

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

AUGUST 31, 1883.

Editorial Notes.

—Mr. Giroud has resigned his position as representative of Kent Co., N. B., in the Dominion Parliament. His resignation has been accepted and a writ for a new election has been issued. P. A. Landry of Westmoreland will contest Kent in the Conservative interests. His election there is a certainty. The Grit press is already denouncing him for deserting his constituents in Westmoreland, and going to serve the electors of Kent. Since Mr. Landry entered public life he has worked faithfully for his constituents, and well for his district, and his election to the Dominion Parliament by the people of Kent will give him a broader field in which to labor for both the constituencies of Kent and Westmoreland.

—The English *Live Stock Journal* says: Prof. J. H. Sheldon has arranged to go out next month to St. John to superintend a working dairy, the equipment for which will be chiefly supplied by the dairy supply company, and to deliver addresses on the subject of dairy farming in general, and butter making in particular. The dairy will be in operation at the centennial fair. The venture is made under the auspices of one of the leading firms in St. John, and the provincial government will avail themselves conditionally of Mr. Sheldon's services during his stay on the other side of the Atlantic, and it is more than probable that the visit will be the means of doing some good to the dairying industry of the "blue nose" country—an industry which, we happen to know, is greatly in need of reform in that part of her majesty's dominions. Mr. Sheldon will take out with him an assistant, and sailed on the 20th in the *Parisian*. Mr. Sheldon is no stranger in Canada, and it is the hospitable treatment accorded to him three years ago in New Brunswick which has induced him to pay a second visit to that interesting province.

—According to the *Halifax Herald*, and the *Chronicle* of the same place, tacitly admits its correctness, there is trouble in the Grit Cabinet of Nova Scotia. Its two ablest Ministers, Mr. Pipes, Leader of the Administration, and Mr. Fielding, serve without pay. Now patriotic as it may seem for these gentlemen to belong to a Cabinet, holding no portfolio, and, therefore, only drawing the miserable pittance of an ordinary member's salary, they fail to see where the patriotism comes in, and are consequently beginning to kick, in order to secure portfolios and a salary. Mr. Pipes is a lawyer, and thinks he would like to be Attorney General, while the present Attorney General is quite satisfied to draw and pocket the salary himself. And again Mr. Fielding, who is a journalist, and who is acknowledged to be the smartest politician in the Grit camp, is of opinion that his ability should have more tangible remuneration, and accordingly develops a leaning for the Provincial Secretaryship. Now, the Provincial Secretary is quite satisfied that he possesses sufficient capabilities to discharge the duties appertaining to his office, and having no desire to make a generous transfer of his salary over to Mr. Fielding, exhibits no anxiety to move out and make room for this latter gentleman. This solicitude on the part of Messrs. Pipes and Fielding to serve their country is really commendable. If they find any difficulty in settling the matter, we suggest that two more portfolios be opened at good salaries, in order to give them all an opportunity to lay their services at their country's feet.

—Mr. Shaw, the English Missionary at Tamatave, who was arrested by Admiral Pierre and disgracefully treated while suffering imprisonment, has at length been released. It taxed all the ingenuity of the French Admiral to trump up a charge against the missionary which would warrant his being held a prisoner. The first explanation offered, but subsequently withdrawn as it might imply more than was intended, was that Mr. Shaw had been acting as an English spy, and engaged in exciting the Hovas to revolt. This explanation was dropped, however, and it was said that Mr. Shaw was not held as an Englishman at all, but as a Hova, having cast his lot in life with that nation, and being the confident adviser of the Queen of Madagascar. But it so turns out, that Mr. Shaw had neither incited the Hovas to rebellion nor had he changed his nationality in order to become the Queen's chief minister. As a missionary he had gone out, and during his residence there a missionary he remained. After having arrested him the French authorities found themselves at a loss what to do with him. So the next question which presented itself was how to get rid of him in the most dignified manner possible. This has been done by trying him and finding him not guilty. Of course no other conclusion could have been reached, nor was it desirable that any other conclusion should be reached. But Mr. Shaw rightly demands that some reparation be made for his imprisonment, nor will he be satisfied until that be done. Mr. Shaw is backed up in this demand by the public opinion of England, which calls upon France to make ample atonement for the injury.

