

The Daily Examiner

MARCH 19, 1886

The Course of Canadian Trade.

It is interesting to note the course of Canadian trade as indicated in the official returns. Since 1880 there has been a large increase in Canadian imports.

From this fact of an increasing import trade it has been argued that the National Policy has failed in its object of fostering home manufactures; for it seems clear that if the Canadian people are consuming a greater number of imported articles, they cannot be consuming a greater number of articles of home manufacture. But they are. How can that be?

Well, there has been an increase of wealth and population. There are more persons to purchase imported goods; and the persons are able to purchase more. This will be admitted, and still the problem remained unsolved. It is only by a study of the different kinds of articles imported that we can come to an understanding of the matter.

By referring to the Trade Returns it will be seen that there has been a radical change in the course of trade. Formerly we imported a larger proportion of manufactured articles; now we import a larger proportion of raw materials to be manufactured by our people.

The Montreal Gazette institutes a comparison between the value of the raw materials imported in 1879—the year before the National Policy came into operation—and last year. This comparison shows that a wonderful change has been effected. The value of raw materials imported in the two periods was as follows:—

Table with 2 columns: Year (1879, 1885) and various raw materials (Fur skins, Hides, Wool, etc.) with their respective values.

Thus it appears that the value of the raw materials imported last year was nearly three times what it was in 1879; and that labor formerly employed abroad in making goods for Canadian people is now employed at home.

Further, it must be remembered that Canadians, themselves, furnish a large proportion of the materials used in their factories. This fact is of course well known, but it is the more apparent from the very marked difference in the increase of the value of the raw materials imported which are produced in Canada and which are not produced in Canada.

Table with 2 columns: Year (1879, 1885) and various manufactured goods (Buggies, Bleached and unbleached cottons, etc.) with their respective values.

On the other hand, though the prices in great Britain and elsewhere were never lower, the trade returns show that the imports of manufactured goods, has in the same time fallen off. Examine the following comparison of imports of manufactured goods:

Thus, while there has been a great increase in the import of raw material, there has been a decided decrease in the import of manufactured articles; and there has been moderate and increasing prosperity in Canada, and wide extension of Canadian manufactures and trade.

Change of Tune.

The Patriot, with others of its Grit contemporaries, will tell us now that they never clamored for Riel's execution, but their utterances in May and June, 1885, are convincing proofs of the attitude they assumed in reference to this

question. Their leading organ, the Toronto Globe, in May last announced that—

"They (the people) were never more in earnest, never more determined that justice shall be done, and that the doing of it shall not be unduly delayed. The mode in which it is to be done they are willing to leave to the Government, but what the Government does they watch closely, and a policy of procrastination they will not tolerate."

Two other influential Reform papers put the matter in this way:—

"Nothing short of hanging for Riel will satisfy the people of this province. If he does not get that it will be because the pistol has been put to Sir John's ear by French-Canadian influence, and his should be a just and sufficient cause for Ontario to call a halt and demand a reconstruction of the federal ship or a dissolution. A French ecclesiastic is out of the question, and not to be endured or tolerated.—Michael Accorder."

"The English-speaking people will not much longer submit to French dictation. If Confederation is to be maintained intact, the laws must be impartially administered, irrespective of nationality, color or religion; neither must one province be allowed to bleed another, as is the case at present. Riel not only shed blood himself, but caused blood to be shed without having the slightest cause to do so. And not to hang such a villain is unpardonable. The demand made in Ontario is his execution for vengeance, but a demand simply to let the law take its course on a notorious malefactor.—Barrie Examiner."

—As an instance of the evils of the "credit system," the Monetary Times cites the following case:—

"Nearly three years ago, a general store business was begun by Mr. C. G. Armstrong, in the Ontario village of that name, and in so short a time he found it difficult in trusting credit, \$13,700 worth of goods in the hands of honest farmers on credit. The consequence is that to-day he is a bankrupt, with only \$11,538 worth of goods on his shelves and owing over \$25,000."

