

CANDIDATES
On Behalf of the People's Government,
CHARLOTTETOWN:
GEO. WASTIE DeBLOIS, Esq.,
Hon. NEIL McLEOD,
Provincial Secretary and Treasurer.

**LIBERAL-CONSERVATIVE
COMMITTEE ROOMS**
Terlitzick's Building, Queen Street,
OPEN EVERY DAY, SUNDAY'S
EXCEPTED.

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

APRIL 1, 1879.

A Bubble Pricked.

THE Grit Party are, we learn, telling the electors that they saved \$13,000.00 or \$14,000.00 by giving the asylum contract to strangers. We propose to prick this bubble. On reference to the Public Works Department, it will be found that—
Mr. Corbett's tender was \$78,768 00
Messrs. McIntosh & Dewar's tender was 76,710 00
\$2,058 00
Take into account the cost of Mr. Stewart's winter trip to Halifax, the issue of new tenders, &c., and all the advantages given the pet contractors, and it will be found that the Province at large would not have lost had the contract been given to the persons to whom it legitimately belonged. On the other hand, our own mechanics would not be left to bite their fingers at the street corners while others did their work and drew the pay they should have received to support themselves and their families through the hard times of depressed industry by which we have been visited. But the Grits do not believe that a Government should protect its own people—even when the times are hard and the cost of doing so is nil.

The Railway.

THE Patriot states that Mr. McNab's "offences have been such as to cause his removal from a very lucrative office to one whose duties are more arduous, and the salary attached to which is smaller than the one which he lately filled." Mr. McNab is the gentleman whom, it is said, the Government have appointed to perform the duties now performed by Messrs. McKechnie and Cunningham. He is an experienced, capable, and exceedingly popular Railway Engineer. We never heard a whisper that he was guilty of any offence. The Patriot's allegation is, we believe, unwarranted. Mr. McNab comes to the Island, not because he has committed any offence, but because the Government could not think of losing the services of so efficient an officer. The "economy and retrenchment" instituted by the Liberal-Conservatives necessitates a large reduction of the number of officials. Mr. McNab was one of those who could be spared from the Intercolonial Railway; and the Government have simply transferred him to the Island Railway. If we mistake not, Mr. McNab has been longer in the public service than either Mr. McKechnie or Mr. Cunningham. Consequently, he has a prior claim upon the Government to either of those gentlemen. As he will perform the duties of both of them, at a large reduction of cost, the country will not, we think, grumble at the change. The Patriot raises a howl because Mr. R. Hunt or some other Islander did not receive the appointment. Its noise is easily silenced. Mr. R. Hunt is not an Engineer; and our economical Government requires that the duties of both Engineer and Superintendent shall be done by one man. If we had a slashaway, dashaway Government—such as that of the Grits—the two officers and the two salaries would, of course, be retained—and there would continue to be huge deficits and a discontented people.

A Base Attack.

THE Patriot clique have great dislike to honest politicians. This accounts for the vile and false insinuations against Mr. DeBlois contained in an editorial that appeared in the last issue of the Patriot. The eagerness of the Davies faction to injure Mr. DeBlois is unchecked by any principles of morality or truth. It is insinuated, as an offset to the Dodd jobbery, that Mr. DeBlois improperly received excessive damages from a late Government of this Province for lands taken from him for railway purposes. When the editor of the Patriot insinuates that Mr. DeBlois acted dishonestly or unjustly in this matter, he does so with a full knowledge that what he insinuates is false. The amount received by Mr. DeBlois for land damages was fixed upon after a fair trial in the Chancery Court of this Province and upon an award made by a jury or commission of our first business men in this city. We shall more fully refer to this in our next number.

Wrong Again.

THE Patriot says that Messrs. Sullivan, Ferguson and McLeod "ask the electorate of Prince Edward Island to confirm them in their seats, and to declare that they are better able to manage the affairs of this Colony than their predecessors." The Patriot is wrong again. Messrs. Sullivan, Ferguson and McLeod simply ask the electors to give them a fair trial. If, fairly tried, they do not show that they are better able to manage the affairs of the Colony than their predecessors, they are much worse than no good at all.

A Suspicious Fact Interpreted.

