THE DAILY EXAMINER.

SEPTEMBER 1, 1893.

SENATOR FERGUSON.

We heartily congratulate the Honorable Donald Ferguson upon his elevation to the Senate of Canada. It is certain that his appointment will he approved by intelligent men of all parties and classes. Senator Ferguson has, from his youth, taken an active and prominent part in political discussions and affairs. His genuine ability has long been recognized and admitted by political opponents as well as by political friends. Though there are other gentlemen in the Province whose talents and whose claims upon the Government are undoubted, the Government we think, decided wisely as well as promptly and justly, when they selected him to the vacant senatorship. Before confederation he was an active and influential confederationist; and since confederation he has loyally and stedfastly supported the great political party which has consistently and successfully striven to develop the Nationality of Canada. To this patriotic end he will, we feel sure, continue to to exert his energies and his abilities. Nor will he, in his senatorial capacity, forget to promote the interests of the Island Province. With matured powers of debate, a mind fully stored with political information, and an unblemished character, Senator Ferguson is certain to be influential in the Upper House of the Parliament of Canada.

CHARLOTTETOWN -PICTOU ROUTE.

Having been furnished with a new shaft the steamer St. Lawrence has resumed service. The extensive repairs of four years ago and the new shafting render the good old steamer staunch and safe. A heavy expense has been incurred by the Steam Navigation Company. But the expense would have been much heavier if the company had been compelled to go to some distant city for a new shaft. Here is an instance of the value of industries in our own country. The men engaged in the extensive iron works at New Glasgow consume a considerable quantity of P. E. Island produce; and they are ready, at a moment's notice, to furnish in return new shafts for our steamers, or anything else that may be required in their line, saving time which would have been lost and money which would have been sent abroad if the works had not been established. A policy which is producing results such as this, and developing the natural resources of our country, ought not to be lightly set aside to please our fiscal theorists.

The St. Lawrence is an excellent summer steamer. With Captain Alexander Cameron in command, and his competent and courteous staff of officers, she will necessarily continue to be popular. But her best friends must admit that she is ill-suited for the heavy work of the autumn and the fall. The travelling public cannot, under any circumstances, enjoy a six or seven hours' passage to or from Pictou and Charlottetown in the face of a heavy sea, with adverse wind and tide. Nor are passengers by the Charlottetown-Pictou route disposed to be very patient and reasonable in view of the quick and easy passages which are made to and from Summerside and Point du Chene on the steamer Northumberland. It is not wonderful, therefore, that we hear a popular demand for a new steamer—and much thoughtless and unreasonable criticism and denunciation of the Steam Navigation Company. The company have displayed great and highly commendable enterprise in respect to the Northumberland. This steamer has been procured at great expense. It is pleasing to learn that she has attracted an increased local traffic. But until it has been proved that she is self-sustaining, the company ought not to be denounced because they are not in haste to supply a new and costly steamer to place upon a less remunerative route. However wealthy they may be, men cannot be expected to invest large sums of money unless assured that it will pay them to do so.

Under all the circumstances, and in view of the obligation of the Dominion Government to provide efficient and continuous communication between this Province and the mainland, we think that Parliament might well increase the subsidy voted to the Steam Navigation Company to such an extent that they will be induced to provide a second screw steamer for use between Charlottetown and Pictou and elsewhere.

A FEW FACTS FROM THE GLOBE.

The Toronto Globe of the 26th August contains a few facts to be noted. The Globe says:

"A repetition of what happened in Australia a short time ago is at present sweeping over the great republic of the United States, and it is to be greatly regretted that there are no immediate signs of this disastrous financial disturbance and distrust, with its attendant dire results, passing away. A financial crisis in a country of such close proximity, extending thousands of miles from north to south and from the Atlantic to the Pacific, greatly injuring and inconveniencing all kinds of commercial and financial enterprise, might naturally have been expected to have extended across the border line, and with that lightning rapidity which has ever characterized its entrance wherever it has secured a grasp, spread devastation and distrust over our own fair Dominion. That such is not the case is fortunate, and, more than this, indications are that Canada will be spared from such an experience for at least many years to come. Our country being in a relatively prosperous condition, contentment reigns in the minds of the people, and their confidence in Canada's boundless resources instils in them the truth that we have a land as rich and as good as any people might desire. While other nations' financial institutions are tottering, Canada's are strong, running their even course without the slightest form of danger. Perhaps one of the great secrets of the strength and security of our institutions is to be recognized in the fact that they are chiefly organized, founded and guided by British principles and experience, in which thoroughness, substantiality and security are the mainstays. Our banks are prosperous and retain the confidence of the people, for their shares are selling at almost as high a price as ever they did; our great loaning institutions give no indications of financial stringency, while our insurance companies report that their business is being pursued with the same amount of vigor and progress as heretofore."

