

10 Inch Cake
16 cents per lb

Silver Cake
16 cents per lb

Currant Cake
16 cents per lb

Walnut Cake
16 cents per lb

TELEPHONE 98
D. STEWART
ECLIPSE BAKERY
BAKES BEST BREAD

THE DAILY EXAMINER
OCTOBER 6, 1899.

WHAT DO WE INTEND TO DO ABOUT IT?

Hon. Mr. Stetson's Able and Instructive Address.

The Y. M. C. Hall was thronged last evening to hear the Hon. Mr. Stetson, Superintendent of Education for the State of Maine, deliver a lecture entitled "What Do We Intend to do About It?" Mr. A. Trowsdale, president of the Teachers' Association, presided with much acceptance, and on the platform were Premier Farquharson and several members of the Executive, Mr. D. J. McLeod, Superintendent of Education for the Province, Dr. Anderson of Prince of Wales College, Messrs Blanchard and Reid of the City School Board, and several clergymen. The stage was prettily decorated with flags and flowers and potted plants.

Hon. Mr. Stetson, after being introduced by the chairman, expressed his pleasure at seeing so many people present to-night. He was surprised at the great number present during the day, but was greatly surprised at the attendance to-night. He did not believe that so many people could be found to pay ten cents to hear a man talk on education. He then complimented the people of the Island upon the beautiful scenery and the many evidences of comfort and progress to be found in the province. The rural districts were quite as prosperous as the towns and villages, a condition of things which did not prevail in the States. He greatly appreciated the treatment he had received since coming to the Island province, and regretted that his stay could not be prolonged.

The part, he thought, should show us the path we are to travel in the future. It is not to be what it ought to be there must be a change in the home as well as in the school. The teacher must not be too deeply absorbed in his text books, and the parent and citizen generally must not be too greatly engrossed with their different pursuits. A school cannot be run successfully with a school-house and appliances; only the teacher must have the warm sympathy and hearty co-operation of those who live in the home, those who give them the children. The hearts of the people should be found in the schoolroom where their children are. Let them take an intelligent interest in the school. Do not stand around and growl and say harsh things about the school and the teacher. It is this conduct that cripples schools and injures teachers. There is nothing a parent can do to promote the improvement of the child that is better than to be frank in his dealings with the teacher.

There was a time when the home was prepared to make sacrifices for the boy in order that he might be sent to school or college. But in these days we seem to be depending too much on the municipality or state to furnish an education. We are too apt to look upon that which costs us nothing as of little good. It seemed to him that we needed some of the experience of our forefathers—those who wrought and toiled that we might be blessed—to spur us on.

He did not like to hear people say "what was good enough for my ought to be good enough for my boy." The condition of things has changed very materially. Our children are in a vastly different position than we were. We are living in a larger and better world than ever was. We are citizens of the world. The United States had to come here for a president for one of its leading universities,—a man of great talent and ability. It may be true that you cannot produce as much wheat as the Dakota wheat belt, or as much gold as the mines of California, or raise as many cattle as we can. But you can grow men and women that are worth more than all the cattle and wheat and gold the world has ever seen. You have all the qualities for making good men and women.

He did not like the expression "school yards." What do you yard? Cattle or people? He hoped the time was coming when they might be called "school lawns." There should be better school buildings and larger school areas in our country districts as well as in our cities. The interior of the school-house should be clean and neat, and contain pictures of the more elevating kind. Good reading should also be provided. The school premises should be well-

kept, with walks and lawn and flowers. These conditions would have an uplifting influence upon the children. The conditions surrounding the child during his school days have much to do with shaping his character. If these conditions are bad the effect upon the children must be unfavorable. But if during their school life the little ones are brought into contact with well-kept school houses and grounds, good reading and other influences which make for the betterment of all the effect upon the children must be good, for these conditions grow into their daily lives and form part of their living. It is surprising that our children are as gentle and well-behaved as they are when the conditions which surround their school life are considered. We have passed the provincial stage and become cosmopolitan. We have made more progress in the last 100 years than the old world did in the previous 1000 years. Our responsibilities are great and we should not shrink them.

Mr. Stetson then paid a tribute to the dignity of labor, mentioning those two famous apostles of work—Kipling and Millet. Kipling throughout his writings exalts the man who works, and sings his praises. Millet's master-piece, "The Angelus," was also referred to by the lecturer, and a beautiful description of it given. Two humble, uncultured laborers at work in the field cease operations as the sound of the Angelus bell comes to them from afar and silently offer up their hearts to God. The whole aspect is one of reverence and devotion and those who look upon the picture must be benefited. "The Angelus" should be found in every schoolroom in the province. It is a part of the history of a great church. It shows reverence and devotion, qualities which always mark the highest and best manhood.

You cannot afford to stand back. Stand with the teachers. Help them to go in the right direction. Have a little more concern about the child as a child. He was afraid the teacher saw too little of the individual child and too much of him in masses—in the school. We do not have enough concern for our boys and girls. Parents and teachers should come together more. Let them meet and fraternize at teachers meetings and conventions. It will be the better for the teacher and the child as well as the parent.

