

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENT

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, SATURDAY, JUNE 30, 1888.

VOL. 23.—NO. 35.

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One month.....50

Advertising at moderate rates.

Contracts may be made for monthly, quarterly, half-yearly, or yearly advertisements, on application.

ALMANAC FOR JUNE, 1888.

MOON'S CHANGES.

Last Quarter 1st day, 8h., 40.9m., a.m., S.W.
New Moon 9th day, 0h., 21.5m., p.m., S.
First Quarter 17th day, 2h., 37.2., a.m., S.E.
Full Moon 25th day, 5h., 53.0m., p.m., N.E.
(below horizon.)
Last Quarter, 30th day, 11h., 40.1m., p.m., E.

D. DAY OF WEEK Sun Sun Moon High Day's
M. rises/sets rises/sets water len h

D. DAY OF WEEK	Sun rises/sets	Sun rises/sets	Moon rises/sets	High water len h	Day's water
1 Friday	4 17 7 38	0 46 4 11	15 20		
2 Saturday	17 39 1 13	5 19 21	14 20		
3 Sunday	16 39 1 40	6 25 23	13 20		
4 Monday	16 40 1 39	7 24 25	12 20		
5 Tuesday	15 41 2 22	8 12 26	11 20		
6 Wednesday	15 42 2 46	8 54 27	10 20		
7 Thursday	15 43 3 12	9 33 29	9 20		
8 Friday	14 44 3 43	10 12 30	8 20		
9 Saturday	14 45 4 18	10 45 31	7 20		
10 Sunday	14 46 5 0	11 32 32	6 20		
11 Monday	14 47 5 48	11 59 32	5 20		
12 Tuesday	14 47 6 48	12 33 33	4 20		
13 Wednesday	14 47 7 46	0 36 33	3 20		
14 Thursday	14 48 8 51	1 17 34	2 20		
15 Friday	13 48 10 0	2 0 34	1 20		
16 Saturday	13 48 11 10	2 47 35	0 20		
17 Sunday	13 48 12 22	3 48 35	0 20		
18 Monday	13 48 1 34	5 0 35	0 20		
19 Tuesday	13 48 2 54	6 20 35	0 20		
20 Wednesday	13 48 4 6	7 34 35	0 20		
21 Thursday	13 48 5 23	8 34 35	0 20		
22 Friday	14 49 6 37	9 27 35	0 20		
23 Saturday	14 49 7 45	10 15 35	0 20		
24 Sunday	14 49 8 44	11 0 34	0 20		
25 Monday	15 49 9 33	11 45 34	0 20		
26 Tuesday	15 49 10 13	12 28 34	0 20		
27 Wednesday	15 48 10 47	1 9 33	0 20		
28 Thursday	15 48 11 15	1 50 33	0 20		
29 Friday	16 48 11 40	2 33 32	0 20		
30 Saturday	4 16 7 48	morn 3 17 1532	0 20		

DR. KELLY,

Physician and Surgeon,

OFFICE:

UPPER QUEEN STREET,

Four Doors Above Apothecaries' Hall.
Ch'town, March 29, 1888—d 3m cod wky

D. A. MACKINNON, L.L.B.,

Attorney, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c,

—HAS OPENED HIS—

Law Office in Georgetown,
King's County,

where he will attend to professional work,
and loan money on Real Estate.
nov25—wky

—FOR—

B-O-S-T-O-N

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

THE PALACE STEAMERS

OF THE

INTERNATIONAL S.S. CO.

Leave St. John's for Boston, via Eastport and Portland,
every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at
7.35 a. m.

Fare from Charlottetown to Boston, \$6.50, 2nd
class; \$5.50, 1st class.
For tickets and other information apply to
G. A. MORRISON, F. W. HALE, S.
P. E. I. R'y., P. E. I. Steam Nav. Co.
or to your nearest Ticket Agent.

May 7, 1888—cod wky

JAMES A. MORRISON. GEORGE MUSGRAVE

MORRISON & MUSGRAVE,

BROKERS

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

HALIFAX

Consignments of Island produce will receive
prompt attention.

REFERENCERS: Thomas Fyfe, Esq., Cashier
Bank of Nova Scotia, Halifax; George
Macleod, Manager Bank of Nova Scotia
Charlottetown.

WARREN & JONES,

TEA MERCHANTS,

71 EAST CHEAP AND 9 & 14 MININGS LANE,
LONDON, ENGLAND.

Represented in Canada by MORRISON &
MUSGRAVE, Halifax.

Oct. 24, 1897—

NOBODY HURT

But the Manufacturers.

\$7,000 WORTH OF READY-MADE CLOTHING,

FOR MEN AND BOYS,

Bought at a Great Sacrifice, and will be cleared out at Slaughter Prices.