We commend these remarks published by the Globe to the attetion of Mr. L. H. Davies, the echoes of whose ruination speeches at Moncton and St. John are yet resounding o'er the land.

Society in Charlottetown.

"Fairplay" Discusses "Jock" and His Letter,

And Has Something to Say About Our Young Men and Women.

An Interesting Letter for Society People and Others.

"O, wad some power the giftie gie us,
To see ourselves as ithers see us;
It wad from mony a blunder free us,
And foolish notion."—Burns.

A hackneyed quotation truly, but still useful as in the days of yore. There is another "chiel amang ye takin' notes, and faith he'll prent them," too,—for Jock's benefit.

It was my fortune to be in Charlottetown two years ago, when the ships (or was it the ship?) came in, and I remember being somewhat interested in an article full of advice by no means unmingled with censure for the young ladies of the town, that appeared in one of the papers here. I really forget which one. I have been "camping out" for the month, and only arrived in town again last night. I did, however, see "Jock's" first letter shortly after its publication. I think it arrived wrapped around a loaf of bread. "Jock" won't mind that. I remember distinctly that my first thought was, "Well, the ships have come in, and the Charlottetown girls have received their annual scoring," and the second thought was in the same strain, "I hope someone will take up the cudgels in their defence this time." Then, I must acknowledge that I forgot all about this matter. Old Dame Nature was behaving very badly herself about that time. Our bridge (please may I say "our"—it really did belong to us alike, not to me in particular?) "our" bridge, then, had been carried away by this storm, and the river was even then at "our" door. So my attention was somewhat taken up with plans for the near future. I thought if the water were to rise another foot, as there seemed every prospect of its doing, that we should certainly all have to go upstairs to live, and it occurred to me that if we were to open the cellar hatch and cut out a little piece from the floor of the loft directly above, that we might then sit up aloft, catch trout in the cellar (the water was almost level with the first floor) and could thus be very comfortble and happy, and the individual who owned the highest rubber boots could go down and cook the trout. I trust that you will pardon this digression,—it is intended merely as an explanation why anything so important as a letter from "Jock" should have been forgotten. He will acknowledge that the circumstances were peculiar.

When I reached town again last night, saw the article in yesterday's Guardian, and realized that "Jock" was still on the rampage, it occurred to me that I might try what a little mild reasoning would do to bring this unhappy man into a calmer state of mind.

Do not worry about being accused of having "a fad". We all have fads. They make life very interesting sometimes, and "cranks" are useful, very useful. It is by means of cranks that this world and most of the machinery in it turns round. But do not, oh, my friend, lose any more sleep over the thought that anyone in their wildest attack of temporary aberation would take you for the editor of the Guardian. I cannot quite imagine the editor of the Guardian or the editor of any other city paper of even fair success penning such a sentence as the following: "When *one* does find her, she reminds *them* of a delicious breeze."

The editor of a paper requires even more than a knowledge of correct grammatical construction. It is essential that he should have a deeper knowledge of human nature than you, my friend,—I say it very gently—appear to possess. No, I think you may safely set your mind at rest on this point. No person of penetration or good judgment will accuse you of being an editor. You are young; you are ardent and anxious to set the world straight. You cannot do it by riding a tilt like Don Quixote against everything you fancy wrong. It is written, "Judge not, that ye be not judged;" and again, "First cast out the beam out of thine own eye, and then shalt thou see clearly to cast out the mote out of thy brother's eye."

