

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1890.

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#7 Advt. at most moderate rates.
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ALMANAC FOR FEBRUARY, 1890.

MOON'S CHANGES.
Full Moon, 4th day, 9h., 1.0m., p. m., S. E.
Last Quarter, 17th day, 2h., 38.5m., p. m., W.,
below horizon.
New Moon, 19th day, 6h., 15.2m., a. m., E.,
below horizon.
First Quarter, 26th day, 9h., 53.9m., a. m., E.,
below horizon.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Moon	High Day
1 Saturday	7 28 5	0 1 53	8 24 9 32
2 Sunday	26	1 2 47	9 9 35
3 Monday	25	3 3 40	9 52 38
4 Tuesday	24	5 4 47	10 29 41
5 Wednesday	22	6 5 51	11 4 44
6 Thursday	21	8 6 55	11 37 47
7 Friday	19	9 8 1	12 40 50
8 Saturday	18	11 9 7	0 43 53
9 Sunday	16	12 10 13	1 16 56
10 Monday	15	14 11 21	1 54 59
11 Tuesday	13	15 12 30	2 37 0 2
12 Wednesday	12	17 0 32	3 32 5
13 Thursday	10	20 2 57	6 15 8
14 Friday	7	21 4 7	7 39 14
15 Saturday	6	23 5 11	8 45 17
16 Sunday	4	24 6 4	9 36 20
17 Monday	3	26 6 50	10 28 23
18 Tuesday	1	27 7 24	11 10 26
19 Wednesday	1	28 7 54	11 50 29
20 Thursday	6 59	28 8 19	12 30 32
21 Friday	57	30 8 44	0 28 35
22 Saturday	56	32 8 44	0 28 36
23 Sunday	54	34 9 7	1 5 40
24 Monday	51	35 9 31	1 44 44
25 Tuesday	49	37 9 5	2 27 48
26 Wednesday	47	39 10 30	3 18 52
27 Thursday	45	40 11 8	4 23 55
28 Friday	7 44	5 41 11 50	5 38 10 59

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

GET A BOTTLE OF
Johnson's Cough Syrup,
PRICE 25 CENTS,
—AT—
A. S. JOHNSON'S DRUG STORE
Corner of Kent and Prince Streets.
Jan 17

JOHN T. MELLISH,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary
Public, &c.,
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND.

OFFICE—London House Building,
(Davies' Corner), Queen St.

All kinds of Legal Business promptly attended to.
Money to Loan at low interest.

E. S. BLANCHARD, M. D.,
Member M. P. A., G. B. and Ireland,
OFFICE:
Corner Pownall and Water Streets.
TELEPHONE.
nov22—wky 3m pd

MONTAGUE DRUG STORE,
MONTAGUE BRIDGE.

JOHN T. ROBISON,
Druggist and Chemist,
HAS always on hand Pure Drugs, Chemicals,
Patent Medicines, Spices, etc.
Also, Fancy Articles and Christmas Goods.
PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS carefully and promptly filled.
ROBISON'S BLOOD CLEANSER, for
Horses and Cattle, has no superior, and is
highly recommended by horse fanciers and
farmers throughout the country.
nov22—wky 3m pd

JAMES A. MORRISON. GEORGE MUSGRAVE

MORRISON & MUSGRAVE,
BROKERS
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
HALIFAX.

Consignments of Island produce will receive
prompt attention.
REFERENCERS: Thomas Pyrie, Esq., Cashier
Bank of Nova Scotia, Halifax; D. C.
Chalmers, Manager Bank of Nova Scotia
Charlottetown.

WARREN & JONES,
TEA MERCHANTS,
LONDON, ENGLAND.
Represented in Canada by MOUNTON &
MUSGRAVE, Halifax.
Oct. 24, 1887.

Return Visit to P. E. I.,

—OF THE—
CHIEF CONSULTING SURGEON,
Now of the Council of Medical Specialists, with
Canadian Headquarters in Montreal.

CONSULT HIM FREE, AS PER APPOINTMENTS BELOW.

