

# THE DAILY EXAMINER.

TERMS—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR. "This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES. SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS. NEW SERIES. CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, TUESDAY, APRIL 5, 1887. VOL. 19.—NO. 258.

**The Daily Examiner**  
Published every evening by  
**The Examiner Publishing Co.**  
From their office, corner of Water and  
Great George streets, Charlottetown,  
Prince Edward Island.  
—RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION—  
By mail, in advance, per annum, \$2.50  
Taxes monthly, 1.25  
One copy, 2 cents  
Advertising and moderate rates.  
Contracts may be made for monthly, quarterly, half-yearly, or yearly advertisements, on application.

**ALMANAC FOR APRIL, 1887.**  
MOON'S CHANGES.  
Fast Quarter 1st day, 9h. 40.3m., a. m., N. E.  
(below horizon.)  
Full Moon 8th day, 1h. 26.4m., a. m., S.  
Last Quarter 14th day, 11h., 51.3m., p. m., W.  
(below horizon.)  
New Moon 21st day, 4h. 42.7m., a. m., E.  
First Quarter 28th day, 6h., 47.3m., p. m., S.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Moon	High	Day's
	risest	sets	water	leaveth
1 Friday	5 30	11 50	12 30	30
2 Saturday	4 46	11 51	12 41	43
3 Sunday	3 59	11 52	12 52	56
4 Monday	3 17	11 53	1 03	69
5 Tuesday	2 31	11 54	1 14	82
6 Wednesday	1 44	11 55	1 25	95
7 Thursday	1 00	11 56	1 36	108
8 Friday	1 13	11 57	1 47	121
9 Saturday	1 29	11 58	1 58	134
10 Sunday	1 47	11 59	2 09	147
11 Monday	2 07	12 00	2 20	160
12 Tuesday	2 28	12 01	2 31	173
13 Wednesday	2 50	12 02	2 42	186
14 Thursday	3 13	12 03	2 53	199
15 Friday	3 38	12 04	3 04	212
16 Saturday	4 04	12 05	3 15	225
17 Sunday	4 32	12 06	3 26	238
18 Monday	5 01	12 07	3 37	251
19 Tuesday	5 32	12 08	3 48	264
20 Wednesday	6 04	12 09	3 59	277
21 Thursday	6 38	12 10	4 10	290
22 Friday	7 13	12 11	4 21	303
23 Saturday	7 50	12 12	4 32	316
24 Sunday	8 28	12 13	4 43	329
25 Monday	9 08	12 14	4 54	342
26 Tuesday	9 49	12 15	5 05	355
27 Wednesday	10 31	12 16	5 16	368
28 Thursday	11 14	12 17	5 27	381
29 Friday	11 59	12 18	5 38	394
30 Saturday	12 45	12 19	5 49	407

**GUARDIAN FIRE INSURANCE CO.**  
CAPITAL \$10,000,000  
CARVELL BROS.,  
Agents,  
March 25-21 wky 1mo pat

**BOSTON.**  
FOR  
**BOSTON.**  
SPRING ARRANGEMENT.  
THE PALACE STEAMERS  
OF THE  
INTERNATIONAL S.S. CO.

Leave St. John for Boston, via Eastport and Portland, every Tuesday, and Thursday at 8.00 a. m. Passengers from Charlottetown to Boston, \$6.50, 3rd class; \$9.50, 1st class.  
For tickets and other information apply to  
A. S. LARSEN, P. E. I. S. S. NAVY CO.  
P. E. I. S. S. NAVY CO.  
or to your nearest Ticket Agent.  
Feb. 12, 1887—cod wky

**PARKER-HOUSE BAKING-POWDER.**  
GOOD PURE  
WHOLESALE

**CARD.**  
THE EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY, having lately added to their stock of type and material for Job Printing, are better than ever prepared to execute orders for Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Handbills, of all kinds, Visiting or Business Cards, &c., promptly and cheaply, in the best style of the art.  
None but first-class workmen are employed in their office; and, as they import their printing press direct from the manufacturers, they are able to fill all orders on the most favorable terms. The continued patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.  
W. L. COTTON,  
Manager.  
Ch'town, Nov. 16, 1886.

