assertion that he meant to make sure of victory: and now it has slipped from him. Manassas and Yorktown lose the poor excuse they had in the light of the results of last week; and that which was before laid to the account of wholesome prudence will now be charged, and we believe with justice, to blundering and obstinate incompetency.

"It is a significant sign of what is going on abroad that the French Princes who have, for many months, been attached to Gen. McClellan's staff, have left the army and return to Europe by the next steamer. They would fight for us, but if we should have war with France they cannot fight against French soldiers. They see the full significance of the results before Richmond and the effect the news will have in Europe, and they retire in time."

THE PROSPECTS OF INTERVENTION.

The New York 'Times' says:—

"Our check at Richmond will give fresh stimulus to the talk of intervention. As soon as the news of it reaches Europe, we shall hear that now England and France will certainly recognize the Southern Confederacy, and will insist that the war must end.

"We are not prepared to deny the possibility of their taking some such action. The opportunity is tempting. The provocation seems indeed somewhat strong. The tenor of our talk has led them to believe that we based all our hope of crushing the rebellion on the defeat of the rebel army at Richmond. Thus far we have failed to accomplish that result; and they will be very likely to say they are not bound to give us another trial. Perhaps they are not, though they have taken special pains to have it understood that if the rebels were defeated, they would not consider that decisive, although defeat would annihilate the last of their armies in the field.

"But we trust our Government will lose no time in responding to any intimation of this kind, from either or both the powers concerned, by a very prompt and peremptory protest. What shape it should take, will of course depend on the form of the menace. But any attempt on their part to impose force on our manner of dealing with the rebellion, can only be met by force. Neither our honour, nor our safety as a nation, will permit us to treat it in any other way. So long as their dissatisfaction with our proceedings finds vent only in diplomatic protests, we cannot complain. But whenever they assume to coerce us into any specific policy, on questions of paramount concern to ourselves, and of only secondary and incidental importance to them, we have no alternative but to resist.

"Whatever sacrifices and sufferings war may involve, the temper of this country will not brook the armed interference of any power on the face of the earth in our affairs."

The 'World' has the following:—

The shifting of a general here and there will not satisfy the people. Nor the displacement of a mere war minister. The mismanagement of our finances has cost the nation more than our war expenses; the incompetency and slowness of the head of the Naval Department lost us Norfolk, and has inconceivably delayed the energetic prosecution of the war. The alternate fatuity and frenzy of the war minister have cost us many thousand lives and months more hard fighting. What strength from the nation, what wisdom in council, does the President get from the two or three who should be his tower of strength? "Tried and found wanting" is the damning verdict which the nation pronounces against most of the men to whom the President has entrusted for them the administration of the war—through whose arms they expected their own vigor and unfaltering will to flow and strike—to the destruction of traitors and the crushing out of this monstrous rebellion.

Better men—the best in the nation; more vigorous measures, the most vigorous which they can plan and twenty millions can execute—this is today the nation's voice. It is the President's duty to hear and obey.

THE POSITION OF AFFAIRS IN VIRGINIA.

The correspondent of the N. Y. 'Tribune' thus confesses the situation of affairs in Virginia:—

The enemy in large force are on the east side of the Chickahominy, and threaten not only Gen. McClellan's right wing, but the navigation on the James River. These twin purposes will give employment to the flotilla, and on the activity and efficiency of the gunboats a very great deal depends. The construction of batteries so as to interrupt the navigation of the river would be laying direct seige to Gen. McClellan's position, and would place his army in an extremely critical situation. It may well be expected batteries will be planted on the left bank of the river, masked until prepared to open on our transports. In view of the probabilities in this regard, quite a number of vessels and other transports on their way up have been turned back toward Newport News.

It is supposed that the rebels will attempt to follow up their advantages and press Gen. McClellan to the extent of their abmiy. That they confront him with a vastly superior force, there is no doubt. How long this disparity is to be suffered to exist is for the Government and the country to say. Of the imperative necessity for more troops there can be no question—not in a month's time, but a week's.

The hospitals here are now all filled, and the wounded and invalids that hereafter arrive will be sent North.

It would not be dealing fairly with the truth to say that all apprehension for the safety of the army of the Potomac is at an end. Probably the present position is the strongest that could have been taken within an equal distance from Richmond. But the force of the Rebels is immensely superior in numbers, though in nothing else. For the whole distance, from Newport News to Harrison's Landing, we have but a small force, except at the first-named place. To keep the river open, and the channel of supplies and communication free, will require all the activity of which the Navy are capable, for upon the gunboats will devolve that important duty. The Peninsula is virtually in the hands of the Rebels again; and, though they will not be likely to divide their strength by sending any considerable force any great distance below the Chickahominy, they nevertheless could find no serious opposition to their progress nearly the whole length of the route so late travelled by the Army of the Potomac, if they feel disposed to revisit the Peninsula.

