

# THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 6.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, SATURDAY, MARCH 6, 1880.

NO. 90

## THE DAILY EXAMINER

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Charlottetown, P. E. I.

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Three Months,	1 25
One Month,	0 50
One Week,	0 12

Advertising at most moderate rates.  
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W. L. COTTON, | J. W. MITCHELL,  
Manager. | Office Sup't

## Prince Edward Island RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 13.  
Winter Arrangement.

TO COME INTO FORCE  
TUESDAY, December 2nd, 1879.

### TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	Nos. 1 & 3, Mixed.	No. 5, Mixed.
Georgetown	Dp 5.20 a.m.	
Cardigan	" 5.46 "	
Mt. Stew't Junc.	Ar 10.10 "	
Royalty Junction	Dp 10.15 "	
Charlottetown	Ar 11.27 "	
Royalty Junction	Ar 11.50 a.m.	Dp 1.00 p.m.
North Wiltshire	" 8.22 "	" 3.23 "
Hunter River	" 9.14 "	" 4.15 "
Breadalbane	" 9.30 "	" 4.30 "
County Line	" 10.07 "	" 5.08 "
Kensington	" 10.17 "	" 5.18 "
Summerside	" 10.55 "	" 5.55 "
Wellington	Ar 11.30 a.m.	Ar 6.30 p.m.
Pert Hill	Dp 1.30 p.m.	
O'Leary	" 2.19 "	
Alberton	" 3.00 "	
Tignish	" 4.17 "	
	" 5.17 "	
	" 6.10 "	

### TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	Nos. 2 and 4, Mixed.	No. 6, Mixed.
Tignish	Dp 6.30 a.m.	
Alberton	" 7.25 "	
O'Leary	" 8.25 "	
Pert Hill	" 9.40 "	
Wellington	" 10.22 "	
Summerside	Ar 11.10 a.m.	Dp 7.30 a.m.
Kensington	Dp 2.30 p.m.	" 8.05 "
County Line	" 3.05 "	" 8.44 "
Breadalbane	" 3.43 "	" 8.54 "
Hunter River	" 4.30 "	" 9.30 "
North Wiltshire	" 4.46 "	" 9.43 "
Royalty Junction	" 5.37 "	" 10.38 "
Charlottetown	Ar 6.00 p.m.	Ar 11.00 a.m.
Royalty Junction	Dp 2.30 p.m.	
Mt. Stew't Junc.	Ar 4.10 "	
Cardigan	Dp 4.15 "	
Georgetown	Ar 5.35 "	
	Ar 6.00 p.m.	

### SOURIS BRANCH.

#### Trains Going West.

STATIONS.	No. 7, Mixed.
Souris	Depart 7.15 a.m.
Harmony	" 7.37 "
St. Peter's	" 8.55 "
Morell	" 9.28 "
Mt. Stewart Junction.	Arrive 10.10 a.m.

#### Trains Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 8, Mixed.
Mt. Stewart Junction.	Depart 4.15 p.m.
Morell	" 4.58 "
St. Peter's	" 5.30 "
Harmony	" 6.48 "
Souris	Arrive 7.10 "

ALEX. MACNAB,  
Sup't and Engineer.  
Railway Office, Chtown, Nov. 28, 1879.  
—pat pres h a n esp aj kea pio 6i

## VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale all that Valuable Property situated on corner of Grafton and West streets, and comprising Town Lots Nos. 15 and 16 in the third hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown. Also, that Property on Kent Street, consisting of Town Lots Nos. 67 and one-half of 66, also in the third hundred. This property is a most desirable one for private residences, and will be sold low. If not disposed of by private sale, it will be offered at Auction about June 1st, next. Offers for part of the property will be received. For further particulars apply to Messrs. DAVIES & SUTHERLAND, or to the subscriber.

F. MITCHELL,  
Ch'town, Feb. 19, 1880—Saw

## Daily Examiner!

1880.

Advertises Cheap FOR CASH!

## JOB PRINTING

PROMPTLY, NEATLY, AND CHEAPLY DONE.

Persons who have not yet settled last year's accounts, will please do so before commencing the business of the coming season.

Small Profits—Quick Returns, IS OUR MOTTO.

