

# THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 5.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 6, 1879.

NO. 65

**BRITISH AMERICA**  
**Assurance Company.**  
**FIRE AND MARINE.**  
Cash Capital & Assets, \$1,176,491.45.  
**INCORPORATED 1833.**  
Head Office, - Toronto, Ont.  
Risks taken on all descriptions of Property at lowest rates.  
**PROMPT SETTLEMENT OF LOSSES.**  
HORACE HASZARD, Agent.  
Office, South Side Queen Square.  
July 10, 1879.

**UNION HOUSE,**  
Queen Street, Charlottetown.  
P. P. CILLIS, . . . PROPRIETOR.  
CHOICEST WINES & LIQUORS.  
NEW YORK LAGER BEER.  
TABLES set at all hours, with every luxury of the season.  
FRESH OYSTERS received daily.  
ROOMS large and comfortably furnished.  
COACHES from this House meet all Trains and Steamboats.  
First Class BARBER SHOP.  
July 4, 1879—3m

**LORNE HOTEL,**  
TRACADIE BEACH,  
NORTH SHORE P. E. I.  
This new and pleasantly situated Hotel is now open, and will be found the  
**Best Summer Resort**  
**ON THE ISLAND.**  
It can be reached from the City twice a day by Rail to Bedford, or by carriage; distance 13 miles, or one-and-a-half hours' drive.  
Visitors will find that every care has been taken to provide for their comfort and pleasure.  
**PRICES MODERATE.**  
Special Arrangements may be made for Families.

**CYRUS TAY,**  
MANAGER.  
**MACLEAN & MARTIN,**  
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,  
Newson's Building, Opp. Post Office,  
Charlottetown, P. E. I.  
A. A. McLEAN. B. C. MARTIN.  
June 18, 1879.—ex 2aw

**DR. P. W. G. GANNING,**  
Licentiate Royal Colleges Physicians and Surgeons of Edinburgh.  
**LICENTIATE MIDWIFERY.**  
RESIDENCE:  
Upper Hillsborough St., corner Hillsborough and Euston Streets, Charlottetown.  
OFFICE HOURS: 8:30 to 11 a.m.; 7 to 9 p.m.  
Charlottetown, June 24, 1879.—cod

**QUEEN INSURANCE CO'Y.**  
OF ENGLAND.  
CAPITAL, . . . TWO MILLIONS STERLING.  
INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise and Produce. Also, on Vessels on the stocks.  
Special rates for isolated residences.  
Losses settled promptly.  
GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank),  
Agent for Prince Edward Island  
June, 1877—

**PHOTOGRAPHS!**  
**MUGFORD,**  
Sole Licensee for Lambert's Patents for Permanent Photographs, for City and Queen's County.  
**THEY NEVER FADE,**  
as the old Photographs do.  
**ALL THE OLD SORTS HALF PRICE**  
RICHMOND STREET,  
Opposite London House—David Wilson's Old Stand.  
P. S.—To THE TRADE.—Photographers wishing to supply their Customers with Permanent Pictures, can get their Printing and Enlarging done at reasonable Prices from their own Negatives.—Sample, 25 cts, 35 cts, 60 cts.  
Ch'town, May 16, 1879—3m law dy & wkly

## LOOK HERE! BRITISH WAREHOUSE.

As we intend to make a change in our business at the end of the year, we are now closing out our  
**Large and Well-Assorted Stock of**  
**DRY GOODS**  
At Unusually Low Prices. Which, we are Sure, Will Meet the Hard Times.

Dress Goods from 6 cents upwards.  
Grey Cottons from 4 cents upwards.  
Prints from 6 cents upwards.  
Hemp Carpeting from 12 cents upwards.  
Tapestry from 59 cents upwards.  
Brussels from \$1.00 upwards.  
All other lines we are closing out at Prices that Defy Competition.

