

The Daily Examiner.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free-born Men having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EUPHIDES.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1883.

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quarterly, half-yearly or yearly advertise-
ments, on application.

ALMANAC FOR FEBRUARY, 1883.

MOON'S CHANGES.
New Moon 7th day, 1h. 57m. a. m.
First Quarter, 14th day, 5h. 42m. p. m.
Full Moon, 24th day, 5h. 6m. p. m.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	High	Days
h m	h m	h m	h m	h m	h m	h m	h m	Jan	h
1 Thursday	7 30	4 59	1 47	4 58					
2 Friday	29 5	1 2	46	6 16					
3 Saturday	28	3	44	7 30					9 59
4 Sunday	25	5	4	37	8 31				
5 Monday	22	7	6	8	10 7				
6 Tuesday	21	9	6	45	10 48				
7 Wednesday	19	11	7	19	11 28				
8 Thursday	17	12	7	51	12 10				
9 Friday	15	14	8	22	0 8				10 17
10 Saturday	14	16	8	53	0 48				
11 Sunday	12	17	9	27	1 31				
12 Monday	11	18	10	4	2 27				
13 Tuesday	9	20	10	46	3 18				
14 Wednesday	7	21	11	35	4 36				
15 Thursday	5	23	11	29	6 2				
16 Friday	3	24	1	27	7 20				10 36
17 Saturday	1	26	2	28	8 20				
18 Sunday	6 59	27	3	31	9 7				
19 Monday	58	28	4	48	9 48				
20 Tuesday	56	30	5	35	10 24				
21 Wednesday	54	31	6	36	10 56				
22 Thursday	52	33	7	37	11 27				
23 Friday	51	34	8	36	11 58				10 57
24 Saturday	49	26	9	36	12 30				
25 Sunday	47	38	10	36	1				
26 Monday	45	39	11	35	1 39				
27 Tuesday	44	40	12	35	2 20				
28 Wednesday									

McLEOD & MORSON
Barristers & Attorneys-at-Law,
SOLICITORS, NOTARIES PUBLIC, ETC.
OFFICES:
Reform Club Committee Rooms, Opposite Post
Office, Charlottetown, P. E. Island,
Merchants' Bank of Halifax Building, Sum-
merside, P. E. Island.

MONEY TO LOAN, on good security, at
moderate interest.
W. A. O. MORSON.
Nov. 24, '82—pres her

DR. WARBURTON,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
(EDINBURGH.)
Office in Old City Hotel, corner of Great
George and Dorchester Streets, opposite the
Catholic Chapel. Entrance on Great George
Street—night bell.
Ch'town, Nov. 14, '82—3m


NOW OPENED
NEW
Dining and Coffee Rooms,
North Side of Queen Square,
OPPOSITE THE LAW COURTS.
D. MAY.
Ch'town, Dec. 12, 1882.—3m

FOR SALE.
Lea's Sash and Door Factory,
SAWING & PLANING MILL,
Is now offered for sale.

THE above property will be sold to suit
purchasers, as it now stands, or buildings
and land will be sold separate from machinery.
Also, that COMFORTABLE DWELLING
HOUSE, situated on Cumberland Street, near
Grafton.
For further particulars apply to the owner
on the premises,
PAUL LEA.
Ch'town, Jan. 5, 1883.

NOTICE.
BEING about to make a change in my
business, it is necessary that all amounts
due me be paid on or before the twentieth
January, 1883. All amounts not paid will be
sued for then, without further notice.
PAUL LEA.
Sash and Door Factory, Ch'town, Jan. 5, '83.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.



JOSEPH GILLETT'S
STEEL PENS.
BY ALL DEALERS THROUGHOUT THE
WORLD.



LIVER, LUNGS, SPLEEN, KIDNEYS.

NOTICE.
THE business heretofore carried on by the
undersigned and the late A. B. Stewart
under the style and firm of HICKY & STEW-
ART, Tobacco Manufacturers, will be con-
tinued by the subscriber under the same
style.
MICHAEL HICKEY.
Ch'town, July 4, 1882—pat ff

FURNITURE, FURNITURE,
AT COST.
Opposite Post Office, Charlottetown.

