

Baby Literature.

ALWAYS BEAUTIFUL.—At a festival party of old and young, the question was asked which season of life is most happy? After being freely discussed by the guests it was referred for answer to the host, upon whom was the burden of four score years. He asked if they had noticed a grove of trees before the dwelling, and said, "When the spring comes and in the soft air the buds are breaking on the trees and they are covered with blossoms, I think, how beautiful is spring! And when summer comes, and covers the trees with its heavy foliage, and singing birds are among the branches, I think how beautiful is summer! When autumn loads them with golden fruit, and their leaves bear the gorgeous tint of fruit, I think how beautiful is autumn! And when it is sore winter, and there is neither foliage nor fruit, then I look up, and through the leafless branches as I could never until now, I see the stars shine through.—Dr. Adams.

PUNISHMENT OF IMPUDENCE.—A lawyer stopped at a cottage to enquire his way. The woman of the house told him he must keep on straight for some time, then turn to the right; but said that she herself was going to pass the road he must take, and that if he would wait a few moments till she could get her horse ready, she would show him the way.—"Well," said he, "bad company is better than none—make haste." After jogging on five or six miles, the gentleman asked if they had come to the road he must take?—"Oh yes," said she, "we have passed it two or three miles, but I thought bad company was better than none so I took you along with me."

UNIVERSAL EQUALITY.—There is but one way to universal equality to man, and that is to regard every honest employment as honourable; and then for every man to learn, in whatsoever state he may be, therewith to be content, to fulfil with strict fidelity the duties of his station, and to make every condition a post of honour.

Parents who write with their own pencils lines of Heaven upon the fresh tablets of their children's hearts—who trust not to the hands of hirelings the first, holiest, most indelible impressions—will usually find less than others to blot when the scroll is finished, and less to mourn for when they read it in eternity.

SUCCESS.—The secret of success—what is it? In this country, among people who are equally protected and encouraged it lies in the steady pursuit of intelligence, industry, temperance and frugality. There is no royal road to success.—The path is often the humblest.

THE FIRST WIG.—St. Louis lost his hair in Palestine, and when Queen Bianca saw him thus denuded she was sorely vexed. However, she bethought herself of a remedy which was to cut off a lock from the head of every courtier; these she sewed carefully together, and thus made the first wig.

"My friend," said the Rev. Sidney Smith to a cobbler who was mending his shoe, when the great wit was a poor curate in Gloucestershire, "you remind me of the sacred ordinance of matrimony." "How so?" quoth the cobbler. "Because you bind two souls together in unity."

A gentleman being asked by a clergyman why he did not attend the evening prayer meetings, said he could not leave the children. "What! have you no servants?" "Yes," he replied, "we have two servants who keep the house and board us, but we have few privileges."

There is a good deal of the brute in man. For example, he is generally dogmatic, often pusillanimous, and sometimes easily cow-ed; occasionally categorical, and is always ready to be made a "lion" by a gentleman.

A gentleman having occasion to call on a lawyer, found his office very hot. He remarked the great heat of the apartment, and said "it was hot as an oven." "So it ought to be," replied the lawyer, "for 'tis here I make my bread."

A great physician gives it as his opinion that the brain is not injured by intemperate drinking, as is generally supposed; for, he adds, "a man given to intemperance in that way, cannot have any brains."

"What! are you tipsy again?"—"No, my dear, not tipsy, but a little slippery. Some second-hand has been rubbing my boots till they are as smooth as a pane of glass."

"I hold it to be a fact" said Pascal, "that if all persons knew what they said of each other, there would not be any friends in the world."

A simple old lady on observing a beautiful cemetery, remarked that she considered it a healthy place to be buried in.

What is the difference between a watchmaker and a sentinel?—The one keeps hours by the watch the watch by the hours.

A wagish editor says that the streets of one of the Western cities are to be lighted with red-headed girls. We'd like to hug the lamp posts.

A talkative man neither hears nor is heard. He won't listen to others, nor they to him.

We have generally a much stronger curiosity to know what is said, than to know what is true.