**W. & A. BROWN.**  
Charlottetown, June 30, 1879.  
**SEASIDE HOTEL**  
RUSTICO BEACH, P. E. ISLAND.

THE ABOVE BEAUTIFUL WATERING PLACE HAS BEEN MUCH IMPROVED this Season and is now open for the accommodation of Guests.  
For CHARMING SCENERY, INVIGORATING and BRACING ATMOSPHERE, and splendid Surf Bathing, this Hotel has no equal in the Dominion. Terms, \$2.00 and \$2.50 per day, \$10.50 per week. Special arrangements made for Families, Pic-nic Parties, &c.  
To get to the Seaside Hotel: get tickets from all points for Hunter River.  
BY TRAIN.—Trains leave Ch'town for Hunter River at 6.20 a. m.; 10.05 a. m.; and 5.25 p. m. Trains leave Summerside for Hunter River at 9.05 a. m.; 12.40 p. m.; and 5.30 p. m. Coaches meet trains from all points and convey passengers to the "Seaside." Charges Moderate—distance between 7 and 8 miles, through a beautiful country.  
BY COACH, DIRECT:—Coaches leave Ch'town Wednesday and Saturday evenings calling for Guests at all points in City limits at 6 o'clock. Returning arrive at Ch'town about 9 o'clock, on Thursday and Monday morning. Fare, \$1.25, distance 18 1/2 miles. Address: JOHN NEWSON & Co., Ch'town.  
July 8th, 1879.—2m. pat. & arg.

**TEA PARTY**  
—AND—  
**PIC-NIC SUPPLIES!**  
—AT—  
**BEER & GOFF'S**  
Lemon, Raspberry, and Pine Apple Syrup  
Sold in bottles and by the gallon.

**Plain and Fancy Biscuits**  
Sold in Boxes & Bbls. and by the pound.  
Icing Sugar, Raisins, Currants, Pastry Flour, Essence of Coffee, Confectionery, Nuts, Oranges, Potted Ham, Drivelled Ham, Potted Tongue, &c  
**BEER & GOFF**  
June 23, 1879.

**FURTHER REDUCTION**  
IN PRICE OF  
**Albion Mines (Pictou, N. S.)**  
**SLACK COAL.**  
SLACK and ROUND COAL can now be obtained at the above mentioned Mines. Slack Coal, only \$1.30 per ton; Round Coal, \$2.00.  
For orders, apply to  
G. W. DEBLOIS,  
Sole Agent for P. E. Island.  
OFFICE: No. 35 Water street.  
Ch'town, June 23, 1879—patsj kca h sp2m

**TENDERS.**  
TENDERS will be received by this Department at Charlottetown, up to the 8th of August next, for carrying the annual supplies to and bringing the empty oil casks of the previous year from the Lighthouses, a list of which can be obtained at the Department's Office.  
The vessel must be of good class, well found, and not less than forty tons register.  
Address to the undersigned, and mark on the outside, "Tenders for Carrying Supplies."  
The Department is not bound to accept the lowest or any tender.  
WILLIAM MITCHELL,  
Agent of Dept.  
Dept. of Marine, Charlottetown,  
July 30, 1879—her ar pres } 3icod tl 8th

**FIRE! FIRE!**  
THOMAS COOK, Photographer,  
formerly of Boston, and who was burnt out at Fraser's Corner last March, has recently opened

**A FIRST-CLASS STUDIO**  
At LePage's Corner,  
Opposite W. A. WEEKS & Co's, where he will be glad to see all his old customers, and as many new ones as feel disposed to assist him with their patronage. With his new improvements he is turning out work superior to anything heretofore made in the city. All the latest styles of pictures made, Photographs, Proclains, Tin-types, and the beautiful Photo-Cromo. Copies made from old pictures, enlarged or reduced to any desired size, finished in ink, crayon, oil or water colors. Special attention paid to children. A large assortment of Frames always in stock, mottoes and motto frames. Prices moderate.  
Entrance next door to Owen Connolly's Queen Street; also entrance on Sydney Street.  
July 23—6in wed and sat

**Department of Public Works,**  
**CANADA.**  
SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned at St. John, N. B., and enclosed in the envelope, "TENDER FOR NEW LONDON WORKS," will be received until  
**Saturday, the 16th day of August next,**

for the construction of Works at NEW LONDON, Queen's County, P. E. Island, according to a Plan and Specification to be seen on application to Dr. McNeill, Stanley Bridge New London, from whom forms of tender may be obtained.  
No tender will be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied; and, in the case of firms, except there are attached the actual signature, occupation, and Post Office address of each member of the same.  
To each tender must be attached the actual signature, occupation, and Post Office address of two solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of the conditions of the contract, as well as the due performance of the works.  
The department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.  
By order,  
HENRY F. PERLEY,  
Engineer in charge.  
St. John, N. B., July 23, 1879—  
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## NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

