

# THE DAILY EXAMINER.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1886.

VOL. 19.—NO. 115.

## The Daily Examiner

is issued every evening by  
The Examiner Publishing Co

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Prince Edward Island.

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One month ..... 50

Advertising at moderate rates.  
Contracts may be made for monthly, quarterly, half-yearly, or yearly advertisements, on application.

### ALMANAC FOR OCTOBER, 1886.

#### MOON'S CHANGES.

First Quarter 4th day, 6h. 21.1m., p. m., S.  
Full Moon 12th day, 11h., 11.4m., p. m., S.  
Last Quarter 20th day, 10h., 28.3m., a. m., S. W.  
New Moon 27th day, 3h., 3.0m., a. m., N. E., (below horizon.)

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Moon	High	Day's
M.	riser	sets	water	len'th
1 Friday	6 35	36 10	11 0	32 11 33
2 Saturday	5 34	11 16	1 14	29
3 Sunday	6 32	att 13	1 59	26
4 Monday	8 30	1 8	2 48	22
5 Tuesday	9 28	1 54	3 49	19
6 Wednesday	10 23	2 35	5 0	16
7 Thursday	12 24	3 9	6 15	12
8 Friday	13 22	3 41	7 21	9
9 Saturday	14 20	4 10	8 18	6
10 Sunday	16 18	4 37	8 55	2
11 Monday	17 16	5 2	9 33	10 59
12 Tuesday	18 14	5 29	10 8	56
13 Wednesday	20 13	5 56	10 39	53
14 Thursday	21 11	6 46	11 13	50
15 Friday	23 9	7 31	11 48	46
16 Saturday	24 7	7 57	att 24	43
17 Sunday	25 5	8 20	1 2	40
18 Monday	27 4	9 12	1 46	37
19 Tuesday	28 2	10 10	2 37	34
20 Wednesday	29 0	11 15	3 41	31
21 Thursday	30 4 57	morn 5	2 27	27
22 Friday	31 5	0 24	6 30	24
23 Saturday	32 3	1 36	7 45	21
24 Sunday	34 2	2 51	8 52	18
25 Monday	35 0	4 9	9 29	15
26 Tuesday	36 48	5 17	10 13	12
27 Wednesday	38 47	6 36	10 53	9
28 Thursday	39 45	7 48	11 23	3
29 Friday	41 44	8 57	morn 6	
30 Saturday	43 43	10 0	0 12	0
31 Sunday	6 45	4 42	10 58	0 52 9 57



## BOSTON.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT  
THE PALACE STEAMERS  
OF THE  
INTERNATIONAL S.S. CO.

Leave St. John for Boston, via Eastport and Portland, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 8.00 a. m.  
Leave St. John at 8 o'clock every Saturday night for  
**BOSTON DIRECT.**  
Fare from Charlottetown to Boston, \$6.50, 2nd class; \$9.50, 1st class.  
For tickets and other information apply to  
A. SHARP, P. E. W. HALLS,  
P. E. L. R. V., P. E. L. Steam Nav. Co.  
or to your nearest Ticket Agent.  
May 7, 1886—end wky

**L. ARTHUR & CO.,**  
GENERAL  
Commission Merchants,  
121 ATLANTIC AVENUE,  
BOSTON, MASS.

Eggs and Produce a Specialty.  
July 15—div wky  
**BARCLAY & CO.,**  
GENERAL  
Commission & Shipping Merchants,  
191 Atlantic Avenue, Boston.

EIGHT years' experience in this market. Over fifty thousand bushels P. E. I. potatoes received by us last fall. Our patrons all satisfied. Vessels chartered for potato freights at short notice. Write for market reports.  
Specialties—Potatoes, Mackerel, Canned Lobsters, Eggs.  
June 17, '86 3mo end

**RANKIN HOUSE.**  
THE undersigned will lease for a term of years the above well known Hotel, situated on corner of Water and Pownall streets, in Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island. Possession given on the 1st Oct. next.  
Any information required will be given, either by letter or personal interview.  
J. H. GRAY,  
DAVID STIRLING,  
Trustees.  
Ch'town, June 12, 1886—Jun 15 2aw her jour

**FOR SALE.**  
THE land and property recently occupied by the undersigned, situated on the Brighton Road.  
BENJAMIN GRANTZ.  
April 30—2aw 1/4 pat

## NEW AUTUMN GOODS.

FIRST INSTALMENT  
—AT—  
**PERKINS & STERNS'**

New Plushes,  
New Velveteens,  
New Mantles,  
New Fur Capes,  
New Fur-lined Cloaks

A Large Stock Knitting Yarns very Cheap.  
NEW PLUSH, FELT, AND STRAW HATS.