An honest man is believed without an oath, for his reputation swears for him.

Why is the freight of a ship like a locomotive?—Because it makes the car-go.

When does a woman's tongue go quickest?—When it is on a railway.

A SMOOTH BORE.—Young Hopeful's chin when his beard won't grow.

The best "Ladies Companion."—Her Husband.

Agricultural.

EIGHT REASONS FOR PLANTING AN ORCHARD

1. Dr. Wright used to remark to his pupils at Yale, that the raising of fruit was the cheapest and pleasantest way of entertaining one's friends. We are creatures of society, and it is a very important object to make the social board attractive to all who honor us with their friendship. A dish of well-ground apples is wholesome and acceptable.

2. An orchard is an ornament to the farm, beautiful in its spring blossoms, its summer drapery of green and its Autumn burden of yellow and ruddy fruit. No farm is complete without its acres of orchard.

3. The cultivation of fruit is a very pleasant occupation, and has an important influence upon the mind and heart of the cultivator. It requires higher intelligence than the growing of the annual crops. It fosters forecast and hopefulness, and tends to a cheerful temper.

4. It makes home attractive.—Children are universally fond of fruit, and the home where this luxury is always enjoyed will be made loved on that account. It will be in pleasant contrast with many homes around them.

5. It will tend to guard children against vice and crime. So strong is their desire for fruit that they may steal if it be not provided for them at home; and the boy that grows up plundering his neighbours fruit-yard and orchard is very likely to steal more valuable things when he becomes a man.

6. It is a very sure investment. An apple tree, if well planted, is about as hardy as an oak, and sure to bear fruit according to labor bestowed upon it. When houses burn up, and banks fail, and railroad stocks depreciate, the orchard will yield dividends.

7. It is not only a sure investment for yourself but for your children. No real estate in their inheritance is likely to be so permanently valuable. An orchard in good soil will bear fruit for a hundred years.

8. It is a perpetual excitement of thanksgiving towards the bountiful Creator. It yields its burden of precious fruit, year after year, giving large returns for the labors of the husbandmen, and calling him to behold the wisdom and goodness of Providence. Do not fail to plant that long-deferred orchard, and while you are about it select good and marketable fruit. The best is the cheapest.

WORK FOR THE WEEK

Grafts. Look after the grafts set this year or they will be blown out. If they make too strong growth pinch in the leading shoots.

Mowing. Improve the good weather even if your grass is not quite ripe enough, for the old rule is a good one, "Make hay when the sun shines." The weather is not usually so good later in the month. Don't dry your hay too much. When you mow by hand manage to do it morning and evening as much as possible, to save yourself and hired man, for it is hard hot work to mow in the middle of a hot day. Cock up your hay when it is hot, and before night it will make some in the cock so put up. If you are obliged to get your hay into the barn a little slack dry, give it some salt. Start out early in the morning and don't be afraid to work twice eight hours if it be necessary to secure the hay.

Weeds.—Let all the spare time be spent in hoeing, and use the cultivator, that the weeds may be rooted out and destroyed. It is better to hire extra help and do the hoeing and weeding even in haying time than to neglect it altogether and lose your crop.

Carrots, beets, &c.—In weeding root crops, thin them out. If the mangold wuzel is grown, give it plenty of room. More pounds of roots will be raised in this way than by crowding; eight inches to a foot apart is near enough where the land has been well manured and the mangolds have got a good start.

Test of the Ripeness of grain. From Jackson's Agriculture and Dairy Husbandry, we extract the following test of grain, (wheat, barley and oats), for harvesting:—The ripeness of grain is shown by the straw assuming the golden color from the bottom of the straw nearly to the ear; or when the ear begins to droop gently, the wheat may be cut. Although the straw may be green from the ear for some distance down the stem, yet, if it be quite yellow at the bottom, and for some distance upwards, the grain requires no further nourishment from the earth, and if properly harvested will not shrink.

Mails.

Summer Arrangement.