NEWS BY THE LAST MAIL.

By the Mail received this morning, we have obtained the following news respecting the aspect of affairs at the seat of war in the States. No important event has occurred since the series of battles before Richmond, in which it now appears, from evidence on all sides, that the Federal retreat was a forced one, and attended with the most calamitous results to the Northern Army and the Northern cause. The high bounty offered to Volunteers for the Federal Army shows that the spirit of the North must be greatly on the decline.

AMERICAN NEWS.

We have American papers to Tuesday. A Vicksburg despatch says that the bombardment is tremendous, and increasing. It is estimated that the Federals have fired 32,000 shot and shell. The rebel loss is said to be but six men and one wounded. The inhabitants have taken refuge in the woods. The despatch says:—"Should the invaders land we will drive them back at the point of the bayonet. Vicksburg cannot be taken." Gen. Morgan is now said to have 10,000 men in Kentucky. He menaces Lexington, which place is under martial law, and no man is to appear without his musket under penalty of being shot down. A Cincinnati despatch of July 12 says that during the whole previous week that city has been greatly excited. A thousand rumors are afloat. Meetings have been held and citizens in large numbers have volunteered for special service at Lexington. Over one hundred of the city police, fully armed, have gone, and many citizens are yet anxious to go, but their services will not be accepted until further news from Morgan is had. A Mobile despatch says that Van Dorn had retaken Baton Rouge from the Federals with 1500 prisoners. A Fortress Monroe despatch states that some Federal prisoners recently from Baltimore Store Hospital report being very kindly treated by the Confederates. A sutler, who had buried $6000, went up with a flag of truce, and the rebels actually assisted him to find it, and he brought it back safe.

Jefferson Davis thus talks to his men:—

Soldiers: I congratulate you on the series of brilliant victories which, under the favor of Divine Providence, you have lately won, and, as the President of the Confederate States, do heartily tender to you the thanks of the country, whose just cause you have so skillfully and heroically served. Ten days ago, an invading army, vastly superior to you in numbers and in the material of war, closely beleaguered your Capital, and vauntingly proclaimed its speedy conquest; you marched to attack the enemy in his entrenchments; with well-directed movements and death-defying valor you charged upon him in his strong positions, drove him from field to field over a distance of more than thirty-five miles, and, despite his reinforcements, compelled him to seek safety under the cover of his gunboats, where he now lies cowering before the army so lately derided and threatened with entire subjugation.

The fortitude with which you have borne toil and privation, the gallantry with which you have entered into each successive battle, must have been witnessed to be fully appreciated; but a grateful people will not fail to recognize you, and bear you in loved remembrance. Well may it be said of you that you have "done enough for glory;" but duty to a suffering country and to the cause of constitutional liberty claims from you yet further effort. Let it be your pride to relax in nothing which can promote your future efficiency; your one great object being to drive the invaders from your soil, and, carrying your standards beyond the outer boundaries of the Confederacy, wring from an unscrupulous foe the recognition of your birthright, community, independence.

We notice that the London Committee of the Atlantic Telegraph Company have acknowledged the very valuable services of the Honorable Charles Young, LL.D., rendered in the great work in which they are engaged, by the following resolution:—

(Extract from the Minutes of the Managing Committee of the Atlantic Telegraph Company.)

"Meeting held at 22, Old Broad Street, London, on Wednesday, the 18th June, 1862.

The Secretary was instructed to convey to the Honble. Charles Young, of Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, the hearty thanks of the Directors of this Company for the warm and zealous efforts both now and heretofore displayed by him, in helping forward the great work in which they are engaged; and particularly for the valuable assistance recently rendered by him, in calling upon his Colonial fellow subjects to make known to the Home Government their desire for the establishment of an Atlantic Telegraph.

True copy.

(Signed) GEO. SAWARD, Secretary.

We most heartily congratulate the honorable and learned gentleman on the success which has crowned his energetic exertions.—Isl.

MILITARY PIC NIC.—The Irish Volunteer Rifles' Pic Nic at Apple-Tree Farm, East River, came off on Thursday last, the 17th inst. The party embarked on board the steamer 'Experiment,' at Reddin's wharf, at 9 o'clock in the morning, accompanied by Lobban's Band. The day being very fine, a large number assembled, and we understand spent a pleasant day on the grounds of Mr. James Stewart. The 'Experiment,' with the Pic-Nickers, returned to Town about half-past six, and the day's amusement concluded with a Ball at the Armory. —Ib.

We are pleased to learn that Admiral Milne has signified his intention of visiting Charlottetown during the month of August next. The Admiral's ship, the 'Nile,' will be attended by the 'Medea,' and several of the ships of the North American Squadron.—Ib.

Major-General Doyle, Commander-in-Chief of the Troops in the Lower Provinces, arrived here in the steamer 'Westmorland,' from Shediac, on Wednesday evening last, and departed again by the same conveyance, for Pictou, the following day.—Ib.