**L. ARTHUR & CO.,**  
GENERAL  
Commission Merchants,  
121 ATLANTIC AVENUE,  
BOSTON, MASS.  
Eggs and Produce a Speciality.  
July 15—4ly wky

**BEER BROS.**  
WE are offering very fine value in Black and Colored Cash-meres and Merinos, also in White and Gray Cottons, Prints and Gingham. In Ladies' Corsets we have exceptional value. We are also offering Carpets and General House-furnishings at very low prices.  
Good value will also be found in all other departments.

**BEER BROS.**  
Ch'town, March 2, 1887.  
**SEE!**  
**30 PER CENT DISCOUNT!**

WE will Sell our MAGNIFICENT STOCK at the above discount, for cash, to clear by the 1st of April.  
This is a Genuine Sale, as we want to commence in our new premises with an entire New Stock.

**This Discount is for Cash Only.**  
**JOHN MACLEOD & CO.**  
Ch'town, Feb. 19, 1887—cod & wky

**COKE PLATES.**  
3,000 BOXES,  
BEST BRANDS GUARANTEED,  
TOGETHER WITH ALL OTHER

**Lobster Packers' Supplies and Tools**  
AT SPECIAL LOW PRICES.  
**P. WALSH,**  
HALIFAX, N. S.  
March 8th, 1887—1 mo

**Ten Thousand Pounds**  
Extra Quality  
--T--E--A--  
at Twenty-five cents per  
pound at the  
**LONDON HOUSE.**  
Feb. 11—2aw wy 2mos

**NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE**  
**FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE CO.,**  
OF GREAT BRITAIN.  
Total Assets, Thirty Million Dollars  
**FRED. W. HYNDMAN,**  
Agent for P. E. Island.  
Ch'town, March 11, 1887—2½ mos 2aw

**ADAMSON'S**  
BOTANIC  
**COUGH**  
BALSAM  
SAFE.  
SURE.  
PROMPT.  
**25 Cts.**  
A WONDERFUL REMEDY  
Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam.  
It is as pleasant as honey. Coughs, Colds, and Asthma, which lead to Consumption, have been speedily cured by the use of ADAMSON'S BALSAM after all other remedies have failed. Sufferers from either recent or chronic coughs or local affections, can resort to this great remedy, confident of obtaining speedy relief. Do not delay, get it at once.  
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.  
Bottled at St. John's, N. B., by the proprietors,  
P. W. KISSIN & CO., Druggists,  
222 2/3 AVE., N. Y.

**NOTICE**  
[S] hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next ensuing session thereof, for an Act to authorize and allow the Nova Scotia Permanent Benefit Building Society and Savings Fund, a Society established and formed under an Act of the Legislature of the Province of Nova Scotia, Chapter 42, 12 Victoria, entitled "an Act for the regulation of Benefit Building Societies," to transact business as a Building Society and Savings Fund throughout the Provinces of New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island, as well as the Province of Nova Scotia, and to loan money on real and certain kinds of personal property, and to borrow money and receive money and deposits, with power to issue debentures and deposit receipts and other powers usual to Loan Companies and for other purposes.  
Dated at Halifax, 5th March, 1887.  
JNO. W. PAYZANT,  
Solicitor of Applicant.  
March 22, 1887—2mos

**PURE GOLD GOODS**  
ARE THE BEST MADE.  
ASK FOR THEM IN CANS  
BOTTLES OR PACKAGES.  
THE LEADING LINES ARE  
BAKING POWDER  
FLAVORING EXTRACTS  
SHOE BLACKING  
STOVE POLISH  
COFFEE  
SPICES  
BORAX  
CURRY POWDER  
CELERY SALT  
MUSTARD  
POWDERED HERBS  
ALL GUARANTEED GENUINE  
PURE GOLD MANUFACTURING CO.  
SHEPPARD ST. EAST, TORONTO.

