

The Daily Examiner

FEBRUARY 16, 1886.

Editorial Notes.

Home Secretary Childers has appointed a committee, of which he himself is the president, to enquire into the origin and character of the recent riots in London.

A despatch from Vienna says that Director Ham, of the London Bank, and King Leopold, of Belgium, have signed a contract at Brussels for the first loan of \$5,000,000 to an international syndicate to colonize Congo State.

Entries for the Colonial Exhibition in London, Eng., continue to pour into the secretaries for the various entries. Mr. John Lowe, acting Deputy Minister of Agriculture has announced that the total number for the Dominion up to date is 809.

The gross earnings of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for the week ending Feb. 7th, amounted to \$101,000, against \$92,000 for the corresponding week last year, an increase of \$9,000. The number of miles in operation is 3,527.

Gladstone is preparing a bill providing for the appropriation of land in Ireland by means of state funds. This bill will precede other Irish measures which the government intends to present to parliament. Discussion of the Home Rule question has been postponed until next session.

The superintendent of the government cartridge factory at Quebec, in his report just issued, gives the result of his test with the Snider-Enfield rifle at a distance of 500 yards. The results attained were highly satisfactory. Twenty shots were fired from a Whitworth rest, which were grouped within a circle 30 inches in diameter. The cartridges used contained 70 grains of powder and a 480-grain bullet.

An Ottawa despatch says: The amount of seed grain to be distributed by the Department of the Interior among the distressed half-breeds and settlers of Prince Albert, Duck Lake, St. Laurent and Batoche will be upwards of sixteen thousand bushels, aggregating in value \$40,000. The distribution will be made to the needy ones by the Lorne Agricultural Society, the missionary priests and the prominent citizens of the respective places. Grain must be advancing in that section, as if these figures are correct it costs \$2.50 per bushel.

Before the Riel uprising there were barely 600 mounted police in the Northwest. The force has now been increased to 1,200 in addition to the 200 regulars, detachments from the artillery batteries, so that the force available for preserving order and protecting the people is now nearly three times as large as it was at the beginning of 1885. This fact alone should be sufficient to allay any apprehensions that may exist as regards a further Indian uprising, and it is gratifying to feel that should any crisis unfortunately take place the settlers everywhere are tolerably well protected.

A liquor law introduced into the Ohio Assembly provides that nobody shall sell, give or furnish intoxicants to be used as a beverage to any person who is not a legal habitual drinker, and does not have with him a certificate showing that he is such a drinker. Any resident of Ohio more than twenty-one years of age may become a legal habitual drinker by making affidavit before the Probate Judge of his county, registering his name, age, residence and occupation and paying fifty cents for registry and the certificate, which the Judge will thereupon issue. Selling to a non-registered drinker is a misdemeanor punishable with fine and imprisonment.

A "P. E. Islander," writing to the Halifax Herald, sets that paper and one of its correspondents right on the question of the P. E. I. Railway, by showing that the Dominion of Canada did not build our railway, but that, with the exception of the Cape Traverse Branch—some 12 miles—it was built by the Local Government. The idea is general outside of this island that the Dominion had to build our road, and in concluding his letter "P. E. Islander" remarks: "It is therefore to be hoped that we have heard the last of the Dominion having had to build our railway." With regard to the non-fulfillment of the Terms of Union, he remarks that we have been heavy losers and concludes with the rather significant threat that "before long we shall know who will indemnify us."

A letter was read before the Historical Society of Halifax, written by Judge Isaac Duchamps, who resided in Windsor previous to 1755. A copy of this letter fell into the hands of the late Judge Williams, from whom it was obtained by Dr. Atkins, an indefatigable collector of historical records. The latter describes the agricultural methods of the Acadians, who, it appears, raised in one year enough wheat in the township of Horton and vicinity to feed themselves and leave a surplus of 6,000 bushels for export. They did their ploughing late in the fall and sometimes as early in the spring as February, frequently sowed their wheat in the slush which covered the ground in winter, but never later than the first of April. The dyked marshes yielded 16 to 18 bushels per acre and the land was worth £10 to £12 per acre.

