

# THE DAILY EXAMINER.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, MONDAY, APRIL 9, 1888.

VOL. 22.—NO. 114.

## The Daily Examiner

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Prince Edward Island.

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One month......50  
Advertising at moderate rates.

Contracts may be made for monthly, quarterly, half-yearly, or yearly advertisements, on application.

## ALMANAC FOR APRIL, 1888.

MOON'S CHANGES.  
Last Quarter 3rd day, 8h., 28 Sm., a. m., S. W.  
New Moon 11th day, 5h., 52.2m., a. m., E.  
First Quarter 19th day, 7h., 39.7., a. m., N.  
(below horizon.)  
Full Moon 26th day, 2h., 9.6m., a. m., S. W.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Moon	High	Day's
M.	risets	sets	water	lenh
1 Sunday	5 41	6 23	0 30	1 59
2 Monday	4 2	5 1	2 55	43
3 Tuesday	40	26	2 21	4 7
4 Wednesday	38	27	3 3	5 30
5 Thursday	37	29	3 37	6 52
6 Friday	35	30	4 10	7 54
7 Saturday	33	32	4 37	8 32
8 Sunday	31	33	5 1	9 22
9 Monday	29	34	5 25	9 58
10 Tuesday	27	35	5 48	10 32
11 Wednesday	25	37	6 12	11 1
12 Thursday	23	38	6 38	11 33
13 Friday	22	40	7 7	12 18
14 Saturday	20	41	7 41	0 4 21
15 Sunday	18	42	8 20	0 37 24
16 Monday	16	43	9 6	1 13 27
17 Tuesday	15	45	9 59	1 53 30
18 Wednesday	13	46	11 0	2 40 33
19 Thursday	11	47	11 3	3 40 36
20 Friday	9	48	5 4 54	39
21 Saturday	8	50	1 16	6 17 42
22 Sunday	6	52	2 28	7 32 46
23 Monday	4	53	3 50	8 28 49
24 Tuesday	2	54	4 55	9 19 52
25 Wednesday	0	55	6 23	10 3 55
26 Thursday	4 58	56	7 43	10 45 58
27 Friday	5 67	58	9 11	11 27 14
28 Saturday	5 7	60	10 14	12 10 17
29 Sunday	5 4	1 11	11 19	0 56 16
30 Monday	5 27	3	morn	1 45 19

## L. ARTHUR & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
RECEIVERS OF  
Mackerel, Butter, Cheese EGGS  
Poultry, Potatoes, Fruit &  
Vegetables.

142, 144 Commercial Street,  
BOSTON, MASS.  
May 18, 1887.

## MEDICAL.

Dr. Jenkins & Dr. S. B. Jenkins,  
OFFICE:  
GREAT GEORGE STREET,  
Opposite St. Dunstan's Cathedral.  
feb24—2m wky tf wky pat her

## B-O-S-T-O-N

SPRING ARRANGEMENT.  
THE PALACE STEAMERS  
OF THE  
INTERNATIONAL S.S. CO.

Leave St. John for Boston, via Eastport and Port  
land, every Tuesday and Thursday at 8.00 a. m.  
Fare from Charlottetown to Boston, \$6.50, 2nd  
class; \$6.20, 1st class.  
For tickets and other information apply to  
G. A. SHARP, F. W. HALES,  
P. E. I. R. Y., P. E. I. Steam Nav. Co.  
or to your nearest Ticket Agent.  
Feb. 24, 1888—vtd wky

## MORRISON & MUSGRAVE, BROKERS

Commission Merchants,  
HALIFAX.  
Consignments of Island produce will receive  
prompt attention.  
REFERENCES: Thomas Fyche, Esq., Cashier  
Bank of Nova Scotia, Halifax; George  
Macleod, Manager Bank of Nova Scotia  
Charlottetown.

