ADDRESS TO THE ADVOCATES OF CONFEDERATION IN THE HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY OF P. E. ISLAND.

On this day, Monday, at 3 o'clock, a Committee consisting of twenty gentlemen, headed by the Hon. Mr. Haviland, Sen., and the learned Recorder, besides including some of the leading merchants of Charlottetown, presented the following address to the gentlemen therein named for their advocacy of Confederation in the House of Assembly. The presentation took place at the residence of his Worship the Mayor, where he appeared, not in his official character, but as a private citizen,—it was read by the venerable gentleman with admirable force and emphasis; but previously to the reading of it, Mr. Haviland delivered a short speech on the subject of Confederation, characterized by great taste and judgment. The Hon. Col. Gray read the Reply, which he likewise prefaced with some oral observations. After the reading of the documents, short speeches were made by Messrs. Gray, Whelan, Davies, and others.

It will be seen by the date of the address that it was ready for presentation on the Queen's Birth day—more than three weeks ago. The delay which has occurred in giving the Reply, was partly owing to the illness on the part of some of the gentlemen addressed, and partly to the necessity which arose for communicating with three members, residing in the country, whose names are appended to the Reply. The reading of the address and answer, as well as the speeches, called forth the most gratifying manifestations of applause. The members of the minority on the question of Confederation have great reason to be proud of this address, representing as it does so largely the wealth, education, intelligence and respectability of the community. We have not room for any further remarks at this late hour, just as our paper is ready for press; but as our contemporaries are likely to handle the documents somewhat roughly, we suppose we shall have occasion to add a very extensive supplement to these remarks. Meanwhile we give the Address and Reply.

TO THE HONORABLES COLONEL GRAY, T. HEATH HAVILAND, EDWARD WHELAN, DANIEL DAVIES, DAVID KAYE; AND MESSRS. COLIN MCLENNAN AND DANIEL GREEN.

GENTLEMEN—

The firm, consistent stand which you have made, in the House of Assembly, in its late Session, against what we consider to have been the mistaken policy of the majority of our local Legislators, in a matter of such importance as the proposed Union of the British North American Provinces, has our unqualified approval and merits our warmest thanks.

Fully convinced that a Union of these Colonies upon a sound and liberal basis would consolidate their strength, and tend greatly to develope and augment their several resources, and also enable them to construct works of the utmost utility—to provide against the contingencies of foreign invasion, and further secure the powerful and willing aid of the Mother Country in the hour of need—we cannot but lament the course pursued by both branches of our local Legislature, in passing a series of Resolutions directly antagonistic to a Union upon ANY TERMS, of this Island, with her sister Colonies.

Although constituting a small minority of the Assembly, you have, by recording your names in opposition to the sentiments embodied in these Resolutions, and in supporting the principle of Colonial Union, proved that there are seven at least of the representatives of the people of Prince Edward Island, exclusive of the Honorable W. H. Pope, Colonial Secretary, unavoidably absent on official business, whose sympathies are not confined to the narrow limits of their own small Province, but extend to the whole of their fellow colonists on this side of the Atlantic.

In begging you again, gentlemen, to accept our thanks, we entertain the conviction that the time is not far distant when the Provinces of British North America, united on just and equitable principles, will maintain their position among the nations of the world, and cement more strongly their connection with the Parent State.

We have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servants,

T. H. Haviland, Mayor of Charlottetown,	L. Carvell,
J. Picton Beete, J. P., late Major 54th Regt.,	J. Lawson, City Recorder of Charlottetown,
William Heard, J. P.	
Theoph. DesBrisay, J. P.	
W. E. Dawson, J. P.	J. S. Carvell,
Elez. D. Gauvreau, M. D.	W. B. Dawson,
G. W. DeBlois, J. P.	Malcolm McLeod,
Thomas Morris,	A. Mitchell,
J. Roberts Eckart,	H. J. Cundall,
Wm. Cundall, J. P.	Silas Barnard,
Neil Rankin, J. P.	Capt. Jas. Kelly,
John Quirk,	Philip T. Robin,
George Alley,	Wm. Welsh,
Rev. George Sutherland,	Simon Davies,
John Morris, J. P.	J. T. Jenkins, M. R. C. S.
William Swabey, J. P.	
R. B. Irving,	A. H. Yates, C. C.
John Trenaman, J. P.	W. C. Harris,
F. W. Hughes,	W. R. Watson, J.P.
James P. Douse,	Donald McRae,
Thomas Pethick, J. P.	Wm. McGill, J. P.
W. T. Pethick,	C. A. Hyndman,
D. J. Richardson,	James DesBrisay,
Watson Duchemin,	R. W. Brecken,
Thomas Alley,	Robt. May,
Wm. Crabb, jr.	L.C. Jenkins, D.C.L.
Richard Slogget,	H.A. Johnson, M.D.
Thos. DesBrisay,	Arch. McNeill,
James McGill,	Stephen Swabey,
A. W. Owen,	R. Wilson Higgs,
Angus McLeod,	W. C. Bourke,
George Corbet,	James Davis,
Lemuel McKay,	Robt. Hyndman, J.P.
John Davis, Baptist Minister,	T. Stewart,
	Alex. McKenzie,
W. H. Hobkirk, M. D.	D. Wilson,
William S. McGowan, J.P.	William Paul,
Seth Shaw, B. A.	George Munro,
Arch. Kennedy,	E. Younghusband,
Robt. A. Fellowes,	Thomas Young,
James Laird, jr.	George Nicoll,
George L. Dogherty,	Rev. William Ross,
John Fenton Newbery,	Edward A. Newbery,
John Rendle,	J. P. Irving,
John Higgins,	Robert Rennie,
George Forrest,	Edward Chandler,
Sampson Farquharson,	John E. W. Alleyne,
John Gillan,	J. P.
Rev. W. Stewart, B. A.	Samuel Martin, sen,
Bertram Moore.	