Warned by the past, we intend to deal closer to the cash system than ever heretofore.

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Local News,  
Foreign News,  
Political News,  
Social News,  
Commercial News,  
Shipping News,

laid before Subscribers, Purchasers, and Borrowers,

EVERY EVENING, PRICE 2 CENTS.

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ONE DOLLAR A YEAR, IN ADVANCE.

Sent to any address in Great Britain or North America.

Persons having relatives or friends abroad cannot do better than send them THE WEEKLY EXAMINER.

A few Advertisements only, received  
J. W. MITCHELL, | W. L. COTTON,  
Office Sup't. | Manager

## Charlottetown Church Directory.

St. PAUL'S (CHURCH OF ENGLAND)—Queen Square—Morning and Evening Service every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday School at 2 1/2 p. m. Rev. David Fitzgerald, Rector; Rev. Alfred Osborne Curate.

St. PETER'S (CHURCH OF ENGLAND)—Rochford Square.—Sunday Services—8 a. m., 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Daily Services—Matsins—9 a. m. Evensong—5 p. m., except Friday evenings, at 7.30 p. m. Rev. George W. Hodgson, Priest Incumbent, Rev. R. D. Bambrick Assistant Curate.

St. DUNSTON'S CATHEDRAL.—Low Mass every Sunday at 8 a. m. High Mass at 10 a. m.; Vespers at 3 p. m. Mass at 7.30 a. m. throughout the week. Rev. A. McGillivray, Rev. Dr. Chaisson, Pastors.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH—Prince Street—Service and Sermon every Sunday at 10.30 a. m. and 6.30 p. m. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Week Day Services—Tuesday and Thursdays at 7.30 p. m. Rev. H. P. Cowperthwaite, A. M., Pastor.

SECOND METHODIST CHURCH—Prince Street.—Service and Sermon every Sunday at 10.30 a. m. and 6.30 p. m. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Week day service on Wednesday evening. Rev. Geo. M. Campbell, Pastor

St. JAMES' CHURCH (PRESBYTERIAN)—Pownall Street.—Service and Sermon every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 6 1/2 p. m. Sabbath School and young men's Bible class, conducted by Mr. Harper, at 2.30 p. m. Weekly Service in the Lecture Hall on Wednesday evenings, at 7.45 p. m. Rev. Kenneth McLennan, Pastor.

ZION CHURCH (PRESBYTERIAN)—Richmond Street.—Service and Sermon every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 6 1/2 p. m. Sunday School at 2 1/2 p. m. Rev. John McL. McLeod, Pastor.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Prince Street.—Rev. Dr. Murray, Pastor—Hours of Service, 11 o'clock, a. m., 6.30 p. m. Sunday School at 2.30 p. m.

BAPTIST CHURCH—cor. Prince and Fitzroy sts.—Services and Sermon every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 6.30 o'clock p. m.; Sunday School at 2.30 p. m. Week day services—Monday at 7.30 p. m.; and Friday at 8 p. m. Rev. H. Foshay, Minister.

BIBLE CHRISTIANS—Prince Street.—Service and Sermon every Sunday morning at 10.30 a. m. and 6.30 p. m. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Rev. John Harris, Minister.

PRAYER MEETING in Y. M. C. A. every Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

DISCIPLES OF CHRIST meet in New Church House, every Sunday at 10.30 a. m. and 6.30 p. m. Elders presiding.

## Fire. Marine. Life.

HORACE HASZARD,

General Insurance Agent,

REPRESENTING

Commercial Union Fire Assurance Company, of London, England; Capital £2,500,000 stg.

British-America Fire Assurance Company, of Toronto, Ont.; Capital (paid up in full), \$500,000.00.

Sea Mutual Life and Accident Insurance Company, of Montreal.

MARINE INSURANCE ALSO EFFECTED.

Office, South Side Queen Square, Ch'town, Feb. 17, 1880—lm eod

## QUEEN INSURANCE CO'Y. OF ENGLAND.

CAPITAL, . . TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise and Produce. Also, on Vessels on the stocks. Special rates for isolated residences. Losses settled promptly.

GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank), Agent for Prince Edward Island June, 1877—

## No. 35 Water St., Charlottetown.

## Prince Edward Island Branch

## NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE FIRE AND LIFE. INSURANCE CO.

Subscribed Capital, \$9,733,332.00  
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CHIEF OFFICES—Edinburgh, 64 Princess Street; London, 61 Threadneedle Street.

Nine-Tenths of the Profits of the Life Assurance Business are divided every Five Years. The Tables of Rates are moderate.

Fire Insurances effected on nearly every description of Property, at the LOWEST RATES of Premium, corresponding to the nature of the risk. Losses settled with promptitude and liberality.

G. W. DEBLOIS, General Agent.

Dec. 14.

## For Sale!

FIRST-CLASS "King Bird Colt," three years old. Apply at EXAMINER office, # 18, 9w 2aw

## SECOND EDITION

## THE DAILY EXAMINER.

MARCH 6, 1880.

### NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL.

#### THE COMMONS.

##### [A SATISFACTORY RETURN.

The Minister of Finance has tabled a return which shows that the actual expenditure of the Government in 1878-9, as compared with the Estimate, was—  
The Estimates amount to... \$41,553,595  
The Expenditures amount to... 38,291,862

The amount within the Estimates... \$3,261,733

This is "proof positive" bearing testimony to the economy of the present Government, in its first year's management of public affairs.

##### DRAWBACKS.

The total amount of draw-back allowed in 1879 on goods manufactured in Canada and exported was \$7,029. With the exception of \$462 on material used for ship-building and \$275 on oats made into oatmeal, this was on tin used for canning fish in the Maritime Provinces and British Columbia.

##### NEW STEAMSHIP LINE.

Notice has been given by Mr. King, M. P., for St. John, of an address to the Governor General for correspondence with the Government relative to subsidizing a line of steamers to ply between St. John and Liverpool, for the purpose of promoting trade in cattle and farm produce between the Province of New Brunswick and Great Britain.

##### Vera Sassulitch.

Few things which of late have occurred in Russia, where stirring events succeed one another with startling rapidity, created so great a sensation as the Vera Sassulitch episode. The woman was born in 1850, and at seventeen years of age felt the justice—or suspicion—with which the "Empire of Discontent" is swayed. She was the school friend of the sister of Netchaieff, the conspirator whom Switzerland refused to extradite. Miss Netchaieff was thrown into prison for the offence of being her brother's sister, and Vera Sassulitch was likewise imprisoned for being the friend of the conspirator's sister. For nine years she was a prisoner, and as such was subjected to brutal indignities. In 1876 she was liberated. A little over a year later all liberal-minded people in Russia were shocked by the brutality of General Trepog, who had ordered the severe punishment of a political prisoner. Bogolinhoff, who was guilty of the grievous offense of not having uncovered in Trepog's august presence. Vera Sassulitch, it is said, had never heard of Bogolinhoff, but she felt that by attracting attention to Trepog she might end his tyrannies. Accordingly she sought an interview and shot him in the side. The wound was not fatal, but the woman was tried for her life. The jury embraced six members of the civil service, two merchants, a school inspector, a nobleman, a student, and an artist. The audience of six hundred persons was a splendid one, admitted by ticket, and was composed of people in high station. Though the offense was admitted, the sympathy of the audience and the general public was so great that she was acquitted. The audience greeted the verdict with cheers, and there was an attempt at a Nihilist demonstration, but the police interfered, and promptly killed several persons. Vera's brother-in-law fired on the police, and then blew out his own brains. The woman escaped, and several months later was at a banquet in Geneva, where, sitting at Henri Rochford's right hand, she made so violent a speech that the Swiss authorities politely asked her to move on. From then until now her movements have not been a matter of public record.—N. Y. World.

The London "Spectator" says: "Tutors and governesses have all caught up a system from the professional writing masters, and the professional writing masters are all dominated by two ideas, which are radically false. They all think that 'copper plate writing,' the special hand of writing masters and bank clerks, is good writing, which it is not, being devoid of character, far too regular in form, and from the multiplicity of fine upstrokes not easy to read; and they all believe that certain mechanical motions, if carefully taught, will produce clear writing. They will not, and they do not."

THE congregation of Earltown have agreed to call the Rev. Wm. Grant, of West River, P. E. I., to be their minister.—Eastern Chronicle.

