

The Daily Examiner.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free-born Men having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1882.

VOL 11.—NO. 58.

THE DAILY EXAMINER

IS ISSUED EVERY EVENING,
BY THE EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY,
FROM THEIR OFFICE, CORNER OF WATER
AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS,
Charlottetown, P. E. Island.
RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:
Six Months, \$2 50
Three Months, 1 25
One Month, 0 50

Advertising at most moderate rates.
Contracts may be made for monthly,
quarterly, half-yearly or yearly advertise-
ments, on application.

ALMANAC FOR JULY, 1882.

MOON'S CHANGES.

Full Moon 1st day, 1h. 56m. a. m., N.
(below horizon.)
Third Quarter 7th day, 5h. 35m., p. m., N.
(below horizon.)
New Moon 15th day, 2h. 49m. a. m., S. W.
First Quarter, 23rd day, 6h. 5m. a. m., N.
(below horizon.)
Full Moon, 30th day, 9h. 49m. a. m., N. W.
(below horizon.)

D	DAY OF WEEK	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	High water	Days lenh.
1	Saturday	4 18 7	48 8	4 10	43	15 27
2	Sunday	19	49	8 40	11 26	
3	Monday	19	49	9 14	11 26	
4	Tuesday	20	48	9 44	0 49	
5	Wednesday	21	48	10 19	1 31	
6	Thursday	21	47	10 41	2 28	
7	Friday	22	47	11 11	3 11	
8	Saturday	23	47	11 45	4 20	15 19
9	Sunday	24	46	morn	5 41	
10	Monday	24	46	0 23	7 1	
11	Tuesday	25	45	1 6	8 8	
12	Wednesday	26	45	1 57	9 0	
13	Thursday	27	44	2 53	9 45	
14	Friday	28	43	3 54	10 25	
15	Saturday	29	42	4 56	11 2	15 08
16	Sunday	30	42	5 59	11 35	
17	Monday	31	41	7 1	morn	
18	Tuesday	32	40	8 3	0 8	
19	Wednesday	33	39	9 3	0 39	
20	Thursday	34	38	10 4	1 11	
21	Friday	35	37	10 56	1 45	
22	Saturday	36	36	11 4	2 25	14 54
23	Sunday	37	35	1 6	3 10	
24	Monday	38	34	2 8	4 10	
25	Tuesday	39	33	3 10	5 26	
26	Wednesday	40	32	4 9	6 46	
27	Thursday	42	31	5 3	7 55	
28	Friday	43	30	5 52	8 53	
29	Saturday	44	29	6 34	9 43	14 42
30	Sunday	45	28	7 10	10 29	
31	Monday	4 46	26	7 43	11 10	

GREAT CLOSING UP AT 83 QUEEN STREET.

GREAT BARGAINS in Dress Goods,
Tweeds, Winceys, Silks, Curtains, and all
kinds of Staple and Fancy DRY GOODS.
Come early and secure Bargains.

N. B.—Customers will please not ask
credit, as sales are for cash only; hence
bargains. Parties owing accounts will
please call and settle without delay.

Beautiful Summer Resort.

THE SEASIDE HOTEL,

(UNDER VICE-REGAL PATRONAGE),

Rustico Beach, - - P. E. Island.

THIS beautifully-situated and well-known establishment will be opened from July 1st
till September 10th, for the accommodation of Guests and Visitors.
RATES—\$1.75 per day; \$10 per week; \$32 per month.
TO REACH THE HOTEL—Coach will leave Charlottetown every Wednesday and
Saturday evening, calling for Guests; returning every Thursday and Monday morning,
at 9 o'clock, a. m. Also, arrangements have been made with Mr. Bagnall to meet trains from
all points at Hunter River, for passengers to Seaside, seven miles.
Trains leave Charlottetown for Hunter River at 6.45, 9.20, a. m., and 4.20 p. m.
Hunter River for Charlottetown, 9 a. m., 2.11 and 7 p. m.
Hunter River to Summerside 7.45, 11.10 a. m., and 5.42 p. m.
Address,
JOHN NEWSON & CO.,
Charlottetown.

June 24, 12

D. A. BRUCE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Is now offering Cash Buyers the BEST VALUE that
can be had in the market, in

Broadcloth, Worsted, Scotch and Canadian
Tweed Suits.

A magnificent range of

GENTS' FURNISHINGS,

AMERICAN WHITE & COLORED SHIRTS

Collars, Ties, Underclothing, English and American Hats.

Our Readymade Clothing is Manufactured on the Premises,

fashionably cut, well sewed, and having good trimmings,

Will be sold as Cheap as Imported.

We invite you to inspect our Goods.

D. A. BRUCE,

Charlottetown, May 22, '82.