Charlottetown, May 24, 1866.

REPLY.

THE HONORABLE MR. HAVILAND, SENIOR, AND GENTLEMEN—

If any thing were needed to give us encouragement in our conscientious belief that the course we have pursued in the advocacy of this grave and important question has been that which is imperatively demanded at the hands of all who seek the prosperity and welfare of these Provinces, our common country—we would now find it in the very handsome terms in which you express your unqualified approval of our conduct in the House of Assembly in opposing the policy of the majority of the Legislature with reference to the proposed Federation of the British North American Provinces.

As loyal subjects of our beloved Queen, we deem it our duty no less than our great privilege to respond to the call by which our gracious Sovereign urges upon the People of British North America to unite in one Government; and, further, we feel convinced that by such a union this Colony would participate in the prosperity which cannot fail to follow the establishment of a great and powerful nation in connection and alliance with the Parent Country.

We fully coincide with you that the policy of the majority of the local Legislature is a mistaken one, and we had hoped that however adverse our Legislators might have been to the scheme when first propounded, the solemn gravity of late events would, upon calm and cool reflection, have brought us all to the conviction that Federation is a necessity, if we are to remain subjects of the Mother Country, and escape the certain and inevitable alternative of being annexed to the United States. It was, therefore, with profound regret we viewed the action of the Legislature in passing resolutions of a character calculated to place this Colony in a most unfavorable position in the eyes of both Her Majesty's home Government and of the loyal people of our Sister Provinces.

The noble stand taken by the people of New Brunswick in their late election contests, which exhibits an overwhelming majority of the Inhabitants of that Province favorable to Confederation, admonishes us to prepare for the consummation of this much desired event, while it rebukes the short sighted policy of those in our midst who seem to prefer isolation and retrogression.

We again thank you for this very flattering manifestation of your approval. It will stimulate us to persevere in the path we have chosen, in the confident expectation that the people of this Island will soon discover the error of their apparent hostility to a union of the Provinces, and learn with their fellow subjects on the mainland that their interests are identical—that a consolidation of all the Provinces will surely strengthen the hands of this Colony in any emergency that may arise; while in consolidating their peaceful and commercial relations Prince Edward Island will undoubtedly enjoy her share of the advantages which will accrue to the united sister Colonies.

We have the honor to be,
Sir, and Gentlemen,
Your most obedient servants,

J. HAMILTON GRAY,
T. HEATH HAVILAND,
EDWARD WHELAN,
DAVID KAYE,
DANIEL DAVIES,
COLIN MCLENNAN,
DANIEL GREEN.

Charlottetown, June 18, 1866.

INVASION PATRONIZED.

No one can deny the popular sentiment in the States sets in strongly in favour of the Fenian invasion. It is not a thing to be always patronized, but marks of satisfaction are too often evident amid the very words used ostensibly to condemn the Fenian movement. The New York *Herald* makes no disguise of its patronage of the marauders. It boasts over the murders that have been committed. "We are rather inclined," it boasts, "to be thankful to the Fenians for administering those Provinces a stiff dose of Canadian non-intervention, whatever may be the sequel of the foray." It thus lawlessness had not a large popular support, the *Herald* would have been on the other side. The *Tribune* is not much better. The *Times* of all the New York journals speaks out in clear and ringing tones of its condemnation. It says:

"The British authorities have not only been kept thoroughly well-advised as to every movement of these invaders, but they know precisely the estimate we put upon their lives. They know the most of them are heroes of the stamp of those who bravely led the retreat at Bull Run, who helped to make up the great army of bounty-jumpers, who, when they cease to be stipendaries of the War Department, usually draw their rations from the Commissioners of Corrections, who are the curse of American society, and a perpetual social and political scourge upon the American people. If two or three thousand of these vagabonds get within the clutches of Gen. Napier, let us beg of him not to spare them on our account. The more the merrier. They would be lying and stealing here, if they were not raiding there."

