

In poverty confidence is as good
as prosperity.

It's the easiest thing in the world
for a man to deceive himself.

Covers Prince Edward Island Like the Dew

CHARLOTTETOWN, CANADA, THURSDAY, JANUARY 21, 1954

16 PAGES

The Guardian, Five Cents
Morning Daily Founded 1887.

U. S. SENATE APPROVES SEAWAY AFTER 20-YEAR FIGHT

Canada To Buy 25 Neptune Planes From U. S.

C. C. F. Proposal To Boost Family Allowances Rejected

OTTAWA, (CP)—The government Wednesday rejected a CCF proposal for a 60-per cent increase in family-allowance payments.

Health Minister Martin said in the Commons that the proposal by Hazen Argue (CCF-Assiniboia) "lacks any serious practical quality" in the light of what the government is doing in other fields of social welfare.

The increase would cost between \$170,000,000 and \$190,000,000.

He said Mr. Argue had shown "no appreciation of what it would mean in additional tax burdens."

Estimated family allowance expenditures in the present fiscal year were 25 per cent of all social security expenditures in Canada and a boost would jeopardize advances in other important fields of health and welfare.

Talked Out

Debate on the resolution continued until adjournment of the half-day sitting. This means the proposal was talked out and is unlikely to come up again this session.

CCF and Social Credit speakers supported the proposal. Progressive Conservative members did not take part in the debate.

Mr. Argue said the country can afford the increase.

His resolution asked the government to consider increasing family allowances in line with advances in the cost of living since payments were authorized in 1944.

Family allowances have not been changed since then, he said.

Since 1944 the cost of living had risen 55 per cent and the cost of the two main items on which family allowances were spent, food and clothing, had increased 73 per cent and 65 per cent, respectively.

Mr. Argue said minimum payments, for children from birth to the sixth birthday, should be increased to \$8 from \$5 a month, and maximum payments, between the 13th and 16th birthdays, should be boosted to \$13 from \$8 a month.

Denies Great Prosperity

Intermediate payments at present are \$6 between the sixth and 10th birthdays and \$7 between the 10th and 13th birthdays.

Mr. Argue said Canada's prosperity is not so great as the government would have people believe. A recent government survey showed that 19 per cent of wage earners were responsible for the care of 84 per cent of the country's children, but that in 1951 37 per cent of wage earners earned less than \$1,500 a year.

Mr. Martin had said last year the increase would cost \$200,000,000 a year. But last year the government had reduced taxes, mainly on the well-to-do, by an

Denies Great Prosperity

Intermediate payments at present are \$6 between the sixth and 10th birthdays and \$7 between the 10th and 13th birthdays.

Mr. Argue said Canada's prosperity is not so great as the government would have people believe. A recent government survey showed that 19 per cent of wage earners were responsible for the care of 84 per cent of the country's children, but that in 1951 37 per cent of wage earners earned less than \$1,500 a year.

Mr. Martin had said last year the increase would cost \$200,000,000 a year. But last year the government had reduced taxes, mainly on the well-to-do, by an

Denies Great Prosperity

Intermediate payments at present are \$6 between the sixth and 10th birthdays and \$7 between the 10th and 13th birthdays.

Mr. Argue said Canada's prosperity is not so great as the government would have people believe. A recent government survey showed that 19 per cent of wage earners were responsible for the care of 84 per cent of the country's children, but that in 1951 37 per cent of wage earners earned less than \$1,500 a year.

Mr. Martin had said last year the increase would cost \$200,000,000 a year. But last year the government had reduced taxes, mainly on the well-to-do, by an

Denies Great Prosperity

Intermediate payments at present are \$6 between the sixth and 10th birthdays and \$7 between the 10th and 13th birthdays.

Mr. Argue said Canada's prosperity is not so great as the government would have people believe. A recent government survey showed that 19 per cent of wage earners were responsible for the care of 84 per cent of the country's children, but that in 1951 37 per cent of wage earners earned less than \$1,500 a year.