Mantle Cloths, in Boucle, Kyrle, Ottoman, Frieze, Astrachan, &c  
A Large Stock BLACK DRESS GOODS as Cheap as Ever.

New Colored Dress Goods and Trimmings.  
**PERKINS & STERNS.**

Sept. 16th, 1886.

## NEW HAT & FUR STORE,

Newson Block.

A NEW DEPARTURE!  
HATS, of the Latest Styles, at the very LOWEST PRICES.  
FURS, of all kinds. Cleaned, Dyed, altered and Repaired.  
HIGHEST CASH PRICES paid for Raw Furs.  
**E. STUART.**  
Ch'town, May 4, 1886

## BRITISH WAREHOUSE,

83 QUEEN STREET.

**BARGAINS! BARGAINS!**  
FOR SEPTEMBER ONLY.  
A Large Lot of WOOL TWEEDS,  
" " ULSTER CLOTHS,  
" " GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING,  
" " DRESS GOODS,  
" " FANCY PRINTS.  
Balance of CRETONNES

## A. L. BROWN.

Ch'town, Sept 1—wky

## PLENTY GOODS

They Won't Last Long at the Prices we Offer Them.  
It is too bad to sell goods at such terrible low prices; but a great many of these goods have been bought from 25 to 50 per cent below regular prices—this accounts for the bargains we now offer.

Our Dress Goods Department is right full of bargains. We have also an extra large stock of Velveteen, Black and Colored Cashmeres, Merinoes, Sacoques, Sacoque Cloth and Ulster Cloth from 20 to 30 per cent less than usual.

**OVER-STOCKED.**  
\$10,000.00—Ten Thousand Dollars' worth of Clothing will be sold at prices that were never heard of before.  
989 Overcoats will be cleared out, three, four, five and six dollars less than regular price. If you don't believe this, come and see—No trouble to show our goods.  
2,430 Suits of Underclothing, 999 Shirts, Hats and Caps in endless variety.

COME AND SEE!  
**L. E. PROWSE,**  
Sign of the BIG HAT, 74 Queen Street.  
Ch'town, Sept 12, 1886



## KEEP THE BOYS WARM!

JUST OPENED and selling at phenomenal prices during the dull season in harvest:  
Men's Black Suits, \$5.50, up.  
Men's Fine Black Worsted, \$8.50, up.  
Men's Wood Suits, \$1, up.  
Men's Full All-wool suits, \$5.75, up.  
Youth's suits, \$1.75, up.  
Men's very heavy Winter Pants, \$1.25, up.  
Men's All-wool Pants, \$1.75, up.  
Children's Suits at a sacrifice.  
Men's Shirts and Drawers, 32cts, up.  
Men's Suspenders, 10cts, up.  
Ladies' Sanguine Corsets, 50cts, up.  
Men's Knit and Fingert Shirts, 75cts, up.  
Men's Regatta Shirts at cost.  
Heavy Horse Blankets, \$1.25, up.  
Stylish Carriage Blankets, \$3, up.  
White and Colored Bed Blankets, low prices.  
Large Stock of Ladies' Corsets, 40cts a pair, up.  
Another stock of Dent's Kid Gloves, 50cts a pair.  
Ladies' Hosiery, 10cts a pair, up.  
A very large stock of Fall Tweeds, 45cts, up.  
Tailoring done this month at extraordinary prices. Now is the time to get your fall clothes, cheap.  
Large Trunks, 8cts, up.  
The latest styles of Umbrellas ever exhibited in this market, 50cts, up.  
New Fall Umbrellas and Druggists, 25cts, up.  
Men's Rubber Coats, \$2, up.  
Shirting, Flannels, 10cts, up.  
Yarns all shades and makes, Hats, &c.  
Ladies' Gossamers, \$1, up.

