

**Smallpox in the City.**

**Increase in the Number of Patients.**

**Decisive Action of the Board of Health.**

TO-DAY we have to record a second death from the virulent disease which has so mysteriously taken a foothold amongst us, as well as an alarming increase in the number of patients. James Thompson, the eldest of the Thompson family, aged 30, died at 5 o'clock yesterday evening and was buried last night. The father of the girl Way, has contracted the disease, making two in that family. Miss O'Hare has also contracted it from her mother. A girl named Mayo, belonging to Souris, who boards at Capt. Mullins', Sydney Street, became sick yesterday. The Health Officer last evening pronounced the disease smallpox and had the house immediately quarantined. Mrs. Redmond, wife of Daniel Redmond, painter, is very low with the disease, and is not expected to recover. A mild type of smallpox has also broken out in the house of William Maxwell, King Square. The victim is a child four years old. A case was to-day discovered in the Rocklin House and the hotel was quarantined. The victim is a servant girl who became ill yesterday, and was last night found to be suffering from smallpox. All cases are traceable to the Thompson family, the parties suffering having visited the house at some time during the past week. It is impossible to tell how many cases may yet develop as a result of parties visiting the infected district previous to the disease being pronounced smallpox. The Health authorities however are working energetically and doing all in their power to stay the progress of the terrible disease.

**Our Energetic Citizens.**

A large and influential meeting of citizens was held last evening in the City Council rooms; Hon. T. W. Dodd in the Chair, and W. C. DesBrisay, Esq., acting Secretary. After the Chairman had stated the object of the meeting, which was to take such measures as might be considered necessary to assist the Board of Health in dealing with the outbreak of smallpox, and to stamp out the disease from our city, Councillor Crabbe explained what action the Board of Health had taken. He said that they had obtained the consent of the members of the Government present in the city to make use of the old Lunatic Asylum as an hospital. That Dr. Jenkins and Johnson had visited the building and their opinion was that it would suit admirably. The doctors had met Councillor Morris and himself and had made an estimate of the amount necessary to fit it up and furnish it suitably, and he, (C. Crabbe) hoped to have all the patients removed thereto by this (Saturday) afternoon. One of the Thomson boys had died and would be buried by midnight.

Rev. James Carruthers thought the citizens should recognize the prompt efforts of the Board of Health, and he moved that the meeting approve of their action in the matter, which having been seconded, was carried.

Hon. D. Laird thought there had been negligence somewhere. The Montreal steamers had been coming here week after week, and landing clothes and bedding etc. to be washed, and there was no person to hinder them.

The Mayor said that everything had been done that could be done. The Health Officer had received his instructions and carried them out so far as he was aware. This case had come here in the Bonavista. The Health Officer had visited her and found no sickness, and (as the Mayor was informed) was told by the captain that there was no passengers on board. The Board were determined to stamp out the disease, and would take every step to do so in the shortest possible time, but it would take considerable expenditure. The names of all parties who were reported to have been in the infected houses were being obtained and they were being isolated. He had had a communication from the Sisters of Charity, offering their services should they be required. He did not know if they would be required, but he would gladly employ them if necessary. The moment he had heard of the cases being in the city, as he had no time to see the School Trustees, he went to the masters and asked them to close the schools for one day at least. Provisions and coal had been sent to the infected houses, and any articles given the watchmen would be delivered. He had visited the old Asylum and there were sufficient rooms to answer the purpose required.

On motion of R. R. Fitzgerald, Esq., seconded by Rev. James Carruthers, it was

RESOLVED.—That a Committee of seven be appointed to act with and assist the Board of Health in staying the spread of the smallpox epidemic recently broken out in the city, to which Committee all reports of private citizens may be made and contributions for the relief of the sufferers sent.

The following gentlemen were appointed: Messrs. W. E. Dawson, Alex. McKinnon, D. Farquharson, F. T. Newbery, T. W. Dodd, G. R. Beer, P. Blake.