The New York *Commercial Advertiser* admits the United States "Government has done very little in the matter." But then it apologises for the want of something tangible till this invasion took place; and then, we are told, "the moderate force at Buffalo was almost incapable of offering any obstacle to their passage over the Niagara frontier." Then in more general terms, as if this was but a retaliation for an illicit frontier trade, which is certainly not carried on by Canadians, the writer adds: "The Government cannot keep smugglers from coming in, and it can hardly prevent invaders going out."

Coming to Buffalo, the focus of this movement, the late movement, we find the *Courier* obliged to admit the heniousness of the act:

"The organization of an army on American soil, designed to invade the territory of our Canadian neighbors, is an act of hostility to our own government as well as to that of Canada, and must be so treated by the authorities. The prisoners, who were taken with arms in their possession and many of them in uniform, may be claimed by the British Government for acts of murder and robbery, or they may be tried by our own courts for violation of the neutrality laws."

There is an attemt to save appearances, but not much more. Let us be thankful that our protection does not depend upon any broken reed; that it does not depend upon any body else doing their duty, though we have a right to expect that, but upon the strong arms and willing hearts of our own free people.—*Toronto Leader, June 5.*

A DARK DAY IN BUENOS AYRES.

Accounts from Buenos Ayres state that the city was visited, March 19th, by an awful storm and darkness, equalling that of the famous "Dark Day" of New England history in May 1780. The storm and darkness in Buenos Ayres are thus described:

This city was visited by an awful storm on the 19th instant, which has not been equalled in violence since that of 1805. A hurricane of dust was succeeded by total darkness, and the city seemed threatened with total destruction. A complete panic reigned among the population. Mothers sought their children in vain; and the scenes in the coffee houses and clubs baffle description. The hotels were crowded, but no lights could be obtained, and the confusion and alarm were thus increased. Several houses were blown down, and every building in the town shaken to its foundation. The loss in the river was very severe, and many persons were drowned. The railway stations were destroyed, and great damage was done to private property.

The United States Secretary of the Treasury has issued a circular permitting Collectors of Customs to dispense with invoices and consular certificates on importations from the British Provinces under $200 in value, admitting such importations to entry by appraisement, when the absence of invoice and certificate are not the result of fraud, and disproportionate expense would be incurred in obtaining them. The concession is a wise and friendly one, and will remove a great impediment to trade between the two countries.

DISTRESSING ACCIDENT.

FOUR PERSONS DROWNED AT PARTRIDGE ISLAND, PARRSBORO, N. S.

On Monday evening, the 4th inst., the packet *Zephyr*, from Horton, having arrived off the public wharf about dusk, and the tide having been too far spent to admit of going up the river to the Village, they anchored about seven or eight hundred yards off the pier. The wind was blowing a moderate breeze from the southeast, and there was not very much sea running, as the tide was low. The boat was lowered for the purpose of landing the passengers, when the Rev. Mr. George, Baptist Minister of Little River in this County, his wife, Lydia Ann, eldest daughter of W. H. Seaman, Esq., of Pugwash, his sister, Miss George, of Cornwallis, a Mr. Mosher, of St. Martin's, N. B., the captain—Mr. Newcomb—and young Mr. Cutten, both of Parrsboro, got into it. Although it was found to be very leaky, they set out for the shore, Mr. George bailing, and, for a while, thinking he could keep her free. They had not gone fifty yards when the boat filled and sank. It would seem that some additional leak must have taken place after leaving the vessel, for the water came in much faster after having gone some distance. The two ladies sprang and caught Mr. George around the neck, who, being a very expert swimmer, and a man of strong muscular power, succeeded in keeping them up for some time; but as the water was somewhat rough, and the waves passing over their heads, they soon became helpless, and one after another sank to rise no more. When he found his loved ones were gone, and there was no more he could do to save them, while his own strength was nearly exhausted by the struggle, he succeeded in getting upon the sunken boat. Mr. Mosher was also holding on by the bows. Messrs. Newcomb and Cutten, being good swimmers, left the boat and undertook to swim to the shore, but never reached it.

Messrs. George and Mosher were about an hour upon the boat when the wind and current carried them both near the rocks at the extreme point of Partridge Island visible from the wharf, and as the strong current was fast carrying them by the point towards Blomedon, providentially two or three waves threw the boat against the reefs, when it turned over, and Mr. George making a desperate effort, succeeded in reaching the rocks, but with the greatest difficulty, as the waves carried him back with them two or three times during the attempt. Having got out of the reach of the waves, he lay upon the rocks for some time, helpless, and concluded his companion was gone, but after a little, he recovered sufficient strength to call, when he found Mr. Mosher was also safe.—After some little time they were found by some of the inhabitants and taken to the house of E. De W. Ratchford, Esq., the kindness of whom and of his family are commended in the highest terms.