St. James' Church Sabbath School Tea, postponed from Tuesday last to Wednesday, on account of the weather, came off very successfully. Some 200 children were in attendance, who deserve credit not only for the ample justice they did the cake and strawberries on the occasion, but for their orderly conduct, and their attention to such exercises as were conducted for their amusement and edification. We are certain that one look of the happy faces of these lambs of the flock, on that festive occasion, would be a sufficient reward to the pastor of St. James' Church, as well as to the ladies and others of the congregation, to whose praiseworthy efforts the whole party were indebted for the entertainment of the day.—Pro.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—*Holloway's Ointment and Pills*—Adapted to all.—These noble remedies are placed within the reach of all, and only require to be used according to their accompanying directions. They will cure colds, catarrh, influenza, bronchitis, fever, and a host of other complaints usually prevailing during our winter, and with which, unfortunately, we are far too familiar. Holloway's medicaments have a double advantage—they not only moderate violent symptoms by their corrective powers, but they fortify the system, and prevent the recurrence of relapses, which are more dangerous than the original disease. When Holloway's remedies have succeeded in arresting any disease, they leave the body unreduced and unweakend, and in the most favourable condition for speedily regaining health and strength.

Married,

At Trinity Church, Yarmouth, on the 8th instant, by the Rev. J. T. Moody, Mr. Z. S. Hall, to Georgina, daughter of the late Benjamin Carlisle, Esq., of Halifax.

At All Souls, Langham Place, London, on the 12th June, by the Rev. A. Brooking and Rev. H. B. Tristram, Patterson Wood, Esq., Captain H. M. 25th Foot, to Maria Frances Jane, only daughter of the late George Renny Young, Esq., Barrister-at-Law.

In Boston, Mass., on Wednesday, July 2d, at the Presbyterian Church, corner of Harrison Avenue and Beach-street, by the Rev. L. H. Angier, of South Malden, Mr. Joseph W. Mitchell, printer, of Charlottetown, P.E.I. (late of Boston), to Miss Catherine Matheson, of Boston, (formerly of Dalhousie, N.B.)

On the 14th instant, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. Thomas Duncan, Mr. Albert Newton Large, to Margaret, youngest daughter of Robert Bell, Esq., of Charlottetown.

Died,

On the 4th June last, at Wiscasset, Maine, U.S., MARY, wife of Richard Morse, Esqr., and second daughter of the late Mr. William P. Kelly, of Morell, aged 31 years. Mrs. Morse has a large number of relatives and friends on this Island, who deeply mourn her early death.

SHIP NEWS.
PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN.

ENTERED.

July 9—Primrose, Langille, River John; boards. Annie McKie, McKay, Shemogue; deals. 10—M. Rich, Hardy, Boston; goods. 11—Mary Ann, Deming, Pugwash; limestone. St. Roche, Lelia Ada, Horton, Anticosti; limestone. C. LeBlanc, Shediac; do. Pioneer, Harper, do.; grindstones. Atlanta, O'Keiffe, Miramichi; deals, &c. Conservative, McFadyen, Shemogue; deals. 12—Sea Breeze, Gallant, St. John, N.B.; bal. Zebra, Lockman, Richibuctou; deals. Ploughboy, Robertson, Pictou; coal. 14—Alpine Flower, Chappel, Bay Verte; deals. Ellen, Pentz, Pugwash; limestone. Mary Ann, Murray, New York; goods. Wonder, Garrett, Sydney; coal. Ariel, Finlayson, New York; flour, &c. Sarah, Gillis, Shediac; limestone. Woodbine, Robertson, Pictou; coal. 17—Bee, Ogden, Shemogue; deals.

CLEARED.

July 9—Garland, McLeod, Pieton; bal. Mars, Pollard, Buctouche; bal. Elizabeth, Campbell, Richibuctou; do. 10—Argyle, Hubbard, Pictou; bal. Dundas, Young, Sydney; do. Primrose, Langille, River John; do. 11—Mary Ann, Deming, Pugwash; do. Annie McKie, McKay, Shemogue; do. 12—Malcolm, Welsh, Liverpool, G. B.; timber, &c. Faugh-a-bal-agh, Bell, Shediac; bal. Pioneer, Harper, Picton; bal. 14—Chernb, Bears, Tracadie, N.B.; do. Ellen, Pentz, Pugwash; do. Zebra, Lockman, Bay Verrte; bal. Ploughboy, Robertson, Pictou; do. 15—Osiris, Plymouth, Furness, Plymbuth; deals. Atlanta, O'Kieffe, Miramichi; Woodbine, Robertson, Pictou; do. Caledonia, Algerand, St. John's, N.F. Bee, Ogden, Shemogue; bal.