72 Queen Street.

"CITY STEAM BAKERY."

THE proprietor of this Establishment, owing to the increased
demand for his Goods, has added new facilities to his
Bakery, consisting of the latest and most improved machinery,
etc., and is now prepared to supply the trade with

Hard Bread, Plain and Fancy Biscuits, &c.,

AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

1000 lbs. CHOICE CONFECTIONERY

To arrive per Steamship "Miramichi," from Montreal.

Orders by mail promptly executed.

J. QUIRK,

Prince Street, Charlottetown, P. E. Island

May 4, 1882.

WATERBURY'S



THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY
FOR
RHEUMATISM,
Neuralgia, Sciatic, Lumbago,
Backache, Soreness of the Chest,
Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swell-
ings and Sprains, Burns and
Scalds, General Bodily
Pains.

Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted
Feet and Ears, and all other
Pains and Aches.

No Preparation on earth equals St. Jacobs Oil
as a safe, sure, simple and cheap External
Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively
trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering
with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its
claims.

Directions in Eleven Languages.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS
IN MEDICINE.
A. VOGELER & CO.,
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

Steam Communication

Between Pictou, N. S., Georgetown and
Souris, P. E. I., Magdalen Islands
and Gaspe.

THE Strongly-Built Iron S. S. BEAVER,
P. P. Lemaistre, master, carrying Her
Majesty's mails, will leave Pictou Landing
during the season of Navigation, every Mon-
day afternoon, on arrival of Express Train
day afternoon for Georgetown, Souris and the
Magdalen Islands; and every fourth trip,
commencing Monday, 19th June, will extend
her voyage to Gaspe, calling (weather per-
mitting, at Perce.

Port Hood, C. B.

Will leave for Port Hood every Friday
Night, from Railway Wharf, Pictou Town,
on arrival of Passengers by accommodation
train from Halifax.

Every attention will be paid to the com-
fort of passengers.

For freight or passage apply to

A. FRASER & CO, Quebec;
FRED. W. FRASER,
Pictou, N. S.
A. A. MACDONALD BROS.,
Georgetown, P. E. I.
C. J. HALEY, Souris, P. E. I.

July 14, 1882.

STR. SOUTHPORT.

WEST RIVER,
FROM PRINCE ST. WHARF.

WILL LEAVE CHARLOTTETOWN
EVERY MONDAY, at 5.30 p. m., for
Shaw's Wharf, returning at 7 a. m., calling at
Westville and Rocky Point (when tide per-
mits); returning, will leave Charlottetown
again on Monday, at 3.30 p. m., and on
Friday, at 4 p. m.

FOR EAST RIVER.

Will leave Charlottetown, at 4.30 a. m., on
Tuesday morning for Mount Stewart, return-
ing at 7 a. m., calling at Cranberry and
Hickey's Wharves. Also will leave Mt
Stewart, on Wednesday morning, at 7 a. m.,
calling at Cranberry and Hickey's Wharves,
returning to Mount Stewart same evening;
occasionally on Tuesday mornings (when
the tide will not otherwise permit) the
Steamer will not proceed beyond Cranberry
Wharf, but will invariably leave Mount
Stewart for Charlottetown on Wednesday
mornings, returning same evening as above.

On Sundays, Steamer will leave Charlottetown
for Rocky Point (tide permitting) at
9 a. m. and 1.15 p. m.; returning, will leave
Rocky Point at 9.30 a. m. and 1.45 p. m.

If Steamer is not on route on Sundays, sail
boat will take her place.

F. L. HASZARD,
Charlottetown, June 1882—pat

ALL RIGHT

WILL stand at "The North American
Hotel" on May 11th, 12th, 25th and
26th, June 8th, 9th, 22nd and 23rd, and July
6th, 7th, 20th and 21st. This will be con-
tinued throughout the season, health and
weather permitting. For further particulars
see posters.

NEWTON LEE,
April 22, 1882—tf

To Shippers of Produce to
Newfoundland.

BOWN & WOODS,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
ST. JOHN'S, N. F.,

Give particular attention to Shipments from
Prince Edward Island. Consignments
Solely.

REFERENCES—
The Manager Union Bank, St. John's, N. F.
Messrs. C. F. Bennett & Co.,
Messrs. Ayre & Marshall,
John H. Cathrae, Charlottetown, P. E. I.
April 24, '82—pat 2m eod w 2m

Canadian Experience With Cattle.