As is often the case, there did not seem to be any boat or means at hand whereby assistance could be rendered to the drowning people till all was over.

The bodies were not recovered up to Wednesday evening, but hopes are entertained that they will be, as there is not very much current where they went down. Diligent search will be made for some days.

This is certainly a sad affair for all concerned. Mr. and Mrs George had only been a few months married, and were returning from a visit to his friends, his sister, 15 years of age, accompanying them. Mr. Newcomb, we believe, has left a wife and one child to mourn their sad loss.—*Amherst Gazette.*

☞ WE beg to direct public attention to the notice of the Meeting to be held at Mr. McNeill's Office in the Reading Room on Thursday evening next. The object of that meeting is laudable, and we hope the connection by telegraph will be permanently established. Our isolated position calls upon all, especially in those perilous times, to feel deeply interested in the necessity of the latest intelligence by Telegraph. We hope all classes in the community will cheerfully contribute to the formation of the Association contemplated.

EXTRACTS from a letter of the correspondent to the Scottish American Journal, dated at Buffalo, 4th June. In a letter teeming with vivid details of the Fenian piratical invasion of Canada, and referring to the fight, the correspondent observes:

"On Saturday morning the Fenians had disappeared from the vicinity of Mr. Newbigging's farm and proceeded some distance up the river. At Ridgeway they met two companies of the Queen's Own Volunteers, being the University ofcorps Toronto. I cannot at present give you full particulars of the fight, but I know that the two companies of the Queen's Own had the full brunt of the battle—some two hundred against full one thousand.

"The two gallant companies of the Queen's Own may be said to have met and defeated the whole body of the blood thirsty Fenians."

FENIAN MOVEMENTS IN NEW YORK.—On Tuesday a large green flag was suspended from a window in Tammany Hall. Immediately beneath it were placards which read: "Five thousand laborers wanted—transportation secured." Hundreds of Irishmen were enrolled, and it was rumoured that a large number of the enlisted men were leaving for the frontier by every train.

At Roberts' head quarters recruiting was also in progress.—*S. A. Journal, 9th June.*

PRESENTATION OF THE ROYAL STANDARD OF SCOTLAND.—The Hon. James Duncan, member for Murray Harbor, lately presented the Caledonia Club of this Island with a very handsome and costly Scottish National Standard. At the last meeting of the Club the following gentlemen were appointed a Committee to receive presentation of the Banner, viz: Hon. Vice-President Walker, Messrs McGill, Rankin, Dr. Sutherland and McLeod. The Committee waited on the Hon. Mr. Duncan, Wednesday last, at his residence in this city, when the Banner was formally presented by Miss Duncan. It is made of silk, with a yellow ground, and has two crimson stripes around the margin; is appropriately adorned with *illeurs de lis*, and exhibits the majestic form of the rampant Lion of Scotland in the centre. Judging from the cost of other Banners owned by the Society, the one presented by Mr. Duncan is of the probable value of £40. Vice-President Duncan deserves the hearty thanks of the Club for this fresh proof of the great interest he takes in its success. Outside the Club his generous gift will be nowhere more fully appreciated than by the many Scotsmen residing in the District which the honorable gentleman at present represents in Parliament.—*Patriot.*

A Paris correspondent writes:—"Decidedly an attempt will be made to construct a tunnel from Calais to Dover. A boby of engineers, under the direction of M. Theme de Gammond, have already arrived at Boulogne. This gentleman has half convinced the Emperor of the practicability of the scheme, and it is by the Emperor's orders that he is now verifying the plans that he presented. The engineer feels certain of success. He says that the bed of the sea between Dover and Calais is rocky, and offers no obstacle to the formation of a tunnel."

The Berlin newspapers have the following curious paragraph: "A Hungarian girl, born at Odenburg, without hands, now twenty years of age, has been giving some curious representations in the Prussian capital. She performs with her mouth the functions of her hands. She sews, embroiders, executes the most delicate work with pearls, even threads her needles and makes knots all with her tongue, apparently without difficulty, and certainly without the assistance of any one. Part of the works thus executed are destined for public exhibition.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—Protectors of health.—In the hand-to-hand struggle for existence in the present day good health is everything. Holloway's purifying, digestive, and gently laxative Pills are admirably adapted for restoring soundness to invalids whose functions are so feebly performed that life itself seems most precarious. The stomach may have its many maladies removed by a judicious use of these Pills, the torpid liver is roused to active secretion, and every other organ subserving digestion is placed at its natural standard and better fitted for its duties. It is impossible to have a doctor at our elbow at all seasons and places, but these Pills will supplant the loss, for they universally act beneficially in every system.