The Emperor of Abyssinia has declared war against the King of Menelik, of Shoa, because he had placed himself under French protection.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

The New Steamship Line.

SIR.—It is most gratifying to be able to record, that proof of the most substantial kind is not wanting to show, that the merchants and shippers of Prince Edward Island are fully alive to the benefits which they will derive from the new line of steamers, that will shortly commence crossing the Atlantic in the interests of the ever-increasing trade between the Maritime Provinces and the Mother Country. Although the Halifax Steam Navigation Co. have pushed their enterprise with the most commendable vigor, and thoroughly organized their undertaking in an incredibly short time, and notwithstanding the fact that the scheme has been literally "jumped" upon the public, thereby giving shippers but a very short interval to make preparations to patronize the new line, the inaugural trip of the "Sicily" from our Maritime ports bids fair to be one of the most successful that has ever taken place. Even the "tightly little Island" comes manfully to the front with its warmest support, and many will be agreeably surprised to learn that from eight to nine thousand cases of lobsters, besides other commodities, representing a total of nearly one-fifth of the "Sicily's" entire cargo will be forwarded from various parts of the Island. It is safe to assume that a fair patronage was anticipated when the terms became known, but such splendid results as have already been achieved must have been quite unexpected, and will certainly prove highly encouraging to the company, as well as profitable to all interested parties. The universal sympathy, which has been extended to the company from our own Island, is quite explainable on the grounds of lower freights and more rapid and direct communication than is procurable by any competitive lines, and secondly the thorough manner in which the interests of the line have been looked after by our Island Agent could hardly be attended with anything short of the great success that has been realized. In fact it might be truthfully said that the company have been extremely fortunate in the appointment of Mr. Shanks as agent for the Island owing to that gentleman's thorough knowledge of the necessities of such a company, and the manner in which a permanent trade can be most effectively established. The almost unprecedented success that the company have met with so far is a good omen for the future, and if the "Sicily" lands her cargo in good time and in good shape in the English market, there need be little doubt as to the future patronage of the line; for the superior accommodation, low freights and rapid transit which have been promised to the public will be a boon of which the three Provinces will not be slow to avail themselves. Hitherto, merchants have had to put up with many delays and vexations in the importing and exporting of merchandise of every kind, and lobster packers in particular have suffered much from unnecessary tardiness in the conveyance of either specialties to British ports. It is to be sincerely hoped, however, that these arrangements will terminate with the advent of the new line, and that some degree of satisfaction will be the reward of all those who avail themselves of the advantage offered by the Halifax Steam Navigation Company. The exceptionally good inducements held out by the promoters of this latest mercantile enterprise have prompted the cattle shippers of New Brunswick to add their quota to the freight list. No less than two hundred and fifty head of cattle having been booked for shipment from Sackville. It is a matter for regret that in the past shipments of live cattle have generally turned out unprofitable investments. But with the superior facilities afforded by the new steamers, this trade may yet develop into large proportions and become a source of remuneration to both the farmer and the shippers. The "Sicily" will be followed by the "Julia," so that ample opportunities will be presented for the development of any Maritime trade that can be named, and now that the merchants, farmers, and shippers have an outlet heretofore unavailable, let them exhibit a corresponding spirit of enterprise to that displayed by the company, which has provided them with the means of placing within the insatiable maw of the English market whatever products they may choose to put there. Of late years a vast amount of grumbling has been heard in regard to the inferior accommodation that shippers have had to contend with in getting freight to and from the old country. Such grumbling will no longer be consistent, and no excuse can now present itself as to why we should not let the world know that we are in possession of an agricultural paradise, and unlimited fishing resources by means of an extensive exportation of the products of the soil and of the sea.

Yours, etc.,
PROGRESS.
Georgetown, Aug. 30th, 1883.

A School Grievance.

SIR.—I understand that one of the Professors of this city has undertaken to advise the pupils where and when they shall purchase their School Books. This is to be regretted as I have ascertained that several of the prescribed works are already on sale at certain Book Stores, but the pupils are debarred from purchasing as this Professor has surreptitiously obtained from them their order by a written guarantee, so that they are compelled to await the Professor's package.