—ALSO—
A LOT OF BANKRUPT CLOTHING.

SAMPLE PRICES:
550 Suits selling for - - - \$3.75
680 Suits " " " " " 4.25
750 Suits " " " " " 5.50

Come straight along for the Best Bargains to

J. B. MACDONALD'S.

Ch'town, June 14, 1888—dy & wky

BOOT AND SHOE FACTORY.

Great Boom in Boots & Shoes.

THE EXCITEMENT RISING!

Our Boots Take the Lead! Fit any Foot, Suit any Purse!

NOTHING LIKE HOME MANUFACTURE!

To the Wholesale Trade:

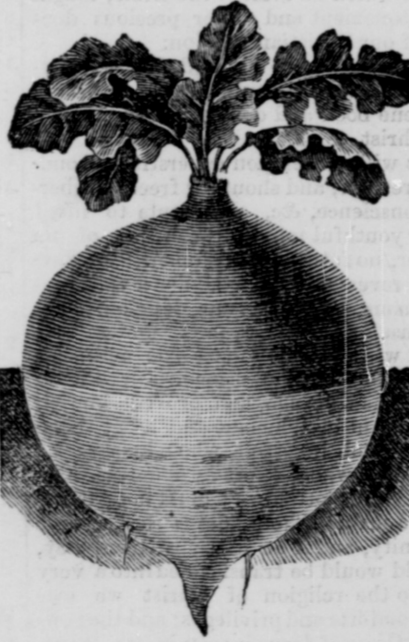
JOB LOTS, comprising 50 Pairs Assorted Boots, sold from
20 to 40 per cent. below cost. About 1,000 Pairs of this kind
on hand.

GOFF BROS.,

Successors to Dorsey, Goff & Co.

June 21, 1888—cod & wky

The Two Leading Turnips of P. E. I.



Carter's Prize Winner.

Haszard's Improved

WON FIRST PRIZE at Provincial Exhibition,
Fall, 1887. Grown by leading farmers
throughout the Island. Our Seed for this season
is grown from seed stock supplied by the
English growers, and is TRUE, FRESH and
GENUINE.
Put up in sealed card board boxes, bearing our
name and address. Price 45c. per lb.
Order by mail. We pay postage.

Besides the above, we sell the following varieties, viz., Carter's Imperial, 30c. per lb.
Bronze Top, Hall's Westbury, Laing's Improved, King of Swedes, Skirving's Improved and
Champion, each 25c. per lb.; Yellow Aberdeen and Carter's Purple Top Mammoth (white
fleshed), for late sowing, 30c. per lb.
Order any kind by mail, or call at our Seed Store. We are Headquarters for Turnip
Seed and all other Seeds.
Try our TURNIP FERTILIZER, \$3.75 per bag, cash. Two customers who tested it
last year are taking two tons this year; others smaller quantities. It pays to use it on
Turnips.

GEORGE CARTER & CO.,

Ch'town, P. E. I., May 21, 1888—law & wky

THE

Clearance Sale

—AT THE—

LONDON HOUSE

Is Still Going On.

Many Fine Grades of Goods.

LARGE DISCOUNTS,

And every effort made to meet the require-
ments of CASH BUYERS.

F. W. MOORE.

Assignee of HARRIS & STEWART.

Ch'town, March 2, 1888.

Livery and Exchange Stables,

(Opposite St. Dunstan's Cathedral.)

GREAT GEORGE STREET,

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.

P. P. GILLIS, - PROPRIETOR.

Horses, Coaches, Buggies, Barouches and open
Wagons on hire daily at all hours.
Telephone—3m

MR. S. N. EARLE,

Teacher of Piano and Organ,

WEST STREET,

Charlottetown, - P. E. Island.

SUMMER CLASSES will commence May 1st,
when Mr. Earle will be glad to receive a few
pupils in place of some who do not remain in
town during the summer.
Having resigned his position in St. Paul's
Church, Mr. Earle is open to an engagement as
Organist or Trainer of a Choir.
Terms—Ten Dollars per quarter, hour lessons
Five Dollars per quarter, half hour lessons.
Special attention given to young ladies from
the country. 2aw (mon & thur)—d16

—1888—

BOSTON DIRECT,

—BY THE—

Boston, Halifax and Prince Edward
Island Steamship Line.

THE ONLY DIRECT LINE
WITHOUT CHANGE.

Charlottetown to Boston.

THE staunch and commodious Steamships
CARROLL and WORCESTER, having been
thoroughly refitted and put into first-class
condition in every particular, will, during the
Season of 1888, run as follows, commencing with
Rates!

