

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

OUR GOVERNOR GENERAL ON THE BEAUTIES, CLIMATE AND RESOURCES OF THE WESTERN PROVINCE—A GREAT FUTURE PREDICTED.

The Marquis of Lorne and the Princess Louise seem to have enjoyed themselves immensely in the Pacific Province.

It is pleasing to learn that Her Royal Highness has quite recovered her health, though whether the genial climate or the company of her husband had most to do with her recovery, is not stated.

At Victoria, on the 27th ult., His Excellency was honoured with a banquet, and in response to the toast of "The Governor General," delivered an eloquent and very pleasing speech, in the course of which he said:—

"I have everywhere seen signs that a stable and, therefore, more satisfactory emigration has set in. Victoria has made, of late,

A DECIDED START.

I visited with much pleasure many of the factories which witness to this, and I hope before I leave to have made a still more exhaustive examination of the establishments which are rapidly rising among you. That the wares produced by these are appreciated beyond the limits of the city is very evident throughout the Province, where cleanliness is ensured by Victoria soap, and comfort, or at least contentment and consolation by Kutz's Victoria cigar. (Loud laughter and applause.) No words can be too strong to express the charm of this delightful land, where a climate softer and more constant than the south of England ensures at all times of the year a full enjoyment of the wonderful loveliness of nature around you. There is no doubt that any Canadian who visits this island and the mainland shores, and sees the happiness of the people, the forest laden coast, the tranquil gulf and glorious mountain, can but congratulate himself that his country possesses scenes of such perfect beauty.

Where men seem to live with such comfort, regret will inevitably arise that you have as yet so few to share your good fortune. Though your revenue is at least a million dollars there are only twenty thousand white men over the three hundred and fifty thousand square miles of the province. Various causes, the most formidable of these being the physical, have hitherto contributed to this. The physical difficulties, tremendous as they are, are being rapidly conquered. There is no cause why any of a different character should not be surmounted with an equal success. What is wanted to effect this object is only cordial co-operation with the central Government. (Cheers) There was perhaps a time when the Governor-General would not have been regarded, in his official capacity at all events, with as much favour as I flatter myself may now be the case. (Applause) No wonder that the feeling is changed, now that the circumstances are better understood, for I challenge anyone to mention any case in which a Government ruling over a comparatively small population of four and a half millions has ever done so much as has the Canadian Government to insure for its furthest provinces.

THE RAILWAY COMMUNICATION

which is an essential for the development of the resources of the land. (Cheering.) Mr. Francis will go back with me, I am certain, when I say that the United States, with a population of fifteen or twenty millions, in 1859, did not push the railway through to the Pacific coast in the vigorous manner in which the Canadian Government is now doing. (Loud cheers.) I have full confidence that you will see that policy of enterprise and of justice nobly carried out. Early promises, if made too hastily, showed that, if there was profound ignorance of the physical geography of your country, there was at all events profound good-will. Later events have proved that, in spite of all obstacles, "Where there is a will there is a way." Pride in national feeling has made the country strain every nerve to bind still further with the sentiment of confidence the unity of the Confederation. (Applause.) Where is now the old talk which we used to hear from a few of the faint-hearted of a change in destiny or of annexation. (Cheers.) It does not exist.

If you are handicapped in the matter of land in comparison with the provinces of the plains you are certainly not so with regard to climate. (Cheering.) Agreeable as I think the steady and dry cold of an Eastern winter, yet there are very many who would undoubtedly prefer the temperature enjoyed by those who live west of the mountains. Even where it is coldest, spring comes in February, and the country is so divided into districts of greater dryness or greater moisture that a man can always choose whether to have a rainfall small or great.

Besides the climate, which is so greatly in your favour, you have another great advantage in the

TRACTABILITY AND GOOD CONDUCT of the Indian population. (Applause.) I believe I have seen the Indians of almost every tribe throughout the Dominion, and nowhere can you find any who are so trustworthy in regard to conduct—(hear, hear)—so willing to assist the white settlers by their labor, so independent and anxious to learn the secret of the white man's power. (Applause.) Where elsewhere are met constant demands for assistance, your Indians have never asked for any; for in the interviews given to the chiefs their whole desire seemed to be for schools and school-masters, and in reply to questions as to whether they would assist themselves in securing institutions, they invariably replied that they would be glad to pay for them. (Loud applause.) It is certainly much to be desired that some of the funds appropriated for Indian purposes be given to provide them fully with schools in which

INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION

may form an important item. (Hear, hear.) But we must not do injustice to the wilder tribes. Their case is totally different from that of your Indians. The buffalo was everything to the nomad. It gave him house, fuel, clothes and thread. The disappearance of this animal left him starving. Here, on the contrary, the advent of the white man has never diminished the food

supply of the native. He has game in abundance, for the deer are as numerous now as they ever have been. He has more than he knows what to do with, and the lessons in farming that you have taught him have given him a source of food supply of which he was previously ignorant. Throughout the interior it will probably pay well in the future to have flocks of sheep. The demand for wool and woollen goods will always be very large among the people now crowding in such numbers to those regions which our official world, as yet, calls the North-West, but which is the North-East and East to you. There is no reason why British Columbia should not be for this portion of our territory what California is to the States in the supply afforded of fruits. (Hear, hear.) The perfection attained by small fruits is unrivaled, and it is only with the Peninsula of Ontario that you would have to compete for the supplies of grapes, peaches, pears, apples, cherries, plums, apricots and currants. Every stick in

THESE WONDERFUL FORESTS

which so amply and generously clothe the Sierras from the Cascade range to the distant Rocky Mountains will be of value as communication opens up. The great arch of timber lands beginning on the west of Lake Manitoba circles round to Edmonton, comes down along the mountains so as to include the whole of your province. Poplar alone for many years must be the staple wood of the lands to the south of the Saskatchewan, and your great opportunity lies in this that you can give the settlers of the whole of that region as much of the finest timber in the world as they can desire, while your cordwood cargoes will compete with the coal of Alberta. (Loud cheers.) Coming down on our survey to the coast, we come upon ground familiar to you all, and you all know how large a trade already exists with China and Australia in wood, and how capable of almost indefinite expansion is this commerce. Your forests are hardly tapped, and there are plenty more logs like one I saw cut the other day at Burrard Inlet of forty inches square and ninety and one hundred feet in length, down to sticks which could be used as props for mines or as cordwood for fuel. The business which has assumed such large proportions along the Pacific shore of the coasting of salmon, great as it is, is as yet almost in its infancy, for there is many a river swarming with fish from the time of the first run of salmon in spring to the last run of other varieties in the autumn, on which many a cannery is sure to be established. Last, but certainly not least in the list of your resources, comes your mineral and chiefly your coal treasure. (Applause.) The coal from the Nanaimo mines now leads the market at San Francisco. Nowhere else in these countries is such coal to be found, and it is now being worked with an energy which bids fair to make Nanaimo one of the chief mining stations on the continent.

IT IS OF INCALCULABLE IMPORTANCE not only to this province of the Dominion, but also to the interests of the Empire, that our fleets and mercantile marine, as well as the Continental markets should be supplied from this source. (Hear, hear, and cheers.) Where you have so good a list of resources it may be almost superfluous to add another, but I would strongly advise you to cultivate the attractions held out to the travelling public by the magnificence of your scenery. (Cheers.) Let this country become what Switzerland is for Europe in the matter of good roads to places which may be famed for their beauty, and let good and clean hotels attract the tourist to visit your grand valleys and marvellous mountain ranges. Choose some district, and there are many from which you can choose, where trout and salmon abound, where sport may be found among the deer and with the wild fowl. Select some portion of your territory where pines and firs shroud in their greatest richness the giant slopes and swarm upwards to glacier, snow-field and craggy peak, and where in the autumn the maples seem as though they wished to mimic in hanging gardens the glowing tints of the lava that must have streamed down the precipices of these old volcanoes. (Loud cheering.) Wherever you find these beauties in greatest perfection, and where

THE RIVER TORRENTS URGE THEIR CURRENTS most impetuously through the Alpine gorges, there I would counsel you to set apart a region which shall be kept as a national park.

Pressing the Scott Act at Montague

THE ARREST OF TWO NOTABLE LAW BREAKERS.

Another correspondent writes:—A short time ago Joseph and Ananias Campbell were fined for selling liquor unlawfully and the constable tried to collect the fine, but failed. Then warrants were issued for their arrest, and with difficulty Joseph Campbell was arrested, but was rescued by his brother Ananias.