Just as notable cases have occurred nearer home. As the Monetary Times remarks, "it is absurd to speak of one's outstandings as being 'perfectly good' when they cannot be collected when most needed."

—The Mayor of Toronto has set his face against corporation contractors who do not honestly perform the contracts into which they enter. He insists that a man who has been proved unreliable by reason of shady transactions in past contracts shall not be employed again, no matter how low his tender may be.

He is right. As the Monetary Times remarks: "A dishonest contractor, once discovered, should therefore be ruled out."

Meeting of Presbytery.

The Presbytery of P. E. Island met in St. Peter's on the 15th inst., at 7 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of hearing Mr. J. W. McKenzie's ordination trial. He accordingly preached a sermon on 2 Cor., v. 21, and delivered a lecture on Mark, iv., 35-41. He was then examined in Greek by Rev. Wm. P. Archibald, in Hebrew by Rev. A. W. Mahon, in Theology by Rev. Wm. Grant, and in Church History by Rev. James Carruthers. In all of these trials Mr. McKenzie showed more than ordinary ability and scholarship, and the Presbytery very cordially sustained them, and agreed to meet to-morrow morning for his ordination and induction.

March 16: Presbytery again met and was constituted with prayer. The edict having been returned, certified as duly served, was again read in the hearing of the congregation assembled. No objections having been offered against the life, literature or doctrine of the minister elect, the Presbytery agreed to proceed with his ordination. The Rev. Mr. Roulston then preached an able and exceedingly appropriate discourse from Eph. IV. 12. Rev. J. G. Cameron narrated the principal steps taken in connection with this call. The moderator put the usual formula of questions, when Mr. McKenzie was, by prayer and by the laying on of the hands of the Presbytery, ordained to the office of the holy ministry. The moderator then gave to the newly ordained minister the right hand of fellowship, and in the name and by authority of Presbytery inducted him into the pastoral charge of the congregation of East St. Peter's. Rev. Wm. P. Archibald, M. A., then suitably addressed the minister, and Rev. J. M. McLeod the congregation on their respective duties and responsibilities. The congregation, on retiring from the church, welcomed their pastor in the usual way. Mr. McKenzie was then introduced by Rev. Mr. Spencer to the session, and his name was, on motion, added to the roll of presbytery, and he took his seat accordingly.

Rev. Mr. Carruthers presented the report of the committee appointed to confer with the directors of the Protestant Union newspaper, with the view of effecting certain changes in the editorial management of said paper. He intimated that the Directors had cordially agreed to the proposed modifications, and recommended that this Presbytery extend to this paper its moral influence and support. The report was received and its recommendations adopted. The Committee appointed to prepare a plan for the visitation of our congregations, recommended that the Presbytery be divided into two sections, eastern and western; that the Ministers and representative Elders east of Charlottetown, including the City Ministers and Elders, constitute the Eastern Committee, Rev. J. G. Cameron Convener; and that those west of Charlottetown constitute the Western Committee, Rev. Geo. McMillan, Convener. Upon reconsideration, the appointment of a meeting for Presbyterial visitation in Caladonia, Woodville and Little Sands on 30th and 31st inst. was rescinded, and instead a meeting to be held in St. James' Hall, on April 1st, at 11 o'clock, a. m., for the purpose of considering the call to Rev. Mr. Grant from Cow Bay, C. B., and for other business, and the Clerk was instructed to cite the congregation of West and Clyde Rivers and Brookfield to appear at this meeting for their interests.

It was agreed to apply to the Home Mission Board for the services of Messrs. J. R. Coffin, Thomas Corbett, and J. M. McLeod, Catechists, for the ensuing summer. A letter was read from Rev. J. A. McLean declining the call to Mount Stewart and West St. Peter's. The call was accordingly set aside.

J. M. McLeod, Presbytery Clerk.

THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

Carefully Collated by "The Examiner's" Reporters.

The present winter in Germany is the severest that has been experienced since 1853.

During 1885 the English Masons contributed over \$312,000 for benevolent purposes.

The Toledo (Ohio) House of Refuge, valued at \$40,000, was destroyed by fire on Saturday.