Yours regretfully,
PARENT.
Charlottetown, Aug. 31st, 1883.

Summerside Exports.

SHIPPED per steamer "Princess of Wales" Cameron, master, for Point du Chene:

45 cases eggs,	\$340.00
2 cattle,	50.00
12 bbls. mackerel,	96.00
	\$486.00

John L. Sullivan gives it out officially that having read the life of John Morrissy he has determined to abandon prize fighting and go into politics. He says he has great admiration for Governor Butler, and it is barely possible the Governor will undertake to fit John for the p. r. of politics.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER.]

General Luard's Aide.
OTTAWA, Aug. 31.
Captain Gzowski, son of Col. Gzowski, of Toronto, will be appointed to succeed Major Holbeck as aide de camp to Major Gen. Luard, commander of the forces. This is the first time a Canadian officer has been selected for the position.

Conclusion of Election Petition Trial.

OTTAWA, Aug. 31.
The East York Election petition trial was concluded Wednesday, and judgment was given dismissing the whole case with costs. Mr. Justice Baxter stated that the election seemed to have been conducted fairly. Mr. Justice Gail concurred.

Canada Pacific Railway.

OTTAWA, Aug. 31.
The Canadian Pacific Railway have secured a controlling interest in the South-eastern Railway, and Boston will be the Atlantic terminus of the Canadian Transcontinental Road.

Quebec Press Association.

QUEBEC, Aug. 31.
The Quebec Press Association have arranged to go on an excursion to the Maritime Provinces. They leave Quebec on Monday, September 10th, and return on Saturday, 15th.

Excitement at Rat Portage.

RAT PORTAGE, Aug. 31.
Great excitement prevails here because of the Manitoba magistrate, Breton, sentenced McDonald and McLean, charged with obstructing Manitoba constables, to six weeks imprisonment in jail.

Prince Jerome Napoleon.

PARIS, Aug. 31.
Jerome Napoleon has returned abruptly to Paris from a tour of Holland.

The Franco-Chinese War.

LONDON, Aug. 31.
A Marseilles correspondent of the *Daily News* says Admiral Meyer, who commands the French naval division in Chinese waters has been formally ordered to arrest, even by force, every Chinese boat carrying arms or troops. He has also been ordered, in case of a rupture between France and China, to make an immediate attack on Canton and other Chinese ports.

Reviving Irish Conspiracies.

LONDON, Aug. 31.
The Exchange Telegraph Company announce that a large number of telegrams in reference to the revival of the Irish Conspiracy, have been received here from America. The police fear that the arrival here of O'Donnell slayer of James Carey will be a cause of trouble. A number of Irish Americans arrived here recently from America.

Anti-Jewish Disorders.

VIENNA, Aug. 31.
Despite the proclamation of Martial Law in Egerszeg, Hungary, the anti-Jewish disorders continue. The peasants now threaten to attack the landlords. A band of 400 peasants destroyed by fire the property of Egveeto. They threatened to shoot a fireman who tried to extinguish the flames whose forces are increasing in number. Forty-eight houses of Jews have been burned at Szepeth, and 36 at Bezered and their crops have been destroyed.

Weather Bulletin.

Probabilities for the next 24 hours for the Maritime Provinces.
TORONTO, August 31—10 a. m.
Light to moderate winds, fair weather with a few local showers.

Meeting of Presbytery.

The Presbytery of P. E. Island met in Zion Church, Charlottetown, on 27th inst. There were present Rev. James Allen, Alex. Munro, Kenneth McLennan, M. A., J. M. McLeod, Allan McLean, Wm. Grant, A. F. Carr, M. A., Wm. P. Archibald, Alex. S. Stewart, George McMillan, B. A., and John McLeod, and Messrs. Isaac Thompson, Wm. Ross and Donald Beaton, Ruling Elders.

The following calls were sustained, viz.: from Georgetown and Montague to Mr. C. S. Lord, B. D.; from St. Peter's and Brackley Point Roads, to Mr. A. W. Mahon, M. A.; and from Woodville and Little Sands to Rev. M. Campbell, of Strath Lorne, C. B.