Come and Save Money.

## REID BROS.,

CAMERON BLOCK.

Ch'town, Sept. 27, 1886—3mos

**JAMES H. REDDIN,**  
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, SOLICITOR  
AND NOTARY PUBLIC,  
has removed to the office adjoining that of R. R. Fitzgerald, Esq., Cameron Block.

**MONEY TO LOAN.**  
Sept. 27, 1886—1 mo end & wry 3 mos

## Analyzing the Misrepresentations.

THE ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO. imply in their advertisements that the New York State Board of Health endorse their Powder as the only pure Baking Powder in the market. The following copy of a letter sent them by direction of the New York State Board of Health explains itself.  
FEBRUARY 6th, '85.  
To the Manufacturers of Royal Baking Powder,  
GENTLEMEN.—In numerous advertisements of your wares it is made to appear that this Board has decreed your Powder to be pure—indeed the only pure Baking Powder in the market. Such a misrepresentation is wholly unwarranted by the report to which your advertisements refer, and if Dr. Lov has given any certificate specifying the quality of your product, it was in his private capacity and not as analyst of this Board. I have in reference, to request that you desist from connecting the State Board of Health with any pretended special advertisement of your Powder, and that if you publish Dr. Lov's name you omit the title of analyst to this Board—a position he does not occupy.  
I am your obedient servant,  
ALFRED LUDLOW CARROLL, M. D.,  
Sec. and Ex. Officer,  
New York State Board of Health.  
From "New England Grocer," April 16, '85.  
Sept. 23, '86.

## NATAL DAY.

Grand Opening of the "Old London."

THE Subscriber, having fitted up the "Old London," with the view of making a specialty of the OYSTER TRADE, and having furnished one of the best  
**OYSTER SALOONS**  
in the Province, is prepared to open on the 15th inst. when he will supply the public with OYSTERS, in any manner conceivable—Raw, Stewed or Fried, by the barrel, bushel or pint.  
On the Oysters procured at the "Old London," you can bet your life and be sure to win. Sold at a very small advance on cost. They must be handled, even at a loss, every hour of the day and night. Rely on the "Old London," you might. Remember the "OLD LONDON," three doors west of Osborne House, Water Street.  
JOHN JOY.  
Sept. 15, 1886—end 1/2

## ST. CATHERINES' HALL, AUGUSTA, ME.

**DIOCESAN SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.**  
The REV. H. A. NEELY, D.D., President.  
The REV. W. D. MARTIN, A.M., Rector and Principal.  
15th year opens Sept. 15. Terms \$275 and \$250. Increased advantages offered. For circulars address the Principal.  
July 16—10 wks

## 1827 - - - 1886.

**T. & E. KENNY,**  
Dry Goods and Shipping,  
HALIFAX, CANADA.

**T. & E. KENNY,**  
(F. C. MARON)  
Ship Owners and Brokers,  
General Commission Merchants,  
161 GRESHAM HOUSE,  
Bishopsgate Street,  
LONDON, E. C.,  
England.

Scott's and Vaughans Codes  
March 29, 1886

## Final Report of the License Commissioners for Queen's County.

The undersigned, having received instructions from the Inland Revenue Department, Ottawa, to close the affairs of the Board of License Commissioners for Queen's County, deem it a duty they owe to the public to publish for general information the following statement of the operations of the Board during the period of its existence, viz: from 26th February, 1884, till 31st December, 1885. During this period 155 prosecutions for violation of the Canada Temperance Act were instituted by the Inspectors appointed by the Board. Of this number 117 were brought before the Stipendiary Magistrate for infractions of the Act, committed in Charlottetown, and 38 were brought before county magistrates for offences committed outside the limits of the city. The prosecutions in Charlottetown were brought on the complaint of Robert H. Crawford, Chief Inspector; those preferred before county magistrates were brought at his suit up to May, 1885, and subsequently on the complaint of Donald W. Henderson, Assistant Inspector. Convictions were obtained in 67 of the 117 prosecutions before the Stipendiary Magistrate, in 46 cases the prosecutions were dismissed with costs, which the Board are obliged to pay, and in the remaining four cases no judgments were obtained as service of process was not effected on the parties charged.