During this week the vital statistics registered at Toronto were 52 births, 16 marriages and 33 deaths.

William D. Howells says he stops work now as soon as he is tired. Mr. Howells is a very fortunate man.

An Anarchist has been arrested in Lyons in whose pockets were found several revolvers and dynamite cartridges.

An extensive mine of rubidium, a rare metal worth \$5,000 per pound, has been discovered near Rock Creek, Wyo.

The New York State Capitol has already cost \$17,502,993, and nobody pretends to set the day when it will be finished.

The French tax on alcohol has been raised from 156 to 215 francs. This will increase the revenue 75,000,000 francs.

The marriage of the Crown Prince of Portugal and the Princess Marie of Orleans will take place at Lisbon on May 15th.

A policeman off duty and not in uniform was recently clubbed in New York by a private watchman for not "moving on."

One of the Maine lyciums recently wrestled with the question whether a sardine factory or 200 boarders would be of most benefit to the town.

The Bank of France and Baron Rothschild have each given 40,000 francs, and the Institute of France 30,000 francs to the proposed Pasteur Institute.

"Are we running on time?" said the conductor, repeating the nervous passenger's question. "No, sir, we are doing a strictly cash business. Fare, please."

John Wilson caused the fatal injury of himself and three others at Akron, Ohio, on Thursday by carelessly throwing a quantity of powder into the stove of a grocery store.

Thos. C. Jenkins, Pittsburg, Pa., has the largest wholesale grocery and flour house in the world. It is 240 feet long, 150 feet wide, six stories, making over five acres of floorage.

It is thought that many members of the Greek Government would welcome a show of force on the part of the Powers, to enable them to disarm without danger of a revolution.

At the recent parliamentary dinner in Berlin, Prince Bismarck said the Pope was a most acute and enlightened statesman, quick to perceive the present condition of the world.

The French Government has decided to issue a loan of one thousand million francs to consolidate six hundred and eighteen millions of six year bonds now outstanding and to redeem the floating debt.

The London Spectator presents what it characterizes as two simple solutions of the Irish question. They are either, "Hold on as we are," or "Sever the bond between Ireland and Great Britain altogether."

All the miners in the soft coal regions of Eastern Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, and West Virginia, numbering between ten and twelve thousand, are out on strike for an increase of ten cents a ton in their wages.

A school teacher of Churchill, South Simcoe, Ont., was arrested on Friday at Brampton for smuggling jewellery which he traded in after school hours, and his stock, worth nearly one thousand dollars, confiscated.

It is believed that Mr. Gladstone has decided against Mr. Giffen's plan for buying out the Irish landlords, on the ground that as their land is enormously mortgaged in England, its purchase would be of but little assistance to them.

The Western editor who put the head "Natural Gas" over the proceedings of a woman's rights convention, was conveniently "out of town" when a committee of ladies wearing spectacles and a revengeful expression called to interview him.

The largest steel rifle breech-loading gun ever made on the American continent is now at the Navy Yard in Washington. It is an eight-inch gun, nearly thirty feet in length, carries a ball weighing 250 pounds, and a charge of powder of half that weight.

Masked robbers gained access on Friday night to an express car on a Chicago and Rock Island train, between Joliet and Morris, Ill., murdered the express messenger, and rifled the safe of money packages to the value of about \$25,000, successfully escaping with their booty.

A 68-pounder twenty-five years ago was the most powerful piece of artillery known, and it threw a projectile 1,570 feet per second. Now the weight of guns have increased from 5 to 100 tons, the velocities from 1,630 to 2,000 feet, and the energies from 1,100 foot-tons to 52,000 foot-tons.

The cost of governing New York city, per capita, is greater by many times than that of any other city in the world. It is five times as great as that of London and Berlin, and more than seven times as great as that of Paris. It costs \$36.65 for every man, woman and child in the city, and the reason is not far to seek.