The superintendent of model farm at
Guelph, Canada, gives as below the results
of some experiments made there in cattle
breeding:—

1. A steady frosty winter is better than
an open one in feeding cattle.
2. An average two or three-year old steer
will eat its own weight of different materials
in two weeks.
3. Two and three-year old cattle will
add one third of a pound more per day to
their weight upon prepared hay and
roots than upon the same materials unpre-
pared.
4. It is thirty per cent. more profitable to
premature and dispose of fattening cattle at
two years old than to keep them up to three
years.
5. There is no loss in feeding a cattle
beast well upon a variety of materials for
the sake of manure alone.
6. Farm-yard manure from well-fed cattle,
three years old, is worth an average of \$2.30
per ton.
7. A three-year old cattle beast, well fed,
will give at least one ton of manure every
month of winter.
8. No cattle beast whatever will pay for
the direct increase to its weight from the
consumption of any kind or quantity of
food.
9. On an average it costs twelve cents
for every additional pound of flesh added to
the weight of a two or three-year old fat-
tening steer.
10. In Canada the market value of store
cattle can be increased thirty-six per cent.
during six months of finishing by good
feeding.
11. In order to secure a safe profit, no
store cattle beast, well done to, can be sold
at less than four and one-half cents per
pound, live weight.
12. In the fattening of wethers, to finish
as shearings, the Cotswold and Leicester
grades can be made up to 200 pounds, the
Oxford Down 180 pounds, and the Ox-
ford Down, grade, 160 pounds each, live
weight.
13. A cow wintered upon two tons and a
half of hay will produce not far from five
tons of manure, provided that she is well
littered and none of the excrements be
wasted.

The Dynamite Movement.

Then.

In the New York correspondence of the
London Times appear some strange state-
ments. The correspondent says: "The
dynamite movement in its present phase
began nearly two years ago in active oper-
ations, though contemplated and practically
sketched out earlier. While the head-
quarters are at this city, men are engaged
in forwarding it in every principal city in
the United States, though outside New
York their chief abiding place is Chicago.
Lacked the object of these operations, and
was told that the conspirators had little
definite object excepting to harass England
at every vulnerable point."
After speaking at length of their *modus
operandi* and several other plots, the writer
says: "A plan was laid in the West to
capture the Princess Louise, who was ex-
pected to come out and accompany the
Marquis of Lorne, on his recent tour to
Manitoba. The conspirators formed the
project of swooping down upon her and
capturing her for a hostage to be held until
the Irish suspects were released. But the
Princess did not then come out to Canada,
and the plot failed, they said, because the
detectives had warned it out, sent over a
warning, and she prudently remained in
England. The leaders quietly organized a
party in New York, who were to go to the
British Province and blow up an English
war vessel. These fellows went to Canada,
visited Montreal, Quebec and Halifax, and
finally went to St. John, New Brunswick.
At Halifax there were war vessels, but
none of them were in a position to be vul-
nerable, and no one could be got to under-
take the task. At St. John they discovered
an old sloop of war in charge of a watchman,
and it was determined to blow this up.
They went back to New York to get the
materials, discovered in a few days from
some developments at St. John that the
plot had leaked out, and this, too, was
abandoned." It is supposed to have been
the Canadian training ship that was men-
aced.

A Little Romance.

Then.

A wedding which formed a chapter in a
pleasant little romance, was celebrated in
St. James' Cathedral, Toronto, on Tuesday
week. The parties were F. M. Reade, son
of the late W. B. Reade, of Ipsden House,
Oxfordshire, and a nephew of Chas. Reade,
the celebrated novelist, and Miss Cecelia
Colman, daughter of Lieut. Colonel George
Colman, of Kensington, London, England.
They had been engaged for two or three
years. Mr. Reade had come out and
settled on a farm in Manitoba, while the
young lady remained in England. From
time to time she received letters
from him, in which he gave glow-
ing accounts of the great North West,
told her of the cares and pleasures of his
farm life, and hoped for the time when she
would be able to join him in his prairie
home. So great, however, were the de-
mands of the work upon him that he found
it impossible to go to England and bring
out the young lady as his bride. So he
proposed that she should come out to
Canada and meet him at Toronto, where
the marriage could take place. After con-
sulting with her friends, she resolved to
go, and a few weeks ago sailed by the
Parisian, accompanied by her father and
a relative of the family, Mr. Hugh Drum-
mond, a grandson of the eighth Viscount
Strathallan (an old Perthshire family). The
Drummonds and Reades have held high
positions in India for many years. The
party arrived in Toronto, where the mar-
riage took place, after which the couple
left for their new home in the Turtle Moun-
tain district.

Egyptian Notes.

All the mule cart drivers engaged by the
British Commissioner have deserted to
Arabi, who has also on his side at least two
of the Khedive's present Ministers, who
keep him thoroughly informed on all that
goes on. England has recognized this
Ministry, but the British Consul and those
in authority on our side keep a sharp look-
out for their movements. Though often
urged to do so by the British Consul, the
Khedive has not yet appointed a successor
to Arabi. He is always "going to do so."
In order to prevent Dervish Pasha, who
is now at the Porte, and the supporters of
Arabi at Constantinople, from being able
to do any further mischief, all telegraphic
communication between Egypt and Tur-
key has been cut off by order of Admiral
Seymour.