Health is the Greatest of Blessings:
HE WILL REMAIN AT
CHARLOTTETOWN—Hotel Davies, till the
1st March.
HUNTER RIVER—Bagnall's Hotel, March
3rd and 4th.
SUMMERSIDE—Clifton Hotel, March 5th
to 8th.
VICTORIA, CRAPAUD—Johnson's Hotel,
March 9th and 10th.
ALBERTON—Mrs. Bell's Hotel, March
12th.
TIGNISH—Capt. Gallant's Hotel, March
13th and 14th.
SOURIS—Cox's Hotel, March 17th and
18th.
MOUNT STEWART—Mrs. Clark's Hotel,
March 19th and 20th.
MONTAGUE BRIDGE—Mrs. McDonald's
Hotel, March 21st and 22nd.
GEORGETOWN—Mrs. A. Aitkin's Hotel,
March 24th and 25th.

If troubled with any PRIVATE or CHRONIC disease DONT DELAY, but CONSULT
AT ONCE A SPECIALIST who CAN CURE you if it is possible for you to be cured.
Much permanent illness is brought about from the simple fact of ignorance in the
management of our own bodies. Many serious troubles might have been prevented by consulting
a specialist of known ability at the proper time. That well-known axiom, "a stitch in time
saves nine," may be applied to the practice of medicine in the treatment of diseases of the
most painful and dangerous nature. If the first warning symptoms are observed, and brought
to the notice of a competent specialist, the final (and often fatal) permanent disease might
have been prevented.

But even if such a chronic condition is present, it is always possible to alleviate and often
possible to arrest the progress of the disease, and thus make an otherwise miserable existence
a happy one, by consulting one who has devoted years of his life to the treatment of chronic
ailments.

To Treat Private and Chronic Diseases Successfully
not only requires special ability, but also an extensive experience, and as thousands of rare
and obscure cases are yearly treated by them, aided by all that medical science of to-day
affords, it can readily be seen why it is that they are so successful in the curing of all Private
and Chronic Diseases, Syphilis, Catarrh, Asthma, Consumption, Heart Disease, Dyspepsia,
Kidney, Liver and Bowel Diseases, Piles, Rheumatism, Cancer, Tumor, Varicose Veins,
Ulcers, Deafness, Sore and Weak Eyes, Blood and Skin Diseases, Fits, Female Complaints,
Nervousness, Stammering, Bashfulness, General Debility, and all Diseases of the Nervous
System, are among their principal specialties.

The Special Remedies used for DIABETES Mellitus never fail to Cure
It will be for your interest, if sick or unwell, to consult the Consulting Surgeon, who
has had years of experience in treating the above-named diseases. All cases that have come
under his personal supervision have rarely if ever failed to be benefited or cured.
Laboratory—Notre Dame Street. Corresponding Department—494 St. Urbain Street,
Montreal, P. Q.
DR. GEG. A. RAYNES, President and Medical Director.
February 19, 1890—dy & wky ff

LONDON HOUSE!

NEW SPRING GOODS
JUST OPENED.

New Embroiderys
New Prints, New Prints.
New Shirtings, New Shirtings,
New Gingham, New Gingham,
New Sheetings, New Sheetings,
New Pillow Cottons,
New Tweeds, New Tweeds.
New Worsted, New Worsted,

HARRIS & STEWART,

Charlottetown, Feb 12, 1890—
The Liverpool and London and Globe
INSURANCE COMPANY,
ASSETS, THIRTY-NINE MILLION DOLLARS,
Are now Doing a GENERAL FIRE INSURANCE Business on the Island,
Risks taken at Lowest Rates. Liberal Policies issued
Prompt Settlements made. Apply to
R. R. FITZGERALD,
AGENT.
Charlottetown, Jan. 7, 1890—3m 2w pd

Herring.

70 Barrels Prime Herring,
40 Quintals Colfish.
E. H. NORTON & CO.
feb18-6i eod.

BRAN.
IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE:—Ontario
Roller Mills Bran, excellent quality,
selling low.
AULD BROS.,
1004—3m 2w dy & wky

SCHOONERS FOR SALE.