Counterfeiters at Work.

A PROMINENT MERCHANT in this city received the following letter yesterday forenoon and handed it to THE EXAMINER for publication:—

NEW YORK. DEAR SIR,—I received your name from a friend of mine who passed through your County lately, and thinking I could be of some service to you, I write you. Now, if I have made a mistake in sending you this letter, I will ask you for God's sake to expose me. I will be plain with you. I am dealing in Goods, 1's, 2's and 5's, Dominion of Canada. The enclosed newspaper article will explain all. I can also furnish you with United States goods in sizes of 1's, 2's, 5's and 10's. Bear in mind these goods can be used in paying off debts, mortgages, buying land, etc., and will pass from hand to hand just the same as the genuine. No person who has used them has yet had any trouble, but all have made money fast, safe and sure. This is God Almighty's truth. I will say nothing further until you return this letter and promise me on your word and honor, you will never expose me. I ask no money in advance, not even if you were willing to send it. I want to prove to you that I mean business, fair and square, before you pay me one dollar, and just as true as there is a God in Heaven, you need have no fear of me. In my next letter I will give you plain and further proof of my sincerity in this matter; until then I remain a true friend to a friend. I am the only person in this country who can supply you with the same articles as the newspaper publication speaks of. Bear in mind, I deal with very few people, and they must be men who know how to keep their own secrets. Please return this letter, as I will yours. Please address in honor and confidence as follows:— PHILIP HANLEY, Box 6, St Tompkins Market, 6th Street, New York.

Following is the clipping referred to:—

MONTREAL, Feb. 5.—It has long been suspected, but for private reasons kept quiet, that there has been some mismanagement in the printing and engraving department of the Dominion of Canada since and since. Why this secret has been so long kept from the public has never been explained. There has been in New York for the last five months two of the smartest and most intelligent of the Canadian detectives, but their efforts met with no success, for these New York scoundrels carry on their business in such a clever, quiet manner that the best informed people would take them for gentlemen of high standing in society, for they certainly are as polished a set of villains as ever lived. One Montreal detective of the British American Bank Note Company used his best endeavors to ferret out this nefarious work, but his efforts met with little success, but it is true, that these scoundrels have in some mysterious, unaccountable manner obtained exact imitations of the Dominion of Canada notes, from which it is supposed they have printed from \$300,000 to \$500,000 in ones and twos, and perhaps more, as it is known or at least suspected that there is a circulation in the different provinces at least \$200,000, but so extraordinary fine and perfect is the work done it is impossible to distinguish the counterfeit from the genuine, or detect those using it, as it is suspected that our smartest bank clerks and bank tellers have taken in thousands of dollars in this spurious money and paid it out again without detecting it, for everything on the notes are as near the genuine as it is possible for skill to get in engraving, printing, numbering, coloring, and signatures all seem wonderfully and marvellously complete. Now the question is how did these scoundrels get into the confidence of the trusted ones in the British American Bank Note Company. The question has puzzled the detectives. One thing is certain, the secret is well and faithfully kept, but it is hinted at and surmised the thing was done with the liberal use of American gold. The question comes again, what is to be done to reach this bold and successful fraud? The detectives have given it up, for they cannot distinguish the genuine from the counterfeit issue, and the officials seem powerless in the matter, and those that are using it are safe from trouble, for the notes pass from hand to hand just as readily as the genuine, and to sum the matter up in a few words, they that are in the scheme are making money safe and sure, and are getting rich fast, for these bold nefarious rogues seem well supplied with Dominion ones and twos, and but for the possibility of ever bringing them to justice, so secretly do they cover their tracks and carry on their base work.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

"The Marriage Ring."