The Acting Consul-General in Egypt
telegraphs that his records and personal
effects are lost. All the American citizens
are saved. General Stone's family insisted
on remaining in Cairo. Their fate is un-
known. It is stated that the Department
is advised by the Acting Consul-General
of the United States in Egypt that he has
moved from Cairo to Alexandria. It is
understood that whatever Americans remain
in the interior of Egypt are some distance
in the rear of Arabi's army, and it is be-
lieved they have not yet suffered.

In consequence of a series of small aqueducts,
well known to all Eastern nations, the
soil in the suburbs of Alexandria has
been fertilized to such a degree that many
fruits and plants grow in abundance.
Within a stone's throw of the Alexandrian
citadel wall there are excellent gardens,
wherein grow oranges, citrons, plantains
(corresponding with the American banana),
figs, and coconuts; and as for flowers, no
dusky-haired maiden of the city need have
gone without an ornament, for there grew
roses, red and white clematis, and the
brilliant scarlet blossoms of the pome-
granate in abundance within a half-hour's
walk of her residence. These gardens,
from which certain enterprising Arabs
earned a considerable annual revenue, were
due, as regards their fertility, to tiny
aqueducts, laid between artificial embank-
ments about three feet high, from the
Mahmondieh Canal to the spots in which
they were required.

Then.

Then the summer mornings were full
of singing birds, always waiting outside
our windows to help us to begin the day
with happiness. Then flowers were born
as if to accompany the birds in their bene-
volent mission. Then all our dreams were
pleasant imaginings, Arabian Nights enter-
tainments, frolic visions of untroubled joy.
Then June was the longest and loveliest
month in the calendar. Then we were
never depressed by bad weather. Then
headache had no lodgment nearer than our
neighbor's brain. Then personal rheuma-
tism was unknown to us. Then insomnia
had been invented, and we were not obliged
to draw upon the apothecary for vials of
sleep. Then we could walk twenty miles
without fatigue. Then all was gold that
glistened. Then we were young.

One of the prettiest sights ever seen in
Wallaceburg, says the *Record*, was the
eight little girls, Bella Steinhoff, Tena Mc-
Lean, Maggie Davidson, Edith Shain,
Mabel Misener, Bella Sawyer, Jennie
Heyward, and Bessie Ayres, representing
the different Provinces of the Dominion,
drawn in a gorgeously decorated chariot by
a span of mottled horses bedecked with
flags, etc., the little girls looking the very
picture of health, beauty, and loveliness.
None but the hands of young mammas
could have taken such pains to array them-
so grandly in wreaths and flowers, and
with brilliant bouquets in their hands and
flashing sashes across their breasts, distin-
guishers of the several Provinces. Those who
witnessed the imposing scene could not do
otherwise than breathe a prayer that our
fair young Dominion may have a future as
promising and as proud as that which every
heart could wish for the lovely daughters
of Canada who so creditably and so pret-
tily represented the several divisions of our
fair country in the procession on Canada's
fiftieth birthday as a Dominion.

BREACH OF PROMISE CASE IN MONCTON.

The case of Emma Boyd, vs. Jacob Van
Buskirk, for breach of promise, will be
tried at this sitting of the Westmoreland
Circuit Court. The plaintiff seeks to
recover the sum of \$5,000 damages for
breach of promise. The defendant, who
is a resident of Moncton, is a respectable
married man and worth considerable
money. He denies that he ever promised
to marry Miss Boyd, and asserts that ex-
cept a friendly conversation he never had
any talk with her. The plaintiff claims
that the defendant did propose and promise
to marry her, and asked her mother's con-
sent to the marriage, and that there was a
time set for it to take place, etc. The case
excites much talk in Moncton as the time
for the trial draws near. Able counsel has
been engaged on both sides.

Inspector Cudlip, of the Customs De-
partment, paid Moncton an official visit,
on Wednesday last. He had reason to suspect
smuggling operations, and acting on in-
formation, accompanied by Mr. Binney of
the local service and an officer from St.
John, then took possession of the stock of
jewelry, etc., of a local dealer. The stuff
will be held by the customs officials pend-
ing an investigation.

The following saying of the late Sir
Henry Bulwer about the national character
of the Turks, is good: "When the Turk
does anything, consider what is the reason-
able, straightforward interpretation to
place on that act. Then eliminate ab-
solutely that conclusion. Any other may
be possible; but that certainly will not
be."