The Brigt. "Express" sailed from Cascumpec on the 10th inst. for Bristol. Deals and 5550 bushels Oats, by Hon. James Yeo.

The Brigantine "Heroine," Campbell, from this port, owned by Messrs. J. and J. Douse, arrived in London on the 29th ultimo, in 21 days.

PRICES CURRENT.
CHARLOTTETOWN, July 19, 1862.

Provisions.

Beef, (small) per lb	3½d to 6d
Do by the quarter	3½d to 5d
Mutton, per lb	2½d to 5d
Pork, per lb	3d to 4d
Do (small)	5d to 7d
Butter (fresh)	9d to 10d
Do by the tub	9d
Cheese, per lb	4d to 6d
Tallow, per lb	9d to 11d
Lard, per lb	7d to 9d
Ham, per lb	6d to 7d
Pearl Barley, per lb	1½d to 1¾d
Flour, per barrel	42s to 45s
Do per lb	2½d to 2¾d
Oatmeal, per lb	1½ to 2d
Eggs, per dozen	6d to 7d

Vegetables.

Potatoes, per bushel	1s 1s 3d
Carrots, per bushel	none

Grain.

Wheat, per bushel	none
Barley do	3s to 4s
Oats do	2s 3d to 2s 6d

Poultry.

Turkeys, each	3s to 6s
Geese, each	none
Fowls, each	1s 3d to 1s 6d
Ducks, each	none
Partridges, each	none

Fish.

Codfish, per qtl	18s to 20s
Herrings, per barrel	25s to 30s
Mackerel, per dozen	1s 6d to 3s
Salmon, per lb	9d

Lumber.

Boards (Hemlock)	3s 6d to 4s
Do (Spruce)	4s to 5s
Do (Pine)	7s to 9s
Shingles, per M	9s to 10s

Sundries.

Timothy Seed, per bushel	none
Clover Seed, per lb	1s 3d to 1s 6d
Wool, per lb	70s to 80s
Hay, per ton	2s to 2s 4d
Straw, per cwt	3s 6d to 6s
Homespun, per yard	none
Apples, per dozen	none
Calfskins, per lb	3d to 6d
Hides, per	3d to 3½d
Sheepskins, each	2s to 2s 6d

GEORGE LEWIS, Market Clerk.

The Halifax Volunteer Battalion will be inspected at the Common, by His Excellency Governor Dundas, this evening. The Battalion will assemble in Review order on the Common at 6 o'clock precisely. It is earnestly to be hoped that there will be full ranks on the occasion; for we would not have the Governor of Prince Edward Island be otherwise than favorably impressed with the Halifax Volunteers.—*Halifax Evening Express, July 16.*

During a recent thunder storm in New Brunswick, the electric fluid entered the telegraph office at Fredericktom, partially consuming a quantity of paper used for writing out messages. A young man named Alex. Mitchell, of Keswick Ridge, was instantly killed by the lightning. At Nappan hail stones fell of half an inch in diameter.

A handsome silver Cup, valued at £6, was recently given by Mrs. J. B. Pollard, as a prize to the best shot in the Charlottetown Artillery and Rifle Company. This Cup was competed for on Friday last, and won by Capt. Morris, who scored 22 points out of 10 rounds at 200 yards.—Isl.

We understand that His Excellency George Dundas, Esq., and Mrs. Dundas, are expected to arrive in the steamer Westmorland, on Tuesday morning next.—Ib.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO EXCURSIONISTS.
Round trip for $13.

TICKETS from CHARLOTTETOWN to PICTOU, TRURO, HALIFAX, WINDSOR, St. JOHN, SHEDIAC, SUMMERSIDE and Charlottetown, or vice versa, and good for ONE MONTH from date of purchase, may be had of

J. S. CARVELL, Agent.

Charlottetown, P. E. I.
21st July, 1862. 2m

A LONDON TRADER.

THE fine new Clipper Brig "URANUS," A 1, 200 tons register, copper-fastened, ARCHIBALD McDONALD, Master, will sail from Charlottetown for the above Port first week in August. Returning, will sail from London for Charlottetown 16th September. She has a spacious Round House, with good accommodation for passengers. For Freight or Passage apply in London to J. PITCAIRN & SONS, 69 Cornhill; here, to the undersigned.

D. G. & S. DAVIES.

Charlottetown, July 21, 1862. 1sl 3w

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

THE COPARTNERSHIP hitherto existing between the subscribers, under the name of GREEN & HUNT, has this day been DISSOLVED by mutual consent; and all persons having any demands against the said firm will present them to RICHARD HUNT for settlement; and all persons indebted to the said firm will pay their several amounts to RICHARD HUNT, who alone is authorized to receive the same.

HARRY C. GREEN.
RICHARD HUNT.

Summerside, 19th June, 1862.

FINAL NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the late firm of GREEN & HUNT, are hereby notified to make immediate payment to the subscriber, otherwise legal proceedings will be taken to enforce the same without further notice, or distinction of persons.