In answer to a question, the Mayor said it was the intention of the Council upon the next arrival of the Bonavista to ascertain if he had misinformed the Health Officer as to there being no passengers on board, and if he had done so, he would be punished as severely as the law would allow.

On motion of Hon. D. Laird, seconded by Mr. Alex. McKinnon, the action of the Mayor in closing the schools was approved of.

Dr. Jenkins then addressed the meeting, detailing the steps which had been taken, after which the meeting adjourned.

**Decisive Action.**

PREMIER SULLIVAN, on arrival from Moncton last evening, was waited on by a number of prominent residents in the vicinity of the old Insane Asylum. They besought him to refuse the request of the Citizens Committee to use the Asylum as a Quarantine Hospital. The Premier promised to take the matter into consideration.

This morning, on Mr. Sullivan's arrival in the city, the Citizens' Committee and a large number of citizens went immediately to the Provincial Building. They were shown into the Legislative Library. Dr.

Jenkins then waited on Mr. Sullivan in the office of the Clerk of the Executive Council and informed him of the object of the citizen's visit. He informed Dr. Jenkins he would give them an answer in a few minutes.

In the meantime a meeting was hastily organized in the Library. Hon. T. W. Dodd took the chair. A motion was unanimously passed to take forcible possession of the Asylum, and the citizens, headed by Hon. Mr. Dodd and Dr. Jenkins, proceeded to the Asylum, broke off the lock and took possession of the building.

When the majority had left the Library Mr. Sullivan came out of the Clerk's Office and gave the key to Mayor Beer. A messenger was then sent to open the building, but he only arrived in time to see the door burst open.

The impression is abroad that Mr. Sullivan at first refused permission to use the Asylum as an hospital. As a matter of fact he did not. He merely required time to give the matter proper consideration.

The old Asylum is pronounced by all to be just the place for a quarantine hospital. Its rooms are numerous and spacious, and when the broken windows are replaced, it will be most comfortable. The Citizens' Committee are busily engaged putting it in order, and it is expected the hospital will be ready to receive patients to-night.

The only requirement is nurses. These will, no doubt, be difficult to obtain, but it is to be hoped the Board of Health will be successful in obtaining a sufficient number to perform the work. Parties desirous of situations as nurses should apply immediately to F. T. Newbery, Esq., Chairman of the Citizens' Committee.

**Action of the Board of Health.**

At a meeting of the Board of Health, held this morning, the following resolutions were carried unanimously:—

RESOLVED by this Board, that upon the isolation of any building by the Executive Committee, no one leave or enter the same without the written authority of such Committee, or one of the Health Officers of the city, and that anyone entering or leaving such house without such authority shall be forthwith arrested and punished as the law directs.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED by this Board that anyone taking down or interfering with the yellow flag, when hung out from any building by order of the Executive Committee of this Board, or either of the Health Officers, shall be immediately arrested and punished as the law directs.

FURTHER RESOLVED.—That any person in whose house or premises smallpox shall break out, shall forthwith notify the Executive Committee of this Board or the Health Officers of such fact, and any neglect so to do shall make such person subject to the penalties of the law.

FURTHER RESOLVED.—That the Ministers of the different Churches be requested not to hold public service on Sunday next.

**Church Services.**

At the request of the Board of Health, the following clergymen have agreed to not hold services in their respective churches to-morrow:—

Rev. Job Shannon, Methodist Brick Church.

Rev. S. H. Rice, Upper Prince Street Methodist Church.

Rev. E. Whitman, Baptist Church, Prince Street.

Rev. C. O'Mara, St. Paul's Church.

Rev. J. M. McLeod, Zion Church.

The services in St. Peter's Church will be as usual.

Services will also be held as usual in St. Dunstan's Cathedral. Parties living in the infected districts are requested not to attend.

Service will be held as usual in St. James' Church. The Sabbath School will be closed.