BEDSTEDS, Chairs, Tables, Washstands, Sofas, Lounges, Parlor, and Drawing Room
Bedroom Suits, Looking Glasses and Mirrors, Window Furniture, Picture Frames and
Picture Mouldings.
JOHN NEWSON.
Charlottetown, Jan. 2, 1883.—1y

CHEAPEST, SAFEST, SIMPLEST
LIFE INSURANCE
IN THE WORLD.

The Dominion Safety Fund Life Association
OF ST. JOHN, N. B.
\$50,000 Deposit with the Dominion Government. Working
under Government License.
An Assessment Company with a Safety Fund. Life Insurance
at its actual cost.

Good Canvassers Wanted.
LEONARD MORRIS,
General Agent for P. E. Island.
Summerside, Oct. 28, 1882.—1y

L. E. PROWSE
Will, for the next Two Weeks, give
SPECIAL BARGAINS,
—IN—

Men's Overcoats, Reefers & Ulsters,
MEN'S FUR CAPS,
Tweeds, Winceys, Wool Squares, Scarfs, Sacques, &c
Everyone should call and see those Goods, as Great
Bargains will be given.

L. E. PROWSE,
71 Queen Street.
Ch'town, Dec. 19, 1882.

TO LET,
The Business Premises Known as
"83 Queen Street,"
Lately in the Occupation of R. W. Tremaine.

The Stock on hand is now selling at COST and CHARGES,
will be cleared off at AUCTION about the middle of January,
of which due notice will be given.
JAS. DESBRISAY.
Charlottetown, Dec. 29, 1882.—tf

THE EXAMINER
JOB PRINTING OFFICE
HAS LATELY BEEN REPLENISHED WITH

A Large Supply of Printing Types and Material
OF THE LATEST INVENTION AND BEST DESCRIPTION,
AND WE ARE NOW PREPARED,
Under the Careful and Skilful Supervision of Mr. J. W. Mitchell,
TO PRINT
BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS,
BLANK CHEQUES, RECEIPTS,
NOTES OF HAND, POSTERS,
HAND BILLS, DODGERS, &c., &c.,
On Short Notice, in Good Style, at Cheap Prices.

THE DAILY EXAMINER
FEBRUARY 1, 1883.

"The National Policy, as it Affects
P. E. Island."

Such is the title of a well written article
in a late issue of your valuable paper.
Though the article is quite complete as it
stands; yet I am sure your correspondent
"O," who is evidently a thinking man, will
pardon me for slightly enlarging upon the
important ideas he has wielded in so excel-
lent a manner.

I think the Government organs have dis-
posed of all the assertions by which the
opponents of the National Policy have en-
deavored to prove that it is injuring P. E.
Island; and I shall merely treat it as it may
affect us in the near future.

P. E. Island will never become a great
manufacturing province, from the isolation
she suffers in the winter months, and the
want of coal and iron. There is a suffi-
ciency of woollen mills in operation to
work up our present supply of wool, until
our farmers go more earnestly into sheep-
raising, an industry in which there is
money, if properly attended to. Cotton
factories, machine works, or sugar refin-
eries, would not pay, as we can now import
from the sister provinces, perhaps, more
cheaply than we could manufacture.

Canning and fishing are but transient indus-
tries, and it would be futile to
build great expectations upon them. There
is, however, ample room for more cream-
eries. There should be one in every farming
section of any importance, managed upon
the co-operative system, so that the farmers
should derive all possible profit from the
production of good butter and cheese, for
which there will always be a greater or less
demand. Farmers, in such cases, would
keep a larger number of cows, and conse-
quently their farms would be proportion-
ally enriched. Our great industry for all
time to come must be agriculture, and our
efforts should tend to a constant improve-
ment of the methods of farming, and we
should strive to increase the acreage under
cultivation.

