

HALIFAX, MARCH 24.

ARRIVAL OF THE CALEDONIA.

TWENTY-TWO DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

The Royal Mail Steam Packet Caledonia arrived on Thursday evening last, in 14 days from Liverpool, bringing London dates to the 3d and Liverpool to the 4th instant.

LONDON, February 13.

THE ROYAL CHRISTENING.

The Princess Royal was, on Wednesday, admitted a member of the Christian church, and though, perhaps, some disappointment may have been felt that a ceremony so interesting and important should not have been solemnized in a more public manner, yet, as it was decided to have it performed within the precincts of Buckingham Palace, nothing was left undone that could at all contribute to its splendour or effect.

The christening took place in the throne room, the throne being removed, and an altar erected in its stead, covered with crimson velvet, and having the sacred insignia of the Christian Faith embroidered in gold.

In front of the altar stood the Archbishop of Canterbury, having on one side the Archbishop of York, and on the other the Bishop of London; the Bishop of Norwich and the Dean of Carlisle being a little behind. The Queen and Prince Albert took their stations on the left of the Archbishop.

Everything was in readiness, and waited only the appearance of the Queen Dowager, who arrived at twenty minutes to seven o'clock. The sacred rite then commenced; the Archbishop received the infant Princess from the hands of her nurse, and held her during the whole of the ceremony.

At the appointed place, the Queen Dowager named the Royal child—'VICTORIA, ADELAIDE, MARY, LOUISA,' and she received the baptismal sign, and what is more, the caresses of her illustrious godfathers and godmothers, without even a whimper. Her Royal Highness was then handed over to the care of her nurse, and retired to her own apartments.

DEATH OF SIR ASTLEY COOPER.—The painful duty devolves upon us of recording the death of Sir Astley Cooper, Bart. That melancholy event took place on Friday morning, at about a quarter past one o'clock, at his residence in Conduit-Street, Hanover Square.

THE ARMY.—During the last two years there have been 37 promotions from the ranks. The commissions have been given chiefly to sergeant-majors and colour-sergeants. Four common sergeants are in the list of promotions.

The Madrid Gazette of the 1st instant, states, that Her Majesty the Queen had received the agreeable intelligence that the Portuguese Senate had adopted the Bill relative to the free navigation of the Douro, and that on the 27th ult. Her Majesty the Queen of Portugal had given her assent to the bill, and ordered that it should become the law of the land. Now this difference is terminated, continues the Gazette, nothing can disturb the friendship and alliance which exist between the two nations.

His Majesty the King of Prussia has conferred the order of the Red Eagle on Admiral Sir Robert Stopford for his services on the coast of Syria.

The Proposals of France to the Great Powers.—The Paris correspondent of the Times states that M. Guizot has for some time been occupied in drawing up, from the information obtained by Baron Mounier, during his recent visit to London, various propositions of which the acceptance by the other Powers would induce France to adhere to the treaty of the 15th July. The note containing those propositions had been recently addressed, not only to the Cabinet of St. James, but also to the Ambassadors of France in Vienna, Berlin, and St. Petersburg, to be communicated to the Powers parties to the treaty.

We understand that urgent reclamations are made by all the Great Powers against the increase in the army, as well as the other martial preparations of France; and that the answers of M. Guizot are not considered satisfactory. We likewise learn, that Prince Metternich is foremost in testifying his uneasiness on the subject, and that he has hastened the settlement of the Eastern question, for the purpose of taking from the French Cabinet that pretext for its maintenance of the "armed peace." We have also reason to believe, that a marked change in the dispositions of the Austrians towards the King of the French personally have taken place, as Prince Metternich begins to doubt that the intentions of Louis Philippe are less pacific than he has often professed them to be.—Morning Herald.

The Suiabian Mercury, under date the 28th ult. states, that the Austrian army was on its full war footing. At a moment's notice the Austrian Government could bring into the field 300,000 men and 600 pieces of cannon.

A letter from Naples of the 25th ult., states that, on the night of the 22d, a considerable slip took place on the mountain above Gragnano, near Castellamare, and that sixty houses were crushed by the falling matter. It is supposed that 100 persons perished by this sudden calamity.