RICHARD HUNT.

Summerside, July 21, 1862.

Tea Party.

A TEA PARTY will be held on the grounds of St. Dunstan's College, on TUESDAY, the 22nd instant. The Band of the College will be in attendance, together with the Choir of St. Dunstan's Cathedral, accomdanied by an Orchestra.

Tea will be on the Tables at 3 o'clock.

Tickets 1s. 6d. each—to be had at the stores of Messrs. W. R. Watson, D. Brenan, D. McIsaac, P. Walker, and J. Reddin.

July 14, 1862.

REMEMBER!
THE ONLY
Clearing off and out sale is at
VAUX'S,
GLASGOW HOUSE,
Where you will find
THE CHEAPEST GOODS
EVER OFFERED IN CHARLOTTETOWN.

July 14, 1862. 1sl.&Pro.

Preserve Kettles,

IN BRASS and ENAMELLED, with an assortment of PRESERVE CROCKS.

BEER & SONS.

July 14, 1862. 5w

Scythes! Scythes!!

NASH'S SUPERIOR SCYTHES, 44, 46 and 48 inch. Also, SNEATHS, RAKES, FORKS, &c. &c.

BEER & SONS.

Charlottetown, July 14, 1862.

FLOUR!

JUST RECEIVED, per "CARRIE M RICH," from Boston—

200 Barrels Fresh Ground FLOUR.

JAMES PURDIE.

July 14, 1862. 4i

FLOUR! FLOUR!!

NOW landing ex "MARY ANN," from NEW YORK,

300 Bbls. Choice FLOUR,

CONSISTING OF:

Extra Ohio, Extra State, and Superfine, which will be sold cheap.

J. & T. MORRIS.

July 14, 1862. all papers 1m.

DR. HAMMOND JOHNSON

Will VACCINATE at his Dispensary from 11 to 1 o'clock daily.

July 14, 1862.

To Let or Sell at Once.

A VALUABLE BUSINESS LOT and HOUSE, at St. Peter's Bay, adjoining Mr. Sutherland's, on the Fortune Road.

Reference in town—Hon. D. Brenan. On the spot—Dr. McKeon, the proprietor. Deed seen at Registry Office.

July 14, 1861.

MOLASSES AND SUGAR.

JUST RECEIVED, per "LAUREL" direct from WEST INDIES—

120 hhds. CHOICE MOLASSES
20 Tierces do do (70 gals.)
20 do. do do (40 ")
20 do. do do (25 ")
10 hhds. BRIGHT SUGAR.

For sale low, by

J. S. CARVELL.

July 7, 1862.

IMPORTANT TO THE LADIES.
Great Sales for Cash,
AT AN IMMENSE REDUCTION.

LADIES' and MISSES' HATS, newest styles,
Ladies' French Kid and Summer Gloves, Ribbons, Scarfs,
Flowers, Bonnet Bordors,
Ladies' and Misses' Summer Jackets.

A large variety of Dress Goods.

Ladies' Black and Brown Mantle Cloths,
Ladies' and Children's Hosiery,
Ladies' White and Colored French Corsets, Grass Cloths, Hollands and Linens.
Ladies' Elastic side French Walking Boots,
Ladies' Muslin Dresses, from 3s 4d to 12s.
Ladies' Silk Parasols, from 3s 4d to 12s 6d.

WITH A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS,

ALL OF THIS SPRING'S IMPORTATION.

C. C. VAUX.

Glasgow House, Queen-street, July 7, 1862.

Sugar, Sugar.

5 HHDS. Bright SUGAR in Bond, and for sale at a low figure for Cash or approved paper.

NEIL RANKIN.

July 7, 1862. 3i

PASTURAGE! PASTURAGE!

GOOD well watered Pasturage, one mile from town. Apply to

GEORGE COLES.

Charlottetown, May 26, 1862.

FLOUR!

FOR SALE, 100 bbls. CANADA SUPERFINE FLOUR, (warranted). Now arrived from Liverpool, 40 chests superior TEA. For sale, wholesale, by

R. W. BRECKEN.

Pownal Street, May 12, 1862.

CIVIC ELECTIONS.
BY THE MAYOR.

IN pursuance of an Act of the General Assembly of this Island, made and passed in the eighteenth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to Incorporate the Town of Charlottetown," I do hereby give PUBLIC NOTICE that an Election of

Mayor and Five Councillors
FOR THE
CITY OF CHARLOTTETOWN,

Will be held on TUESDAY, 5th AUGUST next, at the several places following, that is to say:

In Ward No. 1—At the Store of A. H. Yates, Esq., corner of Queen and Water Streets.
In Ward No. 2—At the Fire Engine House, fronting on Great George Street.
In Ward No. 3—At the City Hall.
In Ward No. 4—At the Fire Engine House, fronting on King's Square.
In Ward No. 5—At the House of Mr. E. Needham, fronting on Great George Street.