On Tuesday the 7th inst., the public prosecutor (Mr. E. Lane) with the assistance of constables, visited the ill famed house at a very early hour and found their men in bed. They arrested them with great difficulty, and at the risk of their lives; firearms were used and the two men were then marched off to George-town jail. Too much praise cannot be given to the officers of the law. They ought to have the support of all good citizens, and it is hoped the law will be carried out in regard to the use of firearms, and the ruffians punished severely. It is done in the other Provinces, and let the law breakers feel it in this.

Weather Bulletin.

Probabilities for the next 24 hours for the Maritime Provinces.

TORONTO, Nov. 15—10 a. m.

Moderate to fresh westerly winds, fair weather, not much change in temperature.

The vital forces are speedily renewed by Mack's Magnetic Medicine, the great brain and nerve food, it is the best and cheapest medicine ever discovered. See advertisement in another column. Sold in Charlottetown by Apothecaries Hall Co. [no2 2w cod wky.]

At a sale of short horn cattle at Laus Station, Kentucky, on Thursday, sixty head brought \$26,000. Among the prices paid were \$14,000 for "Wild Eyes," Dutchess Fourth; \$7,100 for "Wild Eyes," Dutchess Fifth; \$1,100 for "Wild," and \$1,100 for "Barnes," Belle Fourth.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER.]

The Egyptian Convention

LONDON, Nov. 15.

Mr. Gladstone in the House of Commons yesterday in reply to a question said that the Egyptian Convention would be modelled after the Anglo-French Convention which was signed after the battle of Waterloo. Particulars of the coming Convention would not likely be ready to be presented to the House during this session.

The Soudan War.

CAIRO, Nov. 15.

Baker Pasha, organizer of the Egyptian Army, yesterday despatched one thousand men to the Soudan to help the Governor in his resistance of the False Prophet, El Medhi, on his march.

The Anarchists.

PARIS, Nov. 15.

A preliminary investigation held here of Anarchists, arrested during the recent disturbance at Lyons, disclosed a scheme which was partly in preparation for a grand rising of Anarchists throughout France.

The Missing Boat.

LONDON, Nov. 15.

No tidings has been received of the missing boat which, with an officer and six men was lowered from the steamer "Westphalia," after the collision off the Isle of Wight on the night of the 13th inst.

Prussian Politics.

BERLIN, Nov. 15.

The Prussian Landtag opened yesterday. The speech suggested the raising of a loan by the Empire to cover the budget deficit, and the reduction of taxation.

French Naval Expedition.

PARIS, Nov. 15.

A French naval expedition is being fitted out at Toulon, for service in Madagascar.

Cholera.

LONDON, Nov. 15.

A despatch from Mecca states that the cholera is abating at that place.

An Irish Election.

DUBLIN, Nov. 15.

Yesterday, Mr. Kenny, a strong supporter of Mr. Parnell, was elected by a large majority at Ennis.

GENERAL CABLE NEWS.

LONDON, Nov. 13.

In the Commons to-night Mr. Gladstone moved that the second procedure resolution be considered. Lord Randolph Churchill, in moving an amendment to the resolution, referred to the treaty alleged to have been entered into by the Government with the Irish members of Parliament imprisoned in Kilmannham jail, by means of which the latter were said to have effected their release. Mr. Gladstone said no such treaty had been made. He challenged the opposition to move an inquiry on the subject. Mr. York, Conservative, asked if Mr. Gladstone would give a day therefore for Mr. Gladstone to reply: "Yes, at once." Mr. York then stated that at the earliest opportunity he would make a motion for such inquiry. The debate then adjourned.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Nov. 13.

This p. m. a boiler in the Forest City Iron Works exploded, killing four men, seriously injuring four or five others and slightly wounding half a dozen more.

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 13.

The Crown Princess of Sweden has been delivered of a son.

ANTWERP, Nov. 13.

Henry M. Stanley's steamer "Harkaway" left yesterday for Congo River laden with such an assortment of goods as will enable him to establish a solid trade with the native Kings. The steamer also carries a number of sheep for acclimatization and a selection of European cereals. Stanley has gone to Nice to recruit his health, and he will return to Africa in 1883.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., Nov. 13.

Geo. W. Burgess died here last evening, aged 78. He was the first manufacturer of friction matches in America.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 13.