Instantaneous Sinking of the "Governor Fenner," with one hundred and twenty-two souls on board.—We have the melancholy duty to furnish a narrative of a calamity at sea, more awfully sudden and disastrous in its results, than any we have had to record since the commencement of our editorial labours—not even excepting the dreadful losses by the storm of the 6th and 7th January—the instantaneous sinking, off Holyhead, of a large ship, in consequence of collision of a steamer in the night, with at least 122 souls on board, two only of whom, the captain and mate, were saved—the whole of the others, men, women and children, the greater part of whom were in their beds, being at one fell swoop huried from the slumber of this life into the eternal sleep of death.

The Captain of the Governor Fenner states, that after the ill-fated vessel went down, when the collision with the Nottingham took place, not a stick was visible, nor a body belonging to her seen, during the fourteen hours that the steamer, disabled, was compelled to remain on the spot where the catastrophe took place.

Conflagration of Wynyard House, near Stockton, the Mansion of the Marquis of Londonderry.—Intelligence has been received of a fire which occasioned the total destruction of the magnificent and beautiful mansion, Wynyard House, the seat of the Marquis of Londonderry, about 4 1/2 miles from Stockton-upon-Tees, in the County of Durham. The only part saved is the kitchen and outhouse; but these have sustained much damage. The loss is supposed to be, at least, £30,000.

Lord Cardigan has been tried by his peers and acquitted. Simply because the noble culprit had been indicted for shooting at Harvey Garnett Phipps Tuckett, whereas, it had only been proved that he shot at Captain Harvey Tuckett; and there was no evidence to satisfy their Lordships that Captain Harvey Tuckett had ever received the baptismal name of Garnett Phipps! And so all the noble Lords, one after another, laid their hands upon their hearts, and declared "upon their honour," that James Thomas, Earl of Cardigan, was "not guilty!"

The East.—The Smyrna journals bring news from Constantinople of the 28th ult. The Iscudar steamer returned

to that capital from Alexandria on the 20th, with accounts of the entire submission of Mehemet Ali to the orders of the Sultan, and the surrender of the Ottoman fleet to Yaver Pasha (Admiral Walker). The announcement of this result had produced a most favourable impression. The Ministers immediately communicated the intelligence to the representatives of the Foreign Powers, and the definitive conditions to be granted to Mehemet Ali were agreed to between them, and forwarded to Marmouze and Alexandria by the steamer which left Constantinople on the 28th.

Constantinople, Jan. 18.—Colonel Hodges yesterday received a firman, authorising him to wear the decoration of a ferik, that is, a pasha of two tails. It has been reported, in consequence, that he has been actually invested with the rank of general of a division in the Turkish service, but this I believe to be incorrect.

Jan. 28.

I have just heard that M. Pontois, the French Ambassador, has been recalled, and is to leave Constantinople by the next French steamer.

Alexandria, Jan. 27.—Soliman Pasha, with 8000 men, women and children, have arrived at Akaba (eastern horn of the Red Sea), on their way to Cairo.

Egypt.—Alexandria, Jan. 27.—Commodore Napier left us on the 23d inst. proceeding by the Mahmoudieh Canal and the Nile for Cairo, and intending to return in about ten days. The Pasha has not yet left Alexandria. Previous to the Commodore's departure, he had several conversations with the Pacha on commercial affairs, and it is understood that the basis of an arrangement has been laid for the transit of English and East Indian merchandise through Egypt, which is likely to prove highly advantageous to British interests. Mr. Cochelet, Consul-General of France, will return thither in about a fortnight, and a new diplomatist is expected here. Yesterday two fresh cases of plague occurred here; one on board the frigate Damiatta; the other in the 3d Regiment. Great changes are contemplated by the Pasha in the employment both of soldiers and fellahs (fellahs alike as they are) in agriculture, in commerce, and in his own administration of the various departments of state. Meantime money is wanted, and great exertions are made to obtain it.

THIRD EXPLOSION AT ACRE.—A third explosion has occurred through Turkish negligence at Acre. One British sailor is severely wounded, and four Turkish soldiers were killed thereby. To put an end to the latent danger, the authorities have flooded the magazines. At Damascus some disorders had taken place after the evacuation of the Egyptians. The chief of a Turkish quarter and some Christians had been killed, but the entry of the Sultan's troops restored order. The persecuted families of Jews had returned thither from Beyrout, and offered their service to the new Government as bankers, &c., but they were not accepted.