**CANADA AND WEST INDIES.**  
Tenders for Steamship Lines.  
TENDERS will be received at the Finance Department, Ottawa, up to and including the 1st day of May next, from persons or companies, for the performance of the following steamship services, viz.:—  
1st, a line of mail steamers sailing from Halifax to Havana, thence to Kingston, thence to Santiago de Cuba, thence to Canada, and a line of mail steamers between Canada and Porto Rico and adjacent islands. Trips to be made by each line fortnightly. Steamers to be of a size sufficient to carry 2,000 tons of cargo and to be able to steam twelve knots an hour, averaging not less than eleven knots an hour. The contract in either case to be for a period of five years. Tenders will be received for the above services either separately or together. Tenders to be marked on the outside "Tenders for Steamship Service to West Indies." The Government of Canada do not bind themselves to accept any tender.  
By command,  
J. M. COURTNEY,  
Deputy Minister of Finance.  
Finance Department,  
Ottawa, 7th Feb., 1887—feb 19 law til april 30

**NASAL BALM**  
SOOTHING,  
CLEANSING,  
HEALING.  
It Cures  
**CATARRH,**  
Cold in Head,  
HAY FEVER.  
STOPS  
Droppings from  
Nasal passages in-  
to the throat and  
excessive expectoration caused by Catarrh. Sent  
pre-paid on receipt of price, 50c, and \$1. Address  
**FULFORD & CO., Brockville, Ont.**

**FOR SALE.**  
Ten Shares in "The Examiner Publishing Company,"  
each Share representing \$100 in the Capital Stock.  
THE undersigned offers for Sale TEN SHARES (all paid up) of the Capital Stock of THE EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY. Will be sold in lots of one or more shares, to suit purchasers. For further particulars apply to  
J. W. MITCHELL,  
Ch'town, Nov. 8, 1886.

**The Pleasure Resorts of Europe.**  
THE WINTER THE MOST DISAGREEABLE KNOWN FOR YEARS.

Winter lingers in the lap of spring on the other side of the water as well as here. American travellers who left home last autumn to come to Europe in search of pleasant weather and to have a charming time generally, have been in most instances very grievously disappointed. So many circumstances have not for many a day united to make miserable the American sojourner in Europe. London has been favored with the most disagreeable winter known for years. There have not been half a dozen tolerable days during the entire month of March, and the buds and grass of spring seem yet a long way off. Many Americans went to winter resorts in the high ranges of Switzerland, hoping to find steady, dry, cold weather. Quite a colony assembled at Davos-Platz for this purpose, but it rained unprecedentedly and incessantly and the reputation of Davos-Platz for steady, dry cold weather has been utterly ruined forever. All the American colonists took flight and went down to the Riviera and into Spain and Southern Italy. But it snowed at Rome as it never snowed before and froze in Spain, while in the Riviera the earthquake occurred. Now, although an earthquake is not in the line of bad weather, it certainly disturbs an atmosphere of peace and serenity, and is considered as being a much worse calamity than ordinary meteorological irregularities. The Riviera were almost depopulated of tourists by the earthquake, and next winter we may hear of Morocco being chosen as the Old World's favorite winter resort. There is positively no chance of a cold day in Tangiers, and as yet the earthquakes of Italy and Spain have never crossed the Mediterranean to the other side. Even Paris has been made desolate by the cold weather. Berlin is at this moment covered with snow. From all the hibernating American contingent, which now begins to come this way for the London season is heard the same sad complaint. The fiction of "a delightful winter in Europe," has been disturbed, if not wholly dissipated.