**No Smallpox at the Rankin House.**

Sir,—There seems to be a studious determination on the part of some evil-disposed persons to injure me, by spreading the lying report that there is one or more cases of smallpox at the Rankin House. This report was industriously propagated yesterday on board the steamer St. Lawrence, with the effect of turning away at least three persons from the Hotel. There is neither smallpox nor any other sickness in my house, nor is it true that the clothes which are supposed to have communicated the disease, were sent from there to be washed. I hereby invite the Board of Health and their officials to visit the Rankin House and inspect for themselves, and I likewise warn the parties who are busying themselves in circulating this slander, that I am on their track, and I shall make them pay dearly for their pains.

Yours truly,

JOHN J. DAVIES.

Rankin House, Nov. 13, 1885.

**The Gospel Army Leaves.**

Sir,—I desire to say for the information of the members of the Army and its many friends, that, owing to the serious epidemic which has so suddenly broken out in Charlottetown, the meetings of the Army will be suspended for the present. I pray God that the terrible disease may speedily be brought under control, and that we shall soon be permitted to resume our meetings with renewed energy. Until then, let me urge upon my dear comrades the necessity of being faithful to the dear Master who has commanded us to watch and pray. For a few days it is my intention to cooperate with my comrades at Summerside.

Yours, fighting for Jesus,

C. FT. COLLINS.

**Precautionary Measures at Souris.**

At a meeting of the Board of Health of Souris, held last evening, 13th inst., there were present: Michael McCormack, Esq., Chairman; James McQuaid, Fred Morrow, Michael Paquet, James McLaughlan and Dr. Multart, Health Officers.

It was moved by James McQuaid, seconded by Fred Morrow:—

WHEREAS, The smallpox is now prevalent in Charlottetown, Pictou, Montreal and other parts of Canada,

(1) RESOLVED, That it be an order of the Board that all parents and guardians of children within our precincts—which includes Lots 43, 44, 45, 46 and 47—have their children vaccinated forthwith, and that all persons who have not been vaccinated within the past seven years, be now vaccinated or re-vaccinated, as the case may be.

(2) RESOLVED, That in the event of any person or persons neglecting or refusing to comply with the above order, legal proceedings will be taken to enforce the same.

(3) RESOLVED, That the Superintendent of the P. E. Island Railway be urgently requested to have all passenger cars properly fumigated before they leave Charlottetown, and to place a medical officer at the Charlottetown Station to inspect all passengers on outward bound trains.

(4) RESOLVED, That the Local Government be requested to instruct Health Officers throughout the Island to vaccinate all persons at the public expense who have not already been vaccinated.

**No Smallpox in Georgetown.**

GEORGETOWN, Nov. 14.

A leading firm in Georgetown telegraphs to-day:—

"Please contradict in to-day's issue the malicious telegram from your Souris correspondent in reference to smallpox at Georgetown. There are no cases here. Kennedy, referred to in yesterday's EXAMINER, lives at Montague Bridge and is not sick."

**Smallpox Scare in Souris.**

SOUBIS, Nov. 14.

At a meeting of the Souris Board of Health held to-day it was decided to request the Postmaster to fumigate all mail matter passing through Charlottetown Post Office; and, in view of the possible outbreak of smallpox, take possession of the empty Marine Hospital and prepare it for the reception of patients; also to enforce thorough cleansing of all premises within the precinct.

No case of smallpox has developed here yet. The suspected house is strictly quarantined.

**A Remedy.**

A gentleman in the city furnishes the following infallible remedy for both smallpox and scarlet fever: Sulphate of Zinc, 1 grain; Foxglove (digitalis), 1 grain; ½ teaspoonful of sugar. Mix with two tablespoonfuls of water. When thoroughly mixed add four ounces of water. Take a tablespoonful every hour. For a child a smaller dose, according to age.

Dr. Jenner, regarding this says: "Either disease will disappear in twelve hours. "If countries would compel their physicians to use this, there would be no pest houses."

"If you value advice and experience, use this for that terrible disease."