CIRCASSIA.

By recent arrivals from the Circassian coasts we are informed that the fort of Soncha, one of the strongest posts occupied by the Russians, has fallen into the hands of the Circassians. The contest was very sanguinary, for the assailants stormed the place with their accustomed fury, and the garrison defended themselves with desperate obstinacy. After repeated repulses and loss of many men, the Circassians at length forced their way into the fort, and put the whole of the Russian troops to the sword. During the late storm twelve Russian ships were wrecked on the coast, and a large steamer was driven on shore, which the Circassians completely gutted.

LIVERPOOL, MARCH 4.

The West India Mail Steam Packets.—The first of these splendid steam packets—intended for carrying the Mails between Great Britain and the W. I. Islands, was launched at Greenock, on Thursday last, from the building yard of Messrs. Duncan & Co. She was named the Clyde, is of 1600 tons burthen, will have engines to commensurate horse power, and is the largest vessel ever launched at Greenock.

The North American Mails.—The Post Office authorities have issued a notice, stating that letters from Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island, will in future be charged at the rate of 1s. 2d. the half ounce weight being the usual packet rate of 1s. 2d. for inland Colonial postage. Letters for Halifax, Nova Scotia, will, however, be charged only 1s. the half ounce, as the packet delivers her mails at that port, and therefore no inland postage need be charged. All letters intended for above mentioned places, if addressed "via Boston," will also be charged only 1s. for each half ounce.

Nova Scotia and New Brunswick.—We understand that Major-General Sir Neil Douglas, K. C. B., has been offered, and has accepted, the command of the forces in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. Sir Neil left Murraysburgh this week for London, to make the necessary arrangements.—Perth Courier.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Robert Keate, Esq., to be Surgeon-General in Ordinary to her Majesty, in the room of Sir Astley Paston Cooper, Bart. deceased.

The steam-ship British Queen will leave Portsmouth, on Wednesday, the 10th inst. for New York. The Great Western does not resume her voyages until Saturday, 3d of April.

War Office, Feb. 26.—37th Foot.—Henry Clinton Foss, gent. to be Assistant Surgeon, vice Logie, deceased.

Staff.—Lieut. Colonel John Bazalgette, on half-pay, unattached, to be Deputy Quarter Master General to the Forces in Nova Scotia, vice Lieut. Col. Snodgrass, deceased.

A General Order had been issued from the Horse Guards for supplying bibles and prayer books to the soldiers in the army. The supply, however, is to be confined to those who can read, and who actually apply for them, and each man's name is to be distinctly written in the first page at the orderly room, or by the schoolmaster-sergeant, with the date of issue annexed.

Royal Marines.—It is currently reported that this gallant corps—the first to be in the fight, the last to be out of it—will be rendered still more efficient by being armed with the percussion musket, thus making their already destructive fire more rapid and less failing.—Woolwich Gazette.

An augmentation of the Royal Marine Corps has been ordered, report says, to the extent of 3,000 men, which is strongly indicative of a further increase to the navy in the spring. Several splendid ships at different ports are silently, but expeditiously, being completed for commission.

FRANCE has experienced a severe inundation by the bursting of the Rhone through its temporary banks, and rushing across the basin of the Alpines into the sea. Houses and buildings have been completely swept away by the torrent, and the greatest distress prevails. The Loire had also risen considerably at Orleans.

The population of France amounts, it is estimated, to 33,000,000, of whom 200,000 are electors; and La Presse affirms that of those 200,000 one fourth know not how to read or write!

COLD IN RUSSIA.—A St. Petersburg letter states that on the 20th ult. the cold was so intense there, that several sentences were found frozen to death at their posts; and, in consequence of this, the men have since been relieved every ten minutes.

FUNERAL OF THE BARONESS OF LONGUEUIL.—On Tuesday morning the last honours were paid to the mortal remains of Madame Lemoine, Baroness of Longueuil, the only person in Canada enjoying a title derived from the French Government. The procession left the house on the Citadelle Hill, where she died about ten o'clock, proceeding down the Quebec Suburb and across the ice to the Church of Longueuil, where her remains have been deposited. The procession was in itself imposing, having been arranged in a manner befitting the rank and wealth of the deceased. The Hearse was followed by Baron Grant, the heir and successor of the deceased, as chief mourner, supported by his son, and by a most numerous train of friends and acquaintances. There were upwards of one hundred gentlemen's private carriages, besides numerous hired ones, all filled. The whole was calculated to inspire the most serious reflections, based upon the remembrance that neither public esteem, nor the extensive worldly possessions she enjoyed, could delay the common end of our nature.—Montreal Transcript, Feb. 25.