Dr. Clinton Wagner, of New York, is one of the Americans who has been trying to find a pleasant winter resort in Europe, and he writes as follows to a friend here, under the date of the 16th of March, from Hyeres, France: "We left Monte Carlo last week; not that we were tired of that lovely and most lively little place, but some infernal idiot in Vienna began to predict more earthquake. My wife was already somewhat unmoved by the previous quakes, and so I thought it better to leave there; but for my part I would rather have Monte Carlo with a quake a day than this nasty, dreary place. We are stopping here until after the equinox. In fact, it is raining so hard and so continuously that we cannot get away. Our experiences in search of winter have been rather discouraging. We came to the Riviera for a quiet time in the sunshine, and struck ice, snow, cyclone and earthquakes. I think that if we went to the infernal regions expecting to find dry, warm weather we should probably encounter wind and rain, the eternal fire gone out, the lake of brimstone frozen over and the devil would probably tell us that the weather was exceptional."

**A Proper Investigation.**  
(St. John Sun.)

An investigation is taking place into the conduct of government employees at Charlottetown at the late elections. If it is true as was stated after the contest, that some civil servants and other employees took an active part in the campaign, and by intimidation and promises to their fellow-workmen influenced them to vote against the government, there is only one course to pursue in their case. A civil servant has a right to vote or not as he pleases, and to vote for whom he chooses, but he has no right to use his position to influence voters against the government of the day. If an official accepts the word of Mr. Davies, Mr. Emerson or Mr. Ellis that a change of government is impending, and that it will be profitable for him to enter into active campaign service against the government, and having accepted its acts accordingly, he must look to the gentlemen who bribed or frightened him, to compensate for the trouble which such action brings upon him. That the government did not coerce or intimidate the electors in the civil service is quite clear from the returns of the election in the districts where those voters were cast. It is the duty of the administration now to see that undue influence cannot be exercised with impunity by others.

**The Margin of Profits.**

From the fullest investigation which I have been able to make, I have been more and more convinced that ten per cent is the maximum margin of profit on all productions in this country and that even a less proportion of the product of a normal year is all that can be set aside for the maintenance or increase of capital; conversely, that more than ninety per cent of each year's product is consumed by those who are engaged in its production, as working people in the sense in which that term is commonly used. Of the ten per cent, or less which is or may be saved and added to a capital; a very large share will become the property of those who are themselves working people in the strictest sense—another large share will be saved by persons of moderate means, while the share of the rich will be but the lesser part of the whole sum of profits. This view is sustained by the very small margin of profit which now suffices to draw capital into any and all the principal arts which can be analyzed.—Edward Atkinson, in the April Century.

**Out of House and Home.**

A Dublin despatch says that a number of tenants on Shirley's estate at Carrick Mac-Ross were evicted recently. The evictions were attended with stirring scenes. Police, 150 in number, were met by a crowd of peasants, with bands of music, and headed by priests. Little opposition was met with until the police arrived at the cottages. These they found barricaded, and while they were removing obstructions boiling water was poured upon them from above. In several places the people and children were dragged through the windows. Evictions on the Marquis of Lansdowne's estate in Queen's county, are causing great excitement. The Marquis has refused to make reductions in his rents, and his agent is forcing evictions by wholesale.