FARES—First-class Passage Berth in well-
furnished Cabin, \$6.50; Steerage Berth, \$3.50.
Lowest rates for Freight, which is always care-
fully handled.

CARROLL, on Saturday, 5th May.

One of these vessels will leave Boston for
Charlottetown every SATURDAY, at noon; and
Charlottetown for Boston every THURSDAY,
at 6 o'clock, p. m.
Excellent Passenger Accommodation! Low
Rates!

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Lowest rates for Freight, which is always care-
fully handled.

CARROLL, on Saturday, 5th May.

(For The Examiner.)

The Old Homestead.

REV. H. K. BURR, M. A., PH. D.

How much I love this cherished spot,
The home to me so dear;
It matters not where'er my lot,
I will this place revere.
The groves and hills look green and gray,
The flow'rs still blooming wild;
And everything looks bright to-day,
The same as when a child.

O, happy home! O, blissful place!
How soon the years have flown;
Half wondering in Fate's embrace,
I catch the endearing tone,
I try to press the friendly hand
Of those I loved so well,
And join once more the jolly band—
These strange quaint freaks to tell.

I step into the well-known room,
And find no parent there;
Their absence casts a shade of gloom,
But then they're free from care.
I pause to hear the merry feet
Come leaping through the hall;
And think my mother's smile to meet,
And listen to her call.

But silence, deathlike silence reigns,
And sorrow chills my heart;
The blood grows sluggish in my veins,
And tears of anguish start.
There gleams the moss-grown fountain bright
And flowers just as gay,
As when on boyhood's mountain height,
I passed my youth away.

The aged friends that gathered there
No more on Time's rough shore;
And loving forms in youth so fair
Will gather there no more.
I sadly quit the dear old place
With slow and measured tread,
As when we kiss a marble face,
Then leave it with the dead.

Farewell now to the dear old dome,
The archway, and the door;
I'll ne'er forget, where'er I roam,
The loving friends of yore.
Farewell! farewell to the dear old home!
The gateway and the well;
My thoughts ascend to Heaven's high dome,
Where I some day shall dwell.

The Place of Alcohol and Some Recent Utterances as to It

It is seldom, nowadays, that we have any
new investigation as to alcohol. No sub-
ject has more elicited the attention of those
who must rank as able investigators. In the
domain of medicine especially the methods
of physiological and pathological research
as applied to therapeutics in general has
been fully applied to this article. Beside
one medicine has been subjected to more
careful observations of clinical experience.
While the result has not been to settle the
question as to the breadth of its application
it certainly has been to retain it as an
article of *materia medica* but greatly to re-
strict it in the extent of its application.
The testimonies of Sir James Clarke as well
as of hundreds of others might be adduced
in this direction.

There has recently been a congress of
German physicians held at Wiesbaden, re-
inforced by investigators and special prac-
titioners from all parts of the empire. A
recent notice thereof, in the *London Lancet*,
says that the feature of the congress was
the paper by Dr. Binz, of Bonn, and the
debate that ensued on alcohol as a remedial
agent.

It will be remembered that Binz is the
most recent authority and most frequently
quoted as contending for the value of alco-
hol as a food. It is refreshing to hear from
his own lips a precise expression of his
views on this subject. It is not to be
concealed, that he clings with great tenacity
to his view of the medicinal value of alcohol,
in which, no doubt, most physicians in vary-
ing degrees are in accord with him. But
physicians are not the class by whom he is
chiefly quoted, but rather by those who be-
lieve in wine for dinner, in an occasional
draught when you feel like it, and in beer
very frequently.

We therefore give the following extract
and call attention to his use of the
word "sick-bed" as denoting the kind
of invalids that may need it:
"Dr. Binz set himself to prove (1) that alco-
hol has a value, not represented by any other
agent, in heart failure and lung disease; (2)
that it is a *Sparmittel* (economic factor) in the
organism, because it is consumed therein; and
(3) that it operates as a controller of pyrexia
and fever. On the sick bed its virtues are
invaluable; but in the healthy subject it is
difficult to define where its abuse is not felt. For
the man in good health needs no stimulation,
no artificial energizer of energy, or replacer
of the natural food of temperance.
All that can be proved in favor of alcohol in
such a case is its power of renewing cerebral
energy when lowered by mental work. Even
here moderation in well watered alcohol is
imperative. Dr. Binz further contended that
alcohol consumption between meals, especially
in the form of beer, is a great, and, in Ger-
many, a national evil, practiced as it is in the
stuffy atmosphere of cellars, and that, too, for
hours. Not only do the secondary products of
beer exhaust the system and induce an adipose
habit, but the habitual beer drinker is, with
this difference, that he has not the excuse
of the latter in that moral wretchedness for
which spirits are an immediate, though in the
long run a fatal, remedy."