Let us take another interpretation of this "absurd thing" that you have witnessed. You have seen "a woman sailing down the street" . . . . "with an air peculiar to herself." Most persons of any individuality of character have a distinctive "air," but it appears to you to be "not *the* air of a well bred lady"—(the italics are mine). Suppose you ask any ten men you may choose to select, what *they* mean when they use the phrase quoted above. I fancy you will meet with some variety in the answers. Never mind about the "supercilious smile." "Beauty is in the eyes of the beholder," and so I think is interpretation of facial expression. But the "hesitating bow,"—ah! that is serious. Were you ever guilty of a "hesitating bow," Jock? or an absent-minded bow even? Were you ever called to account for it? Did you ever say that you were not quite sure of the identity of the person who questioned you, or that the sun had been shining in your eyes? But perhaps you have remarkably good eyes. Sharp they certainly are, and the above excuses cannot be truthfully uttered by you. Then you apologize profusely, for you are aware that your explanation, true and faithful though it may be, will certainly not sound very well. You say that you are "a little absent-minded and you happened to be thinking of something of great importance that morning." Can you not allow the benefit of this doubt to the lady "with an air peculiar to herself?" It is even possible that the subject in this lady's mind at the time had nothing whatever to do with her "own" or her "neighbor's wealth." Like the Laird of Cockpen, her "mind," too, might have been "taken up with affairs of the state" for aught you or I can positively assert to the contrary. But you only relate half the story. What about the "air" of the "somebody else not so well favored with the riches of the world?" Did she hesitate or look down or across? Did she act awkwardly, so that the woman approaching might not be quite sure of the reception she would meet if she gave the "pleasant bow and cordial good morning" that most of us find so cheering to encounter? Why should you or anyone place so much inward weight upon the accident of the wealth which you affect outwardly to despise, as to expect the person possessing it to take the initiative in every social courtesy? Why haven't you got more self respect? You must have heard that "Money brings care"; that "increase of power implies increase of responsibility." You must have seen, surely you of the sharp eyes have seen, that sudden accession of wealth is sometimes purchased by sudden accession to sorrow or deep grief. In the other days to which you refer, when these people were "nobody" and had nothing, their neighbors met them half way in courtesy. The pride of the rich is as nothing to the pride of the poor. Seven times out of ten, when friends separate because one has more money than the other, the fault lies principally with the one who remained as before in pocket but not in mind. Besides all this, it is acknowledged freely by all people of experience that wealth is a much more crucial test of character than poverty. Besides this, everything is shown up in a high light, and little traits of character or trifling foibles that would pass unnoticed in more obscure conditions assume vast proportions now. You must get things into proper perspective, "Jock," when you go to judging your neighbors.

I am sorry that you undertook to criticize the actions, and what you presume to be the thoughts, of people at devotions. How dare you come in between a man and his God, or between a woman and her God, in that way? What do you know of other people's private temptations and sorrows? What do you really know of their inward difficulties and heartrending cries to God for strength to bear something which God, in His mercy, keeps from you because He knows that you could not endure it—at least not yet. You would fall utterly defeated before it. Yet you censure some woman because her manners are, forsooth, lacking in repose, and her restless movements as she comes into church trouble you. I would suggest, in all reverence, that you, too, pray from the heart to be delivered from "hatred and malice and all uncharitableness," and it might be a good thing for you, and for all of us, to read the fairteenth chapter of first Corinthians every Sunday morning before we even start for church.