THE BEST AND SUREST REMEDY in the World for all diseases with which children are afflicted during the process of teething, is MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, and, by giving quiet sleep to the child, gives rest to the mother. Perfectly safe in all cases. Thirty-five cents a bottle.

PROCLAMATION AGAINST THE FENIANS.

The following is the Proclamation issued by President Johnson against the Fenian marauders who lately made war on Canada from several points in the United States:—

"PROCLAMATION BY THE PRESIDENT.

Whereas, it has become known to me that certain evil disposed persons have, within the territory and jurisdiction of the United States, begun and set on foot, and have provided and prepared, and are still engaged in providing and preparing means for such a military expedition and enterprise, which expedition and enterprise is to be carried on from the territory and jurisdiction of the United States against the Colonies, districts and people of British North America, within the dominions of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, with which said Colonies, districts and people and Kingdom the United States are at peace.

And whereas, the proceedings aforesaid constitute a high misdemeanor, forbidden by the United States as well as by the laws of the nations;

Now, therefore, for the purpose of preventing the carrying on of the unlawful expedition and enterprise aforesaid, from the territory and jurisdiction of the United States, and to maintain the public peace as well as the national honor, and enforce obedience and respect to the laws of the United States, I, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, do admonish and warn all good citizens of the United States against taking part, or in any way aiding, countenancing or abetting said unlawful proceedings. And I do expect all judges, magistrates, marshals, and officers in the service of the United States, to employ all their lawful authority and powerer to prevent and defeat the aforesaid unlawful proceedings, and to arrest and bring to justice all persons who may be engaged therein; and in pursuance of the Act of Congress in such cases made and provided, I do furthermore authorize and empower Major General George G. Meade, commander of the Military Division of the Atlantic, to employ the land and naval forces of the United States and the militia thereof, to arrest and prevent the setting on foot and carrying on of the expedition and enterprise aforesaid.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at Washington this 6th day of June, 1866, and of the Independence of the United States the ninetieth.

ANDREW JOHNSON.

By the President,
WM. H. SEWARD, Secretary of State."

LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH FROM THE STATES.

NEW YORK, June 14, p. m.

Gen. Santa Anna has published an address to the people of Mexico, in which he declares he never in any manner compromised himself with the Empire of Maximilian. He says he belongs entirely to the Mexican Republic, and expects all the Mexicans to unite and drive the usurpers from their soil, to which cause he offers his own services. A Monarchy in Mexico he declares an impossibility, and the restoration of the Republic is the height of his ambition.....New Zealand advices state that four of the murderers of the Missionaries at Volknor have been condemned to death. Sixteen of the murderers of the crew of the "Kate" have been condemned to death as the principals, and nine as accessories.....A terrible gale and flood visited Aucklands on the 1st of April, which sunk nine vessels in the harbor. Damage done 20,000 pounds.....The Fenian prisoners in the hands of the Canadians will not be tried until the present excitement has subsided. Orders have been issued to recall the troops from the border, except those facing Malone. They will receive a grand ovation on their return. All the Fenian officers at Malone have refused bail, and are awaiting trial, which will take place at Canandaigua on the 19th inst.....Gold 147.

ANOTHER FENIAN RAID APPREHENDED!—FOURTEEN FENIANS ARRESTED IN HAMILTON!!—GOLD ADVANCED TO 149 IN NEW YORK!!!

N. Y. 15th, P. M.

Montreal despatches say the order calling the Volunteers back from the border has been countermanded, owing to the introduction of the resolutions on the Neutrality Act in Congress.....An Ogdensburg despatch says one of Gen. Meade's staff has expressed fears of further trouble at Buffalo.....Gen. Meade was suddenly called to that point, and four companies of troops from Malone have been ordered there.....Ottowa Despatch.—Another raid expected at Fort Erie.....Fourteen (14) Fenians arrested in Hamilton. Important despatches were found in their possession.....Information as to the movement of the troops is forbidden, and something important is on the carpet.....A large number of Fenians are reported to be assembling along the South-Western border.....A Buffalo despatch says the Fenian General Burns has challenged Colonel Lowery, of the British Forces at Fort Erie, to a pitched battle with two or three thousand troops.....Gold 149.

Died,

At Portage, Belfast, at the residence of his father, on the 16th instant, Daniel Fraser, Esq., Major, Queen's County Regiment Volunteers, aged 35 years, much and deservedly regretted.

At Black River, Lot 34, at 4 o'clock, on Friday, the 8th inst., after a painful illness of six months, duration, Duncan Shaw, Esq., aged 65 years.

At Black Bush, Lot 45, on the 2nd June instant, Archibald Morrison, aged 23.

On the 11th, in Charlottetown, after a short illness, of pneumonia, Elizabeth Margaret, eldest daughter of the late John Rayner Mayne, Commander Royal Navy.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AUCTION!