And at the said Elections the Poll will be opened at nine o'clock in the forenoon, and continue open until five in the afternoon of the same day.

DESCRIPTION OF WARDS.

"Number One shall comprise all that part of Charlottetown which lies south of Dorchester Street. Number Two shall comprise all that part of Charlottetown which lies south of Richmond Street and north of Dorchester Street. Number Three shall comprise all that part of Charlottetown which lies south of Grafton and north of Richmond Streets. Number Four shall comprise all that part of Charlottetown which lies south of Fitzroy and north of Grafton Streets. Number Five shall comprise all that part of Charlottetown which lies north of Fitzroy Street, including the Common of the said Town."
—*See 18 Vic. Cap. 34, intituled "An Act to Incorporate the Town of Charlottetown," sec. 2.*

T. H. HAVILAND, MAYOR.

Mayor's Office, July 11, 1862.

Staple Goods
ON CONSIGNMENT.

JUST RECEIVED per Barque "THERESA," from Liverpool, Great Britain,

Seven Cases MERCHANDIZE,

—CONTAINING—

60 pieces black and Coloured COBURGS
40 do CIRCASSIANS
20 do cross-overs and mixed ALPACAS
20 do Brown Holland and Grass CLOTHS
20 do Cotton and Linen DIAPER
50 dozen TOWELS
50 do Ladies' lawn Handkerchiefs, very cheap
30 do Black and W. B. THREAD, No. 25
50 do gross Clark and Co's 6-cord Cotton

—ALSO—

6 hhds De Kuyper GENEVA
20 cases Do Do
40 packages English TEA
20 boxes Liverpool SOAP

All which will be sold at prices to suit the times.

N. RANKIN, Queen Street.

Charlottetown, May 19th, 1862.

INTERNATIONAL S. S. CO'S STEAMERS,

"New Brunswick" and "Forest City."

THESE favorite STEAMERS leave St. JOHN for EASTPORT, PORTLAND, and BOSTON, alternately, every MONDAY and THURSDAY morning, at 8 o'clock.

J. S. CARVELL, Agent.

June 16, 1862. 6m

Eastern and N. A. Railway.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

TRAINS LEAVE ST. JOHN, 8 a.m., arrive at Point Du Chene at 1.57 p. m.

Trains leave St. John at 2 p. m., arrive at Point Du Chene at 9.14 p. m.

Trains leave Point Du Chene at 7.30 a. m., arrive at St. John at 3.33 p. m.

Trains leave Point Du Chene at 2.15 p. m., arrive at St. John at 8.3 p. m.

On TUESDAYS a train will leave St John at 5.30 p. m., to connect with steamers "Westmorland," "Lady Head," and "Arabian," on Wednesday mornings.

J. S. CARVELL, Agent.

June 16, 1863. 6m

Flour, Tea, Leather, &c.
For Sale by the Subscriber
LOW FOR CASH.

150 Bbls. Extra State Flour,
100 Bbls. Superfine do
50 do. Pastry do
20 chests superior TEA
50 sides New York Sole Leather
2000 Gunny Bags (cheap bags for grain)
25 Quintals Codfish.

—ALSO—

Just arrived per Brigt. HEROINE—
100 Bbls. "Southern" Superfine Flour
30 sides best New York Sole Leather.
(California Hides.)

M. LOWDEN, Peake's Buildings.
Queen-street, June 9, 1862.

LATEST STYLES!
1862. 1862.
SPRING and SUMMER.

JUST RECEIVED per GAZELLE THERESA and PRIORESS, from Great Britain, a general assortment of new and fashionable Goods, in

COATINGS,
VESTINGS, TROWSERINGS,
TAILORS' TRIMMINGS,
HATS AND CAPS,
SHIRTS, COLLARS, TIES,
BRACES, HANDKERCHIEFS,
Trunks, Valises,
and a superior stock of
Ready-made Clothing,

Manufactured by the Subscriber.

CHARLES BELL, Merchant Tailor.

Charlottetown, June 9, 1862. 2m

MAILS
By Steamer 'Westmorland.'
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

THE MAILS for the neighbouring Provinces, etc., will, until further notice, be made up and forwarded as follows:—

For Nova Scotia, via Pictou, twice in each week, as follows:—The week in which Mails are forwarded to England, on MONDAY, at 12 o'clock, noon, and WEDNESDAY, at 8 o'clock, p.m.; and the following week, on MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 12 o'clock, noon.

For New Brunswick, Canada, and the United States, via Shediac, every TUESDAY and FRIDAY morning, at a quarter past eight o'clock.

For Newfoundland every MONDAY, at 12 o'clock, noon.