The Colonial Herald.

SATURDAY, MARCH 27, 1841.

At a late hour last night, the Courier arrived at the Post Office, bringing an English Mail, with London dates to the 3d and Liverpool to the 4th instant. We have endeavoured to make our extracts as ample as the limited time at our disposal would permit.

The statement of the Public Accounts and the Road appropriations have this week absorbed nearly all the space we have been enabled to devote to Legislative proceedings. The Petition to the Crown, proposed by the Legislative Council, has been sent down to the House of Assembly for their concurrence, and will, we believe, be taken into consideration by the latter body to-day.

We have been requested, by one of the parties interested, to give insertion to the following letters, which appeared in last Tuesday's Gazette:—

TO THE EDITOR OF THE ROYAL GAZETTE.

SIR—Having read in the Colonial Herald of the 20th inst. a letter impugning the correctness of the Hon. Mr. Holl's account of his visit to the Wood Islands in the winter of 1838, I consider myself imperatively called upon, as one of his fellow travellers on that memorable occasion, and an eye-witness of all that passed, to testify in the most unqualified manner to the perfect truth and accuracy of his statement.

L. C. JENKINS.

Charlottetown, 22d March, 1841.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE ROYAL GAZETTE.

SIR—We, the undersigned, have seen, with much surprise, a communication in the last Colonial Herald, signed—"The only Clergyman resident within the bounds of the District," throwing a shade of doubt upon the statement made by the Hon. Mr. Holl, of his visit to the Wood Islands, in the winter of the year 1838. As this letter is but an echo of that which appeared in the same paper a few weeks ago, under the signature of "Plain Common Sense," and as the writer of that piece found it necessary to apologize for that particular part of it which reflected upon Mr. Holl, and ourselves, we naturally imagined that the matter had there terminated. In this we have been disappointed; and a necessity is now laid upon us of confirming the account of the transaction, as given by Mr. Holl, which we do in the fullest manner, defying successful contradiction, when we assert that every particular in that gentleman's communication has been given with the utmost clearness, moderation and veracity. It is a matter of notoriety that no Clergyman resides in the neighbourhood of the Wood Islands settlement, the nearest being the Presbyterian Minister, at Belfast. Now this gentleman was not present on the occasion referred to, and the only information he could have derived, must have been from the delinquent parties themselves; and this of course would be liable to suspicion. But we must do the people of the Wood Islands the justice to say, that though implicated in this unfortunate affair, they have hitherto evinced too high a sense of honour to deny it. Their self-constituted champion, however, has not been so scrupulous; he has ventured to assert, what they themselves would scorn to admit. This very individual, who has the effrontery to refer us to the Attorney General, was himself the very first person to state, in apology for the treatment we had experienced, that we had been taken for Sheriff's Officers, sent to detain for Rent; and what he has stated, as the ground of their refusal to pay Rent, will, we doubt not, be fully replied to by those who have the best opportunity of knowing the facts of the case.

That this stale occurrence should have formed the ground work of a series of garbled, distorted, mendacious stories, fabricated by anonymous writers, having, possibly, certain political ends to serve, is not to be wondered at; but that one, who, if he understood his duty aright, should be the advocate of peace and good will to men—that, in fact, the only Clergyman resident within the bounds of the District should mischievously, and apparently without a sufficient motive, abet and disseminate falsehoods so gross and palpable, is, we confess, matter of astonishment and regret.

CHARLES STEWART- W. P. GROSSART.

March 26d, 1841.

P. S.—We presume that so good a scholar as this "District Clergyman" is supposed to be, could not have been wrong, when he expressed his intention of indulging his wayward humour for Cacography, which we will do him the justice to say, he has certainly done in every sense of the word.