To close Consignments.

ON THURSDAY next, the 21st inst., at 11 o'clock, in Sales Room—

10 Chests TEA, (warranted.)
20 Caddies " (for family use.)
50 Barrels FLOUR,
5 Boxes No. 1 TOBACCO,
10 " T. D. PIPES,
6 " CANDLES,
20 " FIGS,
15 " RAISINS,
20 Pairs Fishermen's BLANKETS,

—Also—

2 Cases, ex *Alhambra* from Halifax, containing—
10 doz. Youths' & Boys' HATS,
6 " Men's Straw do,
6 " Women's and Girls' Straw do,
5 " " Bl'k and Fancy do do,
30 Ends Sup. Summer TWEEDS.

N. RANKIN, Auctioneer,
June 18, 1866.

Great Bargains.

THE Subscriber intending to make an alteration in his business on the 1st of October next, will sell the following articles at the prices named below, viz:—

TEA, 2s 6d to 2s 9d per lb.; warranted good.
SUGAR, 7d per lb.
GIN, 6s 6d to 7s per gallon.
RUM, 4s to 4s 3d do.
BRANDY, 18s. do.
SALT, 1s 8d per bushel.
TOBACCO, 1s 8d per lb.
COTTON WARP, 16s 6d, White.
Do. 19s, Blue.
FLOUR, 40s to 50s per barrel.
GLASSWARE, NAILS, PAINTS and OILS, at a *Great Reduction in Prices.*

HUGH MONAGHAN.

Queen-street, Charlottetown,
June 18, 1866.

FLOUR,

CHEAP for *Cash*. Apply to
A. McNEILL, Auctioneer.

Queen-street, Charlottetown,
18th June, 1866. tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Valuable Freehold Property in Charlottetown, and at Southport, Lot 48, for Sale.

TO BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Colonial Building, in Charlottetown, at twelve o'clock, noon, on FRIDAY, the 27th day of July next (1866), under a power of Sale, contained in a certain Mortgage, dated the twenty-second day of September, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, and made between WILLIAM JAKEMAN, of Charlottetown, in Prince Edward Island, Blacksmith, and Hannah, his wife, of the one part, and Alicia Frances Ward, of Leval Cottage, St. Brelade's District, in the Island of Jersey, in the British Channel, Spinster, of the other part, ALL those several pieces of Land, being Plots Numbers 12, 13, and 14, as laid down on a plan of Subdivision of Town Lots Numbers 95, 96, 97, 58, 59, and 60 in the Second Hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown, formerly purchased by Charles Hensley, and now lodged in the office of the Registrar of Deeds and Keeper of Plans for Prince Edward Island, thus described, that is to say, commencing on Grafton Street at the north east corner of Grafton Lane; thence east along Grafton Street for the distance of 114 feet; thence at right angles south 80 feet; thence west 114 feet to Grafton lane aforesaid; thence north along said lane 80 feet to the place of commencement. ALSO that piece of Land situate in Charlottetown, being the western moiety of Plot number 21 as laid down on the said plan of Subdivision, having a front, 20 feet on Grafton lane, and extending back in an eastwardly direction 70 feet: Also all that other piece of land in Charlottetown, aforesaid, being the north western quarter of Town Lot No. 98 in the 2nd Hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown, with a front of 84 feet on Grafton Street, and of 40 feet on Hillsborough Street. ALSO all that other piece of Land situate in the village of STRATFORD, Township No. 48, in Prince Edward Island, bounded as follows, that is to say, commencing at the south west angle of the road leading from the old Town Road (called Hillsborough Street) to the wharf; thence (according to the magnetic north of the year 1764) following the course of said road northwardly for the distance of 150 feet, or until it meets James Murphy's boundary; thence north 71 degrees west to the shore of Hillsborough Road; thence following the course of said shore southwardly to the northward edge of the old Ferry Road; thence following the course of the same Southwardly to the place of commencement; together with the DWELLING HOUSES and all the out Houses, Buildings and erections thereon, and the privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

For terms of sale and other particulars apply in Charlottetown, at the office of Hon Joseph Hensley, Attorney for the Mortgagee. Dated the 18th day of June, A. D., 1866.

ALICIA F. WARD.
by JOSEPH HENSLEY,
her Attorney.
June 18. tf

Valuable Mill Property and Leasehold Land at Wheatly.

To be sold by Public Auction.

THE valuable MILLS and LANDS attached, comprising 50 ACRES, Township No. 54, lately held and worked by John Alexander Warren, and formerly by William Ling, and all the unexpired term and interest therein, under the original Lease, dated 1st October, 1849, from the late William Hodges, Esquire to Messrs. John Orr and, Robert Buntain, being for the term of 20 years, from the first day of October, 1849; and all the rights and privileges with respect to buildings and improvements secured to the tenant by virtue of the covenants in the Lease contained, will be sold by AUCTION, at the COLONIAL BUILDING, CHARLOTTETOWN, on TUESDAY, the third day of JULY next, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon.