THE MAILS for the United Kingdom, the neighboring Provinces, United States, &c., will, until further notice, be made up and forwarded from the General Post Office, Charlottetown, as follows, viz:—

For Canada, New Brunswick and the United States, via St. John's, every MONDAY evening at 8 o'clock, and every FRIDAY morning at 8 o'clock.

For Nova Scotia, via Pictou, every MONDAY and THURSDAY morning at 9, and via Brule every WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY evening at 8 o'clock.

Mails for Great Britain, Newfoundland and the West Indies, every alternate MONDAY morning at 9, and every alternate WEDNESDAY evening at 8 o'clock, as follows:—

Monday, May 20 Monday, July 1  
Wednesday " 22 Wednesday " 3  
Monday, June 3 Monday, " 15  
Wednesday, " 5 Wednesday " 17  
Monday, " 17 Monday, " 29  
Wednesday, " 19 Wednesday, " 31

T. OWEN, P. M. G.  
General Post Office, Cl' Town, }  
May 20, 1867.

Renewals!

12,000 PIECES ROOM PAPERING, good patterns.  
For sale cheap by  
R. A. STRONG & BROR.  
Summerside, May 9, 1867.

1867 Eureka House. 1867

BY recent arrivals from ENGLAND, UNITED STATES and CANADA, the subscriber has completed his Spring Importations of DRY GOODS, Groceries & Hardware, which have been bought on the best terms, in the best Markets, and will be sold at a small advance, for CASH or APPROVED CREDIT.

An inspection of the same is respectfully invited by intended purchasers.

Dry Goods:

Both Staple and Fancy, a good selection, suitable for the season.

Groceries:

The very best English GROCERIES always kept.

Hardware:

Best Scotch Refined Iron, all sizes; Steel, Nails, Zinc, Sheet Lead, Lead Pipe, and all necessary BUILDING MATERIAL; Springs, Axles, Bolts, and Carriage Makers material in excellent variety.

Flour and Cornmeal:

Just received from MONTREAL, per Schooner *Sau Bientre*.

50 Bbls. Extra Canada FLOUR, 50 " Superfine Do. 100 " CORNMEAL (Kiln dried) 50 Bags CORN, 10 Boxes Tobacco, 20 Sides Sool Leather, &c. &c.

which for Cash will be sold below the Market rates. —ALSO—

Have just received per *Lotus*, from LONDON, 23 Chests of that

Congou Tea

which in quality and price continues still to defy competition.  
C. C. GARDINER,  
Summerside, June 13, 1867.

Card.

JOHN F. BAKER

Most respectfully announces to the inhabitants of SUMMERSIDE and the County generally, that he has taken the Shop lately occupied by H. & J. RAMSAY, on Central Street,

where he has just opened a New, Fashionable and Extensive Stock of DRY GOODS,

OF The Latest Styles!

which for quality and price defies competition, and respectfully requests all persons desirous of purchasing GOODS to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

—ALSO—

Expected in a few days from Halifax, TEA, SUGAR, MOLASSES, SOAP, Tobacco, Candles, Vinegar, Kerosene Oil, Raisins, Currants, Rice, Dried Apples, Dye Stuffs, Spices, &c. All will be sold cheaper than any in this Town.  
Summerside, June 6, 1867.

Flour, Tea, Wines, Spirits, GROCERIES, &c., &c., &c.

THE Subscriber has received, and has on hand, the following GOODS, which he offers for sale at his Store, in Water Street:

Bbls. FLOUR, (Extra Superfine and Fine) Bbls. CORNMEAL, Puncheons Strong Demerara RUM, Bbls. GIN, Qtr. Casks SHERRY, Do. do. PORT WINE, Do. do. PALE BRANDY, Do. do. BROWN BRANDY, Do. do. SCOTCH BRANDY, Cases PALE BRANDY, Do. BROWN do. Do. SCOTCH WHISKY, Do. Old Tom GIN, Do. CONFECTIONARY, Bbls. Washing SODA, Boxes SOAP, Cases Composition Candles, Cases Blacklead, Casks BOILED OIL, Coils Manila Rope, (assorted sizes), Coils Hemp Rope, (assorted sizes), Boxes PIPES, Kegs Mustard, Boxes Starch, &c., &c., &c.