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.—On Wednesday last, the Hon. the Speaker of the House of Assembly (W. Cooper, Esq.) delivered to an excessively crowded audience, an interesting Lecture on a rather novel subject. The object of the lecturer was, "to prove that the prevailing winds produce currents in the Ocean, which currents have an influence on climate." The subject was handled in a manner highly satisfactory to the audience, which they did not fail to evince, not only by the cheers which greeted the lecturer, but by a request, which was cheerfully complied with, that the manuscript be handed over to the Committee, with a view to publication.

To Correspondents.

A number of Communications, both in prose and verse, have been received during the past week, the publication of which, however, we are obliged to postpone for want of room.

TEMPERANCE.

A PUBLIC MEETING of the Prince Edward Island Auxiliary to the new British and Foreign Temperance Society will be held in the National School Room, on Monday Evening next, the 25th inst., at seven o'clock. GEORGE MOORE, Secretary.

THE Subscriber, Proprietor of Townships Nos. 9, 16, 22 and 61, in this Island, has, by Deed Poll, bearing date the 24th day of February last, and duly Registered in the Registrar Office for this Colony, revoked and made null and void a certain Letter of Attorney, heretofore granted by him to JOHN LEWELIN LEWELIN, Esquire, of Woodley Grove, in this Island, as his Agent, over and for the said Townships. LAWRENCE SULIVAN.

CAPTAIN WILLIAM HUBBARD begs to inform his friends, and the public in general, that he has taken the Ferry House, and intends to keep good entertainment for man and horse, on Temperance principles, and hopes by strict attention, to merit the favour of a generous public. Charlottetown, 26th March, 1841.

IRON.

ON SALE by the Subscriber, Twenty-nine Tons assorted Iron. BENJ. DAVIES. 6th Nov., 1840.

FIREWOOD.

THE Subscriber will purchase 500 Cords FIREWOOD, suitable for the Garrison—to be delivered at his Wood-yard, during the present season. D. WILSON. Charlottetown, Dec. 4th, 1840.

ONE or TWO APPRENTICES WANTED to the Pump and Blockmaking business. Apply to WATSON DUCHEMIN. February 19th, 1841.

Wanted, 4000 bushels Wheat.

THE Subscriber will purchase the above quantity of Wheat, of good quality, free from rust or smut—for which cash will be paid on delivery. JOHN DAVIS, jun. Charlottetown, 18th February, 1841.

APPRENTICES WANTED.

FROM 10 to 12 steady active young Men, from 15 to 16 years of age, who are desirous of becoming Apprentices to the Shipbuilding Business, will hear of good and liberal terms, in a first rate establishment, on application to the subscriber. JOHN DAVIS, jun. Charlottetown, 18th February, 1841.

PROSPECTUS FOR THE NEW SERIES

OF THE MECHANIC AND FARMER.

A Journal of Agriculture and the Useful Arts for Nova Scotia, Cape Breton, P. E. Island, and New Brunswick.

THE first number of the New Series (enlarged to nearly the size of the Halifax Recorder) will be issued immediately after the close of the present volume, in the latter end of April. To render the Work as extensively useful and acceptable as possible, it will from that period be STRICTLY NEUTRAL IN POLITICS AND RELIGION; and the proprietor will be assisted in the Editorial Department by some of the ablest writers on Agriculture in the three Provinces. Every exertion will be used to render the columns devoted to the Useful Arts more attractive and instructive. For improving this and the Agricultural Department, the Proprietor will have in a few weeks, a choice selection of British books and periodicals of approved excellence at his command, on agriculture and practical mechanics, and no means will be left untried to render the Work generally acceptable to the country.

Though a much larger portion of the paper will be devoted to Agriculture than at present, a summary of news, and a weekly notice of events of any interest, will always be given.

TERMS: Single copy, \$2; 3 copies sent to one address for \$6; 5 copies for \$9; and 8 copies for \$14, per annum, exclusive of postage, invariably in advance. Persons sending payment, free of expense, for eight copies, will receive a ninth copy gratis.

Postmasters, Officers of Agricultural Societies, and gentlemen friendly to the cause of Agriculture, in Nova Scotia, Cape Breton, P. E. Island, New Brunswick and Canada, are respectfully requested to act as Agents, and orders for the New Series will be thankfully received.

GENERAL AGENT FOR P. E. Island—Peter Macgowan, Esq., Merchant, Charlottetown.

J. STILES.

Pictou, March 20th, 1841.