MR. ROBERT SHAW is, undoubtedly, head and shoulders over most men in point of ability; but the surprising fact that the "Patriot" admits as much is regarded as very suspicious. The interpretation is this: The "Patriot" clique know that the electors of Fort Augustus, Little York and Mount Stewart do not believe a word the "Patriot" publishes; they wish to damage Mr. Shaw's candidature in those localities; and, therefore, they bespatter him with their praise in the hope that the electors who do not personally know Mr. Shaw will regard him as a very bad, dull man. A clever ruse; but rather too thin!

Auxiliary Bible Society Meeting.

THE annual meeting of the P. E. Island Auxiliary Bible Society was held last evening, in the Hall of the Y. M. C. A.—The Hon. Col. Gray, one of the Vice Presidents, in the chair. On the platform were Judge Hensley, Judge Young, and most of the clergy of the city.
After devotional exercises, led by Rev. Mr. Osborne, the Chairman addressed the meeting, showing that the march of events was steadily tending towards the emancipation of the race, and that it was the object of this Society to co-operate in that grand design of Providence! The Secretary read his report, showing that good progress had been made during the past year. The issues of the Parent Society had risen to nearly three millions. An earnest appeal was made for aid, to meet extraordinary outlay made on behalf of the Russian and Turkish soldiers, to whom 137,161 copies of the Scriptures had been distributed during the late war. The Treasurer's report was incomplete, but it would be submitted to the Committee and printed shortly. The Rev. Mr. McDonald moved, and Rev. Mr. Steele seconded, the adoption of the reports, which, on being put, was agreed to. The speakers for the evening then addressed the meeting: Rev. D. Fitzgerald, on the success vouchsafed to the Parent Society; Rev. Dr. Murray, on the indebtedness of missions to the Society; and Rev. Mr. Lathern took a retrospective view of the work done as an encouragement for the future. The Committee was then re-appointed, with some additional members. The choir of the city churches well deserved the vote of thanks unanimously given them, and one of the best meetings of the Bible Society ever held was dismissed with the doxology and benediction.

Horrible Scenes Along the Nile.

A STARVING POPULATION.

Correspondence dated Arment, Upper Egypt, Feb. 24, gives a heart-rending account of the population of the Nile Valley. In some villages the people are past help, sitting naked like wild beasts, eating roots and suffering with despair. In one town the women and children fought over scraps of bread like wild animals. In the inland hamlets the villagers are said to be starving like dogs.
The Times, commenting on the condition of the famine-stricken population of the Nile Valley, says:—
"This state of affairs is immediately ascribed to last year's inundations and the failure of the first wheat crop; but the real cause lies in the helplessness of the fellah's condition. He is so mercilessly taxed that he is forced to live from hand to mouth, and it is impossible for him to make any preparation against a day of temporary need, while he is so oppressed with work, and so reduced by insufficient food as to lose all hope and energy, and all power of physical or moral resistance. The sole and simple cause of their misery is to be found in their crushing taxation and the injustice with which it is extorted from them. This is due to the necessity of meeting the financial demands required by the extravagant expenditures of the Khedive and his Government. Matters have now reached such a pass that every turn of the screw by which the payment of a coupon is forced from the Khedive in spite of deficient revenue, represents another day of torture inflicted on the unhappy fellahs. Good government would, in a moderate time, restore the country to a fairly prosperous condition, but there is great reason to believe that, for the present, the English and French creditors must consent to forego their full rights. To insist on those rights might prove shortsighted for their own interests, as well as cruel to the fellahs, and it will be the duty of our Government to look to the permanent welfare of the Egyptian people in the first instance, rather to the immediate claims of the bondholders."
A Paris despatch says a revival of the old law of succession, which would place Halim, the Khedive's uncle on the throne of Egypt, is daily gaining ground.

TEAS.—It may interest some of our readers to know that English black teas pay a duty of 2c. per lb. and 10 per cent. ad valorem but if imported from the United States they pay 2c. per lb. and 20 per cent. ad valorem.

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the statements or opinions of our correspondents.

Letter from Hon. F. Kelly.

