

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

MAY 9, 1887.

Death of Sir William Young.

A FEW days ago we chronicled the fact that Sir William Young had laid the foundation stone for the new Dalhousie College building.

Sir William was a son of the author of the celebrated letters of Agricola, John Young, Esquire, and brother of Judge Young, of this city.

In 1839 he was married to a daughter of the late Hon. Michael Tobin; and in 1880 he and Lady Young, who, if we mistake not, survives him—celebrated their golden wedding, and received the warm congratulations of their fellow citizens.

The Situation.

A FEW words about the Provincial Situation as it appears in the light of the developments of the late session, will now be "in order."

First as to the financial situation. How does the Province stand?

There were to our credit at Ottawa on the 31st December last, \$975,872.90; and there are still available for the purchase of lands, \$52,023.29, together with a large fund of \$100,000, of which the interest only is available, making in all \$1,127,995.18.

Then there are the \$20,000 a year lately obtained by the Government equal to \$530,000. Summed up, the capital to the credit of the Province at Ottawa is now as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Includes 'Balance in favor of Province, Dec. 31, 1886' and 'Additional \$20,000 a year equal'.

Besides this, the Province is entitled to and receives every year 80 cents per head of the population, equal to \$87,142.40, and \$33,000 a year for legislation and Government.

In 1878 the Government had to its credit at Ottawa \$906,872.14, or \$321,024.05 less than it has at the present time; and its yearly allowance per population was \$75,216.80, or \$11,935.63 less than at the present time.

On the other hand, the Province owed at the end of last year \$142,516.02, against about \$50,000 at the end of 1878, or only about \$92,000 more now than then, though not one cent of taxation has been taken from the people during the past five years!

Thus, notwithstanding this important fact, the Province is now better off by hundreds of thousands of dollars than it was when the present Administration attained to power. In point of fact, the Government could draw upon capital for the full amount of the balance now against the Province, square all the accounts they owe, and still leave to our credit at Ottawa a much larger amount than was there at the end of 1878.

So far the result is highly satisfactory. But the experience of the past two years proves that the present revenues of the Local Government are inadequate to the demands of the public service, economically as the business is performed. What is to be done about it? It would do to permit the resources of the Province to be materially impaired; something ought to be done; and in our opinion the expenses should be still further reduced, and a small tax imposed and collected in the most inexpensive manner, so that after payment of the balance which is now against the Province, the revenues shall meet the expenditures.

But what is it possible for the Government to do, seeing that the majority in the Legislative Council belong to the High Taxation Party?

This leads to a consideration of the political situation. The Government are supported in the House of Assembly by a large majority of representatives elected by the whole body of voters; while in the Legislative Council there is a large majority against the Government. In the late session every important Government bill was thrown out by the Council, and it is evident that no important bill can be passed, by its provisions ever so reasonable. The Legislative Council seem to be anxious only to hamper the Government and gain office for themselves and their friends. The experience of the past session has proved that to accomplish this purpose they scruple not to act in direct opposition to their constituents in the House and to

what are known to be their personal convictions. The situation, then, is this: the Government Party hold the purse strings; Opposition Party control legislation and prevent the Government from taking the measures they deem necessary to the restoration of the financial equilibrium.

Should the Government then resign? Should the greater give way to the less? The Government Party represents the whole people; the Legislative Council a class of the people. The Government Party have saved the country from taxation; the Opposition Party desire office in order that they may re-enact the Tax Act, of which the people so bitterly complained, and raise the rate of expenditure to the high standard of 1878-8. Certainly the Government should not resign.

If both Houses could be dissolved and sent to the country, the country would, no doubt, speedily readjust the situation. But the Legislative Council—under our peculiar constitution—holds the fort against all comers, and, therefore, the people are deprived of the power to correct the mistake they made when they sent a majority of Grits to the Upper House.

To make the best of the unsatisfactory political situation, to keep the expenditures as low as is consistent with the efficiency of public service, and to collect as many of the debts due the Province as they can, seems to be the only course open for the Government to pursue; and if, at the end of their term the Province is found to be deeply in debt for the want of corrective legislation, the Legislative Council will properly be held responsible.

The Last Sad Rites

OVER THE REMAINS OF BISHOP BINNEY—HE IS BURIED IN A GRAVE LINED WITH MOSS AND MAYFLOWERS AND COVERED WITH FLORAL DECORATIONS—THOUSANDS OF SPECTATORS AND MOURNERS.

(Halifax Herald.)