**Bought in Plymouth Church.**  
HOW BEECHER SECURED THE FREEDOM OF A SLAVE.

Staunton Virginia; It may not be out of place, in connection with the history of the late Henry Ward Beecher, to mention an affecting incident in his life which may not have faded from the remembrance of some of our elder citizens. In 1860 or 1861 a beautiful octo-year old girl, raised and owned by a prominent citizen of this country, Mr. George Churchman, attempted to make her escape north. She was arrested and brought back. Her master then determined to sell her, and found a ready purchaser in another citizen, Mr. Fred Scheifer. Shortly after this the late owner was impressed with the belief that the girl intended to make another effort to go north the first opportunity that presented. To meet the emergency and save trouble, Mr. Scheifer proposed to Sarah to go north and raise enough money from the Abolitionists to purchase herself. This proposition she eagerly accepted, and being furnished with means by Mrs. Scheifer to pay her fare, she started a few days after her arrival in New York she was taken to Mr. Beecher, and on the following Sabbath morning was escorted to his pulpit in Brooklyn. She was a woman of commanding presence, rounded features and winning face, and long jet black hair, and of course, under the circumstances, attracted most eager attention and interest from the large and wealthy congregation assembled. She was requested to loosen her hair, and as she did so it fell in glistening waves over her shoulders and below her waist. Robed in spotless white, her face crimsoned and form heaving under the excitement of the occasion, she stood in that august presence a very Venus in form and feature. For a moment Mr. Beecher remained by her side without uttering a word, until the audience was wrought up to a high pitch of curiosity and excitement. And then in his impressive way he related her story and her mission. Before he concluded his pathetic recital, the vast audience was a sea of commotion. Tears ran down cheeks unved to the melting mood, eager curiosity pervaded the whole congregation, and as the pastor announced that he wanted \$2,000 for the girl before him to redeem her promise to pay for her freedom cost, jewelry and trinkets and notes and specie piled in in such rapid succession that in less time than it takes to write this down, enough and much more was contributed than was necessary to meet the call that had been made. What became of Sarah after this remarkable introduction to the Plymouth congregation and the sensational incident connected with it we have not learned. But the incident itself illustrated the broad humanity of the great preacher and the tender sympathy he felt for the humble and oppressed.

**How Horses are Spoiled.**

When we have succeeded in inspiring the horse with entire confidence in himself and his master also, there is but little likelihood, unless he is a very nervous or a very perverse horse, that he will become troublesome through any vicious act, or want of honesty. "Balking" that one vice that pretty nearly takes all the value out of some horses, is undoubtedly always, or very nearly always, chargeable to indiscreet management on the part of those who have had the breaking—training—and after management at work. Thus, if a horse is overworked while yet young, stops to rest without being told to do so, and finding the rest agreeable, and the starting—being weary—disagreeable, it is not to be wondered at that he forms the habit of stopping, and thenceforward becomes a "balker." If, when this first inclination to stop and hesitate is observed the temptation be taken away by getting on to a easier piece of road, lighting the load or giving the horse rest, and feed if needed, afterward avoiding a similar occasion for stopping, the danger of having a confirmed balky horse may be averted. But when, under these circumstances, the horse is hit with a whip, and sharply reprimanded, then look out for a retaliatory effort. The horse assumes that you are his enemy, and from that moment he places himself in an antagonistic position, looking upon his master as an enemy.

The question is often asked whether a confirmed balker can be cured. This admits of a double answer—yes and no. If the horse is in good hands, managed by a person who has firmness and judgment, he can sometimes be cured by driving a stake and hitching him at the spot where he stops, until he is glad to move along to where his rations are. Horses have been cured by, as the saying is, "taking them at their word," and if they want to back, then keep them backing, giving the animal to understand that it is just what you want him to do. You can in half an hour or an hour convince him that backing is a very much harder motion than going forward.

**A Royal Present.**

From a private letter received from Vienna, the London correspondent of the Manchester Guardian learns that a magnificent dinner service of the Dresden bright yellow ware, only used for royal presents is being made there by the order of the Emperor William for the Queen. Each plate will have five medallions, having on them either allegorical pictures recalling memorable incidents in the Victorian era or portraits of the celebrities of the Queen's reign. There are to be in all 288 large and 120 small plates, and 72 dishes of all sizes, besides tureens, sauce boats and fruit dishes. The centerpiece, for flowers and fruit, will be surmounted by a statuette of the Queen, and have medallion portraits in relief—white on gold—of members of the Royal Family of England.

BARTHOLOMEW'S statue of "liberty enlightening the world" will be a reminder of personal liberty for ages to come. On just as sure a foundation as Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" been placed, and it will stand through the cycles of time as a monument to the physical emancipation of thousands, who by its use have been relieved from consumption, consumptive night-sweats, bronchitis, coughs, spitting of blood, weak lungs, and other throat and lung affections. faw

There is a "Home for Intemperate Women" in Boston, which has 41 inmates.  
The closing of the mortgage is described by an exchange as the end of Lent.