To the Editor of the Examiner.
SIR,—Allow me through your columns to correct a false report which I understand is freely circulated throughout the Third District of Queen's County, to the effect that I am altogether indifferent as to the result of the election (which I believe is to be contested by the Hon. H. Beer, Robert Shaw, Esq., and myself), provided I can in any way secure my own re-election, or rather that I am using underhand influence in favor of Mr. Beer, in order to gain for myself the votes of his friends and in other ways damage the prospects of the Government candidate.
Now, I wish the electors to distinctly understand me on this point. Such reports or statements are altogether incorrect and without any foundation. As much as I respect Mr. Beer in private life and as a gentleman, still I have no sympathy whatever with him in his political capacity. I trust the people will not accuse me of such inconsistency as openly espousing the cause of the new Government and privately assisting the return of an opponent. My intentions from first were to contest the District in conjunction with whatever candidate might be selected by the majority of the people of the north side of the District. The reason I have not made this public before now was the apparent difficulty that seemed to exist as to who would be the man for the northern section of the District, and I also thought the majority of the electors was fully aware of my intentions.
However, I now understand they have chosen Mr. Shaw as their candidate, and I fully and heartily endorse their choice, and now most respectfully solicit the support of my friends in the different parts of the District for Mr. Shaw and myself.
Yours, etc.,
F. KELLY.
Fort Augustus, March 31, 1879.

Miscellaneous.

How much of the "poor man's" taxes would it take to pay for the two millions of dollars lost to Canada by the McKenzie steel rail purchase?

A WALK of twenty-four hours, between Richard Daley and Richard Neagle was in progress in St. John, on the 29th ult. At last accounts Neagle was fifteen laps ahead of his opponent.

HANLAN is laid up in London. The Sportsman says he is suffering from a bad cold and a deep-seated boil or carbuncle on the neck, which keeps him from practice. The period of his recovery will depend very much upon the continuance of the east winds, from which Newcastle district is suffering.

In Melbourne, Australia, the Presbyterians—at least some of them—are wealthy and generous. A liberal adherent has lately offered \$50,000 for the building of a wing of a Theological College, provided another \$50,000 will be subscribed, and at the last accounts this sum was nearly made up. They have also a "Ladies' College," of which the Rev. Andrew Harper is Principal.

The Zulus are found to be armed with the best breech-loading rifles, are capital marksmen, and have a supply of explosive shells of the latest pattern. The Natal authorities are much exercised over the question, "Who arms the Zulus?" the credit or blame being generally attributed to the Portuguese of Delagoa Bay. The Americans and Russians are named in the same connection.

The silver mine at Mascarene, in this County, is reported to be turning out well, and grows richer as the mining proceeds. We trust that it may prove as rich as the Nevada Mine. The property is owned by Calais and St. Stephen men. Silver, lead, copper and even particles of gold have been known to exist in the County of Charlotte, and only require capital and energy to develop these natural resources.—St. Andrew's (N.B.) Standard.

Among the first to make preparations to push into the interior of Africa, along the pathway which Mr. Stanley had pointed out, were the Baptists of England. The Baptist Missionary Society had already laborers six or seven hundred miles to the north of the mouth of the Congo, and they were directed to explore the new region, with a view to the establishment of a mission therein. A report has just been made recommending San Salvador, about a hundred miles south-east of the Congo River.

Cetewayo, the Zulu King, according to the correspondents, is as merciless as he is blood-thirsty, and, when he meets with his deserts, civilization will have cause to rejoice at the discomfiture of as perfect a specimen of a savage tyrant as the world ever gazed upon. "I have known him," says one correspondent, "to kill fifty women and children to feed his golden eagles. As brave as a lion, he will fight until he dies; and if he only sees a scratch on one of his warriors' backs when they return home, he is put to death, as Cetewayo thinks he must have turned from the enemy and have thus received the wound."

DIPHTHERIA IN WINDSOR.—A promising young son of the late Rev. Canon Hensley, was interred in the cemetery, with his father, on Tuesday of this week, and yesterday (Friday) morning, the pride of the family, Beatrice, the eldest daughter, after but a few days' illness, was carried off by the same virulent disease. Miss Hensley was engaged to be married to Mr. C. P. Payzant, son of the President of the Commercial Bank, and was one of those noble women whom all respected. The whole community deeply sympathize with Mrs. Hensley in her great bereavement. Two more of the children are still sick with the disease, but only one is dangerously ill.—Herald.