DOUGLASS M. HARRINGTON,  
Water Street, Charlottetown, }  
June 20, 1867.—3m

NEW GOODS!! ALBION HOUSE!

THE numerous friends of the above well known Establishment are hereby informed that the usual

SEASONABLE STOCK,

which now embraces all the requisites for the Spring & Summer TRADE,

R. A. STRONG & BROR.  
Summerside, June 13, 1867.

Removal.

The subscriber has removed to Harry C. Green's Store, where he offers for sale a large assortment of

Fancy and Staple GOODS.

FINLAY McNEILL,  
Summerside, June 27, 1867.—4f

BRITISH PERIODICALS.

The London Quarterly Review (Conservative) The Edinburgh Review (Whig). The Westminster Review (Radical). North British Review (Free Church). AND

Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory)

These foreign periodicals are regularly published by us in the same style as heretofore. Those who know them and have long sub-scribed to them, need no reminder; those whom the civil war of the last few years has deprived of their once welcome supply of the best of their literature, will be glad to have them again within their reach; and those who may never yet have met with them, will assuredly be well pleased to receive accredited reports of the progress of European science and literature.

TERMS FOR 1867.

For any one of the Reviews \$4.00 per annum  
For any two of the Reviews 7.00 "  
For any three of the Reviews 10.00 "  
For all four of the Reviews 12.00 "  
For Blackwood's Magazine 4.00 "  
For Blackwood & one Review 7.00 "  
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews 10.00 "  
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews 13.00 "  
For Blackwood and the four Reviews 15.00 "

CLUBS.

A discount of twenty per cent. will be allowed to clubs of four or more persons. Thus, four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent to one address for \$12.80. Four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood, for \$48.00, and so on.

POSTAGE.

When sent by mail, the POSTAGE to any part of the United States will be but twenty-four cents a year for "Blackwood," and but eight cents a year for each of the Reviews.

PREMIUMS TO NEW SUBSCRIBERS.

New Subscribers to any two of the above periodicals for 1867, will be entitled to receive gratis any one of the "Four Reviews" for 1866. New Subscribers to all five of the Periodicals for 1867, may receive, gratis, Blackwood or any two of the "Four Reviews" for 1866.

These premiums will be allowed on all new subscriptions received before April 1, 1867.

Subscribers may also obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz:—

The North British from January, 1863, to December, 1866, inclusive; the Edinburgh and the Westminster from April, 1864, to December, 1866, inclusive; and the London Quarterly for the years 1865 and 1866, at the rate of 1.50 a year for each or any Review; also Blackwood for 1866, for \$2.50.

Neither premiums to Subscribers, nor discount to Clubs, nor reduced prices for back numbers, can be allowed, unless the money is remitted direct to the Publishers.

No premium can be given to Clubs.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING CO., 88, Walker Street, N. Y.

The L. S. PUB CO. also publish the Farmers' Guide,

by Henry Stephens, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. Norton, of Yale College, 2 vols., Royal Octavo, 1600 pages and numerous Engravings. Price \$7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post paid, \$8.

PRINCE COUNTY TOBACCO FACTORY.

THE SUBSCRIBER would announce to his friends, customers and the public, that he has, at a considerable outlay for new moulds and machinery, so enlarged and improved the capacity of his FACTORY

In Summerside, that he is now enabled to turn out an article of

NATURAL LEAF TOBACCO.

equal to the very best, and superior to most Tobacco imported, which he will warrant in EVERY RESPECT, and will sell nearly Twenty per cent. Cheaper than it can be imported into the Island.

FLAT OR ROUND TOBACCO furnished to suit the taste of buyers. Try it and judge for yourselves. Dealers supplied on liberal terms.

Be sure to ask for REILLY'S PRINCE COUNTY NATURAL LEAF, and take none other. Remember that the PRINCE COUNTY TOBACCO FACTORY turns out nothing but the BEST KIND OF TOBACCO.

PATRICK REILLY,  
Summerside Dec. 6, 1866.