FIRE INSURANCE

IS still continued to be effected by the Subscriber at moderate rates, for the ALLIANCE Company of London, which, in point of capital and stability, is second to none in the United Kingdom, and gives to the assured, for five years successively, a share of the entire profits, amounting, on the last division, to twenty per cent. of the premium paid in. The subscriber is empowered in all ordinary cases to settle losses instanter with out reference to the Board in London.

CHARLES YOUNG, Agent.

Charlottetown, Oct. 13th, 1840.

FALL SUPPLY

FASHIONABLE WINTER GOODS,

By the Schooner Huzza, from London.

THE Subscriber has received 201 PACKAGES of BRITISH MERCHANDISE, comprising a very EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT OF GOODS,

suitable to the season, which having been selected by himself in the early part of September last, he feels confident will give satisfaction; and being content with a moderate profit, HE CAN SELL LOWER THAN ANY BEFORE OFFERED IN THE MARKET, for ready money only.

Store, in the old place, opposite the Hon. George Dalrymple's, Richmond Street and Queen Square.

BENJ. DAVIES.

Nov. 5th, 1840.

NOTICE TO PLUNDERERS.

WHEREAS it has been the practice of the above gentry (illegally stating that they had permission from me) during the last Thirty years, annually, to cut Longers and Fire wood on my land, consisting of 200 Acres, situate between the lands of Charles Stewart, and William Stewart, Esqrs., Lot 48, the boundaries of which are distinctly defined—and not content with cutting for their own immediate use, have thought fit to give authority to other persons to do the same, and realized a considerable profit therefrom:

This is to notify all persons that I never have given, and do not intend to give to any person, the privilege of cutting down Trees on the said property, but do hereby offer a reward to the person who shall give such information as will convict the offender or offenders of the like sum as shall be awarded by the Magistrate against the plunderer.

GEORGE BIRNIE.

Charlottetown, Dec. 7th, 1840.

CAUTION TO LUMBERERS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons found trespassing on that part of Lot 49, mortgaged by the late Mr. J. Cambridge to Haythorne & Wright, Bankers, Bristol, will be prosecuted.

EDWARD C. HAYTHORNE.

Charlottetown, 16th Nov. 1840.

N. B.—The Boundaries of the above property having been defined by the Commissioners appointed for establishing the Boundary Lines, the Subscriber is determined to punish all persons in detected so doing.

THE Subscriber wishes to inform all persons who are indebted to him, that their accounts must be settled immediately, in order to save trouble and expense, as he intends to hand over to his Attorney, for collection, all accounts not settled by the 1st April next. JOHN PASSMORE.

J. P. has a lot of prime English Sole Leather, which he is now working up; also, a large stock of ready made Boots and Shoes, well adapted for the Spring—warranted best quality. Charlottetown, February 13th, 1841.

British and North American

ROYAL MAIL STEAM SHIPS

Of 1200 Tons burthen and 440 Horse Power each.

Under Contract with the "Lords of the Admiralty."

ACADIA, Captain EDWARD C. MILLER; BRITANNIA, do. RICHD. B. CLELAND; CALEDONIA, do. C. H. E. JUDKINS; COLUMBIA, do. C. H. E. JUDKINS;

Will sail from Boston and Liverpool, calling at Halifax, as follows:— 1841.

Table with 3 columns: Ship Name, Departure Date, Destination. Includes entries for Columbia, Britannia, Caledonia, Acadia, and others.

Passage Money, £25 Sterling, from Halifax to Liverpool. From Halifax to Boston, \$20. These Ships carry experienced Surgeons.

The UNICORN plies between Pictou and Quebec, in connection with this place.

S. CUNARD & CO.

Halifax, Feb. 22, 1841.

THE celebrated CANADIAN HORSE will stand for the ensuing season at the following places, viz:—at Charlottetown, on Saturday the 1st May—at Louis Gay's, Lot 49, on Monday and Tuesday, the 3d and 4th—at Charlottetown on Wednesday the 5th—at Duncan Shaw's Mill, Covehead, on Thursday the 6th—at James Arthur's, New Glasgow, on Friday the 7th—and at Charlottetown on Saturday the 8th. The same order will be maintained for the remainder of the season. JOHN HYDE.

Charlottetown, 25th March, 1841.