Mr. Martin had said last year the increase would cost \$200,000,000 a year. But last year the government had reduced taxes, mainly on the well-to-do, by an

Denies Great Prosperity

Intermediate payments at present are \$6 between the sixth and 10th birthdays and \$7 between the 10th and 13th birthdays.

Mr. Argue said Canada's prosperity is not so great as the government would have people believe. A recent government survey showed that 19 per cent of wage earners were responsible for the care of 84 per cent of the country's children, but that in 1951 37 per cent of wage earners earned less than \$1,500 a year.

Mr. Martin had said last year the increase would cost \$200,000,000 a year. But last year the government had reduced taxes, mainly on the well-to-do, by an

Denies Great Prosperity

Intermediate payments at present are \$6 between the sixth and 10th birthdays and \$7 between the 10th and 13th birthdays.

Mr. Argue said Canada's prosperity is not so great as the government would have people believe. A recent government survey showed that 19 per cent of wage earners were responsible for the care of 84 per cent of the country's children, but that in 1951 37 per cent of wage earners earned less than \$1,500 a year.

Mr. Martin had said last year the increase would cost \$200,000,000 a year. But last year the government had reduced taxes, mainly on the well-to-do, by an

Denies Great Prosperity

Intermediate payments at present are \$6 between the sixth and 10th birthdays and \$7 between the 10th and 13th birthdays.

Mr. Argue said Canada's prosperity is not so great as the government would have people believe. A recent government survey showed that 19 per cent of wage earners were responsible for the care of 84 per cent of the country's children, but that in 1951 37 per cent of wage earners earned less than \$1,500 a year.

Mr. Martin had said last year the increase would cost \$200,000,000 a year. But last year the government had reduced taxes, mainly on the well-to-do, by an

Denies Great Prosperity

Intermediate payments at present are \$6 between the sixth and 10th birthdays and \$7 between the 10th and 13th birthdays.

Mr. Argue said Canada's prosperity is not so great as the government would have people believe. A recent government survey showed that 19 per cent of wage earners were responsible for the care of 84 per cent of the country's children, but that in 1951 37 per cent of wage earners earned less than \$1,500 a year.

Mr. Martin had said last year the increase would cost \$200,000,000 a year. But last year the government had reduced taxes, mainly on the well-to-do, by an

Denies Great Prosperity

Intermediate payments at present are \$6 between the sixth and 10th birthdays and \$7 between the 10th and 13th birthdays.

Mr. Argue said Canada's prosperity is not so great as the government would have people believe. A recent government survey showed that 19 per cent of wage earners were responsible for the care of 84 per cent of the country's children, but that in 1951 37 per cent of wage earners earned less than \$1,500 a year.

Mr. Martin had said last year the increase would cost \$200,000,000 a year. But last year the government had reduced taxes, mainly on the well-to-do, by an

Denies Great Prosperity

Intermediate payments at present are \$6 between the sixth and 10th birthdays and \$7 between the 10th and 13th birthdays.

Mr. Argue said Canada's prosperity is not so great as the government would have people believe. A recent government survey showed that 19 per cent of wage earners were responsible for the care of 84 per cent of the country's children, but that in 1951 37 per cent of wage earners earned less than \$1,500 a year.

Mr. Martin had said last year the increase would cost \$200,000,000 a year. But last year the government had reduced taxes, mainly on the well-to-do, by an

Denies Great Prosperity

Intermediate payments at present are \$6 between the sixth and 10th birthdays and \$7 between the 10th and 13th birthdays.

Mr. Argue said Canada's prosperity is not so great as the government would have people believe. A recent government survey showed that 19 per cent of wage earners were responsible for the care of 84 per cent of the country's children, but that in 1951 37 per cent of wage earners earned less than \$1,500 a year.

Mr. Martin had said last year the increase would cost \$200,000,000 a year. But last year the government had reduced taxes, mainly on the well-to-do, by an

Denies Great Prosperity

Intermediate payments at present are \$6 between the sixth and 10th birthdays and \$7 between the 10th and 13th birthdays.