Nova Scotia, on the other hand, is not
likely, with the exception of Cumberland,
Hants, Annapolis, etc., ever to become a
great agricultural Province. But with her
vast fields of coal and iron, with her gold
and copper, etc., she is destined at no very
distant time to become the great manu-
facturing part of Canada, Pictou, New Glas-
gow, Londonderry, Spring Hill, Truro, and
several other villages, will become large
manufacturing towns—premiering of course
that the National Policy continues to exist,
shutting out the United States competition
—and will contain a large laboring popula-
tion, requiring an immense quantity of food,
such as potatoes, oats, wheat, beef, pork,
fish, etc., of which the country immedi-
ately surrounding them will not be able to
furnish a tithe. Now, as "O" very pertin-
ently remarks, they must seek the
markets where they can purchase most
advantageously and cheaply, and that
market is P. E. I.

Lying almost at the door of the manu-
facturing and mining part of Nova Scotia,
with unparalleled facilities of shipment,
water communication being the cheapest
in the world, and considering the producing
capabilities of P. E. Island, as yet only in
their infancy, we can easily picture her as
the granary of Nova Scotia. A large trade
is already being developed between these
Provinces. Nova Scotia is willing to take
our field products, and we require her coal,
iron, and manufactured goods, taking them
gladly in return for helping to feed her
people. A large number of coasters will be
needed, giving employment to vessels that
have been lying idle, and materially assist-
ing our old occupation of shipbuilding.

Year by year the industries of Nova Scotia
are vigorously growing, giving her more
laboring people, requiring constantly in-
creasing food supplies from our little Pro-
vince, and year by year we consume larger
quantities of Nova Scotia coal.

We are now clear of the larger portion
of our floating population, and we are not
likely to see it at any future time form so
great an element in P. E. Island, as it has
been in the past, sapping away the profits
of those who had to support it during a
part of the year; and now our people must
settle down to the grand and permanent
idea of P. E. Island being an agricultural
Province, supplying the needs of Nova
Scotia. True, should the Grits by any
accident again assume the ruling
power in the Dominion, these bright and
pleasing prospects would become nipped in
the bud, the mining and manufacturing
industries of Nova Scotia would again re-
sume their old life, struggling for a bare
existence, and the Maritime Provinces
would become, as they were a short time
ago, the slaughter market of the United
States.

Our only safety then, our only hope of
becoming a rich and prosperous province,
is in the continuance of the National Policy,
the improvement of our agriculture, and the
gradual development of Nova Scotian
mining and manufacturing.

With these safeguards assured, we may
consider ourselves, as a people, on the road
to affluence.

Cardigan Bridge, Jan. 27, 1883,
B.
MOVEMENTS OF THE FISHING FLEETS AND
FISH RECEIPTS.—Five Georges arrivals
have been reported at this port the past
week, with 99,000 lbs., confish, and 15,000
lbs. halibut, and there have been six
arrivals from haddocking trips, with 260,
000 lbs. Other receipts, three fares frozen
herring, 616,000 from Grand Manan. For
the corresponding week of last year the
receipts were 116,000 lbs. codfish, 85,000
lbs. halibut, and 1,200,000 frozen herring.
Last week the receipts were 84,000 lbs.
codfish, 85,500 lbs. halibut, and 240,000
frozen herring.—Cape Ann Advertiser.

CORRESPONDENCE.
We do not hold ourselves responsible for the
opinions or statements of our correspondents.

Mill View Literary Institute.

To the Editor of the Examiner.
SIR,—Our Society is progressing rapidly,
each night of meeting adding more names
to the roll of members. This evening was
devoted to Readings, Recitations, Songs,
etc. The first on the programme was an
address from the President, Edward Grant,
Esq., J. P. Mr. P. F. Doyle's reading
entitled "Mrs. Smart learns to skate,"
came next. Mr. Doyle is an excellent
reader, and clearly demonstrated the truth
of the assertion that a good reader must
think the thoughts, and feel the emotions
of the author. Mr. James Lutz's song,
"The Carter's Lad" was the next on the
programme. It was well sung, and earned
for Mr. Lutz a high reputation as a vocalist.