Intelligence received at police headquarters states that Edward Holroyd, a miser and hermit, who lives in a lonely spot in Spencer Township, a few miles from this city, has been robbed of five one thousand governmental bonds, the robbers torturing the miser till he revealed his hiding place.

LONDON, Nov. 13.

The Times' Dublin correspondent reports that after Delaney was secured, another man, supposed to be a confederate, got on a tram car and escaped. It is believed that Delaney is a Fenian.

A letter from Cairo, has been received here from Dr. Schweinfurth, in which he states that Gen. Stone Pasha will probably be chief of staff in the army being organized for service in Soudan against the false prophet.

The Post's Berlin correspondent says the new German minister to the United States has been instructed to obtain a revision of the existing treaty of naturalization, or the conclusion of a new law of a uniform character.

Geo. Rose, better known as Arthur Sketchlo, is dead.

PROVINCETOWN, Mass., Nov. 13.

The British brig Lyra arrived to-day, 23 days from Guayaquil, Porto Rico. The captain reports northeast winds the entire passage; she had been eleven days north of Hatteras with successive northeast gales. The brig sails immediately for Halifax.

LONDON, Nov. 13.

The British barque Landseer, Captain Vaughan, from St. John, Oct. 16th, for Liverpool has arrived. She had her bowsprit and outwater damaged by collision. The British brig Scotia, Capt Dunbar, from St. John, October 5th, for Liverpool has arrived. She experienced heavy weather during which she lost her deckload.

FRESH BISCUITS!

THE best place on P. E. Island to buy BISCUITS and CRACKERS, of every description, is at

"THE CITY STEAM BAKERY."

We are daily manufacturing Soda, Wine, Fruit, Lemon and Fancy.

Don't buy the imported trash, when you can get the Island made goods, in the making of which none but the purest ingredients are used.

J. QUIRK,

Ch'town, Nov. 15, 1882.—Im cod

Proprietor.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, PORTLAND, MAINE.

JOHN E. DEWITT, President.

Total Assets January 2nd, 1882. \$6,264,215.57
" Payments to Policy Holders, 19,000,000.00
" Dividends " 4,032,915.54

STANDING, COMPARED WITH LARGEST CANADIAN COMPANY:

Table with 4 columns: Union Mutual, Canada Life, Total Assets, Total Receipts past year, Deposited with Dominion Gov't.

Why you should insure in the Union Mutual:

- BECAUSE EVERY POLICY IS AN ENDOWMENT.
BECAUSE EVERY POLICY IS NON-FORFEITABLE.
BECAUSE EVERY POLICY IS INCONTINGENT.
BECAUSE ALL PROFITS ARE DIVIDED ANNUALLY.
BECAUSE DEATH LOSSES ARE PAID PROMPTLY.

Branch Office—Queen's Building, Halifax.

W. R. ANDERSON,

JAMES DESBRISAY,

Special Agent.

Agent, Charlottetown.

Nov. 8, '82.

C. B. WARREN

Has now on hand a Large and Well-Selected Stock of

HOME MADE AND IMPORTED

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Our MEN'S and BOYS' BOOTS are HAND-SIDED, SIDE-LINED, Good Stock and First-Class Work.

In WOMEN'S, MISSES' and CHILDREN'S, a Large Variety, Nice Fitting, Well Made, and Warranted equal to any in the Market.

A Choice Lot of Felt Boots and Slippers, Overshoes, Rubbers and Moccasins.

The Whole Lot to be Cleared Out as soon as Possible.

Cheap for Cash at Stamper's Corner.

Ch'town, Nov. 7, 1882—wly

C. B. WARREN.

BRITISH WAREHOUSE, QUEEN SQUARE.

W. & A. BROWN & CO., have now completed their FALL IMPORTATION.

Buyers will find it to their advantage to inspect their Stock, as they have a very large and new assortment of

British and Foreign Dry Goods,

OF EXTRA VALUE.

The very latest novelties shown in every Department.

A great variety of Mantles, Ulsters, Wool Shawls, Clouds, Scarfs and Fur Goods. Also Mantle and Ulster Cloths, Brown, Blue and Black Pilots and Beavers, Scotch Tweeds and Coatings and Seal Cloths.

A large lot Blankets, Quilts, Horse Rugs, etc.

300 Lambs' Wool Shirts, assorted sizes. 300 pairs Lambs' Wool Drawers.

A lot of Grain Bags, etc.