**MONTREAL.**  
MONTREAL, Aug. 4.  
The flour market is quiet but steady.  
The excitement over the supposed loss of the steamer "Canada," which left here on an excursion trip to Quebec on Saturday and started on the return trip at 6 o'clock yesterday but has not yet arrived, has been intense: Rumors of her being burned and only 37 saved were current, until telegrams were received this afternoon that she had broken her shaft in Lake St. Peter. She arrived to-night all safe.  
A meeting of a private character was held this afternoon to consider the propriety of presenting a testimonial to the late Lieutenant Governor Letellier.  
**OTTAWA, Aug. 4.**  
Hon. Dr. Blanchet is expected to return to Canada about the 1st of September.  
Thirty-seven tenders were received for the Manitoba section of the Canadian Pacific Railway. The lowest tender is said to have been in the vicinity of \$580,000.  
Hon. Mr. Langevin is expected to return to the city to-morrow.  
The contract for the transportation of 4,900 steel rails, now arriving at Montreal by the "Sardinian," was on Saturday closed by Hon. J. H. Pope with the North-West Transportation Co., represented by Mr. Henry Beatty, the Manager. Mr. Beatty left town by the p. m. train for Montreal to make immediate arrangements.

**TERRIFIC STORM IN ENGLAND.**  
LONDON, Aug. 4.  
The severest storm known here for years raged in various parts of England, especially in the valley of the Thames, on Saturday night. The storm was attended by hailstones, some of which were five inches in circumference. The damage to crops in places around London amounts to thousands of pounds. The storm has caused immense injury to the crops. The damage by rain, hail and inundation will be irreparable this season. The loss of live-stock is serious. In the Great Park of Bedfordshire the hay crops were swept away and many cattle were drowned. Newmarket and the neighborhood was flooded. The rain fall in Buckinghamshire is estimated at seventy tons per acre. Damage by floods and lightning is also reported from Cambridge, Norfolk, Bedford, Leicester, Bath and Monmouth.

**THE ZULU WAR OVER.**  
PORT DUNFORD, July 13.  
via LONDON, Aug. 4.)  
Cetewayo, when leaving the battlefield of Ulundi, told his chiefs to look to their own safety, and to seek terms of peace as best they could. His army is broken up, the nation is dispersed, and the King a fugitive. Zululand will probably be divided into three or four separate principalities, each under the rule of an independent Noble. Cetewayo's brother, Oham, will receive his own territory under this arrangement.

LONDON, Aug. 4.  
The dispatches of special correspondents in South Africa agree that the capture of Cetewayo is all important, because as long as he is free he will remain the centre of conspiracy and mischief. General Wolsley, however, has no intention of pursuing him with British troops, as the nature of the country renders such a course impracticable. His policy rather is to stir up the neighboring tribes against the King. Agents have been sent to the Swazies and Amatongas with this object in view, and 5,000 cattle have been offered to Oham if he will capture his brother. One telegram even says that a price has been placed upon Cetewayo's head, but this seems an exaggeration. General Wolsley in an address to a number of chiefs on July 12th, informed them that he had no desire to take any of their territory, but Cetewayo was a fugitive and could never more be king. Gen. Wolsley had summoned all the native chiefs to meet him at Emangweni, about nine miles north of Umlatoosi River, July 19th, to hear his final words of settlement. The chiefs who were present at the meeting July 12 declared that the Zulu nation had now no head and they wished to have no more black kings, but would prefer John Dunn for king. They promised to bring all the chiefs of the coast districts to the Emangweni meeting, but these tribes do not constitute the most warlike part of the nation.

**MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.**  
SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 4.  
About 6,000 invitations have been issued to Bankers to attend the National Convention which meets here to-morrow.  
PETERSBURG, Va. Aug. 4.  
On Friday a double murder occurred in Sussex County, which resulted in the death of a mother, and her infant. James Rose (colored), a farmer, of the above named County, came to Petersburg on Friday morning. During his absence his house was visited by a woman to whom he was formerly married but afterwards forsook to take up with another woman named Maggie Finns, by whom he had a child. The forsaken woman was accompanied by a negro man. On arriving at the house the man shot Finns through the head, killing her instantly, while the infants head was chopped off with a spade by the enraged woman. This double murder was first discovered late on Saturday when Rose returned home.

