

THE DAILY EXAMINER

TERMS. Four Dollars per Year.

"This is Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

Single Copies Two Cents

VOL 37

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND; WEDNESDAY JUNE 2, 1897.

NO 128

If You are Going
—TO—
BOSTON

Or any part of the United States,
the cheapest and best route is via the
Plant Line,
THE POPULAR SUMMER ROUTE
DIRECT - SERVICE FROM CH'TOWN.

Commencing May 14th, the favorite S. S. "Halifax" will leave Ch'town for Boston every Friday at 1 p. m.
Returning leaving Boston every Tuesday at noon. Steamer calls at HAWKS-BURY and Halifax both ways
Via Pictou & Halifax
Passengers leaving Charlottetown Tues and Saturday mornings via Pictou make close connection at Halifax with steamers "Olivette" and "Halifax" for Boston direct Wednesdays at 7 a. m. and Saturdays 11 p. m.
Tickets for sale at stations P.E.I. Railway, Ch'town Nav Co, and Clarke's ticket office.
H. L. CHIPMAN, Can. Agent, Halifax, N. S.
d&w

EPPS'S COCOA
ENGLISH BREAKFAST COCOA

Possesses the following Distinctive Merits:
DELICACY OF FLAVOR.
SUPERIORITY in QUALITY.
GRATEFUL and COMFORTING to the NERVOUS or DYSP...
NUTRITIVE QUALITIES UNRIVALED.

AUCTION!

Racing and Pleasure Boats.
MONDAY JUNE 7th, 1897
at 11 o'clock
I am instructed by Mr John Joy (for the Charlottetown South End Boating Club) to sell by Auction, on the above date, at my Auction Rooms, the entire outfit of this Club, consisting of—
1 Four Oared Regulation Racing Shell, built of best Bermuda Cedar, by Elijah Ross, of St. John, and used in one race only.
1 Four Oared Shell, Bermuda Cedar, by one of New York's best builders.
The "Rowena" double Skull Working Boat, built in N. S. and a winner in every race. Never was beaten.
1 Four Oared Working Boat, in good condition.
1 Single Skull Pleasure Boat, 15 feet long.
ALSO—Several other general boats, including Single Skull Shells, and Four Oared Working, all equipped with oars and general outfit for a first-class boating club.
Positive sale with no reserve. Bid anything Terms ca-h.
E. H. NORTON, Auctioneer.
117—cod tl sle

Planet Flour.

200 bbls. just arrived. No letter Flour on P. E. Island.
Horace Haszard.
Ch'town, May 17, '97.
17-2w 13

WHY DON'T YOU LAUGH?
Why don't you laugh, young man, when troubles come.
Instead of sitting round so sour and glum?
You cannot have all play
And sunshine every day.
When troubles come, I say, why don't you laugh?
Why don't you laugh? 'Twill ever help to soothe
The aches and pains. No road in life is smooth.
There's many an unseen bump
And many a hidden stump
O'er which you'll have to jump. Why don't you laugh?
Why don't you laugh? Don't let your spirits wilt.
Don't sit and cry because the milk you've spilt.
If you would mend it, now
Pray let me tell you how:
Just milk another cow! Why don't you laugh?
Why don't you laugh and make us all laugh, too.
And keep us mortals all from getting blue?
A laugh will always win.
If you can't laugh, just grin.
Come on! Let's all join us! Why don't you laugh?
—James C. Challiss in Independent.

STERILIZED MILK.
Recent Investigations Have Strengthened the Arguments in Its Favor.
Although milk has so frequently been held responsible for the dissemination of diphtheria, yet curiously but few exact investigations have been made on the behavior of diphtheria bacilli in milk. Hesse found that cholera bacilli underwent deterioration in raw milk; that, in fact, when kept in these surroundings at a temperature of 37 degrees C. (98 F.), they were entirely destroyed within 22 hours. Caro of Naples, on the other hand, working with anthrax bacilli in raw milk, states that these microbes flourish abundantly in milk and abate no jot of their virulence under these conditions. Professor Schottelius has repeated these experiments and has entirely confirmed them. He has, however, extended his investigations to the behavior of diphtheria bacilli in milk.
In a recent number of The Centralblatt fur Bakteriologie, Part I, a summarized account is given of these researches, and it appears that in fresh milk diphtheria bacilli find an exceptionally satisfactory material for growth and multiplication. In sterilized milk, however, their growth was not so abundant and was less strongly marked than in the ordinary broth used for cultivation purposes. As the milk was only sterilized for half an hour by means of the ordinary Soxhlet apparatus, this difference in the vitality of the diphtheria bacilli in the raw and heated milk, respectively, could not have been due to the milk having become acid through heating. Hesse has shown that when milk is subjected to prolonged sterilization at a high temperature it exhibits an acid reaction. Professor Schottelius concludes his paper with a warning, now so often repeated, of the danger attending the consumption of milk in its raw, unsterilized condition.—Nature.