All of which will be disposed of at their usual low prices.

W. & A. BROWN & CO.

Ch'town, Oct. 31, 1882.

CHEAPEST, SAFEST, SIMPLEST

LIFE INSURANCE

IN THE WORLD.

The Dominion Safety Fund Life Association OF ST. JOHN, N. B.

\$50,000 Deposit with the Dominion Government. Working under Government License.

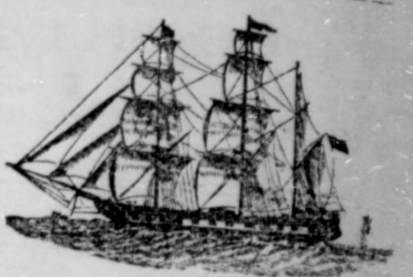
An Assessment Company with a Safety Fund. Life Insurance at its actual cost.

Good Canvassers Wanted.

LEONARD MORRIS,

General Agent for P. E. Island.

Stamper's, Oct. 25, 1882—ly



BARKENTINE

ETHEL BLANCHE,

ALEX. McLEOD, Commander, Now on the berth, and ready to receive cargo.

Will Sail for Liverpool, Direct, ON OR BEFORE

Thursday, the 23rd inst.

Shippers of Canned Goods will please forward without delay.

PEAKE BROS. & CO.

Ch'town, Nov. 15, 1882.—H

\$10 Labor Saved for 25c.

IN BUYING THE

ELECTRIC POLISH,

FOR

Cleaning Gold, Silver, Electro-Silver, or Nickel-Plate, Glass, etc.

Warranted not to contain acid or grit, and not to injure the finest plate.

FOR SALE AT

E. W. TAYLOR'S,

South Side Queen's Square.

Ch'town, Nov. 11, '82. 14

DR. WARBURTON,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

(EJINBURGH.)

Office in Old City Hotel, corner of Great George and Dorchester Streets, opposite the Catholic Chapel. Entrance on Great George Street, where a night bell will shortly be placed. Ch'town, Nov. 14, '82.—3m

NEW

ACADIA COAL DEPOT.

Peake's Wharf, No. 2.

Pictou Round,

Pictou Nut,

Sydney Round,

Sydney Nut.

A Large Supply of the Above

Coal Kept Constantly

on hand.

Parties from the country will find it advantageous to call before purchasing elsewhere.

C. LYONS.

Nov. 13, 1882.—dy wly tf

SUBSCRIBE for the WEEKLY EXAMINER, the Cheapest and Best Newspaper published on P. E. Island. Only \$1 per year.

WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.

TO LET—A Dwelling House pleasantly situated on Prince Street. Apply to Peake Bros. & Co. no15

WANTED—A Tenant for a House at the Head of Hillsborough Street. Rent cheapest in the market. Apply to W. L. Wellner. no14 1w

TO LET—A House on Long Street, with Five Rooms, Kitchen and Cellar. Immediate possession. Rent moderate. Apply to MR. THORNE, Spring Park Road. no10

TO LET—Dwelling House, Stable, etc., in good condition, to let May next, or for one or more years, in a pleasant part of the city. Apply to Jno. Wm. Morrison. no8

BOARDERS accommodated at the Railway House, Richmond Street, at moderate terms. no8 1w

WANTED—A man with experience in Dry Goods to take charge of an establishment in this City with a view to closing it out. Good terms will be given to any one wishing to purchase or continue the business. Apply by letter to box 135. no9 8

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—Two or three girls to work on pants and vests, also a machinist. Inquire of John Bell, tailor, etc., corner of Pownall and Grafton Streets. no10 1w

200 SHARES of Merchants Bank Stock for sale—E. H. NORRIS. no7

WANTED—Four Gentlemen Boarders. Apply to Mrs. Robert Rodd, opposite Pickard's Bakery. no16 wly 2l

FOR SALE—A Second-hand Pianoforte, in good order. Apply to A. McNeill, Auctioneer. no6

WANTED—A Smart Composer. Good wages and constant employment to the right man. Apply at THE EXAMINER OFFICE. no11

TO LET—A house at the Head Hillsborough Street. Rent very cheap. Apply to C. H. Schurman, Great George St. no24 1f

WANTED—A Girl for general housework. Must be well recommended. Will first employ myself by applying to Mrs. E. B. Bates, Upper Great George St. no8