For England, Bermuda, and West Indies, every alternate MONDAY, at 12 o'clock, noon, viz:—

Monday, June 21th	Monday, Sept. 1st
" July 7th	" Sept. 15th
" July 21st	" Sept. 29th
" Aug. 4th	" Oct. 13th
" Aug. 18th	" Oct. 27th

SUPPLEMENTARY MAILS for England and Newfoundland will be made up every Wednesday, in the same week as the above dated Mondays, at 8 o'clock, p.m.

L. C. OWEN, Postmaster General.

General Post Office, June 16, 1862.

THE MAILS

FOR Saint Eleanor's, Princetown, Barrett's Cross, Summerside, and all Mails for delivery by the Western Route, also all Mails for Bedeque, Tryon, &c., and all Mails for the Southern Route, viz: Georgetown, Murray Harbour, Belfast, &c., will, on and after TUESDAY, the 1st of April, be forwarded from the General Post Office at Eight o'clock, a.m., instead of nine, as formerly.

Newspapers to be sent by these Mails must be posted the previous afternoon. Those for the Mail of Monday mornings must be posted on Saturday afternoon.

Letters to be Registered must in all cases be posted at least a quarter of an hour before the time for closing the Mail by which they are to be sent.

L. C. OWEN, Postmaster General.

General Post Office, 27th March, 1862.

NOTICE!

THE Public are requested to take notice, that on and after the 1st JULY next, all Letters and Packets posted in any Post Office in this Island, for delivery within this Island, must be PREPAID by STAMP. Letters posted unpaid, or prepaid in part, will be forwarded to their destination—subject on delivery to the postage chargeable thereon, and also to a FINE of TWO PENCE, currency.

L. C. OWEN, Postmaster General.

General Post Office, Ch. Town, May 28, 1862.

MOWING MACHINES.
Still Later Discovery than any at the Great Exhibition.
Manny's Patent Hay and Grain Cutting Machines.
Steel Lined Guard Finger Plate,
(Being an entirely New Improvement.)

Tempered the same as the Knives, and is attached to the Finger by a Patent Process, thus making an entire New Cutting Face.

THE PRESENT MACHINES ARE built with those IMPORTANT IMPROVEMENTS, which make them more valuable to the farmers of P. E. Island than the gold mines of Australia or Nova Scotia. As 1800 of those wonderful

Labour and Money Saving Machines

have been shipped to Europe this Spring, few have been left for the Provinces to meet the GREAT DEMAND that is now made for them, to cut the most extensive crops we have had on this Island for several years, according to the present favourable prospects.

Those Machines are warranted to cut one acre per hour, at one shilling cost, by having a club of five to each Machine. They have been proved to be the best, safest, most durable, and cheapest article of the kind ever offered to the public, as they save time and labour, to the farmer, by which there is a reduction of at least four weeks labour and cost, over the old method of harvesting by scythe and hook, thus effecting a saving sufficient to pay one-half of the cost of a Machine in a single season. They are especially valuable to shipbuilders, sea captains, mechanics, teachers, widows, and all others who cannot spare much time at field labour, as their other occupations may be more profitable and more pressing to them. A trial will be given of them, and warranted fully perfect, or taken back.

A few of those Machines are now ready for delivery at Georgetown, Charlottetown, Summerside and Orwell, where they will remain until about the 10th of July, after which they will be removed to where they are wanted.

CERTIFICATES:

The following persons have purchased the Mowing and Reaping Machine, and readily certify to the very great advantages they have derived from them.

Mr. Wm. Hyde, a farmer of great experience, residing at the West River, and known to be one of the best dairymen in the Island, which he owes to the proper management of his field labour, states that when he procured one of the Machines last year from Mr. W. W. Irving, after cutting his own and his brother's crops with it, he hired it to some of his neighbours at a moderate rate, and thereby cleared one-half the price of the article. He also states that it afforded him great satisfaction from the efficient manner in which it performed its work, besides the comfort and pleasure he enjoyed from the saving of manual labor, so trying to the constitution.

The following gentlemen purchased the Machines from the subscriber at Orwell, and also testify to their great usefulness in every way:—Mr. Daniel Sinnot, Morell, Alexander Robertson, Esqr., Bonshaw; Mr. James McLean, Orwell; Mr. John McInnis, Gallow's Point; Mr. Roderick Campbell, Point Prim.

The following certificates are also added:

We certify that each of us has purchased one of Manny's Patent Two Horse Mowing and Reaping Machines, the operation of which we are highly pleased with, and it has proved much more satisfactory than we expected, having performed all our work much better, and at less cost than hand labor, and having our hay and grain secured nearly four weeks sooner than our neighbours, with the old fashion scythe and hook.

We consider Manny's Machine the most valuable invention ever discovered, or seen on this Island, for the benefit of the farmers, and strongly advise every one requiring such to secure them in time, it they can arrange in any way to have one in each settlement, when the benefit of it will be found to save money and time—so valuable to farm workers.