WHAT THE PEOPLE WANT! A Watchmaker at Alberton!!

THE Subscriber wishes to inform the inhabitants of ALBERTON and vicinity, that he has located on CENTRE STREET, and would be pleased to receive a call.

Bring in your Clocks and Watches and have them adjusted. Clocks will be carefully fastened when taken home so that no injury will occur. The ladies will remember that here is the chance to get their jewelry repaired.  
GEO. I. MOORE,  
Alberton, Feb. 28, 1867.

Just in Time FOR THE SPRING TRADE!!

The Subscriber has opened a Tailoring Establishment!

In Mr. H. J. RICHARDSON'S Old Stand, which he trusts will be the real Fashionable one of Summerside. If an accurate fit, a stylish cut, and superior workmanship can ensure custom, he flatters himself he can do so without patronage from the fastidious and discerning. Every trade requires brains, and none more so than the art of cutting and making up a garment; but some people seem to cut coats that require no more judgment to cut than to hew a log—an erroneous idea, the effects of which are seen in the tasteless and ill-fitting garments we every day behold in the streets. There is no earthly reason to prevent us Provincialists from being as elegantly and fashionably dressed as the Americans, and the subscriber will use his best endeavors to reach a "consummation so devoutly to be wished."

JAMES GAFFNEY,  
late Cutter at Mr. H. J. Richardson's Clothing Store,  
Summerside, May 23, 1867.

Fishermen take Notice.

THE subscriber offers for sale, at a low rate for CASH, 350 New Mackerel Barrels, 22 Barrels Prime POGIES, 2 Second-Hand BAIT MILLS, 1000 Bushels Liverpool and Turks Island SALT.

JAMES L. HOLMAN,  
British & American House,  
Summerside May 23, 1867.

LANDS FOR SALE

Leasehold Farm for Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER offers for sale that VALUABLE LEASEHOLD FARM, at present occupied by him, situated in Lot 16, about six miles from the town of Summerside, and fronting on Richmond Bay. It consists of 120 acres of Leasehold, 40 acres of Freehold, and 11 acres of good marsh land. Seventy acres are cleared and in a very high state of cultivation, the remainder is covered with hard and soft wood, and some cedar. There is a DWELLING HOUSE and BARN, with other out-buildings on the premises; a well of water at the door, a splendid orchard, and other conveniences. There is any quantity of mussels and oysters, and saw mills adjoining it.

The above property offers a good inducement to any person wanting a farm, and possession will be given immediately. Now is the time to come and look at it.  
JOSEPH METHERRALL,  
Lot 16, July 11, 1867. 2m

Valuable Freehold Farm. FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale 150 acres of improved LAND, together with an excellent DWELLING HOUSE, BARN, and GRANARY, with a splendid brook running across the centre of the farm. This valuable property is situated in the flourishing settlement of Upper Freetown, Lot 25, and is within a quarter of a mile from the Wesleyan Chapel, School House, and Post Office.

Should any person wish to purchase the part of the farm with the buildings, or the whole, he can do so, and part of the money may remain on security of the property. For further particulars apply to the Subscriber on the premises.  
GEORGE CROSBY,  
Upper Freetown, April 4, 1867. 3m

Who Wants a Cottage?

Pleasantly situated in Summerside or Bedouque.

FOR SALE, A HOUSE and LOT, pleasantly situated on CENTRAL STREET, nearly opposite the Presbyterian Church, in Summerside. The House is finished, and is 36 x 26 feet, and is 1 1/2 story high. Size of Lot 66 feet on Central Street, running back 132 feet. Terms easy, and made known at BERTRAM'S Bookstore,  
Summerside, March 28, 1867. 4f

FOR SALE! A Building Lot and Lime Kiln, at Stanley Bridge.

For terms apply to  
J. M. LYDIARD,  
Clifton, New London, June 27, 1867.—4f

TO BE SOLD BY PRIVATE CONTRACT.

