894.

An American who recently chatted with Mr. Gladstone at Hawarden says that the Grand Old Man's voice and hearing show no signs of age. His fact is that of an old man. But if a listener shuts his eyes he would feel as if he were being addressed by a man in the prime of life. Gladstone's marvellous vitality finds its most effective expression in his voice.

The wonderful growth of Chicago, according to the recently issued annual reports of its municipal officers, including the Department of Public Works, is shown by the fact that in 1888 the area of the city was 37 square miles, and the population about 803,000, while in 1894 the area had been increased to 186.2 square miles, and the population, by official census, was 1,597,727.

The Pope has declined to receive at the present time several personages who desired audience of him. His Holiness has indicated his desire that they visit him on September 20th, their visit to be taken as a protest against the national feasts in honor of the occupation of Rome by Italian troops. The Pope advises that Catholics abstain from making counter demonstrations on that day.

The increase in the rate of taxation in New York city for the coming year is explained by the statement that the increase in the assessment values has been excepted from the municipal budget. In 1893 the value of taxable property was \$105,000,000; in 1894 it was \$60,000,000, and in 1895 only \$14,000,000. This may account for the increase in taxation from the standpoint of the municipal officers, but the pockets of the taxpayers will suffer just the same.

The British Wesleyan conference meeting at Plymouth, England, has by a vote of 187 to 169, reaffirmed the decision of last year against admission to which non-delegates. It remains the rule that no chairman of a district can receive the nomination of a woman. The principle was adopted this year in opposition to a report of the committee to which the matter was referred. Rev. Hugh Price Hughes moved the adoption of the report in favor of women delegates.

The business of politics is not always an unprofitable occupation in the United States, even when pursued by a gentleman of the character of President Cleveland. According to a friendly critic, the Chicago Times-Herald, "Mr. Cleveland was in largely comfortable circumstances when he was elected President, but his worldly goods have greatly increased. When his term shall have expired he will have drawn \$400,000 in salary from the United States Government. Between terms he practiced law and had some fine fat fees. It is generally supposed that during that interregnum Mr. Cleveland strengthened his relations with the members of the Widener-Elkins-Whitney syndicate and profited considerably thereby. We estimate Mr. Cleveland's wealth at half a million dollars."

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Advertisements under this heading charged for at the rate of five cents per line.

New York and Boston—cases of soft and hard hats opened this week. Call and see the latest American styles—Prowse Bros., the stylish hat-makers.

We have a few more of that celebrated flannellette shirts at 20c. Get one at J. B. Macdonald & Co's.

IMPORTANT!

Kitty C. Body Wash, ORIGINATED WITH US.

Get the Best—Large Bottles 50c.

Tickets for Labor Day Sports, 25 cents Grand Stand, 10 "

FOR SALE AT

REDDIN BROS

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

Valuable Farm for Sale.

The assignee of the estate of the late John A. Nicholson offers for sale 160 acres of superior land, situated in Stanchell, Lot 67, 70 acres of which are in a good state of cultivation and the balance is covered with an excellent growth of hard and soft wood. It is within half a mile of Stanchell school and church, three miles of Rose Valley and Hartsville Churches, one mile of Dixon's mills and three miles of Bradshaw and Fredericton Railway stations.

This is truly an excellent farm, in a desirable locality.

The undersigned has instructed Mr. D. Campbell to sell the above named Farm, by PUBLIC AUCTION, on the premises of Mr. D. A. Nicholson, Springton, Lot 67, on WEDNESDAY, September 18th, at one o'clock, p. m.

Sale positive. Terms easy and made known at sale.

J. M. NICHOLSON.

Ch'town, Sept. 3, 1895.

Notice to Policy Holders.

Manchester Fire Assurance Co.

The above Company has disposed of its Nova Scotia and P. E. Island business to the Norwich Union Assurance Society, represented here by Mr. Brow.

I would advise holders of the Manchester policies to keep them, and as policies expire I shall be glad to place the risks in either the North British or the Union, both of which are well known in this Province for many years not only for their immense wealth but for their prompt and liberal settlement of losses.

FRED. W. HYNDMAN.

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Professional Card.

A. A. McLEAN, Q. C., BARRISTER, & C.

Crown's Block, Charlottetown.

MONEY TO LOAN.

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The Truth,

The Whole Truth,

Nothing but the

Truth.

We are the only people in Charlottetown selling the American Highland Ranges. Others may offer you an imitation of the "Highland," made in New Brunswick, but the genuine article can only be bought at 184 VICTORIA ROW.

A full range of Ranges which range in price from \$20.00 upwards. Every Range sold is guaranteed. Local References.

FENNEL & CHANDLER.

aug20-25 & wky

A Man

or Woman

speaking seven languages may not know the right price of things needed to be bought for the home every day. Do you need a Sponge, Comb, Brush, etc., in our line? Try us for the right price.

A. W. REDDIN, Phm. B., Central Drug Store.

aug31

DO YOU BUY

School Books?

DO YOU BUY FOR CASH?

We can give BETTER PRICES on all SCHOOL BOOKS TO CASH CUSTOMERS.