Convictions were obtained in 30 of the 38 prosecutions which were brought before county magistrates, in six cases the prosecutions were dismissed with costs, and in the remaining two cases service of process was not effected and judgments could not therefore be obtained.

The entire amount collected by the Board during the twenty-two months that the Act was in operation, was \$3004.42. Of this amount \$600 was paid for fees upon applications for licenses granted under the Act, and for fees payable on the issuing of such licenses which money is now to be refunded since the Act has been declared invalid; and the balance, \$2404.42 was realized from the proportion payable to the inspectors, two thirds of all fines recovered at these suits, and collected by the convicting magistrates.

The Board has paid a large amount of the funds thus collected, towards defraying Inspectors' salaries, rent and other expenses incidental to the administration of the law, including \$796.91 for magistrates, constables and witnesses, costs and dismissions, prosecutions and other legal expenses, and the undersigned have received instructions to remit the surplus in their hands to the Receiver General, after payment of certain outstanding liabilities as approved of by the Government.

When the inspectors were first appointed, (26th February, 1884) their salaries were fixed by the Board, under the authority of the Liquor License Act, at the respective rates of \$500 for the chief, and \$400 for the assistant inspector, per annum, subject to the approval of the Governor General in Council. This approval was never had, though repeatedly applied for by the Board, and no action was taken by the Government regarding the salaries of the inspectors, until 5th Sept., 1885—eighteen months after the law came into operation. An order in council was then made, allowing \$600 for the annual salaries of both inspectors, to be apportioned between them by the commissioners. Under this order and the instructions received from the Inland Revenue Department, the Board is only authorized to pay the chief inspector \$376.83 for his salary up to 1st May, 1885, and for the eight months the law afterwards continued in operation. The Chief Inspector is to be paid at the rate of \$400 and the Assistant Inspector at the rate of \$200 per annum.

Having regard to the fact that when the Inspectors were first appointed their salaries were provisionally fixed by the Board at \$500 and \$400 per annum respectively, and that they were paid monthly at those rates up to the 1st August, 1885, the undersigned do not hesitate to say that those officials are not fairly treated by the reduction of the salaries of both from \$900 to \$600 per annum, under an order-in-council made eighteen months afterwards, but which is made to relate back and take effect from the time they were first appointed. The Chief Inspector, Mr. Crawford, is not even allowed his salary at the reduced rate of \$400 per annum from the time of his appointment, owing to the fact that Mr. George A. Hughes, who was Assistant Inspector for the first ten months the law was in operation, was paid his salary at \$400 per annum up to the time of his resignation.

The License Commissioners each receive an allowance of \$75 per annum for their attendance at meetings of the Board, and the Chairman, for his services in that capacity, which involve much labor and occupied a large portion of his time, is paid the sum of \$37.50 for the entire time the law was in operation. In return for this trivial remuneration the Commissioners so discharged their duties as to realize a fund sufficient to defray all expenditure connected with the administration of the law, and to leave a surplus to the credit of the Government after all their liabilities are discharged.

GEORGE ALLEY, Chairman,  
HENRY LONGWOETH,  
JOHN QUIRK,  
Commissioners.  
Scott's Emulsion of Pure  
Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites  
FOR LUNG TROUBLES AND WASTING DISEASES.  
Dr. J. Simond, New Orleans, La., says:  
"Scott's Emulsion is the finest preparation of the kind ever brought to my notice. In affections of the lungs and other wasting diseases, we may consider it our most reliable agent. In a perfectly elegant and agreeable form."  
A VERY LARGE number of Tea Sets are selling cheap, to make room for new lots soon to arrive, at W. P. Colwill's  
August 10—By 1/2 wky 1/2

## A Short-Lived Race.

The mortality statistics of the great nations of the earth show conclusively that the people of the United States are comparatively a short-lived race. This is a conclusion, too, which those who are familiar with the business and social habits of our neighbors can readily believe to be a sound one.