## Correspondence.

*We do not hold ourselves responsible for the statements or opinions of our correspondents.*

**THE FISHERIES.**  
Letter From the Inspector.  
SOURIS, August 4.

DEAR SIR,—Here, while on a tour of inspection of our Island Fisheries, a copy of the EXAMINER, of the date of 1st inst., has fallen into my hands and in it I find a letter from "Codfish, North Lake," commenting on a communication signed S. D. F., that I have not yet seen. Having the strongest objection against rushing into print on trivial pretext, I would not, and should not, have noticed the letter—notwithstanding that my name is mentioned—had not "Codfish" brought forward in the form of an opinion, a belief that has been frequently put in the shape of a question to me during the few brief weeks I have held office: "how can our Island (inland) fisheries belong to the Dominion Government when we have never legislated them away?"

Will the enquiring public pardon a mere layman like myself trying to make the matter as clear as I can to the general public? The explanation is more historical than legal, that is to say than Legislative.  
Let us go no further back than the Norman conquest—that base of rock from which the British Constitution, under which we live, has, in the course of centuries, grown. By right of conquest, the kingdom of England became the personal property of Norman William,—field and forest, fish, fur and feather, land and water, and, (as was said by another William, the Lion of Scotland), "all above ye earth to heaven, and all below ye earth to h—l" were his own individual and personal property. The Norman was liberal and gave away most of his realm of England. Sometimes he gave away his rights of water and forestry, and sometimes he did not. Where he did not give them away, those rights of conquest still belong to him, or, at least, to the Sovereign his successor.

Now, pray, observe that no assumption of power, short of a revolution, can abrogate the Rights of the King, unless by the king's consent. Twice, it has been done as, for instance, by the Barons at Runny mede, when they extorted magna charta, which document (if my memory serves me) expressly deals with the question of forests and streams. But, as a general thing, the Crown, like our mutual friend Jack Falstaff, renders no reason on compulsion. It follows that a right of the King, not expressly conveyed away by the King, remains a right inherent in the Crown.  
An inherent right is not lost by being held over until a convenient season shall occur to exercise it. I could bring forward a familiar illustration that would be readily understood by everybody, but as it is rather too familiar I refrain. Suffice it to say, that in the settlement of Colonies—the King never divests himself of his land, highways, and rarely or never,—"hardly ever"—of his waterways. I know but one instance in this Province where the owner of lands, through which runs a salmon stream, claims that his ancestor had a grant of the soil of waterway from King George.

Your correspondent from North Lake, is therefore right when he says that our river fisheries do not belong to the Dominion Government. They do not. They belong to the King (Queen).  
Why then does the Dominion Government make regulations for these waterways if they do not belong to it? It does so because the Canadian administrative power acts in the matter, not in virtue of special legislation, but as the King's "steward of streams" or "water-bailiff of the Crown," and, as such, exercises "jurisdiction of the King" in like manner, as the steward of an absentee proprietor administers the freehold of his absent master. And the reason that the Dominion, and not the P. E. I. Government now administers, is that an agreement written in general terms, and called the British North American Act, to the effect that Canada, and not P. E. I., should act as steward of the Crown in Imperial matters, was agreed to by the parties concerned, and to this agreement P. E. I. voluntarily set her hand and seal.

This explanation is rather long and somewhat pragmatical, but it may serve as a subject of research.  
Before closing, let me put another matter properly before the public and "Codfish" (of whom we may safely say, in the words of Trinculo, "This is no fish but an Islander"), namely, that the Fish and Game Society, although not adverse to, is outside of and not in any way affiliated with the action of the Dominion Government in regard to the Island fisheries. While personally pleased to see any number of gentlemen associating with the laudable object of protecting our much-abused Island streams, my duty, as a public officer, clearly points out to keep myself altogether independent of individual or associated influence.  
Yours, truly,  
J. HUNTER DUVAU,  
I. of F.

The sanitary authorities in Ireland are beginning to put the law into operation with the view of preventing the spread of infection caused by the custom of holding wakes. A man has been prosecuted by the Dublin Public Health Committee for holding a wake on the body of a child who died of small-pox.