On a Modern Cattle Ship.
The staterooms on these big boats are amidship and have ample accommodations for 60 passengers. From the commencement the experience was delightful. It was almost impossible to believe, as far as the motion of the vessel was concerned, that we were on the ocean. For instance, the rims on the tables to catch overflowing coffee or to stop the antics of fruits and foods were missing. There was no need for them. The explanation of the remarkable steadiness was in the fact that the ship had bilge keels—two extra keels, like fins, running along the sides and preventing that rolling which is the despair of weak stomachs. This improvement represents the latest development in steady transportation for animals, and if the 800 quadrupeds we had on board appreciated it as much as the 60 bipeds who gloried in the smoothness and the comfort of it all they lived 11 of the happiest days of their lives. Other ships, still larger than this, are now building.
The trip to London takes 11 days, and on the fifth day out I accepted the captain's invitation to accompany him on his morning inspection, "although, for that matter," he added, "you may visit any part of the ship at any time you choose." Directly after breakfast we began the journey. There were nearly 600 cattle and 200 horses distributed on the three decks, and up and down the aisles between their protruding heads we walked. It was a bit doubtful at first, but the captain seemed to be on friendly terms with his cargo, and there was not the slightest danger. "How are you, old boy?" was his greeting as he felt the ears of the animals to see if any of them had fever. When the captain was asked why he used the masculine exclusively, he explained that the cattle taken to England's markets are bullocks, and it became clear why the officers at the table had smiled when the ladies gravely discussed the advantage of going over on a cattle ship because there was always a certainty of fresh milk.—Harper's Weekly.

TO LET.
A house on Dorchester Street, next block to the New Cathedral, at present occupied by Mrs. Leahy. Possession given last of June.
ARTHUR G. PEAKE,
Office on "Peake's Wharf."

Price Cutting Means Quick Selling

500 Men's heavy blue twill suits, regular price \$5.00 now for \$3.35.
50 Men's light tweed all wool well lined and trimmed price \$5.75 for \$3.75.
50 Men's tweed suits \$8 for \$5.25
25 Men's fine all wool, D. B., \$8.85 for \$6.
Men's Underclothing, white and colored Shirts, Ties, Collars, at very low prices.
In Boots and Shoes we are the money savers.
Women's Kid Shoes, worth \$1 for 68c. Men's-Oxford Shoes, 85c. We lead in quality and low price.

J. B. Macdonald's
Old Stand,
Opposite west end Market.

ENAMEL STARCH
Goes Farthest
Can be mixed with hot or cold water
GIVES AN IDEAL FINISH
Smooth and lasting
TO SHIRT FRONTS COLLARS & CUFFS
The Edwardsburg Starch Co. M'f'rs.
JONES CARDINAL, ONT. OFFICES, MONTREAL, P. Q.

IF YOU CAN'T COME
Write
for an appointment, and have your work done by us; guaranteed

Painless Dentistry
and modern methods and appliances.

Berlin Dental Parlors.
Over store of Prowse Bros.
Office Hours:—8 a. m. to 8 p. m.

EXPENSIVE BRASS BANDS.