## WARREN & JONES, TEA MERCHANTS,

71 EAST CHEAP AND 9 & 14 MINSING LANE,  
LONDON, ENGLAND.  
Represented in Canada by MORRISON &  
MUSGRAVE, Halifax.  
Oct. 24, 1887—

## ANOTHER LIST.

OUR LAST SPECIAL OFFERS brought hundreds of extra customers to our Store, and in order to still keep up the supply of Bargains, we have prepared a new list, and ask you to read every item.

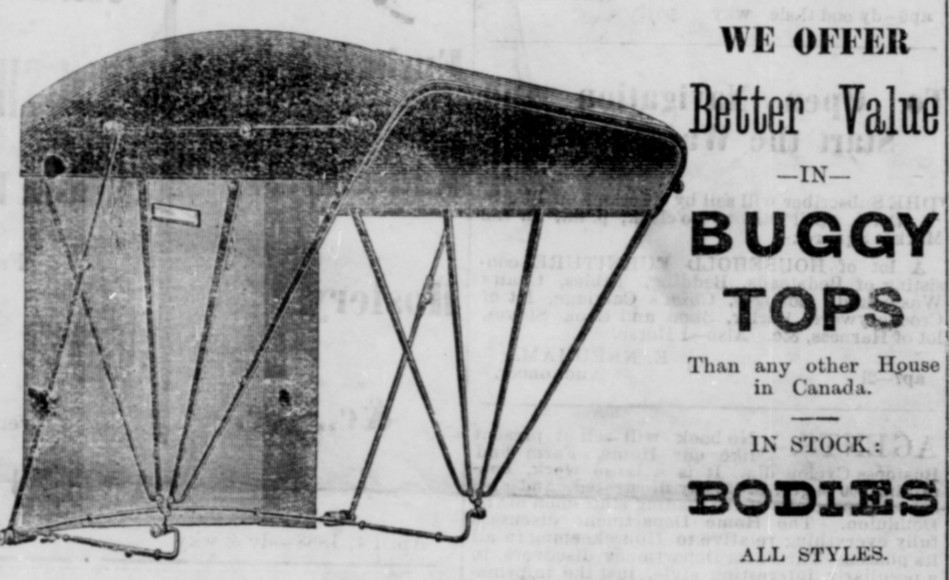
As only a few DOLMANS, REDINGOTES and SACQUES remain, we will, in order to make a clean sweep, offer them at ridiculously low prices—so now is your chance. In FANCY ULSTERS and SACQUE CLOTHS, you can have your choice at large discounts, and in TWEEDS our values are of the very best.

Our DRESS GOODS trade has been very large this season, owing to the excellent value we have been giving; but our new reduced prices we expect to cause a genuine rush. Remember, our Stock is Fresh, and we are offering the most Fashionable Trimmings at Large Discounts, and you only need see them to find just what will suit you.

We are to the front with a Choice Stock of HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES and INSERTIONS, CASH'S FRILLINGS EDGINGS of all kinds, and a Stock of WHITE COTTONS—the best value we have ever offered.

## It Pays to buy your Dry Goods and Millinery at BEER BROS.

Charlottetown, Feb. 10, 1888.—cod & w



WE OFFER  
Better Value  
—IN—  
BUGGY  
TOPS  
Than any other House  
in Canada.

## IN STOCK: BODIES ALL STYLES.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF  
CARRIAGE GOODS  
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

## GENERAL HARDWARE and MILL SUPPLIES. NORTON & FENNELL, City Hardware Store.

Charlottetown, March 5, 1888.

## OVERCOATS, SUITS.

Heavy All-Wool Pants, a Specialty.

## KNIT SHIRTS, ALL STYLES.

## Flannel Shirts, Linders, &c.

ALL AT AWAY DOWN PRICES.

## GEO. E. FULL, SIGN OF THE LION, QUEEN STREET.

Ch'town, Feb. 18, 1888.