The last sad rites over the remains of Bishop Binney were performed Friday, amid expressions of sorrow from all classes of our people. Flags were displayed at half-mast from public buildings, stores, etc., and shipping in the harbor. It was a fine spring day, though a little cool. As announced in Friday's Herald, the body was removed from the Hollis street residence at six o'clock Friday morning to St. Luke's cathedral, where it lay in state in the chancel, which was draped in purple and black. The body was encased in a handsome oak casket, with heavy silver handles, which was literally covered with floral decorations—among others a floral mitre, crozier and cross, sent by the Church women's missionary society; a cross from St. George's society; a magnificent lot of flowers from St. Luke's congregation; a crown of flowers from Rev. Mr. Winterbourne, of St. Mark's; a cross from St. George's church vestry; a cross from Christ's church, Amherst, and one from Bruno; a handsome offering from Spring Hill church; a cross from the Girls' friendly society; and another from Rev. Mr. Edwards, garrison chaplain; a cross of St. George from St. George's society; a floral cross from the choir of St. Stephen, besides a very large number of floral offerings from loving friends. The upper part of the lid of the casket drawn back showed the face of the deceased. The head inclined to the left, as if in peaceful sleep. The body was

ROBED IN FULL EPISCOPAL VESTMENTS, and a magnificent white stole was placed around the neck. On the edges of the pillow were placed choice white carnations. His lordship's end was very sudden, although the day previous a slight irritation and feverishness was noticed in the throat, but it did not cause any anxiety. During the temporary absence from the room of Mrs. and Miss Binney, he was seized with a sudden spasm of paralysis, and after a struggle lasting only three minutes, the prelate's soul had winged its flight back to God. The shock was a terrible one to the wife and daughter on their return to the room; and the blow all the greater as they were strangers in a strange city, without a friend to sympathize or help. The plate on the casket bore the following inscription:—

HIBBERT BINNEY, Bishop of Nova Scotia, Entered into rest April 30, 1887, In the 68th year of his age, and the 33rd of his consecration. "So He giveth His beloved sleep."

From seven o'clock in the morning people began to visit the cathedral to take a last look at the earthly remains of one whom they so highly respected in life. The stream of people increased as the day wore on, until at times the building was packed.

SEVERAL THOUSANDS HAVING PASSED THROUGH THE CHURCH

during the day. At 7.30 o'clock Holy Communion was celebrated by Rev. Dr. Nicholls, rector of Liverpool, now as well as when Dr. Binney came here as bishop, assisted by Rev. Messrs. E. A. Harris, H. Stamer, and F. R. Murray. There was a large number of communicants present who partook of the Sacrament. At 11 o'clock a full choral celebration took place, the choir and some of the clergy entering the church singing the hymn:—

"They whose work on earth is o'er," The Kyrie was sung to Tour's setting, and the creed. The solemn plain chant Merbecke. Then followed the hymns:—

"Now the laborer's task is o'er," and "Draw nigh and take the body of the Lord."

The Sanctus and the Gloria were sung. The singing was exceedingly tender and effective, some parts scarcely above a whisper. At the distribution of the Sacrament, a very large number partook of the sacred rite. Two clergymen, Messrs. Wilson and Gwilt, being stationed at the entrance of the chancel to avoid crowding. For over one hour after the service the chancel and aisles were packed with people working their way to take a last view of the deceased.

Shortly after two o'clock crowds began to assemble on the street, and

and by three o'clock, the hour announced for the commencement of the service, several thousand people had gathered, and crowds were taking up positions at vantage points along the route to be taken by the procession. Meanwhile the cathedral had filled and a short service was held and hymns sung before the body was removed. The combined choirs of the city in surplices then formed in procession, the foremost ones carrying floral decorations from their respective churches, and marched out of the edifice, followed by the clergy.

THE PROCESSION.

marshaled by Lieut.-Col. Lane, military secretary to General Lord Russell, then proceeded to the Bishop's chapel in the following order:—

- Church Army, St. George's Society, Choirs in Surplices—Garrison Chapel, St. Stephen's Chapel, Cathedral Choir, Special Choir. Vestiges—St. Mark's, Dartmouth, St. George's, St. Paul's, "St. Stephen's" Committee, Cathedral Church. King's College—Under Graduates; Faculty Registrar of the Diocese in Robes. Clergy in surplices. Lay Readers. Deacons. Priests (in order by seniority.) Rector of Cathedral Church. Archdeacon—Administrator. Canon. Mourners. Friends.

The procession was a very long one, extending from the cathedral along Morris street and half way up South street to Spring Garden road. Senator O'Dell and I. W. Binney (of Moncton) were chief mourners, followed by Messrs. Twining, Lieut. Governor Richey and aids, Sir Adams Archibald, Hon. W. V. Vail, Lord Alexander Russell and staff; members of the local government; M.P.P.s, and other mourners and friends, embracing His Worship the Mayor, the clergy representing all denominations—Rev. Father Murphy and Canon Carmody representing the Roman Catholic Church. The procession on foot was followed by a long line of carriages, and the streets and houses from the cathedral to the Bishop's Chapel were lined with thousands of people. Another crowd had gathered at the junction of Spring Garden road and Robie street.