SIR,—To the expressed sentiments of others I would desire to add my own in thanking you for the "sermons" published, for several weeks past, in each Saturday's issue of THE EXAMINER.

The sermons of Talmage, rich in the glowing imagery of the poet, staunch in the teachings of an earnest practical Christianity, and admirable in their presentation of true religion in the beautiful and cheerful garb which she is so well entitled to wear, ought to benefit all, and will certainly harm none; and are especially prized by those who, like myself, are debarred, by reason of ill health, from attending the services of the sanctuary.

The admiration expressed by the great preacher for Scotland's favorite poet, and his quotations from the same may recall to some of your readers another occasion upon which these lines were used. It was the jubilee of Dr. John Anderson, the celebrated Divine; and a special celebration thereof was held in the great City Hall of Glasgow, where an immense concourse of people had gathered to do honor to the aged pastor. Clergymen of all denominations thronged the platform, and one after the other came forward to address the crowd and to pass panegyrics upon the venerated guest. At last stepped forth his son, Dr. William Anderson, then in the full zenith of his popularity. A breathless silence overspread the hall, as its thousands of occupants bent forward to catch every tone of the voice which was wont to sway the multitude. Quietly advanced the distinguished scholar, and gently placing his hand upon the silver hair, recited:—

"John Anderson, my Jo, John, When we were first acquaint Your locks were like the raven, Your bonnie brow was black

And before he had finished with

Now ye mean totter down, John, Ye mean in hand we'll gae, And sleep together at the foot,"

the beautiful sight of filial love, as the talented son of the pious father, in homage to his sire, flung his own grandeur of intellect aside by preferring Burns' simple lay, had appealed to the hearts of all; and tears welled up and rolled over the countenances of many, even of those whom the profoundest logic and most powerful oratory had often failed to affect.

Yours truly, SUBAN MACLEOD. February 13, 1886.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. [Feb 4 and wky]

THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

Carefully Collected by "The Examiner's" Reporters.

Osman Digma has occupied Tamai. Mr. Beauprand, Mayor of Montreal, is again seriously ill. Minnesota is a wonderful State. She boasts 111 breweries.

Additional cases of landlord oppression in Ireland are reported.

Rome is now said to be a clean city, and the foot-pad is unknown.

There are about 15,000 miles of electric wires in the city of Chicago.

M. Rochefort has tendered his resignation in the Chamber of Deputies.

Lord Reay has resigned the Governorship of Bombay owing to illness.

Sir William Vernon Harcourt has been re-elected to Parliament from Derby.

Sir Charles Warren, the new commander of the British troops at Suakim has arrived there.

A strong attack was made by rebels upon the British patrols 2,000 yards from Suakim.

Socialists in Paris and Berlin are jubilant over the doings of their brethren in London.

Ysaut Dudley who shot O'Donovan Rossa, is still at the Middletown, N. Y., insane asylum.

Lord Lansdowne has purchased Mr. L. R. O'Brien's painting, entitled "September on the Saguenay."

Sir Farrer Herschell, the Lord High Chancellor, has been raised to the Peerage, with the title of Baron Herschell.

It is understood that the ten thousand liquor saloons of New York take in \$220,000 per day, or \$74,000,000 annually.

The premature discharge of a cannon in Moncton on Tuesday evening injured two of the young men who were engaged in loading it.

It is proposed to have a wrestling tournament in Cincinnati shortly, to settle the question of who is the champion catch-as-catch-can wrestler in the United States.

The Socialist leaders, Burns, Champion, Hyndman, and Williams, had an interview with Mr. Joseph Chamberlain recently, and went away thoroughly dissatisfied.

A curious feature about the forgery case at St. John's, N.B., was that the names of some of the parties forged to the notes were directors of the bank which discounted them.

Henry Thielau, a farmer of East St. Louis, sat down on a box enclosing a bozz saw in a planing mill, when the saw suddenly started and Thielau was instantly cut in two.