## The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Co.

Assets 1st January, 1887. \$38,046,884.56  
Assets in Canada. 673,375.05  
This Company offers every advantage of the most undoubted security, liberal contracts, low rates, and prompt payment of losses to the insured.  
Policies issued for three years on Dwellings, Churches etc., at reduced rates.  
LEONARD MORRIS, Agent, Summerside.  
R. R. FITZGERALD, Agent, Charlottetown.  
February 11, 1888—3m 2aw pd

## Sheriff's Sale.

EDWARD JARVIS HODGSON, surviving Executor of last will and testament of DANIEL HODGSON, Plaintiff,  
and  
LAWRENCE WHELAN, Defendant.

By virtue of a Writ of Statute Execution to me directed, issued out of Her Majesty's Supreme Court of Judicature, at the suit of the said Edward Jarvis Hodgson, surviving Executor of the last will and testament of Daniel Hodgson, against the said Lawrence Whelan, I have taken and seized as the Property of the above-named Defendant, Lawrence Whelan, the following property, namely: All that tract, piece and parcel of land, situate, lying and being on Lot 31 in Queen's County, in Prince Edward Island, bounded and described as follows, that is to say: On the north side, the north-east angle of Plot No. 237, on the west side of a road leading to Stags hope; thence west seventy-three chains, or until it meets the east boundary of a tract of land now or lately in possession of John Auld; thence north twenty chains; thence east seventy-three chains, or until it meets the said road; thence following the course thereof south twenty chains to the place of commencement, containing one hundred and forty-six acres of land, a little more or less, being that described in a certain Indenture of Lease made on the 10th day of November, 1849, between Sir Graham G. Montgomery, of the one part, and Neil McGinnis, of the other part.

Also—All that other tract, piece and parcel of land, situate, lying and being on Lot 31 aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, that is to say: by a line commencing on the west side of the Covehead Road, at a point ten chains south from the north end of a tract of one hundred and twenty-one and three-quarter acres of land, conveyed by the Commissioner of Public Lands to William Brown; it runs thence west, fifty-eight chains and sixty links, or to a tract of seven and three-quarter acres assigned by said Lawrence Whelan to William Brown aforesaid; thence south three chains and three links, thence east to the road; thence north along the road to the place of commencement, containing eighteen acres and one rood of land, a little more or less.

Also—All that other tract, piece and parcel of land, situate, lying and being on Lot 31 aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, that is to say: by a line commencing on the east side of the Covehead Road, in the southern boundary of land conveyed by the Commissioner of Public Lands to William Woodbridge; it runs thence east fifty-four chains; thence south ten chains to land now or formerly in possession of Michael Landrigan; thence west to the road; thence north along the same to the place of commencement, containing fifty-four acres of land, a little more or less.

Also—All that other tract, piece and parcel of land, situate, lying and being on Lot 31 aforesaid, being thirty acres of land, more or less, part of a block of eighty-five acres of land devised by John Auld, deceased, to his son, Edward Auld, bounded and described as follows: Commencing on the west side of the road, in the possession of Michael Landrigan's north division line, and running north by parallel lines to the boundary line in the possession of Benjamin Hughes; bounded on the west by lands now or lately in the possession of Richard Tombs, and also by lands in the possession of the said Lawrence Whelan, and running east by parallel lines to the lands now or lately in possession of Edward Auld, a sufficient distance to include an area of thirty acres, as the same have been or may be possessed by the said Lawrence Whelan, in Queen's County.

And I do hereby give Public Notice that I will, on WEDNESDAY, the twelfth day of September, A. D. 1888, at twelve o'clock, noon, at the Court House in Charlottetown, in the said County, set up and sell by Public Auction, all the above-described properties, or as much thereof as will satisfy the levy marked on said Writ, being the sum of Three Hundred and Thirty Dollars and Eighteen Cents, with interest on Two Hundred and Fifty-nine Dollars and Fifty-five Cents, at seven and one-half per cent, from the eighth day of February, 1888, besides Sheriff's fees and all incidental expenses.