Over Ten Thousand Dollars Paid for a Jeweled Cornet.
The writer was recently accorded the privilege of a peep into the museum attached to the factory of one of the largest firms of brass instrument makers in London. Here are to be seen types, facsimiles and models of every kind of musical instrument that the mind of man has ever devised, invented or produced.
In one corner is a duplicate of what is believed to be the most costly presentation cornet ever produced. It was made to the order of the late czar of Russia and is of sterling silver, richly graven with various devices, among which the arms of the Imperial house of Romanoff figure conspicuously. The whole of the ornamentation is of beaten gold filigree work, and the "bell" of the instrument is thickly encrusted with rubies and emeralds. Its net value is a trifle over 2,000 guineas.
A melancholy interest attaches to a battered and blood stained bugle which was picked up on the field of Isandlwana. In addition to the dark patches, which were once splashes of wet blood, sundry fragments of woolly hair were adhering to the bell of the instrument when first found, a pretty conclusive indication that the gallant owner had used it in a last desperate effort to beat off his relentless foes. It may be that some ebony skinned Zulu still wanders about with an indentation in his skull whom it would be difficult to convince that "music hath charms."
Near to this interesting relic is a facsimile of a set of drums which were made for the new Rhodesia horse. The peculiarity lies in the fact that the cases are of aluminum, a precaution rendered necessary by the number of white ants that infest that country. The other instruments are of brass, silver plated, and the whole band cost some £350.
The above is, of course, a comparatively modest turnout. For the real gorgeousness in brass bands it is necessary to inspect some of the costly and magnificent sets of instruments turned out for eastern potentates. The bands of even the smartest of our crack cavalry corps are absolutely not in it, so far as elegance of appearance is concerned, with the private bands of some of our India tributary princes, although probably the latter would have to give the former several points if it came to a musical contest between them.
The private band of the rao of Cutch, for instance, cost originally £900, and most of the instruments are renewed every four or five years. The tiger skin used by the rao's big drummer, which was sent over here to be prepared and mounted, was taken from an animal killed by his highness and measured over 7 feet in length. It is lined throughout with heavy corded crimson silk, and the brute's eyes are simulated by a pair of big yellow diamonds.
Another very fine band was made three years ago to the order of the late shah of Persia. All of the instruments were of pure silver—which, by the way, does not give forth so good a sound as brass, besides being far heavier to handle—inlaid with gold. The total cost of this band de luxe was a trifle under 3,000 guineas. A very different kind of band was that made last year by the same firm for the Mimkish Indians, a tribe of savages living near Alert bay, in British Columbia. The band is nearly all drum, and the mouthpieces of the few brass instruments are tipped with india rubber, to obviate the inconvenience of applying metal to the lips in a temperature of some 30 to 40 degrees below zero.
A curious order was received a short time ago from the emperor of Morocco. It was for 80 clarinets for one band. As the instruments in question were all in one key it is probable that they were to be played in unison. The effect upon an average man of 80 band clarinets blown simultaneously would probably be to create in him a wild desire to take to the woods and become an aborigine. Even to imagine such an ear piercing combination sets one's tympanum quivering.—London Answers.

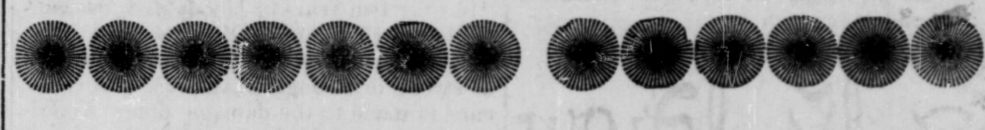
AMERICAN PICKLES AND SAUCES
Beer & Goff have just received from Pittsburg, Penn., an assortment of the best American Pickles and Sauces, ever imported here, including:
Mixed Pickles.
Sweet Mixed Pickles.
Chow-Chow.
Pickled Onions.
Chili Sauce.
Celery Sauce.
Olives and Horse Radish.

OUR NEW DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT IS BOOMING.

OUR HAT AND CAP DEPARTMENT IS BOOMING.

OUR GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT IS BOOMING.

OUR TWEED AND FLANNEL DEPARTMENT IS BOOMING.



Our New Dress Goods department is Booming.

Our Hat and Cap Department is booming

OUR GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT IS BOOMING

OUR TWEED AND FLANNEL DEPARTMENT IS BOOMING

Our Staple Dry Goods Department is Booming.

Our Readymade Clothing Department is Booming.

Our low price pressure makes things boom all along the line.

The Bargain Corner,
McKay Woolen Company

BEER & GOFF