The following is a production of Ontario, county of Lanark: 'We have eight brothers here by the name of Coade who measure in their socks 52 feet 4 inches, and weigh 1,720 pounds, or an average of 215 pounds each. The tallest is 6 feet 7 inches, and the shortest 6 feet 4 inches. The heaviest weighs 277 pounds and lightest 195.'

A huge California hawk swooped down on a sleeping cat at Santa Rosa the other day, and bore it qualling and scratching high in the air. When about 500 feet high the hawk lost its grip, and the cat came down with fearful velocity, but the hawk caught it again just before it struck the earth, and was carrying it off, when suddenly both fell like lead to the ground. The cat had bitten through the hawk's head, killing it instantly, and the fall killed the cat.

SPECIAL SALE,

—FOR—

One Week Only,

—AT—

JAS. PATON & CO.'S, MARKET SQUARE.

WE intend to clear out our stock of Print Cottons at prices that cannot be competed with.

15 cent Cotton reduced to 8 cents per yard. 12 " " " 7 " " 10 " " " 6 " " About 10,000 yards in all.

This is a Genuine Mark-down Sale, and you should see these goods.

JAS. PATON & CO., SUCCESSORS TO W. A. WEEKS & CO.

Ch'town, March 19—1wk

1827 - - - 1886.

T. & E. KENNY, Dry Goods and Shipping, HALIFAX, CANADA.

March 19, 1886.

THROUGH TICKETS!

Charlottetown Ticket Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS for sale to all parts of Canada and the United States, at the very lowest possible rates. Write for rates maps, time tables, etc.

G. A. SHARP, Ticket Agent, March 19—2aw wky 3mo P. E. I. Railway.

THE GREAT MUSICAL EVENT

ORATORIO CONCERT, IN THE Y. M. C. A. HALL.

Monday Evening, March 22nd

Under the Patronage of His Honor the Lieut.-Governor and Mrs. Macdonald.

Mr. Earle, Musical Director and Accompanist.

PROGRAMME.

1. Inst. Duet—"War March of the Priests" Mendelssohn Messrs. Watson and Earle.

2. Chorus—"Lift up your heads" (from the Messiah) Handel 20 Voices with Orchestral Accompaniment.

3. Vocal Solo—"O Rest in the Lord" (from the Elijah) Mendelssohn Miss Crabbe.

4. Cornet Solo—Mr. Fletcher.

5. Vocal Duet—"Justus ut Palma" Lambillotte Miss Hickey and Prof. Caven.

6. Overture in E. flat—Weber Mrs. Malcolm McLeod and Mr. Earle.

7. Solo and Chorus—"O Thou that Teltest" (from the Messiah) Handel Solo by Mrs. Malcolm McLeod.

8. Inst. Quartette—"Silver Trumpets March" Miss Sharpley, Messrs. Vinnicombe, Fletcher and Earle.

9. Vocal Solo—"Train up a Child" Topliff Mrs. Roome.

10. Vocal Trio—"Protect us Through the Coming Night" Gurchmann The Misses Knight, Strong and Shenton.

11. Chorus—"Worthy is the Lamb" (from the Messiah) Handel 20 Voices with Orchestral Accompaniment.

12. Vocal Solo—"O Lord have mercy upon me" Pergolesi Mrs. Malcolm McLeod.

13. Recitative—"And God Made the Firmament" (from the Creation) Haydn Prof. Caven.

14. Inst. Quartette—"Les Dieux Anges, Blumenthal Messrs. Watson, Fletcher, Vinnicombe and Earle.

15. Vocal Solo—"Pro Pecatis" (from the Stabat Mater) Rossini By request, with Orchestral Accompaniment. Prof. Caven.

16. Grand Trio and Chorus—"The Lord is Great" (from the Creation) Haydn Trio by Miss Knight, Messrs. F. H. Beer and Strong.

Tickets—Reserved Seats, 50 cents; Unreserved, 25 to be had at Watson's Drug Store, where a plan of the Hall can now be seen. Concert at 8 o'clock. Positively no encores will be permitted. March 18, 1886.

METHODIST TEA

—AND— FANCY SALE,

WILL BE HELD IN THE ROLLER RINK,

—ON— Thursday Next, 25th Inst.