Then followed readings from W. G. Mc-
Donald, J. W. Young, and J. A. Smith, a
song from Simon Hayes, and recitations
from J. W. Young and Joseph Storey.
The latter gentleman recited in a clear,
distinct voice, "A Yankee Courtship." It
was extremely ludicrous and brought down
the house. There were also several ad-
dresses delivered by gentlemen present.
Thus ended a very pleasant meeting.

The following Wednesday night we dis-
cussed, "Which is the stronger passion,
Love or Hatred." E. Grant, Esq., Angus
McKenzie, J. W. Young, John A. Smith,
and Alfred Hynes, argued that Love was
the stronger; and John McGillivray, Esq.,
W. G. McDonald, P. F. Doyle, Thomas
Furness, and Jeremiah Murphy, ably re-
plied on the opposite side. The decision
was given in favor of Love. The subject
for next debate will be, "Has Confederation
been an injury or a benefit to P. E. Island,"
proposed by John McGillivray, Esq.,
seconded by Mr. Robert McRae. Thanking
you, Mr. Editor, for your space,
I am, sir,
Yours respectfully,
J. W. YOUNG,
Secretary.

Mill View, Jan. 17, 1883.
Civic Matters.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

DEAR SIR,—In the Patriot, of January
30th, there appears a communication from
"Civis" who tells us that he is a supporter
of the party of "Reform and Retrenchment."
Well, if I were one of the newly
elected Councilors, I would be ready to
exclaim, "Save me from my friends." What
does "Civis" want them to do? Re-
duce the expenditure? How can they? He
does not attempt to show. After many
suggestions and much advice, he tells them
you must maintain the different depart-
ments in their present efficient state, must
keep the present city officials in office, etc.,
etc., but fails to show them where they can
reduce the expenditure one dollar.

With "Civis" I agree as to the main-
taining of every department in good order,
and do not think it would be wise to curtail
the expenditure on any of them. I would
like to see our City Debt reduced, but
cannot see how it can be done at present.
If the income of the City meets the expendi-
ture, and money can be borrowed at 5
per cent. instead of 6, would it not be well
to let the present debt stand until such
time as an improvement in trade is brought
about.

I think the out-going Council did well
for the citizens and should have been
returned instead of the so-called party of
"Reform and Retrenchment."
"Civis" having failed to show where the
expenditure can be reduced, I will not
follow him in his wandering with reference
to income, only to speak of the bell tower
contract. If only a much larger rent could
be procured from that, or if Blake Bros.
could be forced out, it would, in "Civis"
eyes, be a panacea for the whole City
trouble.

Blake Bros., took the lower flat of the
Bell Tower some five years ago, (when no
other butcher would take it) and gave the
city a good rent for it; and when they
wanted their lease renewed, the council
could not do otherwise than renew it for
them. Now, when Blake Bros., have
shown that they can do a good business,
pay one hundred cents to the dollar, and a
big rent besides; how jealous "Civis" gets!
He ("Civis") is a big pushing fellow,—
an extraordinary good business man. He
would not do as Blake Bros., have done,
deposit \$20,000 in the Bank of P. E. Island;
he would rather draw \$16,000 out and
never return it.

I was figuring to-day in this way, total
liabilities of the Bank of P. E. Island
\$400,000, an overdraft of \$16,000 consid-
ered no good by liquidators, if paid would be
just four per cent. extra dividend to the
creditors, or \$800.00 more dividend to
Blake Bros., on their deposit which would
pay an extra rent of \$200.00 a year for four
years on the Bell Tower.

Now I would advise "Civis," and the like
of him, to manage their own affairs a little
better, try to reduce their own expenditure,
and if they do not know where to begin I
can soon tell them.

Yours, &c.,
ONE WHO PAYS HIS BILLS.
February 1st, 1883.

For the past two days the friends of
William Hunt, a druggist employed by
Schieffelin & Co., of New York, have been
searching for him, and on the 25th they
found his body at the morgue. Investigation
shows that while on the way home on
Tuesday night he bought some sausages
and bread which he ate hurriedly while
walking. A large lump of bread and sausage
lodged in his throat over the wind-pipe
and he choked to death in the street.

It is now reported at Ottawa that the
Earl of Rosebery is to be the next Govern-
ment General.