SCHR. "CEYLON" 95 tons, and Schr.
"ANNIE E. PAINT" 81 tons. The
former will be six years old on March 21st,
and the latter five years old in June next.
Both these vessels have up to the present
time been engaged in the fishing business, and
are well found in Sails, etc.
For further particulars and price please
apply to
PETER PAINT & SONS,
Port Hawkesbury, C. B.
feb17

HAVE YOU GOT THE GRIP?

WHEN USE HAWKER'S TOLU AND
CHERRY BALSAM. It acts like a
charm. Also use Hawker's Pills with it.
Price 50 cents.

HAVE YOU HAD THE GRIP?

Then use HAWKER'S NERVE AND
STOMACH TONIC to build up and strength-
en the system. It is the best invigorator.
Price 50 cents. For sale by Druggists and
General Dealers. eod & wky—feb17

Notice of Meeting.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of
the Shareholders of the Merchants' Bank
of P. E. Island, for the election of Directors
and receiving a statement of the affairs of the
Bank, will be held at the Banking Office on
THURSDAY, March 6th, at the hour of
Eleven o'clock, a. m.
Proxies for voting must be left with the
Cashier on or before Wednesday, March 5th.
By order,
WM. McLEAN,
Cashier.

SEALED TENDERS.

addressed to the under-
signed, and endorsed "Tender for Chapel
Point Works," will be received until TUESDAY,
the 4th of March, inclusively, for repairing and
extending the pier at Chapel Point, King's
County, Prince Edward Island, according to a
plan and specification to be seen on application
to Mr. Joseph R. McDonald, Georgetown, P. E. I.,
and at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.
Tenders will not be considered unless made on
the form supplied and signed with the actual
signature of tenders.
An accepted bank cheque, payable to the order
of the Minister of Public Works, equal to five per
cent of amount of tender, must accompany each
tender. This cheque will be forfeited if the
party declines the contract, or fails to complete the
work contracted for, and will be returned in case
of non-acceptance of tender.
The Department does not bind itself to accept
the lowest or any tender.
By order,
A. GOBEIL,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 3rd February, 1890.
feb28-31

FOR SEWERS!

Both Public and Private,
**CARBONIZED STONE PIPE IS
THE BEST.**
THE bore is perfectly smooth and straight
and the mode of connection prevents
any obstruction at the joints. In durability
and in many other respects it is superior to
any other pipe made.
For further particulars apply to
C. N. VROOM & CO.,
Manufacturers, St. Stephen, N. B.
#7 We can refer to a number of towns and
cities where this pipe has been in use for
many years, and has been so satisfactory as
to take the place entirely of glazed pipes.
feb12 3aw 6m fr th sat

THE WEATHER DOES,

—BUT—
**WOODRILL'S
GERMAN
BAKING
POWDER**
Never Varies.
jan13

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

A Few Suggestions.
SIR,—The elections now being over, and
the smoke of battle cleared away, it will per-
haps not be out of place to look at a few of
the matters with which the new House will
have to deal.