WILLIAM ACORN, Miller & Farmer, Lot 49.
ROBERT MUTCH, Farmer & Stock Master, Gallow's Point.

We certify that we had one of Manny's Patent Two Horse Mower and Reaping Machines at work on our farms last season, and found it worked admirably well, and far superior to any of the kind we ever saw in England or this Island; and had we not succeeded in getting the use of it, we should have lost a great quantity of our grain, it having become over ripe, and we could not get men to hire at any wages at the time. We found it to cause much less expense, and the work was better done than by hands. Our opinion is that when these Machines are a little better known, no farmer that wants to save money or time will be without one.

JOHN DOUSE, Port Selkirk,
RICHARD GILL, Newtown.

Agents for the sale of the above Machines:—

Charlottetown—W. B. Dean,
Do. W. W. Irving,
Do. F. P. Norton,
Do. James McGill,
Georgetown—Thomas Owen,
Georgetown and Montague—Thomas Annear,
Grand River—Ronald Walker and W. J. Truelove,
Murray Harbour—Wm. Clements,
Brudenell River—Daniel McLaren, Cloth Mills,
Cascumpec—G. W. Howlan,
Souris—Donald Beaton,
Fort Augustus—Francis Kelly,
West River, Bonshaw—Alex. Robertson,
Head of St. Peter's Bay—John Sutherland,
Tignish—Nicholas Conroy.

RICHARD J. CLARK, Travelling Superintendent.

P. STEPHENS,
Orwell Cheap Store,

Where the cheapest goods are sold, of every variety, from a Needle to an Anchor.

Orwell, June 30, 1862.

Circulars containing instructions will be forwarded to Agents by next Mail.

W. W. Irving, Esq.;

SIR,—Having purchased one of MANNY'S PATENT MOWER AND REAPER from you, we beg to state that we are perfectly satisfied with them in every respect, and believe them to be the best Machine yet introduced for doing the rough and smooth work in a new country. They are simple in construction, strong and not apt to get out of order; and of light draught, and do their work in a first rate style, and we would strongly recommend them to our brother farmers.

J. R. Bourke, J.P., Georgetown Road; John W. Crosby, West River; Alex. Robertson, J.P., Bonshaw; Isaac Thompson, George Deacon, Lot 34; Joseph Tweedy, Pownal Point, Lot 50; James Proudfoot, Lot 23; Alexander Laird, M.E.C., Lot 23; William H. Hyde, junr., West River; Joseph H. Dingwell, Bay Fortune; John Hudson, Rustico Road; Richard Crabb, Malpeque Road.

Whitcomb's Late Improved
PATENT HAY RAKE,
Brown's Patent Pitch Fork,
AND TWO OF THE ONE-HORSE
Mowing & Reaping Machines,

Now for sale at the Agricultural Implement Warehouse of

W. W. IRVING, Charlottetown.

These late improvements added to the present Mowing and Reaping Machines make them much more valuable, and has caused a great demand for them this season.

PAINTS AND PAINT OIL, BAR IRON; also, 100 chests and half chests TEA for sale cheap for cash by

JAMES DUNCAN & CO.

Charlottetown, June 30, 1862.

Flour! Molasses! Sugar!

JUST RECEIVED, from New York, 150 barrels Extra Superfine FLOUR.

—Also, from Halifax—
12 puncheons Molasses,
6 hhds. Sugar.

For Sale by the subscribers, low for Cash.

DODD & ROGERS.

Dodd's Brick Store, Pownal-street. May 26.

Landing ex "Light Boat," from Boston,

50 BBLS. EXTRA FLOUR,
50 Sides SOLE LEATHER,
20 Boxes CHEESE.

On consignment.

J. & T. MORRIS.

May 5, 1862.

Hat and Cap Factory.

THE subscriber gratefully acknowledges the liberal support hitherto received, and acquaints his friends and the public that he continues the Manufacture of PARIS SILK CLOTH, and other HATS and CAPS, from the best materials, and at lowest prices. Silk and Felt Hats re-stiffened and cleaned. Ladies' Felt Hats altered to the newest style. Military and other Cap Peaks for sale.

JOHN HOBBS.

Volunteers, Attention!

SHAKOS and other Military CAPS made to order. JOHN HOBBS.

GENTS' HALF-WORN CLOTHES, Ladies' Mantles, &c., cleaned and renovated, the colors restored, and the garment made to look as well as new, by J. HOBBS.

TEA, SUGAR, MOLASSES, and other choice GROCERIES, for sale by

J. HOBBS,
Opposite the Temperance Hall.

June 9, 1862. 2m

The Greatest of all Wonders
FOR 1862.
LYON'S PATENT
STONE AND STUMP
EXTRACTOR.

I have the above Machine, which now ranks among the greatest labor-saving improvements of the age, and meets with the unqualified approbation of all who