The Duke of Seville, imprisoned for disrespect to the Queen of Spain, made an attempt lately to escape from prison but failed. The Duke has offered his services to Zorilla.

John A. Breathitt threw a showball at Wilbur Wilson, at Hopkinsville, Ky., and the latter fatally shot Breathitt in the abdomen with a target gun. The young men were good friends.

An English paper says that the Hindoos are complaining about the poor quality of idols furnished them by the Birmingham manufacturers. The idols are too ugly for even the most devout Hindoo.

The Francis publishes a letter stating that the Italian consular agent at Monaco, who had kept the suicide of Italians secret, and who was guilty of other doubtful actions, is now in prison awaiting trial.

A heavy-weight pugilist of New Zealand, named Richard Mathews, has arrived at San Francisco, and says he is willing to fight John L. Sullivan, or any man in the world, for \$1,000 a side, with or without gloves. He has never been defeated.

A military court which has been investigating the history of the disaster to the French army at Lang Son, during the Tonquin campaign, has acquitted Col. Herbinger, who had charge of the French troops at the time, from all blame for the disaster.

A young man of Washington, Ga., who had arranged to elope with his sweetheart, knocked at the wrong window and awoke the old man. In his haste to get away his revolver went off and shot him in the foot, and the old man opened on him with a shotgun.

Harry Worman, a bright boy in Fostoria, Ohio, showed so much interest in electrical experiments that he became a privileged character at the electric light works, no other outsider being permitted near the dynamo. The other day he wanted to receive a "good shock," and so got a pail of water and, touching a positive pole of a dynamo with a rod in one hand, put the other hand in the water and fell back dead.

A man in Guadalupe, Mexico, went to a priest to confess, and while the priest leaned over to listen to the recital of the seeming penitent the latter plunged a dagger into his heart. The murdered priest was well known and popular, and especially as assigned for the tragedy, especially as the assassin is dumb to all enquiry and cannot be induced or forced to speak about the matter. The man is now in jail pending an investigation by the authorities.

A meeting of Englishmen and Scotchmen, in favor of Home Rule, was held in London a few days ago. Lord Ashburnham presided. Messrs. Joseph Cowan and Justin McCarthy, members of parliament, made addresses. The meeting adopted a resolution to form an association for the purpose of advocating the granting of a parliament to Ireland. Subscriptions to the association's funds were received to the amount of £400.

In the Paris Chamber of Deputies a few days ago, M. Basily, a new Workingman Deputy, defended the striking iron miners at Deczeville for breaking into the residence of the Superintendent M. Watrain and tramping him to death. He spoke with great violence. He delivered a socialistic harangue, dwelling on the hardships which miners were compelled to endure and declared that under all circumstances of the case the killing of M. Watrain was a "popular act of justice."

Herring, Herring.

200 Bbls. No. 1 FAT HERRING. 200 Half-barrels do 50 Quarters do do 60 Quintal CODFISH, cheap for cash or trade.

DAVID SMALL.

COTTON DUCK—COTTON DUCK

Notice to Shipowners & Builders.

THE Subscriber now offers to the trade, Yarmouth Cotton Duck, at manufacturer's prices. Has on hand a supply of light and heavy ducks.

DAVID SMALL, Agent, Hyndman's Buildings, Corner Water and Queen Street.

Ch'town, Feb. 16—21 wky 2 mos

Flour, Fish, Apples, &c.

BY Auction, WEDNESDAY, February 17th, at 11 o'clock, at my Auction Room:—

35 barrels Flour, some of which is slightly damaged; 50 barrels American Baldwin Apples, in choice order; boxes Lemons, bags Peanuts, &c. Also—5,000 lbs. Dried Codfish, 200 barrels No. 1 Herring, &c.

A. McNEILL, Auctioneer.

FOR SALE.

TOWN LOT No. 75, 5th hundred, belonging to the Sneyton estate, situate on Euston Street, opposite the residence of F. L. Haszard, Esq., near St. Peter's Road. For particulars apply at the office of R. R. FITZGERALD.