At the same time will be offered for sale the unexpired Leasehold Interest in two TRACTS of LAND on Lot 24, containing about 45 ACRES, adjoining the above Mills and usually occupied therewith, and now held by the undersigned Trustees for sale, &c.

For Terms and other particulars apply at the Office of the undersigned Trustees for sale, under Deed from William Ling, dated 12th day of February, 1861, and from John Alexander Warren, dated 4th June, 1866.

JOHN LONGWORTH,
JOSEPH HENSLEY,
JAMES ANDERSON, } Trustees.

Charlottetown, 18th June, 1866.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons indebted to CHARLES BELL, *formerly* of Charlottetown, but at present residing in Auckland, New Zealand, are hereby notified to make payment to the Subscriber, Attorney of Messrs. JOHN S. MCLEAN and JOHN B. CAMPBELL, of Halifax, Nova Scotia, Merchants, to whom all debts due to the said CHARLES BELL have been assigned by Deed of Assignment, dated the 16th day of June, instant.

JOSEPH HENSLEY.
Charlottetown, June 18th, 1866.

King Square House.

AT the above Establishment will be found a FULL ASSORTMENT of

Fresh and Seasonable Goods,

to which the attention of Purchasers is respectfully invited. Special attention is called to a choice lot of

SUMMER TWEEDS.

The above are offered at our usual Moderate Rates.

BEER & SONS.

Ch'town, June 18, 1866 6w

ALEXANDER ROSS,

QUEEN SQUARE,

Next Door to Apothecarie's Hall,

HAS received per *ARIADNE* and other arrivals—

A Large Stock
OF
Spring and Summer
DRY GOODS,
Groceries, &c., &c.,
which he will sell at a low figure.

—ALSO—

a large Assortment of
HOOP SKIRTS,
all Sizes.

Charlottetown, June 18, 1866.

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform the citizens of Charlottetown, and the public generally, that he has RE-OPENED his

Tailoring Establishment

on QUEEN STREET, two doors west of T. DesBrisay's; and solicits—while gratefully acknowledging past favors—a return of that public patronage which was formerly so generously and extensively conferred upon him.

Having acquired a thoroughly correct knowledge of the Cutting Department, on a purely geometrical principle, together with many years successful practice, he is prepared to compete, for superiority, with any of his profession in this Colony.

Having also selected Mr JOHN CHRISTIAN, whose name is proverbial for superior workmanship, as his Paruter, he guarantees the Firm of "McLEOD & CHRISTIAN" to give every satisfaction.

Orders from the country promptly attended to.

JAMES McLEOD.
Ch'town, June 18, 1866. tf

Farmers' Bank of Rustico.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Shareholders of this Bank will take place at the Lecture Room, in Rustico, on THURSDAY, the 5th day of JULY next, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the purpose of choosing Six Directors in the place of the six that have to vacate their seats for the ensuing year, and transacting such other business as shall be then laid before them.

F. B. All persons voting by proxy for others must deposit their authority to vote with the Cashier at least one day previously to the day of meeting.

MARIN J. BLANCHARD, Cashier.
Rustico, June 18, 1866. 2w

BANK OF P. E. ISLAND.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Dividend of FIVE POUNDS per centum on the Capital Stock of the Bank of Prince Edward Island, for the last half year, hath this day been declared, and is payable to Stockholders forthwith, on demand. By Order,

WM. CUNDALL, Cashier.
June 5, 1866. 4w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MONDAY AUCTIONS!
Flour, Cornmeal, &c. &c. &c.

THE SUBSCRIBERS will, during the Season, SELL at AUCTION, every MONDAY, at 11 o'clock, on QUEEN'S WHARF,

Flour, Cornmeal and other Goods,

arriving per Steamers from Boston.

CARVELL BROTHERS,
Auctioneers.
Ch'town, June 18, 1866.

Wagons at Auction,

THE Subscriber intends selling at AUCTION, on SATURDAY, the 7th JULY, at 12 o'clock, at NEW GLASGOW, 22 NEW WAGONS. They are neat and good, and every way such as may satisfy any country customer, and must, and will, be sold without reserve.

Persons wanting wagons had better attend, as it is not expected they will bring the full price. They may go much lower, some of them, at least.

TERMS—one half payable in 5 months, the remainder in 17 months, on approved joint notes.

PETER GREGOR

New Glasgow, June 18, 1866.

P. E. ISLAND
Steam Navigation Company's Steamers

Princess of Wales and Heather Belle

SUMMER ARRANGEMET.