Now, at the outset, it is plain that neither
party have much to boast of in the way of
advantage over the other. If the late
elections teach any lesson, it is that the
country appreciates the economical manner
in which the affairs of the province have
been administered under the late Govern-
ment, and have pronounced that no other
policy and no other methods but those
based on the utmost economy, the most
careful management of the financial affairs
of the province, consistent with the proper
working of the various departments, will
be tolerated. The fact that a province
with so unaccountable a tendency towards
Gritism in Dominion politics, should for
the fourth time have pronounced in favor
of a Conservative Government, must indi-
cate that in the main the conduct of that
Government has been in the public interest.
Still there are various reforms which
the country still demands, and which the
thinking, independent men of each party
admit are required. The first and most
pressing demand is the reduction of the
Legislature. The questions which can now
be left to our local legislature are of so
trivial and unimportant a character, and
the amount of money that will be at the
disposal of our local administration is so small
that it seems the height of folly to keep up
the same establishment as when all the
functions of government were performed
by our local legislature and execu-
utive. We on the Island have
over eight times as many legisla-
tors per head as Ontario. But this
is not all. On the Island, all the important
measures have been decided in the past.
The local legislature has grappled with the
land question and it has been settled. The
same with education. We have a splendid
system of education which, in the main,
seems to be acceptable to the majority of
our people. Then the railroad. We have
more miles of railroad per head than any
country in the world, perhaps. In fact, it
is almost impossible to conceive of any
question arising on the Island that would
call for such an aggregation of wisdom as
we have in our two Houses of Parliament.
Now is it not possible, when the two par-
ties are so closely matched so far as num-
bers are concerned, and when it is impos-
sible under the present arrangement for the
dominant party to carry any measure with-
out the consent of the other, to form some
sort of an arrangement—well, coalition, if
necessary—to carry what is admitted by
everyone to be a much needed and abso-
lutely necessary reform. Certainly the
country would give its heartiest approval to
a measure emanating from any party or
from both parties, having for its object the
curtailing of the expenditure for legisla-
tion. Then there is the question of education.
While, as I said before, we have an admir-
able system of education, still it is not
without faults and anomalies. Take, for
instance, the city of Charlottetown, and
compare it with the First District of
Queen's County. The population in these
two places is about the same. Forty
teachers in the First District received in
1888 from the Government about \$730 for
supplements, while twenty-seven teachers
in Charlottetown received \$2,237.50. Now
for higher education, Charlottetown receives
from the Government a sum at least five
times as great as does the country
district at the present time. Now this
is certainly not as it should be.
The country people do not object to Char-
lottetown giving its youth a higher school
education, but they do most decidedly object
to helping to pay for it; and in the same
way if the Charlottetown people want to
pay their teachers a higher salary than the
statutory allowance, they think it only
right that they should pay the bill them-
selves. And in the same way it is only
right under the circumstances that each
district on the Island should be placed on
an equality so far as Government aid is
concerned, and if any district feels that it
wants the services of a first-class teacher it
is only right that that district should pay
the additional salary needed to procure one.
This is the principle that is adopted in
other places, and it is the only fair system.
It is admitted on all sides that some change
is needed in the education system. It is
certainly getting too expensive and alto-
gether out of the ability of the Island to
pay for. Still it would be very imprudent
to do anything to decrease the efficiency of
the common schools. The districts that
have first class schools as a rule are the dis-
tricts best able to pay the additional ex-
pense, and they certainly are the districts
that have the best right to do so. More-
over, if taxation is to come, it is better to
have as much of it as possible assessed
locally, for when the money is filtered
through the hands of a lot of officials it cer-
tainly is not likely to increase, however
much it is inclined to grow less in the pro-
cess. Still the amendments to the educa-
tion act have to be made with the greatest
care, and our system of common school
education must be efficiently maintained,
and if anything in the way of scientific edu-
cation is attempted by Government aid, let
it be in the direction of fitting the youth of
the Island for their life work. Instruction
in scientific agriculture should, undoubt-
edly, be added to the list of compulsory
studies in our schools.

This question of education is one that
could and ought to be amended by an
understanding between both sides of the
House. It is admitted by all that changes
should be made, and made they will have
to be. Why could not party lines be
broken down for the time being, and let
representatives of the people remember
that they are sent there by, and represent
the whole people, and that no principal is

at stake, and that nothing but faction or party feeling, on one side or the other will prevent them being decided, wisely and well.

I will touch on these matters from an
other aspect, as our friend Mr. Bell, M. P.,
says, later on. J. H. H.

Prince of Wales College.

SIR,—The students of Prince of Wales
College are patient and long-suffering. But
there is a point where patience ceases to be
a virtue. That point has, in my opinion,
been reached.
I will touch on these matters from an
other aspect, as our friend Mr. Bell, M. P.,
says, later on. J. H. H.

Most people are aware that, under the
most favorable circumstances, a student of
moderate means from the country has no
easy life while attending college. The work
set down in the course will tax all his
energies. Too often the boarding
houses are cold and uncomfortable. Now,
besides all these ills which student flesh is
heir to, we, the students of Prince of Wales
College, are obliged to sit in rooms so cold
as to be not only uncomfortable but really
dangerous to our health. How is it that
the highest educational institution of the
province, supported by the Government, is
so poorly better than a barracks? This has
been the state of affairs ever since the cold
weather began, but nothing has been said,
as we were all unwilling to give additional
trouble to the Professor, already overburdened
with work on account of our slender staff.