The Prince Imperial came very near having a royal companion in his adventures at the Cape. The story goes that it was at first intended that the 1st battalion of the 60th Rifles, to which H. R. H. Prince Arthur, Duke of Connaught, is attached as Major, should go to the Cape, and that upon hearing of the proposal, the Duke intimated his intention of sharing the fortunes of his regiment, leaving his bride to wait till his return, but the authorities at the Horse Guards decided that would never do, and so the third battalion received marching orders instead.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES,

CHEAP, at JOHN NEWSON'S.
April 1, 1879—3m

FURNITURE.

LARGEST STOCK—Greatest Variety—
Best Quality—Cheapest in every grade.
Call and examine. JOHN NEWSON.
April 1, 1879—3m

Picture Frames & Moulding.

ALL the Modern Patterns—Cheapest—
Best Workmanship—Promptly delivered.
JOHN NEWSON.
April 1, 1879—3m

Looking Glasses and Mirrors.

NEW STYLES—Cheap. JOHN NEWSON.
April 1, 1879—3m

IRON BEDSTEADS.

SINGLE & DOUBLE—Best kinds—Cheap.
JOHN NEWSON.
April 1, 1879—3m

Bedding, Matresses & Pillows.

BEST MATERIAL—Hair, Flock, Excelsior, Straw. JOHN NEWSON.
April 1, 1879—3m

UPHOLSTERY WORK.

MODERN STYLES—Best Finish—Cheapest—Promptly delivered.
JOHN NEWSON.
April 1, 1879—3m

FURNITURE REPAIRED

AND RE-PAINTED—Chairs Re-Caned—
Looking-Glass Frames Refitted, and all kinds of Machine Work done with satisfaction and promptness, at JOHN NEWSON'S.
April 1, 1879—3m

100 PARLOR & DRAWING-ROOM SUITES, in raw Silk Poil, Silk Cotaline, Silk Repp and Hair Cloth—Styles unrivalled—Stock large—Prices at cost.

150 BEDROOM or CHAMBER SUITES—Every variety of design and price—Never before so cheap.
JOHN NEWSON.
April 1, 1879—3m

Molasses. Molasses.

The subscriber offers for sale low,
20 Puns. MOLASSES, } Bright Retailing.
20 Bbls. do }
B. WILSON HIGGS.
Ch'town, March 31, 1879.—Gin

RETRACTION.

THIS is to certify that the Ten Dollars that James M. Butcher received from the Co. was on account, and paid by orders of the Adjuster for an appraisement. As I was ordered to give Mr. Butcher a donation, I supposed this was the amount; but I have since satisfied myself that Mr. Butcher did not get any money for the use of the Hook and Ladder Co., and all the money paid by me to the Fire Department was paid to Dr. Strickland for the use of his Co.
M. A. CAMERON,
General Agent C. F. & Marine In. Co.
March 29, 1879.

FOR SALE,

THE unexpired term of fourteen years of LEASE OF LAND, corner of Queen and Richmond Streets, formerly occupied by Fraser's Drug and Gass' Boot & Shoe Store. For further particulars, apply at "Glasgow House," to Mr. F. LePape.
P. G. FRASER.
Charlottetown, March 31, 1879.

LECTURE.

HO FOR COLORADO

JAMES H. FLETCHER, ESQ., will deliver a Lecture before St. Joseph's T. A. Society, in St. Patrick's Hall, on
THURSDAY, APRIL 3, 1879,

'SIX WEEKS UPON WHEELS.'

This Lecture is delivered by special request, and will contain, in addition to the trip from Charlottetown to San Francisco, Mr. Fletcher's views of Colorado—a State which he visited last fall.
Doors open at 7. Lecture to commence at 8. Admission 10 cents.
ANGUS McDONALD,
Secretary.

OLD MINE

Sydney Round Coal.

A FEW TONS LEFT.
Apply to H. COOMBS, or G. COOMBS,
Lord's Wharf.
March 27, 1879—3in

UNDERTAKING, &C.

JAMES M. BUTCHER is now prepared to give close personal attention to all funerals that may be entrusted to him.
COFFINS, CASKETS, &C.
of various sizes, styles and quality, always on hand, ready-made.
"PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES."
Ch'town, February, 24, 1879.