Mr. Argue said Canada's prosperity is not so great as the government would have people believe. A recent government survey showed that 19 per cent of wage earners were responsible for the care of 84 per cent of the country's children, but that in 1951 37 per cent of wage earners earned less than \$1,500 a year.

Mr. Martin had said last year the increase would cost \$200,000,000 a year. But last year the government had reduced taxes, mainly on the well-to-do, by an

Denies Great Prosperity

Intermediate payments at present are \$6 between the sixth and 10th birthdays and \$7 between the 10th and 13th birthdays.

Mr. Argue said Canada's prosperity is not so great as the government would have people believe. A recent government survey showed that 19 per cent of wage earners were responsible for the care of 84 per cent of the country's children, but that in 1951 37 per cent of wage earners earned less than \$1,500 a year.

Mr. Martin had said last year the increase would cost \$200,000,000 a year. But last year the government had reduced taxes, mainly on the well-to-do, by an

Denies Great Prosperity

Intermediate payments at present are \$6 between the sixth and 10th birthdays and \$7 between the 10th and 13th birthdays.

Mr. Argue said Canada's prosperity is not so great as the government would have people believe. A recent government survey showed that 19 per cent of wage earners were responsible for the care of 84 per cent of the country's children, but that in 1951 37 per cent of wage earners earned less than \$1,500 a year.

Mr. Martin had said last year the increase would cost \$200,000,000 a year. But last year the government had reduced taxes, mainly on the well-to-do, by an

Reconnaissance Aircraft Will Cost 35 Million

OTTAWA, (CP)—The Canadian government has decided to purchase about 25 United States Neptune reconnaissance aircraft for the RCAF at a total cost estimated roughly at \$35,000,000.

Informants disclosed Wednesday that preliminary procurement negotiations already have started and it is hoped first deliveries of the two-engine American aircraft will be made some time this year.

The propeller-driven Neptune will be placed on Maritime patrol duty to assist the Second World War Lancaster until Canada is able to go into production on Britain's four-engine turbine-propeller Britannias.

Canair Ltd. of Montreal will prepare a prototype of the Britannia modified to suit Canadian requirements. This may take some time to produce. When the prototype is approved, the Montreal company will get a production contract possibly for 50 of the craft.

Eisenhower Sends Trimmed Budget To Congress Today

By Douglas B. Cornell

WASHINGTON, (AP)—President Eisenhower sends to Congress today a trimmed down federal budget to finance the government through the 1955 fiscal year starting next July 1.

It will be the first complete budget in 21 years from a Republican administration and congressional leaders are predicting it will be around \$3,000,000,000 out of balance.

Once again, the budget is bound to be heavy with expenditures for national defence, which now account for roughly two-thirds of all federal spending. But even this big program has been slashed substantially.

Eisenhower himself has said the administration can get more fighting power for less money through a "new look" defence policy placing the emphasis on airpower and an assortment of atomic and other new weapons.

A high administration authority disclosed last November that the Eisenhower team was working toward lopping between \$5,000,000,000 and \$6,000,000,000 from next year's budget and it was obvious national security must share in any such reduction.

This official mentioned \$3,500,000,000 or \$4,000,000,000 as the likely slash in security spending.

Eisenhower had indicated in advance some of the things that might be expected in his budget—cancellation of reduction in corporation, income and sales taxes on such things as gasoline and liquor, set automatically for next April 1 under present law.

He told Congress in his state-of-the-union message earlier this month that it would find in the budget a 25-point program for a thorough revision of the tax law.

Suggests Private Firms Develop Atomic Energy

STE. MARGUERITE, Que., (CP)—The government should allow private enterprise to develop atomic energy in Canada, John Diefenbaker, Progressive Conservative Commons member for Prince Albert, said Wednesday night.

Mr. Diefenbaker said national progress calls for full development of atomic energy along private initiative lines, subject only to the requirements of international security.

At present, atomic activities are in the federal government's hands. Some products are available to industry and to organizations such as research institutions and hospitals.