And speaking of professors, does it not
seem a piece of injustice that three teach-
ers should be expected to do the work
formerly done with difficulty by four.
And on the other hand should we be ex-
pected to get as much instruction in the
term as formerly. It is said that in the
examination no allowance will be made for
the non-appointment of a professor. Now,
Sir, since the election is over and the Govern-
ment sustained, is it not possible, even
at this late hour, for the appointment to
be made. Surely the inconvenience and
loss sustained by upwards of 150 students
should be a matter of some moment to our
Local Legislature. In writing this I know
that I am but expressing the opinions of, I
might say, every student in the College.
 Hoping that these matters will receive
the attention they merit, I remain yours,
ONE OF THE SUFFERERS.

Brookfield.

A concert was held in Brookfield Hall on
Wednesday the 12th ult., which was a very
enjoyable affair. The hall was filled to
overflowing, and the proceeds, which
amounted to a considerable sum, were
divided amongst the poor of Sleepy Hollow.
John Dark occupied the chair, while N.
Campbell presided at the organ. The fol-
lowing is the programme:—
Quartet—"The Private Meeting".....
D. McKay, D. E. Campbell, John Meikle
and Malcolm McLean.
Temperance Dialogue—"Treating My Horse"
Albert McKay and James Power.
Quartet—"Politics from the Pulpit".....
Joseph Wise, Jas. McLennan, A. Beaton
and John McKee.
Song—"Me and Bella".....
Alexander Faggawa.
Dialogue—"Louis Riel and Mrs. Delaney"
Donald McPherson and Janet McLeod.
Duet—"Did You Hear the Last Report"
Angus McLeod and Kate M. McKinnon.
Dialogue—"Drunk as Usual".....
Ronald McDonald and Mrs. Jordan.
Quartet—"Election Night".....
Murdoch Curlew, Jas. Cumming, Henry
Bolt and John Bolt.
Dialogue—"The Rejected Voters"
Messrs. Howard and Hedley Balderstone.
Song—"The Gossiping Woman".....
Albert McDuff and Mrs. Alex. McPherson.
Dialogue—"The Clown and the Squatter"
Hector McLean and Donald Marks.
Song—"Counting the Collection".....
Angus McLeod and Kenneth McDonald.
Special mention must be made of the
singing of Angus McLeod, Mrs. McPherson,
Albert McDuff and Miss McKinnon.
Feb. 17th, 1890.

The Cost of Running the Allan Fleet.

Some curious facts and figures with re-
gard to the cost of running Atlantic liners
were given at a social gathering of the em-
ployees of the Allan liners at Glasgow last
week. It was stated that a great deal more
than a million pounds had been spent in
building the fleet of the Allan line, but re-
ference was more particularly made to the
cost of keeping the boats running. The
first cost of building vessels was a trifle
the cost of running them. Incredible as it
might seem, the money that it took to
keep the fleet of ocean steamers running
would, in less than three years, exceed the
cost of building. So enormous was the ex-
penditure in wages, port duties, and repairs
incident to voyages. In the Allan Line
this expenditure amounted to nearly £1-
000,000 in a year, and all that had to be
paid out of the earnings before the owners
could get any dividend. The amount paid
in expenses would be enough to give £20
to every family in Glasgow, taking the
population at 600,000, with six persons in
each family. If the clerk had to pay the
sum in single sixpences at his window, and
people passed in procession at the rate of
fifty every minute, getting sixpence each,
and that was going on nine hours a work-
ing day, in four years and a half every man,
woman and child in the United Kingdom
would have passed the pay box and the pay
clerk would still have about £50,000 to dis-
tribute.

Stop That Cough

Many people neglect what they call a sim-
ple cold, which, if not checked in time, may
lead to lung trouble. Scott's Emulsion of
Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, will not only
stop the cough but heal the lungs. Endorsed
by thousands of Physicians. Palatable as
milk. Try it. Sold by all druggists at 50c.
and \$1.00.