To the Electors of Charlottetown, Common and Royalty:

GENTLEMEN,—Having been nominated at a large meeting of merchants, mechanics, farmers, and other electors of Charlottetown, Common and Royalty, representing both parties in Dominion politics, to run in conjunction with Mr. L. H. Davies, for the Local Legislature, I beg to state that I have accepted the nomination.

If elected my best efforts will be directed to have the Law for the Registration of Voters so amended that no elector may be deprived of his privilege as a British subject, in recording his vote. I believe that by strict economy and retrenchment in the various departments of the public service, the expenditure of the Province can be so reduced as to bring it within the revenue, without resorting to direct taxation; and any measures having for their object the reduction of the taxes, or the repeal of the Assessment Act, if that be found possible, will have my willing support. The state of the Provincial finances, as well as the depressed condition of all branches of trade, demand the strictest economy and retrenchment. Certain members of the present Government having declared their intention to place Charlottetown under the Assessment Act, I shall strenuously oppose any such measure. That Act was placed upon the Statute Book to defray the expenses of maintaining the roads and bridges of the country. The City taxes itself for that purpose, and it is, therefore, unjust that it should be compelled to contribute to a service from which it derives no benefit.

Charlottetown contributes largely to the general revenue by its consumption of dutiable goods. This revenue is repaid the Province in the shape of subsidy. The subsidy is also largely made up by the 80 cents per head of the population. It will, therefore, be my duty to see that Charlottetown gets a fair share of the Revenue thus derived.

Any measures having in view the improvement of the position of the Mechanics of this my native city, and the protection of their industry by the adoption of a just Lien Law, will, I need hardly say, have my warmest support, whilst at the same time I shall endeavor to see that the rights and interests of other classes are in no way infringed upon.
Having had an experience of upwards of 25 years in business, I claim to have some knowledge of the wants of the people. If elected, my best endeavors shall be put forth to promote their interests. My motto is country first, party afterward, and fair play to all.
I have the honor to be, Gentlemen,
Yours respectfully,
THOMAS MORRIS.
Charlottetown, March 31, 1879.

WANTED.

A PURCHASER for a small but comfortable Stock of Household Furniture, Carpets, Bedding, Crockery and Glassware, and everything required for house-keeping on a moderate scale.
The house in which the above is contained is pleasantly situated, and will be let on reasonable terms.
Address P. O. Box 103, Charlottetown.
March 27, '79.—2w

TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Board of School Trustees of Charlottetown, at their Secretary's Office, until

Monday, the 7th Day of April,

next, at twelve o'clock, noon, for the
Erection of a Wooden Building,
as an addition to the Wing of the new School Building on Western Kent Street.
Also, for the erection of a Fence to enclose the grounds in connection with said School Building. Tenders to state the price of the Fence at per foot.
Plans and specifications to be seen at the office of Thomas Alley, Esq., Prince Street, Charlottetown.

Tenders to be marked on the envelope, "Tender for work in connection with School Building."
Good and approved security will be required for the performance of the Contract.
The Board does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.
ISAAC OXENHAM,
Secretary of the Board of School Trustees of Charlottetown.
Office of City School Board, } t apr 7
March 22nd, 1879.

To the Electors of the First Electoral District of King's County:

GENTLEMEN,—The House of Assembly of this Province having been recently dissolved, I again beg to present myself to you as a candidate for your suffrages at the approaching election. If you do me the honor of re-electing me to a seat in Parliament, I shall exert myself to the best of my ability, in promoting your best interests.

Any measures of retrenchment and reform not inconsistent with the efficiency of the public service, shall receive my hearty support.
The proposed abolition of the Legislative Council meets with my approval; and the system of Imprisonment for Debt should be substituted by a good and efficient Attachment Law.

I will heartily endorse any efforts made by the Government towards securing our fair share of the Fishery Award. And in dealing with the different public questions which may be at issue, I shall endeavor to guard the interests of the people of this Province, and those of my constituents in particular.

Relying upon the confidence you have hitherto reposed in me,
I have the honor to be, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
JAMES R. McLEAN.
Souris, March 26, 1879.

FISH.

100 Quintals Prime Codfish
CHEAP FOR CASH.

Wright & MacGowan,
Queen's Wharf
February 8, 1878—law for 2m

THE place to get your Printing done is at the EXAMINER Printing Room