ONE of the best BUSINESS STANDS in PRINCE COUNTY, situated at WILMOT CREEK BRIDGE, Lot 19, only two and a half miles from Summerside—by land or by water, lately in possession of Mr. John Waters, Carriage-maker, containing a quarter of an acre of LAND, a WORK-SHOP, 20 x 40 feet—15 foot post—well fitted up and in good order. This place is well adapted for either a Carriage or Blacksmith Shop; and having a front on the sea-shore, makes it a very beautiful place.

For further particulars apply to  
A. WAUGH & BROR.  
Summerside, June 27, 1867. 4f

Carriage Factory!!

Head of Queen Street, CHARLOTTETOWN.

THE Subscribers beg leave to acquaint the public that, having entered into a Co-Partnership, they are prepared to execute all orders in the

CARRIAGE, SLEIGH, OR

Blacksmith Business, and having each had considerable experience, they are able to turn out a FIRST CLASS Carriage or Sleigh.

Repairing of all kinds, together with all other work appertaining to their line of business, will be attended to.

Send in your orders immediately  
PROUD & McCOUBREY,  
Queen Street, Charlottetown,  
Jan. 10, 1867. 1y

Symonds' Patent Burner & Peto'eum Fluid!

and Circular Wick. Be't, safest, cheapest.

NO MORE LAMP EXPLOSIONS!! NO MORE BROKEN CHIMNEYS!! NO MORE SMOKY LAMPS!!! VERY LITTLE ODOR!!!!

For sale by  
JAMES L. HOLMAN,  
Summerside, Oct. 18, 1866.

Brandy on Consignment.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Helen Malcolm," from LIVERPOOL,

2 Bbls. } Best BRANDY.  
5 qr. Casks. }

CARVELL BROTHERS,  
Cl' Town, June 20, 1867.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

Cough Cold or Sore Throat, REQUIRES IMMEDIATE ATTENTION, AND SHOULD BE CHECKED, IF ALLOWED TO CONTINUE.

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Affection, or an Incurable Lung Disease IS OFTEN THE RESULT.

Brown's Bronchial Troches HAVING A DIRECT INFLUENCE TO THE PARTS, GIVE IMMEDIATE RELIEF.

For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases, TROCHES are used with always good success. SINGERS AND PUBLIC SPEAKERS will find Troches useful in clearing the voice when taken before Singing or Speaking, and relieving the throat after an unusual exertion of the vocal organs. The Troches are recommended and prescribed by Physicians, and have had testimonials from eminent men throughout the country: Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than other articles.

OBTAIN ONLY "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the Worthless imitations that may be offered.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

New Triumphs of Roger's Medicines.

Run your eye over them and tell your officiate neighbor about it.

PARRSBOURGH, CUMBERLAND CO., June 22, 1863.

MESSRS. ROGERS & Co.

Gentlemen—I hereby certify that about twelve years ago, a small lump began to grow on my breast, and continued growing until 1859. It attained the size of a small hen's egg, and began to ulcerate, causing great pain, and reducing my body to a mere skeleton, rendering me altogether unable to do my work. I applied to the two resident doctors at Pugwash (where I then resided), both of whom recommended a surgical operation. Feeling reluctant to undergo the suffering of such an operation, I applied to a man who called himself an Herb Doctor. I used his plasters until I became satisfied that they were of no use to me. I then applied to and procured some of your medicine to take inwardly. After a few months trial, I began to get better, and the ulcer on my breast commenced healing so fast that in seven months from the time I commenced using your Ointment and medicine, I was enabled to attend to my ordinary occupation; and now I am happy to say I am hearty and well. I have no hesitation in saying that, under God, I owe my present state of health to your treatment. If this simple statement will be of any service to you, you are at liberty to make it public, as every word of it can be vouched for by those who know how I suffered. I remain your much obliged servant,

ANGUS MCGILVERY,  
Master Shipwright.

WALLACE RIVER, Cumberland Co., May 20, 1863.

MESSRS ROGERS & Co

I feel it a duty I owe to you, and to suffering humanity, to state that your medicine has effected a cure of a very severe case of Cancer in the breast of my wife. The cancer began to appear about five years ago,