A FANCY Table, also an Apron Table, with a large and varied assortment of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Aprons; also a variety of fancy and useful articles.

Refreshment Tables well supplied with substantial and delicious. Doors open at 12, noon; Tea on the tables at 5 o'clock. Orders served at 9 p. m. Admission 15 cents; Tea, 25 cents. MRS. R. D. COFFIN, Secretary.

March 18—71 wky 11

PUBLIC NOTICE.

To Farmers and Others who want to buy Dry Goods at Low Prices.

FROM this date to 1st MAY we will give bargains in all departments Gray Cottons White Cottons, Print Cottons, Shirtings and Shoetings at

PRICES THAT ARE BOUND TO SELL.

A big lot of Wool Tweeds, suitable for Men's and Boys' wear, at panic prices. Ulster Cloths, very cheap. The balance of our Colored Dress Goods regardless of cost; Black and Colored French Merinos and Cashmeres at prices that defy competition. Black and Colored Kid Gloves at marked down prices.

A BIG DRIVE in Men's and Boys' SOFT FELT HATS for spring wear—just see them, and if you want a hat you are bound to buy one of this lot; also, a large stock of STIFF HATS, at hard-pan prices.

A first-class and Well-assorted stock to select from. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

STANLEY BROS., Brown's Block, Opposite Market House.

Ch'town, March 19, 1886

BRITISH WAREHOUSE, 83 QUEEN STREET.

EXTRA value for MARCH and APRIL in Table Damasks, Napkins, Sheeting, Pillow Cottons, White and Gray Cottons, Towelings, Tickings, White and Colored Knitting Cottons,

CARPETS AND OILCLOTHS, 1 CASE EMBROIDERY,

direct from Switzerland, just opened.

A. L. BROWN.

Ch'town, March 15.—wky.

JAS. PATON & CO, MARKET SQUARE,

OFFER special inducements to purchasers of House Furnishing Goods, during the month of March. Those in need of Carpets and Oilcloths should give us a call. Our stock is pronounced the largest and cheapest in the city, and entirely new.

100 rolls Carpet, in Brussels, Tapestry, Scotch and Hemp. 75 " Oilcloth, from one foot to twelve feet wide.

A special lot of Scotch and Union Carpets will be cleared out at cost. See these, as they are genuine Bargains.

Grand value in White and Grey Cottons, Shirtings, Print Cottons, Cretonnes, Table Linens, Towels and Bed Tickings, 1,200 pairs Corsets, cheap.

Gilray's Patent Lace Curtain Stretcher. Ladies should see them.

JAS. PATON & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO W. A. WEEKS & CO, March 5, 1886.

CHEAP CASH SALE.

CARPETS, COTTONS, &c.

J. B. MACDONALD

WILL clear out his stock of Carpets at Tremendous Reductions:

Brussels Carpets. Price \$1.60, reduced to \$1.15. Price \$1.50, reduced to \$1.05. Price \$1.25, reduced to 85cts.

Scotch Carpets. Price \$1.25, reduced to 85cts. Price \$1.10, reduced to 75cts. Price 90cts, reduced to 65cts.

Tapestry Carpets. Price 30cts, reduced to 65cts. Price 65cts, reduced to 45cts. Price 55cts, reduced to 35cts.

Hemp Carpets, 10, 11, and 14 Cents. Floor Oilcloths, Lace Curtains, &c., at liberal discounts.

Tickets—Reserved Seats, 50 cents; Unreserved, 25 to be had at Watson's Drug Store, where a plan of the Hall can now be seen. Concert at 8 o'clock. Positively no encores will be permitted. March 18, 1886.

COTTONS! COTTONS!

30,000 yards Grey Cotton at cost; 20,000 yards White Cotton at cost; 20,000 yards Print Cotton at cost.

If you require Carpets, now is the time to buy. A great part of this stock of Carpet was imported last year.

J. B. MACDONALD,

QUEENSTREET. Ch'town, March 1, 1886.