ELDER D. CRAWFORD is expected to preach in the Christian Meeting House, Upper Great George Street, on Sunday evening, 27th inst., at 6 1/2 o'clock. All are invited.

## Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the statements or opinions of our correspondents

### A Warning—Rascals Abroad.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

SIR,—On the night of the 3rd March last two masked men entered my house at Crapaud, in the middle of the night, through the window, forced the keys from me, and stole from my drawer a draft that I had received from my husband in Colorado for \$50, payable to me or order, and about twenty dollars in cash.

I hereby give notice of the matter, in order that the Banks and the public may be cautioned about said draft, that the guilty parties may be brought to justice.

Other papers please copy, and will confer a favor on a lone woman.

ADA R. REID.

Crapaud, March 4, 1880.

### Washington Letter.

THE PANAMA CANAL—POLITICAL.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 1, 1880.

If they do not look sharp, some of our shrewd American capitalists may be taken in by the wiles of the men who spring from "efete Monarchies." Thus a good many of them seem to take stock in the assumption that the Frenchman who proposes to ditch the Isthmus of a Panama is an engineer, and therefore competent to do a great work like that. The fact is DeLesseps is not an engineer at all. He was formerly in the employ of the French government as Consul or something of that sort, and it was by one of those fortuitous circumstances that nobody can account for that he got hold of the job to construct the Isthmus Canal. It is probable that this accounts for his zeal for this Panama scheme, which Captain Eades and the best engineers pronounced impracticable. De Lesseps may turn out to be something of a humbug. At any rate we have much better talent in America for the carrying out of American improvements.

Mr. Charles Nordoff, one of the leading newspaper authorities here, writes to the New York Herald that the anti-Third-Term Republicans, including George William Curtis, will no longer oppose the nomination at Chicago of Senator Blaine. Their attitude will be similar to that of the Tammany men toward Robinson. They will support anybody but Grant; in fact, he thinks Senator Blaine would unite all factions of the Republican, bring back all the Liberal Republicans and gain over some Democrats. In one respect his prophesy is coming true almost before his ink is dry. The leading newspapers that opposed Blaine in 1876, are warmly favoring his nomination now, and it was through the anti Third-Term influence that the Illinois convention was postponed until May 19th, which is a great disappointment to Logan, as one of the boomers. By the way, I hear that there is a good deal of bad blood developing between the Washburn and Grant men in Illinois, and that they will knife each other. The impression is gaining ground that the Washburns are for Grant, merely as a stepping stone to something for Washburn.

The new three and a half per cent refunding Bill, which is the special order for Tuesday, finds new favor from the significant fact, it is discovered that Wm. H. Vanderbilt, the railroad king, is down on the Treasury books for \$30,000,000 four per cent. bonds, on which he has made a profit of \$1,500,000 by the rise, besides the interest. It is now anticipated that the four per cents will soon be worth 1.10. If this is the case the friends of the 3 1/2 per cent. says there is no danger in trying a bond of a lower rate than 4 per cent.

### Why Germany is Arming.

In the debate which followed the introduction of the Army Bill in the Reichstag, Von Moltke said, "All our neighbors are more or less safe from attacks in the rear and only need to present a front on one side. They have stationed a considerable portion of their land forces close to our borders, while our regiments are distributed equally over the whole country. Since the conclusion of the Turkish war, Russia has considerably extended her military establishments, and France has doubled her army. Meanwhile we have kept our troops within the proportion of one per cent. of our population. France has an army of 497,000 men, while Germany has only 401,000 soldiers. The peace strength of Russia is twice as great as ours. The full term of service in France is 20 years and in Russia 14 years, while in Germany it is only 12 years. The degree in which our army is behind others can only be made up for by activity. I can only sincerely deplore the necessity compelling us to impose a fresh sacrifice on the German nation. We must preserve and uphold peace abroad, even as far as our strength allows; and we shall perhaps not stand alone in that position. In this there is no threat, but a guarantee of peace. Without forces this end cannot be obtained.

Miss Ann H. Brewster writes from Rome that an English visitor to her house asked: "Have you any ugly women in the United States? For surely only beautiful ones come to Europe from your country." This story has been told here before.