I ut thi dancing business, and—it is very sad. Do the girls really prefer to dance with the officers when they are here? I can hardly believe it. It sounds very shocking to a stranger—seems a little like a reflection on the Charlottetown young men; an uncharitable person might say on *this* Charlottetown young man, and would then naturally go on to wonder if all the young ladies treated him thus, or if there could be, by any chance, a "solitaire mayd" in the case. But the writer of this article is not uncharitable, and prefers to take the broadest possible view of the matter. Let us say, then, that all the young ladies prefer, in every instance, to dance with officers instead of civilians (the girls who act perfectly upon every occasion and the young men who are *never* snubbed can afford to let this pass), then if they dance with civilians at all it is either because they cannot get anyone else (candidly, now, don't you think it is rather brave of them to do without dancing at all, as you say they are capable of doing, unless they can get the partner they want?) or by exercising a good deal of self-denial, and calling in general upon all the good qualities they possess. Now I am not a Charlottetown young man, and you must pardon me if I am not sufficiently sympathetic. But even if I were a Charlottetonian, I doubt very much if I should enjoy dancing with any young lady who needed to exercise all the Christian virtues before she could make up her mind to come with me. Perhaps when you look at it in this light you would object too. Suppose, then, that the society young men in Charlottetown try some of the Christian virtues themselves, so that some of the strain may be removed from the "weaker sex." Try magnanimity, for instance. Could you possibly manage for one week out of fifty-two, so to efface yourselves as to say to the young ladies in the town, "We will fill up your programmes, as you will permit, as usual, but let it be an understood thing between us that if one of these strangers, the guests of the town, the defenders of our naval rights, should ask you for this dance, or these dances, you may give it to him, or them, if you wish, and it will be all right with me." Cannot you imagine yourselves laughing it off among each other when you see that your sacrifice is accepted? You cannot, eh. It is too much to expect. Then suppose you try plain, common charity, the charity "that thinketh no evil," and be at least quite sure of your facts when you assert that "some girls refuse the request of a civilian when they were quite disengaged for a dance." The end of your sentence is not very clear, but I presume you intend to convey the impression that if an officer were to prefer the same request, it would certainly be accepted. Have you never heard of engaging dances hours and days before the ball opens? Does your imagination refuse to accept the possibility that a Charlottetown young lady may find such favor in the eyes of an officer that he may engage a dance a year ahead? It does. None of these things are possible for you. Then, as a last resort, I would counsel you to try common sense and go to the root of the matter. It is, of course, very reprehensible for a young woman to accept the attention of officers in preference to that of the civilians, whom she meets so often that if one of them, or perhaps it is safer to say some of them, were to promulgate anything in the shape of a new idea, her whole nervous system might become deranged from the shock. But this granted. Is there no base for the preference? Is it all "brass buttons" and "gold braid"? These things have to be earned by service, so I am afraid you cannot have them, but you may look just as gay if you choose. The growl against the "regulation" dress suit is long and deep. There are many men who object to be taken for waiters, and there has been a good deal said about reviving the old court suit, in a modified form of course, but so far as I am aware, no one has as yet put the idea into practice. This great deed may be reserved for you. Think what a much better chance you would have if you could wear lace ruffles and dark red velvet knee breeches. You would carry all before you.

One last thought and then I am done. Is it possible that there can be any hidden charm in the conversation of men who have travelled all over the world "strange countries for to see." Men, too, who are accustomed to a constantly changing society, and who are quick at repartee and well informed on general subjects. Do you think, Jock, that if you were to go away for a while—say until the next ship comes in—on an expedition not unaccompanied by at least some degree of danger; suppose you were to cultivate a bright, breezy, attractive manner; suppose you were to come back for one week only; don't you think you would find society here improved? (not necessarily because of your absence). I think you would. And if you went to a dance you might find that your noble efforts in behalf of truth and candor have borne fruit. You *may* hear some very charming girl say to an officer: "I regret that I cannot give you the next dance, I am saving it for that young man just behind you." And then you come up joyously, wondering if you have heard aright, and are received by a meek glance from a pair of brown, or blue or grey eyes. I do not know their color, but I am quite sure they will be meek eyes, and in response to *your* request for that dance a soft voice may murmur gently, "Yes; and thank you kindly, sir, for asking me." And then, "Jock," where shall we look to find those pessimistic views of yours? They will be like

The lovely Peg,
With the wooden leg
And the lily white hands—
"Vanished and gone."

Fairplay.

MAIL CONTRACTS.

Tenders addressed to the Postmaster General will be received at Ottawa until noon on FRIDAY, 10th November next, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails on proposed contracts for four years from the 1st January next, over each of the following routes, viz:—

Auburn and Pownal.....Semi-weekly
Dromore and (Pisquid) Railway Station..... "

Printed notices containing full information as to conditions of proposed consracts may be obtained at the Post Office at which the services commence and terminate, or at the office of the subscriber.

F. DE ST. C. BRECKEN,
Asst. P. O. Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office,
Charlottetown, P. E. I.,
25th August, 1893.
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USE SKODA'S DISCOVERY, the great Blood and Nerve Remedy.

OBITUARY.