24 Escape When Aircraft Makes Belly Landing

BUFFALO, N.Y., (AP)—A twin-engine American Airlines Convair made a belly landing in a field Wednesday just after taking off from Buffalo airport, but the 21 passengers and three crew members walked away.

American Airlines official said a few of the passengers were shaken up, but that none was injured seriously.

The cause of the wheels-up landing was not immediately determined. But an employee at the airport, one of the first to reach the scene, said the left engine apparently conked out.

Ambulances and fire engines were rushed to the scene. The plane, however, did not burn.

One eyewitness said the left motor apparently quit when the plane had reached an altitude of 200 to 300 feet. He said the plane made a left turn, lost altitude rapidly and pancaked into the field.

The plane bounced along the field and through a shallow ditch, coming to rest with its nose pushing against a stand of small trees.

Announce Sale Of N.B. Debentures

FREDERICTON, (CP)—Sale of a \$6,500,000 Province of New Brunswick debenture issue to a Canadian investment syndicate headed by Dominion Securities Corp. Ltd., Groulx and Co. Ltd., and Nesbitt, Thompson and Company, Ltd., was announced Wednesday by Hon. D. D. Patterson, provincial secretary-treasurer.

The 15-year issue carries an interest rate of 4 1/2 per cent. Mr. Patterson said \$3,250,000 will be used for refunding previous issues, \$3,000,000 for advances to the New Brunswick electric power commission, and the remainder as follows:

Bridges and hard-surfaced roads \$500,000; Campbellton mental hospital \$250,000; Fredericton medical centre \$300,000; grants under the Rural Schools Assistance Act \$600,000, and vocational grants \$600,000.

Third Baronet In Week Decides To Drop Title

LONDON, (Reuters)—The British aristocracy lost its third baronet within a week Wednesday as another man elected to skip the hereditary title and traditional "sit" in front of his name.

The latest refugee from baroncy is Christopher Winwood Smith who lives in Grafton near Sydney, Australia.

Winwood Smith works for the local water board and thinks he would be laughed out of town if word got around there that he was a baronet.

Five Arrested In Beer Theft Swindle

MONTREAL, (CP)—Police said Wednesday five men were arrested, and more will be taken into custody shortly, in connection with what they described as a \$25,000 beer theft swindle.

Warrants for the arrest of 13 men were issued Tuesday by Judge Rene Therberge in criminal court on application by Dow Brewery, Ltd.

Police said checkers were paid \$1 a case for beer which was sold by truck drivers for \$3 a case throughout Quebec Province. Half the loot has been recovered.

Livestock Marketing Bd. Opposed By Gardiner

REGINA, (CP)—Agriculture Minister Gardiner says that a livestock marketing board along the lines of the Canadian wheat board would be impractical.

Mr. Gardiner, on his way to Lemberg, Sask., to open a new post office building, commented Tuesday on proposals advanced by the Saskatchewan Farmers' Union and other prairie organizations.

"I've always opposed the proposal because I don't think it could be made to work," he said. "It would be impossible to establish an adequate inspection and grading system to cover consumption in the same way the wheat board system covers grain."

Mr. Gardiner said he has been given "a clean bill of health" by the Mayo Clinic at Rochester, Minn. He was there last week for a physical check.

He said he had been advised to take it easy for three weeks and had been put on vitamin treatments.

Not Homesick For White House

KANSAS CITY, (AP)—Harry S. Truman looked back on a year out of the White House and said he isn't a bit homesick for the place.

A year ago he shared attention with president-elect Eisenhower at the inauguration ceremonies in Washington.

Wednesday he drove his own car here from his Independence, Mo., home and was met by one reporter.

The former president said with a smile that he still is making his "adjustment to civil life"; that his memories are taking up most of his time, and as for being homesick for Washington, he doesn't miss it a bit, but does miss his friends there.

"The only place I've ever been homesick for is Missouri," he said.