**NOTES.**

The parties suffering from smallpox are of the poor class. Therefore citizens will be expected to contribute to their support. Parties having nourishments, such as beef tea, jellies, etc., and who into making such donations, can leave them at a room in the Cameron Block, where a man will be stationed to receive them to-morrow, from 10 o'clock till 12, and from 3 o'clock till 5 p. m.

We may state with reference to our report of yesterday that Thursday was not the first visit of Dr. Jenkins to the Thompson family. On Sunday last Dr. Warburton became suspicious of the disease, and invited Dr. Jenkins to see the patients. After examination Dr. Jenkins pronounced the disease to be chicken pox.

We understand that while the infected houses are well supplied with provisions, the other houses in the district where no smallpox exists, are very badly off. Through some misunderstanding the watchman is supplying only infected houses, although the Board of Health left orders at Pickard's grocery for provisioning the whole isolated district.

We learn that there are a very large number of persons in the infected district who have not been vaccinated. Why does not the Health Officer provide for them being vaccinated at once? In Mrs. Breen's family, which is one of the isolated houses, none of the large family of children have been vaccinated.

The Local Government, at the request of the citizens committee have instructed Dr. Conroy to vaccinate all paupers free of charge.

The classes in the Prince of Wales College will be discontinued for one week from this date.

The Mic-Mac cure for smallpox, which was recommended by THE EXAMINER yesterday can be seen at Watson's Drug Store, where orders will be taken for it. It will arrive next week.

**On Vaccination.**

The following article appears in the *Courier du Canada* over the signature of N. E. Dionne, M. D. It is a timely adjunct to "Dr. Hingston's invaluable pamphlet on vaccination," which has been endorsed by the medical profession of Montreal. It forms a condensed supplementary epitome of things necessary to be known by every enquirer:—

"At a time when nothing is spoken of but smallpox it seems to me that it is proper to publish the following truths and precepts on which scientific men are all agreed, and on which Professor Ponsseveris thus speaks:—

1. That vaccination has saved, and still saves, an incalculable number of lives.
2. The number of blind and deaf persons has decreased considerably under the influence of vaccination.
3. Vaccination is a preservative of human beauty.
4. The indiscriminations to which vaccination has been subjected are for the greatest part unfounded.
5. Vaccination is not at all a cause of weakening the constitution or health.
6. It has not increased the frequency of typhoid fever.
7. It does not increase the number of cases of consumption.
8. It does not transmit scrofula or skin diseases.
9. There is no danger from vaccination except in the event of an eruption from former smallpox does not dispense with the necessity for re-vaccination.
10. The innocuousness is so well established that compulsory vaccination is enforced in many countries.
11. Vaccination is not infallible.
12. Re-vaccination is necessary when primary vaccination has left only incomplete scars.
13. The object of an eruption from former smallpox does not dispense with the necessity for re-vaccination.
14. Re-vaccination should be practiced at 10 years, 20 years and 40 years.
15. At above 40 years of age, re-vaccination a fourth time is only necessary during a violent epidemic of smallpox.
16. Vaccinate as early as possible.
17. Vaccination may be practiced without inconvenience soon after birth.
18. Vaccination is equally successful at all seasons.
19. Dentition should not prevent vaccination in case of urgency.
20. Smallpox may occur at any age in persons who have not been vaccinated.
21. Vaccination and re-vaccination can only be properly performed by a medical man.
22. The value of vaccine virus should be in the following order: 1. Spontaneous cowpox; 2. Vaccination from arm to arm; 3. Humanized vaccine transplanted on calves; 4. Fresh preserved vaccine, and from a sure source.
23. Animal vaccine (bovine) has no advantage over well selected humanized vaccine.
24. Vaccine, well chosen from the cow, or cowpox, should be carefully chosen to make the germ for human vaccination.
25. Living vaccine, from arm to arm, is always preferable to vaccine in tubes or plates.
26. All vaccine virus on points or plates without a knowledge of its source should be avoided.
27. The value of vaccine virus should be in the following order: 1. Spontaneous cowpox; 2. Vaccination from arm to arm; 3. Humanized vaccine transplanted on calves; 4. Fresh preserved vaccine, and from a sure source.
28. It is proper to make several incisions.
29. During the first five days after vaccination, the patient is susceptible to smallpox infection.
30. Vaccination is not weakened by taking lymph from a child who has been vaccinated.
31. Re-vaccination follows the same general laws as a first vaccination.
32. There is every advantage, and no inconvenience, from vaccinating or re-vaccinating during the prevalence of an epidemic.
- Everyone should be convinced, by reading the