It will thus be seen that Binz is the
man to be quoted in favor of any ordinary
use of fermented or malt liquors, or even in
favor of loose prescription in daily use. He
defines closely the class of cases in which it
may be needed as a medicine. He agrees
with the view that it reduces temperature,
a fact supported by the recent close investi-
gations of Zuntz. This removes entirely the
old defense for alcohol that it keeps out
cold and makes up for defective animal
caloric. We have another recent utterance
of much importance because it states the
growing sentiment of medical practitioners
who have been close clinical observers of
this substance. In 1871 many of the most
distinguished medical men of London ex-
pressed their views as to the needlessness
of alcohol as a beverage and as to its over-

use in medical prescriptions. Dr. J. J.
Ridge, of Enfield, near London, has recent-
ly collected similar testimonials.

A recent eminent authority speaks thus:
"The medical man that does not see that
alcohol is a very two-edged tool must be ig-
norant of the literature of his profession and
destitute of the lowest powers of observation.
He must also be uninformed of the best
practice of the leading physicians of his time,
which we may without immodesty suppose to
be a better time than any anterior period.
When men like Dr. Hughes Bennett have
treated 150 cases of pneumonia with scarcely
any mortality and a very small amount of
alcohol; when men like Dr. Gardiner tell us
that fever, especially in the young, does better
without alcohol; when men like Dr. Wilks
tell us that in bronchitis he has repeatedly
seen improvement where a stimulant has been
left off, and that he is convinced that the mis-
chief done by stimulants in heart disease is
immense. (*The Lancet*, Vol. I. 1867; p. 406)
—those are without excuse who think its in-
discriminate prescription in undefined and
large quantities a light matter. One other
great improvement in our estimate of the uses
of alcohol is to view it in regard to the state
of the glands and blood-vessels of the patient.
If these are blocked, and if the powers of
elimination is impaired, it can be easily under-
stood that in more advanced age, when alcohol
is thought to be more admissible or even
necessary, it must be given with much judg-
ment as to form and dose if harm is not to be
done."

While we fully maintain the inestimable
value of fermented liquors in certain cases
of disturbed circulation, of impairment of
lung tissue and in fevers, and perhaps in a
few other cases, we must strictly hold to
the distinction between medicine and bever-
age, and not allow the physiological
chemist or physician to be quoted as au-
thority in a direction against which he fully
protests.

The Moderator of the "Kirk" Gen- eral Assembly on Church At- tendance.

Dr. Gray, the Moderator of the General
Assembly of the Scottish Established Church, in
his closing address gave utterance to some
plain and much-needed remarks, as applicable
to this side of the Atlantic as to the other.
On the matter of church attendance, for in-
stance, and of the increasing numbers who
never enter a place of worship, he said that—
"While much of this state of matters was
due to poverty in its various forms, still, dis-
guise as we may, the plain truth is that a
great deal of the lapsing is due to church-
goers themselves. We have so acted that
many do not believe in church-going. They
do not see any good in it. Christianity is
preached in the church, but it is not practiced
in the world. It is heard in singing and pray-
ing on Sabbath, but it is not seen in daily life.
Church-goers do not seem to become better
men and women by their church-going. Some
who are most regular and prominent as Sab-
bath worshippers seem to look on the primary
virtues of Christianity, not as truth and
justice, chastity and Temperance, honesty and
love, hatred of evil and love of goodness; but
rather as church-going and church-giving; and
all that their devotions seem to do for them
is to make them self-righteous and self-com-
placent, more narrow-minded and uncharitable
than those around them. What is needed
therefore is that Christianity, on the part of
church-goers should be made audible and vis-
ible during the week as well as on the Sab-
bath day. Dr. Gray went on to trace the
origin of the growing indifference to the services
of the Church, and gave as reasons the rest-
less spirit of innovation which is a character-
istic of the age, the freedom of thought and
expression which prevails, and the havoc which
literary and historical criticisms have wrought
in regard to the contents of books, including
the Bible."

Love and Business Mixed.

A judgment was rendered in the Supreme
Court, Montreal, a few days ago, which
cannot possibly fail to be of interest to
any men and women of Canada. It ap-
pears that a gallant young French-Canadian
named Jean Baptiste Desmarais, of Berthi-
er, Marie Louise Maillet, of the same parish,
and, in fact, the love-making went along so
well that in due time the young couple be-
came engaged, and the two were to be
made one in a very short time, so went the
allegation. In the meantime Desmarais,
who, it appears, was of a practical turn of
mind, invested quite heavily in presents,
which were in due time transferred to his
fair fiancée