It is with deep regret that we have to chronicle the death of Mrs. J. C. McNeill, of West River, which took place a few weeks ago. In the summer of 1890 she was left a widow. She then had to face many difficulties and undertake new responsibilities. Her married life had been an unusually happy and pleasant one, but she bravely tried until the last to discharge faithfully the duties of her new position and to be to her children a true friend and counsellor. The esteem in which she was held by the public was shown by the large concourse of people who attended her funeral. Two of her daughters, on hearing of her illness, hastened home from the United States, in the fond hope of seeing her, living or dead; but alas, they were a few hours too late—their mother was laid in her last resting place. Mrs. McNeill was a consistent member of the West River Presbyterian church, and her last words to her pastor were: "Farewell, we shall meet in heaven."

There is a land of peace,
Good angels know it well;
Glad songs that never cease
Within its portals swell:
Around its glorious throne,
Ten thousand saints adore
Christ, with the Father one
And spirit, evermore.

A. A. M.

Miss Edith Hill's pianoforte class begins the first Monday in September. She has a few vacancies. Certificate from London England, State of Anglo-French College, Norwood, England, and organist of St. Paul's church, Charlottetown.

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Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 75c bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Manufactured only by the

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

W. R. Watson, Druggist, Charlottetown, P. E. Island. jymwtf

Unlike the Dutch Process
No Alkalies
—OR—
Other Chemicals
are used in the preparation of
W. BAKER & CO.'S
BreakfastCocoa
which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

Liberal-Conservative Convention.

Upon the requisition of a large body of the Electors of the Fourth Electoral District of King's County, a meeting of the Delegates representing the different Polling Divisions of the Murray Harbor District will be held at Glen William Schoolhouse on SATURDAY, 9th September, at 3 o'clock, p. m., to decide as to which of the candidates chosen at the late Convention shall run to represent the property and which the franchise vote, and to confirm said nomination.

JAMES CLOW,
Vice-President of Association.

Murray Harbor North,
Sept. 1, 1893. dy & wy

TO LET.

A desirable Dwelling House on Hillsborough Street, adjoining residence of Lemuel Poole, with Stable attached. This house is newly painted, papered and otherwise put in good order throughout. Rent moderate and immediate possession.

GEORGE ALLEY.

sept1—sat tu th & wky

A Peerless Pilgrimage,

SUPERBLY ILLUSTRATED,

Conducted by the Singing Pilgrim,

PHILIP PHILLIPS

AND HIS SON.

Music and Art Combined!

Y. M. C. A. HALL
THREE NIGHTS.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

AUG. 31, SEPT. 1 & 2.

Admission to every part of the Hall, 25 cents. aug30

Remember

It is the best remedy on earth for the cure of all Kidney and Liver trouble. Is a positive cure for Back Ache, Sour Stomach, Indigestion. Certain

Membray's

Cure for Head Ache, Dizziness, Languid Feeling, Sallow Complexion, Impure Blood. At all Drug Stores or on receipt of price, charges

Kidney and

prepaid. Price One Dollar a bottle. Membray Medicine Co. of Peterborough, Ltd. PETERBOROUGH, CANADA.

Try Membray's Health Restorer, a Pink Iron Tonic Pill. Large Boxes 25 cts,

Liver Cure

TELEGRAPHIC.

Special Despatches to The Examiner.

GOOD RACING AT MONCTON.

Names of the Winning Horses.

Moncton, Sept. 1.

The second day's races witnessed another disappointment. The two-year-old race was won by Sir Richard, of Amherst, Gracie Wilkes, Summerside, second, Banshee third, and Banker, Charlottetown, fourth.

The free-for-all was won by Brazilian; Favorite second, and Onward, Summerside, third.

FATAL RAILWAY ACCIDENT.

Train Breaks Through a Bridge.

Springfield, Mass., Sept. 1.

The Chicago limited express train for Boston broke through an iron bridge on the Boston & Albany Railway, one and a half miles east of Chester yesterday. Four Wagner cars crashed through, killing at least four persons and probably injuring several others, while several were badly burned.

LOWERING THE RECORD.

Nancy Hanks Trots a Mile in 2.06¾.

New York, Sept. 1.

At Fleetwood Park yesterday Nancy Hanks was driven to beat her record of 2.09¾ for a $5,000 purse. Her time by quarters was 31¼, 1.02¼, 1.34¼, 2.06¾.

Arrest of a Thief.

Halifax, Sept. 1.

Clarence R. Barry, late ticket agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway and agent for the Dominion Express Company in this city, was arrested in New York as he was about to board the Nebraska for Liverpool. He was taken into custody by the detective on a charge of the larceny of $5,039 from the railway company, and will be brought back to Halifax.