All School Books and School Supplies now opening.

HASZARD & MOORE.

Charlottetown, Aug. 27, 1895.

A. E. McEACHEN,

THE SHOE MAN.

aug24

YOU MUST EAT.

We Want Money.

We will sell Groceries cheap for the hard cash. We don't live on the interest of our money. We live by selling goods, and we want your trade. It will pay you to come and see us.

SANDERSON & CO.,

Cash Grocers, Victoria Row.

Charlottetown, Aug. 28, 1895.

TELEGRAPHIC.

SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER

THE LABOR DAY RACES AT HALIFAX.

Success of Summerside Horses.

HALIFAX, Sept. 3.

Laws Dominic, of Summerside, won the Guarantee Stake worth \$345 from a field of ten. He was the last to start in the first heat and finished fifth. He took the three next heats in 2:32, 2:30 and 2:32. Montrose, another P. E. Island horse, owned by Ramsay and McNeill, took third money.

Labor Day Celebrations.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.

There was no parade yesterday for the first time in the history of Labor Day celebration.

BOSTON, Sept. 3.

The parade of the labor organizations was the feature of the celebration yesterday. The weather was fine.

HALIFAX, Sept. 3.

Labor Day was widely celebrated here yesterday. The procession was long and attractive. The horse races drew a big crowd, and the cheap excursion rates took a large number out of town.

Lieutenant-Governor Patterson.

OTTAWA, Sept. 3.

Hon. Mr. Patterson was sworn in as Lieutenant Governor of Manitoba yesterday.

P. E. Island Fishery Report.

ALBERTON—Cod good at Rustico; all other fish scarce.

Notice—Our store will be open on Monday, September 2nd, to accommodate college students and all those who want to buy their books, stationery and school requisites.—Geo. Carter & Co.

THOUSANDS

—OF—

School and College

BOOKS!

The Largest Stock ever offered by any Charlottetown Bookstore. Bought direct from the publishers and now selling at

Lowest Spot Cash Prices.

Assortment complete—Store conveniently situated—Attentive Clerks. COLLEGE STUDENTS and SCHOOL CHILDREN all invited to

CARTER'S BOOKSTORE.

aug30

DO YOU BUY

School Books?

DO YOU BUY FOR CASH?

We can give BETTER PRICES on all SCHOOL BOOKS TO CASH CUSTOMERS.

All School Books and School Supplies now opening.

HASZARD & MOORE.

Charlottetown, Aug. 27, 1895.

REMOVAL SALE.

As we have decided to remove our present business to the shop at present occupied by W. B. Robertson, Esq., we will give for the next 30 days values in Suits and Furnishings. The equal we have never offered before. We want to curtail our stock as much as possible before moving, and rest assured you will get bargains to your heart's content. Come in at once.

JOHN T. MCKENZIE,

Charlottetown, August 21, 1895—135 & wky

Pickling Vinegar and Spices.

When you buy Vinegar for Pickling purposes you want to get the best, as a poor quality of Vinegar may cause you the loss of your Pickles. We make it a point to handle only THE BEST, so we import all our Malt Vinegar from one of the most reliable firms in London, England. We have also a full stock of White Wine, Cider and XXX French Vinegar on hand. Pickling Spices for sale wholesale and retail at

BEER & GOFF'S.

Charlottetown, August 27, 1895—246

The Interest in the Bicycle Meet IS OVER, but the interest in our New Arrivals is growing more intense daily. No position except that of the first will do our Jacket Department. All Fashionable Fall and Winter Jackets are short, measuring from 30 to 32 inches, close fitting at the neck, small lapels, with extra large sleeves. 5 CASES OPENING TO-DAY. JAMES PATON & CO.

Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society. Established 1797. CAPITAL, \$5,500,000. Two Dollars of Cash Assets for Every Dollar of Liabilities. Low Rates. Prompt Settlements. E. R. BROW, A. cnt. for P. E. Island. Charlottetown, June 10, 1895—dy

3364 PAIRS That's the exact number of Boots, Shoes and Slippers received this week from an Auction—well, we won't say Bankrupt Stock, but this lot had to be sold. We bought them and are going to sell them right away. You know what this means. Our windows to-day will give you an idea of prices. You never saw them as low. J. M. McLEOD & CO. Charlottetown, August 31, 1895.

WE DO NOT SELL PICKLES, But we do sell Purest Spices and English Malt Vinegar for making Pickles, at WATSON'S DRUG STORE. Great Snap in Boots & Shoes! I have secured at a bargain the Fall Samples of a leading manufacturer who has gone out of business, and will offer them for sale at No. 136 Queen Street, Next Door to D. A. Bruce's. 1358 PAIRS in the lot, in LADIES' GENTS' and CHILDREN'S. Call and see the prices. Now is your opportunity to purchase Boots very cheap. The goods will be ready for inspection on Wednesday. TERMS CASH. R. K. JOST. Charlottetown, August 31, 1895—dy if

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WEILINGS! One Case of Latest Novelties in Veiling OPENING TO-DAY. STANLEY BROTHERS, - - - BROWN'S BLOCK.