Those who are the leaders of thought and the moulders of opinion must be on the alert. The teachers should be men and women of character and ability,—persons who can get outside of their text books when it is necessary so to do in the interests of the child. Geo. Howland, Superintendent of Education for Chicago, called at one of the schools and saw the teacher give some lessons. The teacher asked Mr. Howland to read something to the children, and the superintendent read one of the descriptive passages from Longfellow's Evangeline for the little ones, who listened with much attention. After he had gone the teacher asked the scholars to write down their impressions of the reading. One little fellow, an Italian, concluded his manuscript with the remark, "Somehow his reading made me think of God." The teacher who can do this, said Mr. Stetson, can mould children in a way they need to be moulded to fit them for the day in which they live.

Teachers and parents should be ever active in well doing. They should co-operating in promoting the best interests of the child. They should so work that the world will be the better for their having lived in it, remembering always the words of Kipling,—
Lord God of Hosts, be with us yet.
Lest we forget. Lest we forget.

The large audience followed the lecturer with the closest attention, and was generous with its applause. The vote of thanks at the close was moved by Dr. Anderson seconded by Hon. Mr. Farquharson, and was fittingly acknowledged.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

—The Patriot quotes Premier Farquharson as authority for the statement that the Conservatives when in office were uneconomical. Electors who now sit in judgment upon Premier Farquharson and his government will not be apt to pay much attention to his denunciations of the acts of ex-Premiers Sullivan and McLeod. Premier Farquharson and The Patriot have, apparently, forgotten that the Dominion subsidy was, when the Conservatives entered office in 1879, \$155,995.05, and at the end of 1890, the last year of their control of our Provincial affairs, \$183,519.86!

October MAGAZINES

NEW BOOKS

ALL UP-TO-DATE
Lines of Stationery.

Novelties in

Crepe Tissue Papers from 6c large roll up.

HASZARD AND MOORE
SUNNYSIDE.

DANCING

PHYSICAL CULTURE.

PROVSE BLOCK, SUNNYSIDE

Mrs. H. C. Macdonald's select School opens for the season, October 3rd. Afternoon and evening classes now forming. Just time for one term before Rink opens. Choice of days to those who come first. Arrangements can be made for private classes and private lessons on application. 233 dtf

SALT! SALT!

12000 Bags Common Salt now landing 6000 " " now due 500 " factory filled to arrive Buy rs ordering ex. ship save cost of storing here. For sale low to the trade. For prices write
CHARLES HARKER,
Shediac, N. B.
234 dlwk

FOR SALE

A very desirable property at Cardigan Bridge. The farm and residence of the late Wm. P. Lewis, Esq., comprising about 100 acres of land under cultivation; 16-roomed house, a good orchard, barns, stables, etc. Apply to
DANIEL F. MACDONALD,
Vernon River Bridge
WM. A. LEWIS, Cardigan,
or the owner, Mrs H. McLellan, 837 Keefer St., Vancouver, B. C.
235 d&w5i pd

In Chancery

Before the Master of the Rolls
ALBERT E. SMITH, Complainant
and
EBENEZER WILFRED SMITH and
DAVID AORN, Defendants

To David Aorn, of Providence, Rhode Islands, U. S. A.—
Take notice that Albert E. Smith has commenced a suit against Ebenezer Wilfred Smith, and you in Her Majesty Court of Chancery, of Prince Edward Island, by a bill filed in that Court, on the 28th day of September, A. D. 1899, and you are hereby required, within twenty one days after the date of this notice, inclusive of the day of such date, to defend this action by causing an appearance to be entered for you, thereto at the office of the Registrar of said court, at Charlottetown in Prince Edward Island, and in default of you so doing, the said complainant may proceed therein and a decree may be made as prayed.
Dated this sixth day of October, 1899.
WILLIAM A. WEEKS,
Registrar
RATTENBURY & TWEDDY,
235 Solicitors for Complainant

Satisfying Satisfaction....
Is afforded to those who buy and sleep on the
Hercules
WIRE MATTRESSES
Our stock of tuft mattresses—in mixed, a l)wcl—mos --hair, etc., is a large one and the prices are in t at usua
MARK WRIGHT AND CO
HomeMakers

\$5,000 Dollars of FURS
THE BEST FURS PRODUCED IN CANADA ARE HERE
Fur Robes, Fur Jackets
Fur Collars, Fur Lined Capes
Fur Sets, Fur Muffs
Fur Collars, Men's Fur Coats
Ladies' Fur Sacques, Fur Rufts
At prices you ought to pay for Furs. All our FURS are new. We can show you more Furs than most houses of P. E. I., and guarantee you
FURS AT EYE OPENING PRICES—
Jas. Paton & Co

This cool weather You will want warm
...Blankets
We have them and out they go if low prices will do it.
50 pair white wool blankets, sizes 55x 76, \$2.00
50 pairs white wool blankets, sizes 60x 80, \$2.56
25 pairs all wool, grey, fine make \$1.90
These blankets are very cheap as they were bought early in the season before the advance in prices. Buy now.
J B Macdonald & Co
LEADERS IN LOW PRICE

Your Music Room
If you have a music room you know there is always something needed there. If you have no musical instruments, you may depend on us for THE BEST.
Excellence of Tone and...
Rightness of Price
are two of our leading features
The best musical instruments: at Lowest Prices.
Miller Bros
QUEEN STREET
CONNOLLY'S BUILDING

THAT'S THE STUFF NO OTHER CHEWS EQUAL TO IT

BLACK BASS
Navy Chewing Tobacco
DOMINION TOBACCO CO. MONTREAL