JAMES CURTIS, Sheriff,  
March 27th, A. D. 1888.  
E. J. Hodgson, Plaintiff in person.  
mch31—3l law

## MORTGAGE SALE.

To be sold at Public Auction, on FRIDAY, the Twentieth day of April, A. D. 1888, at Twelve o'clock, noon, at the Court House in Charlottetown, under and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage, bearing date the Fourth day of March, A. D. 1884, and made between Alexander Lemon, of Montague Bridge, of the one part, and Archibald Kennedy, Francis Docherty, and Eliza Dewar, of the other part:

ALL that tract, piece or parcel of Land situate, lying and being at Montague, on Township Number Fifty-two, in King's County, bounded as follows, that is to say: Commencing on the west side of Main Street, at the north-east angle of land in possession of Archibald McLaren, and running thence west along Archibald McLaren's boundary line for a distance of one hundred and ten feet, or until it meets land in possession of John Anner; thence north along said John Anner's east boundary line for a distance of fifty-five feet, or until it meets land in possession of John Dalziel Bell; thence east for a distance of one hundred and ten feet to Main Street; thence south along said street for a distance of fifty-three feet to the place of commencement. Also—All that tract, piece or parcel of land situate at Montague Bridge aforesaid, and bounded as follows, that is to say: Commencing at the north-east angle of a plot of land in possession of Charles D. Poole, and running from thence in a north-westerly direction along the west side of the street leading from Main Street to the new Government Wharf for a distance of fifty feet; thence east for a distance of one hundred and ten feet; thence south parallel with the aforesaid street fifty feet, or until it meets the north boundary of land in possession of Charles D. Poole; thence east along the boundary of the place of commencement, containing one-eighth of an acre, a little more or less. Also—All that other tract, piece or parcel of land situate at Montague, Township Number Fifty-nine, and bounded as follows: Commencing on the south-western side of the road leading from the Ferry Road to Montague Bridge, in the western boundary of lands of farms fronting on that section of the Montague River; thence following said line westwardly ten chains; thence north three degrees west to the Ferry Road; thence east along the same to a continuation of the east boundary of three and three-quarter acres sold to Hugh McPherson, and in the possession of Charles D. Poole; thence north along the same to the Montague River Road, and thence south-eastwardly along the same to the place of commencement, containing eighty acres and one quarter, a little more or less, together with all houses, buildings, rights, members and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining.

Dated this Twentieth day of March, A. D. 1888  
ARCHIBALD KENNEDY,  
FRANCIS DOCHERTY,  
ELIZA DEWAR, Mortgagees.  
mch21—law 11 slc (wed)

## NOTICE.

ALL AMOUNTS due the estate of HARRIS & STEWART must be paid at once to the undersigned, at the office of the London House, or they will be sued for.  
F. W. MOORE, Assignee.  
Ch'town, March 29, 1888.

## THE PIRATE.

By Sir Walter Scott.

CHAPTER XLII.  
(Continued)

The wild ecstasy with which she spoke, so much resembled triumphant insanity, that Merton answered—"Were your pretensions less lofty, and your speeches more plain, I should be better assured of my son's safety."  
"Doubt on, vain sceptic!" said Norma—"And yet know, that not only is our son safe, but vengeance is mine, though I sought it not—vengeance on the powerful implement of the darker influences by whom my schemes were so often thwarted, and even the life of my son endangered.—Yes, take it as a guarantee of the truth of my speech, that Cleveland—the pirate Cleveland—even now enters Kirkwall as a prisoner, and will soon expiate with his life the having shed blood which is of kin to Norma's."  
"Who didst thou say was prisoner?" exclaimed Merton, with a voice of thunder—"Who, woman, didst thou say should expiate his crimes with his life?"  
"Cleveland—the pirate Cleveland!" answered Norma; "and by me, whose counsel he scorned, he has been permitted to meet his fate."  
"Thou most wretched of women!" said Merton, speaking from between his clenched teeth—"Thou hast slain my son as well as thy father!"  
"My son!—what son?—what mean you?" Mordaunt is your son—your only son!" exclaimed Norma—"Is he not?—tell me quickly—is he not?"  
"Mordaunt is indeed my son," said Merton—"The laws, at least, gave him to me as such.—But, O unhappy Ulla! Cleveland is your son as well as mine—blood of our blood, bone of our bone; and if you have given him to death, I will end my wretched life along with him!"  
"Stay—hold—stop, Vaughan!" said Norma—"I am not yet overcome—prove but to me the truth of what you say, I would find help, if I should evoke hell!—But prove your words, else believe them I cannot."  
"Thou help! wretched, overweening woman!—in what have thy combinations and thy stratagems—the legerdemain of lunacy—the mere quackery of insanity—in what have these involved thee?—and yet I will speak to thee as reasonable—nay, I will admit thee as powerful.—Hear then Ulla, the proofs which I demand, and find a remedy, if thou canst: When I fled from Orkney," he continued, after a pause—"it is now five-and-twenty years since—I bore with me the unhappy offspring to whom you had given light. It was sent to me by one of your kinswomen, with an account of your illness, which was soon followed by a generally received belief of your death. I found refuge in Hispaniola, wherein a fair young Spaniard undertook the task of comforter. I married her—she became mother of the youth called Mordaunt Merton."