foregoing, that the arguments in favor of vaccination far surpass the opposite conclusions.

Since the passing of the law in England for free vaccination of children, from birth until ten years of age, the deaths have only been 169 per annum to one million of souls. Before the discovery of vaccine, the deaths annually from smallpox were 3,000 to the million. The number was reduced to 77, from 1835 to 1840, before free vaccination was introduced. From 1841 to 1853, with free but not compulsory vaccination, it fell to 203. At the present time in England there are only one-sixteenth the number of smallpox cases that there were before the discovery of Dr. Jenner.

In other countries where persons refuse to be vaccinated they are sequestered, as in Austria; or punished by fine and imprisonment, as in Hanover and Sweden; and in Prussia, Austria or Bavaria, marriages are not permitted when certificates of vaccination cannot be produced.

**No. 1 APPLES.**

BY Auction, to-morrow, SATURDAY, Nov. 14th, at 10.30 o'clock, at Salesrooms:—

A Cartload choice APPLES, in Gravensteins, Tompkins, Baldwin's, Bishop Pippins, Winter Pearmain, Pomme Gris and other choice kinds.

Remember the time—10.30.

A. MCNEILL, Auctioneer.

Nov. 13th, 1885.

The above Sale is postponed until MONDAY next, November 16th, at same hour and place.

A. MCNEILL, Auctioneer.

November 14, 1885.

**WANTED.**

**50,000 bushels Oats and 15,000 bushels Potatoes.**

Cash, ON DELIVERY AT GEORGETOWN at an early date.

ALSO, FOR SALE,

25 Pans, Choice P. R. MOLASSES,

20 Casks KEROSENE OIL,

A Full Assortment of STOVES, viz: Ship, Parlor, Hall and Cooking Stoves, with a full supply of GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

**D. GORDON,**

GEORGETOWN.

Nov. 13—51 wks 3i

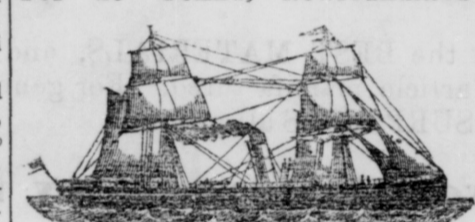
**JAMES H. REDDIN,**

**ATTORNEY-AT-LAW**

Office, formerly occupied by Peters & Peters, Y. M. C. A. Building, Charlottetown.

Nov. 13, 1885—1w

**For St. John's, Newfoundland.**



STEAMER "BONA VISTA" will be due here TUESDAY morning, 17th NOVEMBER.

For Freight or Passage apply to

PEAKE BROS. & CO., Agents.

Ch'town, Nov. 13, 85—3i

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—WHEN—

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**Halifax Hotel, Halifax,**

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**Woodill's German Baking Powder,** and pronounce it unequalled by any they have ever used!

Try it! and you also will continue to use it. One-fifth less cost than others.

Nov. 13th, 1885.

**MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.**

C. P. FLETCHER has just received his Winter Stock of SMALL INSTRUMENTS, &c., such as

Accordeons, Violins, and Concertinas.

Also—Violin Strings, best quality.

Selling Remarkably Low.

Call and be convinced at

**Fletcher's Music Store,**

Sign of the "Big Fiddle," Queen St.