Rev. John McMillan, M. A., of Truro N. S., was unanimously nominated next Moderator of the Synod of the Maritime Provinces.

Mr. W. H. Hammond, M. A., was appointed to preach in East St. Peter's on 1st and 2nd Sabbaths of September; and in Georgetown and Montague for the remainder of that month; Rev. J. K. Bearisto to preach in Georgetown and Montague on 1st and 2nd, and in East St. Peter's on 3rd, 4th and 5th Sabbath of September. Mr. McQuarrie to remain at Cardigan and Dundas; and Mr. Martin at Little Sands and Woodville.

The next quarterly meeting of Presbytery was appointed to be held in Summerside, on the first Tuesday of November, at 11 o'clock, a. m.

JOHN M. McLEOD,
Presbytery Clerk.

A YOUNG man writes: "I have used Mack's Magnetic Medicine and am much pleased with the result. It has cured me after doctors and other medicines had failed." See advertisement in another column.

AN EXTRAORDINARY DISCOVERY.
ROWELL'S
"Patent Annular Elliptic" Lenses,

For the Better Improvement of Defective Eyesight.

A most extraordinary discovery in the manufacture of Spectacle Lenses has recently been made and patented by Jonathan R. Rowell.

The "Annular Elliptic Lens" is so constructed as to gather the rays of light and transmit them through a wider range of vision than any other lens in use. It produces an apparently enlarged area at the point at which the object is seen, so as to adapt itself to eyes of different requirements, without trying or wearing the optic nerves, consequently will require less frequent changing of lenses than those ordinarily in use. By reason of the rays of light passing through the centre of the lens which meet or come to a focus, at say 14 inches from the glass, the range of vision is strengthened by illuminating the darkened space around the focal point where the concentrated rays are thrown to the centre. The object of the surrounding bevelled ring is to direct the concentrated rays, so as to overspread the dark surface, making it lighter. This condition is attained by having the beveled or polished ring so inclined to the axis of the lens as to produce a separate and distinct focal point. This increase of light at the focal point renders objects placed therein more clearly visible, and has the effect of producing an enlarged area of light, thereby preventing dimness of vision peculiar to lenses constructed on the old plan.

Prof. A. K. Eaton, of Brooklyn, says:—"I have worn the pair of Annular Elliptic Eye-Glasses you furnished me with some three months ago, and after critical examination I find they certainly have all the advantages claimed for them. The two curves of the lens give, of course, two distinct focal points, and were the human eye nothing more than an ordinary optical instrument, there would be no advantage in the use of such lenses. But the eye in its perfect condition possesses the property of involuntary adjustment for different distances. When it loses this power through age, or other wise, ordinary glasses enable the eye to work at a given distance, but do not restore the quality of adjustability. This is positively effected by the Annular Elliptic Lens, which enable the eye to adjust itself for distance within certain limits, which are determined by the foci of the different curves. This the public will appreciate when fully understood."

We are so convinced of the advantages possessed by these Spectacles that we offer to take back Spectacles sold by us during the past three months, and that are not damaged, in part payment, of the New Patent Lenses, this offer to hold good for one month from date.

E. W. TAYLOR,
Watchmaker and Jeweller, Charlottetown, P. E. I.
August 29, 1883.

LONDON HOUSE.

WE ARE SHOWING A HEAVY STOCK OF
Crey Cottons,
White Cottons,
Bed Tickings,
Sheetings,
Denims, &c.

Bought since the recent Reduction in Prices, and Marked Accordingly.

GEO. DAVIES & CO.
Ch'town, August 17, 1883.

British Warehouse.

To the Wholesale and Retail Trade.

W. & A. BROWN & CO.

HAVE now opened the completion of their large stock of SPRING AND SUMMER

DRY GOODS.

They are offering special inducement to cash buyers.

It will be to your advantage to inspect their stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Establishment closes every evening at 6 o'clock (Saturdays excepted.)

W. & A. BROWN & CO.
Ch'town, June 1, 1882.—wly

HURRAH! HURRAH!

FOR THE
Charlottetown Boot and Shoe Factory.
IT IS A GREAT BENEFIT TO THE ISLAND.
THEIR BOOTS AND SHOES TAKE THE LEAD.