Canadians Returning.

Montreal, Sept. 1.

Over sixty families of Frence-Canadians returned from New England by the C. P. R. to-day. This makes one thousand families carried by this road through to Montreal. The Grand Trunk have carried a still larger number to the city of Quebec and vicinity.

Suicidal Mania.

Montreal, Sept. 1.

Jean Baptiste Charbouneau, aged 89, threw himself under a train at Lachine, and was crushed to death.

St. Remi, Sept. 1.

Juliene Gagne, a well to do farmer, committed suicide by hanging, because the heavy storm had blown down a field of grain.

A Dead Heat.

New York, Sept. 1.

The Sheepshead Bay race track match race for $10,000 a side, over the Futurity course, between Domino and Dobbins, resulted in a dead heat, which will not be trotted off. All bets are off.

Senator Ferguson.

Ottawa, Sept. 1.

It is understood that the Hon. Donald Ferguson has been called to the Senate, in the place of the late Hon. Senator Montgomery.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

London, Aug. 30.—The last stage of the Home Rule bill debate in the House of Commons began to-day. Gladstone made a ringing speech in moving the third reading of the bill.

Savannah, Ga., Aug. 30.—The steamer City of Birmingham, from New York, arrived at this port with the passengers of the wrecked steamship City of Savannah, from Boston.

London, Aug. 30.—The healthy condition of Canadian finance and commerce is the subject of comment here. Frequent references are being made to the prosperity of the Dominion as compared with the position of affairs in the United States and Australia. At a luncheon in the city to-day, attended by a number of prominent people, a tribute was paid to the strong position of Canada, and special reference was made to the soundness of Canadian banks.

Halifax, Aug. 30.—George Alexander, aged 60, was run over this evening while crossing the track at Richmond, one mile from the city, by the Windsor Annapolis and Railway express. He died in the ambulance while being conveyed to the hospital.

London, Aug. 30.—The Times yesterday morning, in the course of a long leader on the dismal agricultural prospects of Great Britain, says the foreign competition depresses the price of cattle and corn. The imports of animals and meat, it says, will swamp the markets this year. Great Britain will be more than ever dependent on foreign supplies and will require at least 28,000,000 quarters of wheat from abroad. France, it adds, must import more than twice as much as she usually does. As to Germany, that country has already begun to draw on the American markets for supplies. When nations thus bid against each other, the article says, there is a fair chance that prices will advance.

As he would not pay greater prices there, either, he could not get dogs. Then he announced his intention of going to Hebron, Ramah and other settlements further north, making every effort to secure dogs at those places, and if unsuccessful would depend upon getting dogs at Disco, Greenland, as a last resort.

Dogs are now doubly necessary to Peary as the burros all perished before Nain was reached, and, consequently, it is impossible for the expedition to accomplish anything without a far greater number of dogs than at first was considered necessary.

It is believed here that Peary's actions are suicidal, and that if he were determined to wreck the whole expedition he could not employ better means. The steamer has been delayed a month behind her regular time, rendering it problematical if she reaches her destination at all, and it is almost certain that she will be frozen up before the cargo and supplies are unloaded. The prospect is a very black one, indeed.

Tourists,

Whether on pleasure bent or business, should take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 75 cent bottles by all leading druggists.

BUY Y

Mourning Goods

—AT—

JAMES PATON & CO'S.,

168 Victoria Row

An Inspection

of our Guernseys will convince anyone of the excellence of this breed of Dairy Cattle. Come and see for yourself.

E. R. Brow

CHARLOTTETOWN

HAVING LEASED

—THE—

QUEEN HOTEL,

Halifax, Nova Scotia,

The Lessee takes great pleasure in announcing that the rates are:

Upper Floors, two in room, $1.50 per day.
Single Rooms, $1.75, $2.00 and $2.50 per day, according to location.

This great reduction in rates will not in any way impair the present efficiency of the Hotel either as regards the service or cuisine. A single trial will convince any one of the fact.

A. B. SHERATON,
jy31 Manager.

REMOVAL NOTICE!

THE BAZAAR COMPANY

—HAVE REMOVED TO THE—

OLD DIAMOND BOOKSTORE,

which has been enlarged and fitted up in number one style.