In a recent issue of a medical journal was given a comparative analysis of the mortality returns of the United States, France, England and Ireland. The tables were compiled from the latest census reports, all issued at about the same time, and, as there were no epidemics in any of these countries at that time, it may be assumed that the comparison is a fair one. We learn, then, from the United States census report that the average duration of human life in that country is less than twenty years; that is to say, of all the people born there quite one-half die before they have reached their twentieth year. The death-rate is largest among very young children, about forty per cent dying before the age of five. Mortality among infants is high the world over, but it seems that the high rate in the United States is not confined to this class. Only twenty-two men and women out of one hundred live to see the age of fifty, and only about four out of one hundred live to the age of eighty years. The death rate under five years of age is higher in England than in the United States, but above that age the comparison is to the disadvantage of the latter country. In it twelve per cent of the population die between the ages of five and twenty; in England only eight per cent. In the United States twenty-four per cent of the population die between the ages of twenty and fifty; in England the average mortality between the ages of twenty and fifty-five is only twenty-one per cent. As many people in the latter country live to the age of seventy-five years of age as there are people in the United States who live to be seventy. In France the death-rate is very much less. There forty-eight people out of one hundred attain the age of fifty, as compared with twenty-two in the United States. Twenty-five per cent survive the age of seventy as against about ten per cent. across the lines. The death rate among children in France is also remarkably low, being only twenty-six per cent for those under five years. In Ireland about the same rate is given for children. Only thirty-five per cent die before the age of twenty; one-half of the deaths are those of persons over forty-five, and nearly five deaths in one hundred are those of persons over eighty-five years of age.

There is, of course, a reason for this poor showing of the United States in this respect, and a Boston paper admits that it must be attributed to the systems of social and business life of the country. The high rate between the ages of ten and twenty is doubtless due to the social excitement, verging on dissipation, in which young people are allowed to indulge, and, perhaps, to the high pressure to which the methods of education subject the physical system. The high mortality among adults can be accounted for by the strain of the highly nervous and intense social and business activity which characterizes our neighbors. They do everything with a rush, and the consequent wear and tear upon their physical and mental organisms is very great. There is for them, therefore, in the statistics which we have quoted food for serious reflection.

## A Cure for Dangerous Wounds.

An intelligent and trustworthy correspondent has sent the following: The smoke of woolen rags is a cure for the most dangerous wounds. A lady of my acquaintance ran a machine needle through her finger. She could not be released until the machine was taken to pieces. The needle had broken in her finger into three pieces, one of which was bent almost double. After repeated trials the pieces were extracted by pinners, but they were very firmly imbedded. The pain reached to the shoulder and there was every danger of lockjaw. The woolen rags were put over the coils and she held her finger over the smoke, and in a very short time all the pain was gone and it never returned, though it was some little time before the finger healed. This is but one of many instances of such cures, some of them taking place after several days from the time of the wound. Let woolen rags be kept sacredly and always at hand for wounds. The smoke and stench will fill the house perhaps, but that is a trifle when the alternative is lockjaw, or even a long, painful sequel to a wound. Another instance was a wound made by an enraged cat, which tore the flesh from the wrist to the elbow and bit through the fleshy part of the hand. One ministrator of the smoke extracted all the pain, which had been frightful.—Boston Transcript.

## Summerside Exports.

SUMMERSIDE, Sept. 29.

Shipped per steamer Princess of Wales Cameron master, for Point du Chene:

61 cases eggs	\$ 233 00
2 bbls mackerel	18 00
1 threshing mill	150 00
849 bris oysters	624 00
	\$925 00

By same str. on the 30th:—

17 bris mackerel	\$ 100 00
5 bris potatoes	2 00
1 brl fowl	3 00
23 cases eggs	127 00
4 horses	630 00
120 sheep	270 00
535 bush oats	172 00
1157 sheep pelts	579 00
600 lbs calfskins	37 00
25 bags potatoes	13 00
602 bris oysters	738 00
	\$975 00