The Steamer "Princess of Wales"

LEAVES CHARLOTTETOWN for SUMMERSIDE, SHEDIAC, RICHIBUCTO, CHATHAM, and NEWCASTLE, every Monday night at 11 o'clock, reaching Shediac in time for the morning Train on Tuesday.

Leaves Shediac for Richibucto at nine o'clock on Tuesday morning, and Richibucto for Chatham and Newcastle, at one o'clock same day, arriving at Chatham and Newcastle same evening.

Leaves Newcastle for Shediac at three o'clock on Wednesday morning, calling at Chatham and Richibucto on way down.

Leaves Shediac for Summerside and Charlottetown on Wednesday afternoon at half-past 2 o'clock, immediately on arrival of the Train.

Leaves Charlottetown for Pictou every Thursday morning at nine; returning, leaves Pictou for Charlottetown, at twelve o'clock same night.

Leaves Charlottetown for Summerside and Shediac every Friday morning at half-past eight o'clock.

Leaves Shediac for Summerside and Charlottetown at half-past two, after arrival of Train, every Saturday afternoon, arriving at Charlottetown at half past ten same night.

The Steamer "Heather Belle"

Leaves Charlottetown for Pictou every Monday morning at nine.

Leaves PICTOU same evening—on arrival of Mail, about half-past four o'clock—for Charlottetown.

Leaves Charlottetown for Brule every Thursday and Saturday mornings at five o'clock; returning to Charlottetown same evenings, immediately after arrival of Mail at Brule, at about 4 o'clock in the evening.

FARES:

From Charlottetown to Pictou or back, Cabin 12s, Steerage 10s 6d.	
Charlottetown to Brule or back, Cabin 9s, Steerage 7s 6d.	
Charlottetown to Summerside or back, Cabin 9s, Steerage 7s 6d.	
Charlottetown to Shediac or back, Cabin 18s, Steerage 15s.	
Charlottetown to Richibucto or back,	$5.00
Do Miramichi, do	6.00
Summerside to Richibucto, do	3.50
Do Miramichi, do	4.50
Shediac to Richibucto, do	2.00
Do Miramichi, do	3.00
Ch'town to St. John or back,	£1 8s 1½d, or 4.50
Do Eastport, do	1 17s 6d, or 6.00
Do Portland, do	2 10s 0d, or 8.00
Do Boston, do	2 16s 3d, or 9.00

FARES—FREIGHT.

Charlottetown to Summerside,	1s per barrel bulk.
Do Shediac,	1s 6d do
Do Richibucto & Miramichi,	2s 2d do
Shediac to Richibucto and Miramichi,	1s 6d do

RETURN TICKETS to or from Charlottetown and Summerside, 12s, available one week. Tickets void if parties leave the Island during the time.

EXCURSION RETURN TICKETS, at one first class fare, may be issued at any Ticket Office, to parties of five or more going and returning together, to and from any one station within one week, it being distinctly understood that unless these conditions are complied with, the Tickets will be void.

SEASON TICKETS may be purchased at Office for individuals or families.

By Order,
F. W. HALES, Sec'y.
Charlottetown, June 18, 1866.

SUMMERSIDE
GROCERY STORE!

THE Subscribers having lately enlarged their Store, are enabled to afford greater accommodation than heretofore, and having received their SPRING STOCK, would invite intending purchasers to call and see the following variety:—

Choice Teas,	Best Liquors in
Choice Coffee,	Dark Brandy,
Best Porto Rico Sugar,	Pale Brandy,
" Brown "	Port Wine,
Crushed "	Sherry Wine,
Barbadoes Molasses,	Whiskey,
Bloom Raisins,	Malt Whiskey,
Currants, Figs, Rice,	Irish Malt Whiskey,
Nuts, Pearl Barley,	Holland Gin,
Wine Crackers,	Demerara Rum,
Soda Crackers,	Jamaica "
Butter do, Beans,	Guinness' bottled Porter,
White Wine Vinegar,	Jefferies' " Ale,
Liverpool Soap,	" Sparkling Ale,
Cross and Blackwell's Pickles,	Flasks, (in variety)
Table Salt,	Jars, (assorted sizes)
Tobacco, (round & flat)	Lemon Syrup,
Toilet and Soaps,	Crockeryware,
Perfumery,	China Tea Setts,
Hair Brushes,	Glass " "
Tooth "	Basons, Jugs,
Shoe "	Chamber Setts,
Stove "	Mens' & Boys' Braces,
Shaving Brushes,	" Boots,
Combs, Scart Pins,	Buckets, Tubs,
Belt Buckles,	Brooms, Corks,
Buttons, (in variety)	Axe Handles,
Black & White Thread,	Adze Handles,
Reel Thread,	Blacking,
Hooks and Eyes,	Stove Polish,
Needles and Pins,	Lamp Wick,
Stationery,	Kerosene Oil,
Gun