Ch'town, Feb. 13, '86—4i

ASTOUNDING!

A Remarkable Story of Fraud in Utah.

830 Suits, in fine Saxony woven, just imported Ex. Northern Light for early spring trade, now selling at \$14, worth \$20, to keep our employes in bread during the dull season, at REID BROS.

Nearly all the Public Lands Stolen.

830 Best Black Worsted Suits, in new spring designs, reduced to \$20, at REID BROS.

Evidence to Fill All the Jails.

814 Tryon Tweed Suits, reduced to \$12, at REID BROS.

Senators and Congressmen Implicated.

86 Scotch Tweed Pants reduced to \$4, at REID BROS.

Summerside "Parnell Club" Fully Aroused to Its Responsibility.

Beautiful Black Worsted Suits for Men, only \$6.50, at REID BROS.

Summerside Champion Cutters Make a Grand Strike for the Freedom of Ireland.

50 Pieces Scotch Tweed, in new spring patterns now selling at the ridiculously low price of \$30s, worth \$1.40, at REID BROS.

General Logan Amazed at the Disclosures.

REID BROS., CAMERON BLOCK.

Ch'town, Feb. 11, 1886.

North Atlantic Steamship Co.

SPRING SAILINGS, 1886.

From London and Liverpool

S.S. 'CLIFTON'

WILL LEAVE London for Charlottetown, ABOUT 15th APRIL.

S.S. "Nellie Wise,"

WILL LEAVE Liverpool for Charlottetown, ABOUT 15th APRIL.

The above Steamers, after discharging at Charlottetown, will proceed to Batavia or Miramichi.

Carrying Goods at Through Rates to the principal points in P. E. Island, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia.

For Freight, Passage, or other information apply in London to Stewart Brothers, 3 Fenchurch Street, Fenchurch Street; in St. John, Chat-ham and Bathurst, N. B., to R. A. & J. Stewart; in Liverpool to T. C. Jones & Co.

FENTON T. NEWBERY, Agent.

Ch'town, Jan. 30, 1886.

To Lobster Packers,

FOR SALE.

400 boxes of TIN PLATES, suitable for Lobster Cans.

22 pigs of LEAD.

22 ingots, TIN.

1 bar of COPPER.

Apply to PEAKE BROS. & CO.

Ch'town, Feb. 10—1st 3w

PILLOW COTTONS

—AND—

SHEETINGS,

TOWELS AND TOWELLING.

EXTRA GOOD VALUE

—AT—

STANLEY BROS,

Brown's Block, Opposite Market House.

Ch'town, Feb. 16, 1886.—dy wky

CASH SALE! CHEAP SALE!

DIG SALE OF DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING, HATS, &c., at L. E. PROWSE'S. Now is the time to buy! Big discounts on Dress Goods, Cashmere, Merino, Flannels, Feathers, Laces, Embroidery, Gloves, &c.

HATS, HATS,

Largest Stock in the City; Lowest Figures in the Dominion. Come and see the Cheap Goods.

L. E. PROWSE,

Sign of the BIG HAT, 74 Queen Street.

Ch'town, Feb. 16, '86—eod wky

ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE,

During Stock-Taking.

J. B. MACDONALD is now having his Annual Clearing-Out

J. Sale of

Remnants and Short Ends of Goods,

Remnants and Short Ends of Dress Goods and Cloths. Flannels, Winceys, Sheeting, Cottons, Tweeds.

And all Remnants and Short Ends will be cleared out at the very Smallest Prices.

The balance of Ladies' Fur Caps, Fur Muffs, Fur-Lined Circulars, Ladies' Astracan Jackets, at prices to clear.

J. B. MACDONALD,

QUEEN STREET.

Ch'town, Feb. 10, 1886—dy wky

JAMES PATON & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO W. A. WEEKS & CO.,

PRICES ALWAYS LOW!

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