HONORING ATOM CHIEF

OTTAWA, (CP)—Prof. Archibald Vivian Hill, one of Britain's leading scientists in scientific development and research, will arrive here Saturday for a brief visit. Prof. Hill has accepted an invitation from the Professional Institute of the Public Service of Canada to join Canadian scientists in honoring Dr. C. J. Mackenzie, president of the atomic energy control board, at a dinner to be given by the institute.

Gov't Tables Report On Post Office Administration

OTTAWA, (CP)—A 45,000-word report tabled Wednesday in the Commons said the government's oft-criticized post-office department is basically sound, but offered more than 75 major and minor recommendations to improve efficiency and to cut costs.

The 134-page document, prepared confidentially by J. D. Woods and Gordon, Toronto management consultants, was made public by Postmaster General Cote after extracts lifted from it were quoted in the Commons by an opposition member.

The company launched a study of the post office in the fall of 1951 at the request of former postmaster-general Rinfret, now a superior court judge in Quebec, and submitted its report to Mr. Cote Nov. 20, 1952.

Mr. Cote said use of extracts by William Hamilton (PC-Mont-

Vote After Long Debate Was 51 To 33

WASHINGTON, (AP)—Supporters of the St. Lawrence seaway, after 20 years of effort, Wednesday night won Senate approval of legislation to authorize the United States to join with Canada in building the controversial project.

Passage of the bill, which the pro-seaway forces had been freely predicting since the beginning of debate a week ago, came on a roll-call vote with 51 senators voting yes and 33 no.

The seaway, discussed for more than 50 years, would be a 27-foot-deep waterway in the St. Lawrence River from the Atlantic Ocean to the Great Lakes allowing ocean-going vessels to sail directly into lake ports.

The outcome became apparent after the bill's supporters beat down an amendment by Senator Russell Long (Dem., La.) that would have required the project to be financed through annual appropriations.

And, when the Senate voted 51 to 32 against pigeonholing the bill by returning it to committee, as proposed by Senator Ralph Flinders (Rep., Wis.), it was all over but the shouting.

Further Assurance Given Re Post Office Operations

OTTAWA, Jan. 20.—(Special)—Prince Edward Island was among the many regions and areas mentioned in the J. D. Woods and Gordon report on operations of the post office department it was revealed with the tabling of this report in the House of Commons here today.

Chief recommendation of the report was that all the files pertaining to rural mail deliveries now in Charlottetown and a number of senior staff members of the Charlottetown post office be transferred to regional post office headquarters at Saint John. This recommendation leaked out some time ago and caused serious apprehension in the post office itself, in the City Council of Charlottetown and in the House of Representatives in the Prince Edward Island Railway Mail Clerks' Association.

The issue was taken up recently by Neil A. Matheson, Liberal member for Queen, who discussed the possible shift of personnel and files with W. C. McEachern, regional director of postal services for the Maritime Provinces. Himself thoroughly familiar with mail delivery practices in Prince Edward Island, Mr. McEachern agreed with Mr. Matheson that far from bringing about greater efficiency, the J. D. Woods and Gordon recommendation would

Had Ike Backing

The House of Representatives has yet to consider the bill.

The measure had the strong backing of President Eisenhower, his cabinet, the policy-making national security council and the joint chiefs of staff.

Eisenhower said in his state-of-the-union message that the project was needed for national defence as well as for economic reasons.

Admiral Arthur Radford, chairman of the joint chiefs, said in a letter read on the Senate floor Wednesday that the seaway was "necessary to the interests of national security" and said the joint chiefs "strongly" recommended passage of the bill.

Plan Issue Bonds

The seaway has been traditionally opposed by east and Gulf coast port cities, coal and railroad interests who claim it would divert business from them. The Senate had rejected bills to authorize it four times before during the last 30 years. The House has never voted on the proposal.

Under the present bill, the United States would build only that part of the seaway in the International Rapids section of the St. Lawrence, Canada would build the remaining portions in its territory.

Estimated cost of the U. S. share is \$105,000,000. The bill would set up a development corporation to issue bonds in that amount.

The bonds would be retired from loans on shipping using the waterway.