This is the best place to spend your money for Boots.
DORSEY, GOFF & CO.
Ch'town, July 9, 1883.—2aw wly

APPLES, TEA, & C.

BY AUCTION, TO-MORROW (SATURDAY), September 1st, at 11 o'clock, at Auction Rooms, 11 Queen Street,
15 barrels N. S. APPLES,
30 half chests TEA,
50 boxes FANCY SOAP,
5 casks VINEGAR,
WRAPPING PAPER, PAPER BAGS, &c.
A. McNEILL,
Auctioneer,
Ch'town, Aug. 31, 1883.

TENDERS

FOR
White-washing Exhibition Sheds and Fence.

WILL be received at my office, up to Monday, September 3rd, at 6 p. m., for white-washing the Sheds and Fence on Exhibition Grounds. Specification to be seen at my office.
A. McNEILL,
Secretary P. E. Island Exhibition,
Ch'town, Aug. 30, 1883.—3i

SEE THE

UNLAUNDRIED WHITE SHIRT FOR ONE DOLLAR AT THE LONDON HOUSE.
Ch'town, Aug. 28, 1883.

CONVENT

Congregation de Notre Dame.

The Classes will Re-open on Monday, September 3rd.

For any information, apply to the MOTHER SUPERIOR.
Ch'town, Aug. 22, 1883.



DR. BENNET

Is in Town To-day and To-morrow.

LEAVES BY BOAT

Saturday Morning.
Ch'town, Aug. 30, 1883.

WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.

TO LET—A House on Richmond Street (West), containing five rooms. Apply to Nicholas Murphy, on the premises. [aug 31 2i pd]

WANTED—A general servant. Apply to Mrs. E. W. Taylor, Kent Street, or at E. W. Taylor's store. [aug 30 3i wy li]

TO LET—A House on Richmond Street, containing eight rooms, with good cellar and stables. Apply to J. B. Macdonald. [aug 30 3i]

WANTED—At Peake's Station Starch Mill, a man and his wife to take charge of a boarding house for the season. Good references required. Apply immediately to McKinnon & McLean, Charlottetown. [aug 29 1w]

LOST—On Tuesday Evening, 28th inst. a Lady's Gold Brooch, with the letters "S. R." engraved on it. The finder will be rewarded by returning it to EXAMINER'S OFFICE, or to D. O. M. Reddin. [aug 29 3i]

LOST—On Friday night last, a red and white Cow, with one black spot on her right side. Any information concerning her will be thankfully received by Mrs. Mullin, Union Street. [aug 28 3i tu w fr—pd]

WANTED—A girl to do general house work. Apply at EXAMINER'S OFFICE. [aug 27]

MISS FORGAN, Cumberland Street, will be ready to receive a limited number of music pupils after Monday, 27th, August. [aug 23 eod]

WANTED—A Housemaid, good character from last situation and good outfit required. Apply C. LEIGH, Water Street. [aug 22]

REMOVAL—We have leased Monaghan's Brick Store, next door to Dodd & Rogers' Hardware Store, where we intend moving in a few weeks. The shop at present occupied by us, to which is attached a large yard and warehouse, is to let. Enquire on the premises.—J. C. SPRAGUE & Co., Sign of the Big Boot, Queen Street. [aug 21 tu w fr w]

TO LET—A Stable, with Coachhouse and Loft, on Pownall Street. Apply at EXAMINER'S OFFICE. [aug 20]

TO LET—A house containing six rooms. Apply to James McLeod, Spring Park Road. [au 4]

VINEGAR—Just received a supply of French Imperial Triple Vinegar, warranted of best quality. For sale at John Hobbs' Grocery Store. [aug 2 3w 1aw]

BOARDERS—A few boarders can be accommodated at Mrs. Rodd's, opposite Pickard's Bakery. [jly 31]

FOR SALE—Set of Tinsmith's Tools, also a lot Tinware, cheap. Apply to Mrs. Rodd, opposite Pickard's Bakery. [jly 31]

TO LET—(with immediate possession) that handsome and commodious residence in the northern suburbs of the city, on St. Peter's Road, lately occupied by L. B. Archibald, Esq. Enquire of LONGWORTH & HARRIS. [may 16, 1883]