"You married her!" said Norma, in a tone of deep reproach.  
"I did, Ulla," answered Merton; "but you were avenged. She proved faithless, and her infidelity left me in doubt whether the child she bore had a right to call me father—But I also was avenged."  
"You murdered her!" said Norma, with a dreadful shriek.  
"I did not," said Merton, without a more direct reply, "which made an instant flight from Hispaniola necessary. Your son I carried with me to Tortuga, where we had a small settlement. Mordaunt Vaughan, my son by marriage, about three or four years younger, was residing in Port-Royal, for the advantages of an English education. I resolved never to see him again, but I continued to support him. Our settlement was plundered by the Spaniards, when Clement was but fifteen—Want came to aid despair and a troubled conscience. I became a corsair, and involved Clement in the same desperate trade. His skill and bravery, though then a mere boy, gained him a separate command; and after a lapse of two or three years, while we were on different cruises, my crew rose on me, and left me for dead on the beach of one of the Bermudas. I recovered, however, and my first inquiries, after a tedious illness, were after Clement. He, I heard, had been also marooned by a rebellious crew, and put ashore on a desert isle, to perish with want—I believed he had so perished."  
"And what assures you that he did not?" said Ulla; "or how comes this Cleveland to be identified with Vaughan?"  
"To change a name is common with such adventurers," answered Merton, "and Clement had apparently found that of Vaughan had become too notorious—and this change, in his case, prevented me from hearing any tidings of him. It was then that remorse seized me, and that, detesting all nature, but especially the sex to which Louisa belonged, I resolved to do penance in the wild islands of Zetland for the rest of my life. To subject myself to fasts and to the scourge, was the advice of the holy Catholic priests, whom I consulted. But I devised a nobler penance—I determined to bring with me the unhappy boy Mordaunt, and to keep always before me the living memorial of my misery and my guilt. I have done so, and I have thought over both, till reason has often trembled on her throne. And now, to drive me to utter madness, my Clement—my own, my undoubted son, revives from the dead to be consigned to an infamous death by the machinations of his own mother!"  
"Away, away!" said Norma, with a laugh, when she had heard the story to an end, "this is a legend framed by the old corsair, to interest my aid in favor of a guilty comrade. How could I mistake Mordaunt for my son, their ages being so different?"  
"The dark complexion and manly stature may have done much," said Basil Merton; "strong imagination must have had the rest."  
"But give me proofs—give me proofs that this Cleveland is my son, and believe me, this sun shall sooner sink in the east, than they shall have power to harm a hair of his head."  
"These papers, these journals," said Merton, offering the pocket-book.  
"I cannot read them," she said, after an effort, "my brain is dizzy."  
"Clement had also tokens which you may remember, but they must become the booty of

his captors. He had a silver box with a Runic inscription, with which, in far other days, you presented me—a golden chaplet."  
"A box!" said Norma, hastily; "Cleveland gave me one a day since—I have never looked at it till now."  
Eagerly she pulled it out—eagerly examined the legend on the lid, and as eagerly exclaimed—"they may now indeed call me Reimkenner, for by this rhyme I know myself murderer of my son, as well as of my father!"