Ch'town, Nov. 10—4wks dwpmt, her twks

**WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.**

**WANTED**—Five or six hundred dollars, at 5 per cent per annum; first-class security. "G. E. F. M.," Post Office Box No 11, Charlottetown. nov14 1i pd

**LOST**—In the neighborhood of the Bank of Nova Scotia, this morning, Two Dollars. The finder will please leave it at THE EXAMINER office. nov 14 1i pd

**WANTED**—A competent Workman to take charge of the woodwork in a carriage factory. Apply to Younker & Offer. no4

**TWO** or three Boarders can be accommodated at Miss STEWART'S, corner of Great George and Euston Streets. no2 pd

**FARM FOR SALE**—The Subscriber offers for Sale his Farm of 70 acres, at Eldon, Belfast; 20 acres are cleared and the remainder covered with hard and soft wood; a good spring runs through the farm. Apply to W. G. Wright, Prince Street, Charlottetown. oct30 1aw wky

**BEE KEEPER**—For the next ten days Stove Pipes at Auction Prices at Henry D. Wadman's, 55 Pownall Street. oct28 10i

**DONOR SALE**—A balance of 15 barrels of Cement, to clear, at \$3.25; general price \$4. Apply at this office. oct19 1f

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1885-6.

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**TEN (10) PER CENT.**

— AT —

**NORTON BROTHERS.**

**In Stock and to Arrive:**

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500 SETS TIRES (STEEL AND IRON).

200 do SLEIGH SHOEING.

300 do HUBS.

400 do RIMS.

600 do SPOKES.

400 PAIR SHAFTS.

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50 TONS IRON AND STEEL.

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PAINTS, OILS, FILLERS and VARNISHES. As we are the LARGEST IMPORTERS ON THE ISLAND, we can give you Better Value for your money, and a larger assortment to select from than any other house in the trade.

Write for Prices: **City Hardware Store.**

**NORTON BROS.**

Ch'town, Nov. 14, 1885—3i d wky her 3i

**WINTER CLOTHING.**

— AT THE —

**LONDON HOUSE!**

Men's Pilot Cloth Reefers,

Men's Pilot Cloth Overcoats,

Men's Heavy Cloth Usters,

Men's All-Wool Tweed Suits,

Men's Black Worsted Suits,

Men's Heavy Tweed Pants.

**BOYS' CLOTHING IN GREAT VARIETY.**

Boys' Overcoats,

Boys' Tweed Suits,

Boys' Jackets.

As we intend to Clear Out our Stock of Clothing this Fall, we shall offer it at Prices that have Never Before been Reached in Charlottetown.

See our Stock before buying elsewhere.

**GEO. DAVIES & CO.**

Ch'town, Nov. 10, 1885.

**TO THE TRADE.**

**10 BALES HORSE RUGS,**

Selling at a Small Advance on Cost.

**TO CARRIAGE BUILDERS.**

**160 bundles Shoeing and Tire Steel,**

VERY CHEAP.

**AXLES AND SPRINGS,**

DEFY COMPETITION.

**W. E. DAWSON.**

Ch'town, Nov. 10th, 1885—1w

**Big Clothing Sale**

— AT —

**L. E. PROWSE'S.**

CHEAPEST CLOTHING ever shown in Charlottetown at

Seven Thousand Dollars' (\$7,000) worth of CLOTHING, selling from 25 to 75 per cent less than regular prices, at

1,200 Suits UNDERCLOTHING, selling very fast at

FUR CAPS! FUR CAPS! in great variety, selling from \$1.15 up, at

Blankets, Comfortables, Winery, Flannels, Flacey Cottons, &c., offered at very low figures, at

Dress Goods, Black Cashmeres, Merinoes, Wool Squares, Muffs, Gloves, Hats, &c., as cheap as can be found in the city.

ALL ARE REQUESTED TO CALL and see my stock of CHEAP GOODS, before buying elsewhere.

**L. E. PROWSE,**

Sign of BIG HAT, 74 Queen Street.

Ch'town, Nov. 6th, 1885.