21,809 Red Prisoners March To Freedom

By GEORGE McARTHUR

PANMUNJOM, (AP)—The last of 21,809 anti-Communist prisoners of war marched back to the Aitche today in the cold drizzling darkness of early morning.

The return of the Chinese and North Korean prisoners from the neutral zone was completed without a major incident while a North Korean broadcast protested the action "destroyed" the armistice.

The Indian command said 104 out of the thousands decided not to come back at the last moment. They remained in the neutral zone with 93 other former UN command POWs and 349 former Red POWs including 21 Americans, who don't want to go home.

Returning Chinese came back down a muddy flare - lit road, chanting to the eerie sounds of

Inquest Opens In Death Of Man Who Cheated Gallows

CORNWALL, Ont., (CP)—An inquest opened Wednesday night into the death of Henri Seguin and was expected to shed some light on how the 29-year-old convicted murderer cheated the hangman's noose by taking poison.

Seguin died in writhing agony an hour before he was due to be hanged Monday night for the August 1952 murder of Leonard Hurd, a Maxville, Ont. taxi operator.

A small glass vial was discovered in his cell at Cornwall jail where he had been brought to stand trial four months ago.

More than 25 witnesses were expected to be called at the inquest to be conducted by Dr. Smirle Lawson, Ontario chief coroner.

The hearing will attempt to determine how Seguin obtained the poison.

In Ottawa Wednesday Penitentiaries Commissioner R. B. Gibson raised the possibility that Seguin may have carried the poison secretly from Kingston penitentiary.

Commissioner Gibson said Seguin was involved in a suspected poison plot while imprisoned in Kingston last summer. It was rumored that he and other inmates were planning to poison the food of a tower guard in preparation for a mass jail break. A search of the penitentiary uncovered no poison.

Signs Of Valuable Mineral Deposits In Cape Breton

TORONTO, (CP)—Indications of "interesting" deposits of valuable minerals, including uranium, zinc, copper and nickel have been found in Cape Breton Island, W. R. Dunbar, director and general manager of Mineral Exploration Corporation Ltd., said Wednesday.

The company is engaged in surveying the northern portion of the island. "It is too early to comment on the commercial value of our finds," said Mr. Dunbar, "but what we have discovered in our



TORONTO, (CP)—Minimum and maximum temperatures:

	Min.	Max.
Dawson	25b	—
Vancouver	12	27
Victoria	22	35
Edmonton	30b	21b
Calgary	43b	14b
Regina	42b	31b
Winnipeg	32b	23b
Toronto	35	43
Ottawa	12	32
Montreal	16	38
Quebec	15	29
Saint John	5b	34
Moncton	1b	23
Halifax	16	35
Charlottetown	4	27
Sydney	9	29
Yarmouth	11	40
St. John's	12	23

HALIFAX, (CP)—The Dominion Public Weather Office here says extremely mild air is entering the southern Maritimes and the temperatures will rise to the 40s in that part of the district. As the disturbance moves northward northwest winds will begin driving colder air into the district. This colder air will reach the northern regions during the daytime and spread to the southern Maritimes Thursday evening.

Regional forecasts:
Prince Edward Island: Cloudy with scattered showers; extremely mild turning colder by evening; southerly winds 25 shifting to west 20 by evening. Low-high at Charlottetown 40 and 45.

Eastern N. B. counties, lower St. John river valley: Cloudy with scattered showers changing to snowflurries by evening; extremely mild turning colder late afternoon; southerly winds 25 shifting in afternoon to west 20. Low-high at Moncton, Fredericton and Saint John 40 and 45.

Upper St. John river valley, Bay of Chaleur: Cloudy with scattered showers changing in afternoon to snowflurries; colder with southwest winds 25 shifting about noon to northwest 20. Low-high at Edmundston and Campbellton 35 and 32.

High tide today at Charlottetown at 12:53 p.m.
Summerside tide eighteen minutes later than Charlottetown.
Sun rises today at 7:44 a.m. and sets at 5:04 p.m.