The conviction of the strong delusion under which she had labored, was so overwhelming, that she sank down at the foot of one of the pillars—Merton shouted for help, though in despair of receiving any; the sexton, however, entered, and, hopeless of all assistance from Norma, the distracted father rushed out, to learn, if possible, the fate of his son.

(To be Continued.)

## The Farm Paramount.

BY UNCLE SILAS.

Are you homing on the farm, with fair to middling prospects of one day becoming its owner? Stick to your moorings, my lad, nor let any of the blandishments of time allure you away from your heritage. What is that heritage? The best, strongest and most enduring bank in Christendom; stable as the solid earth of which it forms a part, impervious to fire, wind or water. Come woe or woe: stocks may fail, manufacturers go to wreck, mercantile houses crash, and general commercial devastation follow, but there still stands the farm as steadily as ever, and waiting to return with manifold interest any kindness and attention bestowed upon it.

"There's no money," say you? What is there money in? The professions! For every professional man reaching a competence, ninety can barely live, my boy; and for ninety bare live there are nine hundred and ninety (preachers alone perhaps excepted) who cannot earn three square meals a day and pay for them. The country, the civilized world, is overstocked, saturated, surfeited with the professions, my boy. They are more than a drug, they are a bane upon the market. You would be a teacher? Worse and worse. There are scores and scores of teachers now for each school to be taught, and the supply continues to increase rather than diminish the proportion. A merchant? No better. Read Bradstreet's failure reports from day to day and week to week, and you will be cured. "Oh, but you wouldn't fail!" Wouldn't, eh? That is tantamount to saying you are blessed with superior brains to those of the average business man—and there is just where you make your mistake. "We're a Jock Tamson's bairns" my boy. With extremely rare exceptions human talents are pretty evenly distributed. And anyway, no amount of brain-power can unnaturalize nature by filling that which is already full. "You would like to be a mechanic." Well, there may be something in that aspiration, though, mind you, not very much comparatively. No man under the blue canopy is more entitled to respect and a good living than the industrious mechanic. But good livings do not necessarily follow respect. On the contrary, there is frequently an abundance of the one without any appreciable quantity of the other—particularly in times of general depression. At all events I fancy you will meet with but very few tradesmen in your experience who would not willingly exchange places with you. No, my boy, take your experienced uncle's advice. Stick to the farm. Cherish it, cultivate and prize it as amongst the most beneficent gifts the Almighty has bestowed on mankind. Taken all in all, for the development of a pure and independent mind in a healthy body, combined with the absolute certainty of at least comfort if not competence in this life, there is nothing like the farm.

## Roumania.

The firm tone maintained by king Charles of Roumania towards the factious opponents of his Government will have a good effect. There is reason to believe that Russian intrigue had its share in promoting the demonstration that was to take place on the 1st inst., and had the authorities permitted it they would have been simply encouraging foreign aggression. Naturally the Austro-Roumanian alliance has been a sharp rebuff to Russian agents and sympathizers. The attempt to stir up popular feeling against the King and his ministry was a proceeding for which there was already precedent in Bulgaria. The King deserves credit for promptly setting his foot on any such manoeuvres. He refused even to discuss the situation with the Opposition leaders so long as the least sign of disorder was visible. The members of the chamber who had taken part in the late riots were arrested. The Opposition, consequently, moved vote of censure against the Government and appointed Sunday, the 1st inst., for a great indignation meeting. But the censure was rejected by 87 to 36 and the meeting did not take place.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain; and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind mar 8 eod & wky

TEA AT MONTAGUE.—Please bear in mind that on the 27th of June next the Tea of the season will be held at Montague, in aid of the Methodist Church, which it is expected will then be well on towards completion. Notices of special attractions to the Tea will appear in the papers in due time. 1m—mch15