They are making a Specialty just now of SCHOOL and COLLEGE BOOKS.

Charlottetown, September 1, 1893.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND

Exhibition and Races, 1893.

THE ANNUAL PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION,

OPEN TO THE WHOLE ISLAND,

WILL BE HELD AT CHARLOTTETOWN,

—ON—

Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday,

SEPTEMBER 26, 27, 28 AND 29.

All animals and articles for Exhibition must be entered at the office of the Secretary, Cameron Block, on or before SATURDAY, 23rd SEPTEMBER.

The Exhibition Grounds and Buildings will be open on Friday and Saturday, 22nd and 23rd September, and until 2 o'clock in the afternoon on Monday, the 25th of September, for the reception and arrangement of Exhibition articles.

Exhibitors of bulky articles, requiring large space, should apply to the Secretary not later than the 18th September.

Prize Lists, containing full information as to Rules, Regulations, etc., with entry forms, will be sent or given to any person applying to the Secretary.

The Entry Books are now open, and entries can be made at any time with the Secretary.

The Grand Parade of Prize and other Animals will take place on Friday, 29th September, at 11 o'clock, a. m., sharp.

THE RACES.

The following Races will take place during the Exhibition:—

$1,300. PREMIUMS. $1,300.

FIRST DAY—27th SEPTEMBER, 1893.

Three Minute Class	Purse	$150 00
Two Year Old (Futurity)	"	150 00
Stallion Race	"	200 00

SECOND DAY—28th SEPTEMBER, 1893.

Three Year Old Class	Purse	$150 00
Free for All (open to Canada and the United States)	"	500 00
2.49 Class	"	150 00

The entries for the Two Year Old Class are now closed. The entries for the other classes close on the 13th September.

Amusements of various kinds are being arranged for during the Exhibition.

Special Rates by Rail and Steamers from all parts.

On Wednesday, 27th September, from 11 to 12 o'clock, noon, and on Thursday and Friday, 28th and 29th September, from 9 to 11 o'clock, a. m., Auction Sales of Horses, Cattle and other Stock will be held. This is expected to be a great sale, as the Directors are assured that a lot of first-class animals will be offered.

BENJ. ROGERS, President.
A. B. WARBURTON, Secretary.

Charlottetown, September 1, 1893—2aw & wy

RAILWAY HOUSE,

Opposite Railway Station,

JOHN BOLGER, PROPRIETOR.

THIS HOUSE is thoroughly painted outside and inside. Good accommodation for travellers by rail and steamboat. Table well supplied at a moderate fare. Please give us a call.

Aug 15—3m eod pd

MUSIC.

MISS LUCY CAVEN will resume her music lessons on the 15th September. Pupils and intending students will please take notice. Apply to MISS LUCY CAVEN, Dorchester Street. eod tl 15th sept—aug31

WANTED.—A girl for general house work. Apply to MRS. SALMOND, Fitzroy Street East. pd

BARGAINS

—IN—

BOOTS

Great Clearing Out Sale.

Before removing to our NEW STORE we will sell off our entire stock of Men's, Women's and Children's Boots and Shoes.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES

Ladies', Misses' and Children's TAN SHOES very cheap at the DOMINION BOOT & SHOE STORE.

J. B. Macdonald & Co.

Charlottetown, July 8, 1893—dy

AMMONIA.

In the mechanical world AMMONIA is of great use. Its alkaline effects make it very valuable for the coarser sort of scouring and cleansing. Some manufacturers of Baking Powder resort to it the most frequently and recklessly. They by its use make a great saving in Cream of Tartar, and the consumer suffers in its proving highly injurious to the coating of the stomach.

The Official Report of the Dominion Government shows "That a Baking Powder sold in this vicinity contains Ammonia."

AVOID ALL RISK BY USING

Woodill's German

BAKING POWDER,

CONTAINING

NO AMMONIA or ALUM.

aug8 m w f

PICKLING SEASON.

50 boxes Mixed Pickling Spice (genuine),
25 barrels very best English (genuine) Vinegar,
10 brls. very best Canadian Malt Vinegar,
15 " " Government proof "
20 " XXX White Wine Vinegar,
20 " White XX "
19 " White Cider "

Lowest Prices.

CARVELL BROS.

Ch'town, Aug. 22, 1893—2w eod