ON ARRIVING AT THE BISHOP'S CHAPEL

the choirs took up position in the chancel and aisles, and clergy and mourners in front seats, while a solemn dirge was being played from the organ. The body was removed from the hearse and carried into the chancel by Revs. Messrs. Patridge, Edwards, Hind, V. E. and E. A. Harris, McCully and Gwilt, with Lancaster, Bishop's chaplain, bearing the pastoral staff. While the body was being carried in the opening sentences of the burial service were recited by Rev. Canon Maynard, who is one of the oldest clergymen of the diocese, and the lesson was read by Rev. Canon Brock, president of King's College. Several hymns were sung, the one

"Jesus lives! Thy terrors now Can no longer, death-apparatus," being especially effective. Indeed though the scene could not be otherwise than sad, denoting, yet, to the minds of nearly all present, death had been largely robbed of its terrors by the whole trend of the ceremony—its calm joyousness, beautiful flowers, white festal vestments, rich in design and handicraft, and "the sure and certain hope of the resurrection to Eternal Life," so firmly and beautifully expressed by the whole tenor of the service and surroundings. May flowers and roses lined the railings of the chancel, while portions of the sanctuary were decorated with roses carnations and callas. On the altar were English violets and white roses, while a magnificent floral cross stood behind the brass cross. The bishop's chair was covered with purple and black, a handsome cross of roses lay on his desk, and a favorite white satin banner, worked by the late Mrs. Belfield and scarcely finished before her death, was suspended from the wall. About a quarter to five the procession re-formed and marched in the same order to Camp Hill cemetery, where an immense crowd had congregated nearly an hour previously, and which City Marshal Cotter and his staff of police officers had all they could do to keep a necessary distance from the grave, which is located in the northeast corner of the cemetery, adjoining the Bissard lot. The grave is immediately beside that of Mrs. Belfield's, the bishop's daughter, who died four years ago (the bishop was a strange coincidence dying on the anniversary of her death.) Instead of the usual damp, cold and gloomy appearance of the grave, this excavation was brightened, sweetened and beautified by being completely lined with moss and mayflowers—the moss being sown on cloth.

ON REACHING THE GRAVE

the choirs formed a circle around the family burying lot, the clergy and chief mourners being within the circle. At the head of the grave, supported by Rev. Dr. Nicholls, stood Miss Binney, who, with deep feeling, witnessed the last sad rites. The beautiful service of the church was read by Archdeacon Gilpin, administrator. When the body was lowered, the bishop's travelling pastoral was lowered into the grave and buried with the body. At the words "earth to earth, ashes to ashes, dust to dust," several of the clergy cast clots of earth upon the coffin. At the close of the service the hymn,

"Art thou weary, art thou languid," was sung—a hymn which was a great favorite of the deceased. Here a striking scene took place, some of the older clergy spontaneously taking the shovels and beginning to fill the grave; the remainder of the clergy followed the example in turn, until the grave was filled. Then another pall of moss and mayflowers completely covered all traces of the newly made grave. On this pall were deposited the various floral offerings, which converted the grave into a mound of moss, mayflowers, roses, callas, violets, etc. etc. Thus, in this inmost manner, never to be forgotten by the spectators, was assigned to their last resting place all that was mortal of Hibbert Binney, the fourth lord bishop of Nova Scotia. Before the procession reformed the archdeacon-administrator ordered the clergy to wear mourning on the left arm for eight weeks, as a last token of respect to their departed bishop. The procession then wended its way back to the cathedral, and after short prayers, was dismissed. Considering the shortness of the notice, the attendance of the country clergy was very large.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN.

ENTERED. May 5—Susan King, McPherson, Tatamagouche, boards; Daniel, Roberts, do, bal. May 6—Mary Florence, Chapman, Murray Harbor. May 7—S M A Starr, Ferguson, Hfx; Wiloughby, Lantz, Point Prim. May 9—Lenora, Mason, Pictou, bricks; Ida May, Forrest, Arichat, coal; Sea Bird, Murray Harbor.

CLEARED.

May 3—Lady Franklin, Power, Harbor Grace, Nfld, 3,350 bushels potatoes, 583 do oats, 100 do turnips, 47 bundles leather, &c. May 4—Rust c, Cox, Harbor Grace, Nfld, 2,800 bushels potatoes, 159 do do oats, 2 wagons, 1 tub butter. May 5—Daniel, Roberts, Magdalen Islands, 200 bags salt and supplies for fishing voyage; Mary Kate, Mullins, Mabou, provisions; Mo Nin Star, Thorp, Shemogue, bal; Foam, Moran, Orwell, bal; Charles Frederick, Mullins, Pictou. May 6—Frank C Batt, Batt, Summerside. May 7—S M A Starr, Ferguson, Hfx; Wiloughby, Lantz, Point Prim; Chapman, McPherson, Pictou, 52 bushels oats, 249 do barley; Susan King, McPherson, Tatamagouche, bal. May 9—Carrier Dove, Allen, Magdalen Islands; Sea Bird, Hyde, Murray Harbor.

OTHER PORTS.

Halifax, May 6.—Arrived, schr Azalia, Georgetown; schr Dayspring, LeBlanc, St Peters, C. B. Left St Peters April 16th for Charlottetown, and got jammed in the ice off Arichat, and in continual jams all the way to Halifax. Had outwater knocked away, three planks nearly cut through, one plank started, and is leaking 500 strokes per hour. Guysboro, May 6.—Arrived, schr Emperor, Veriot, Lunenburg and sailed for P. E. Island. St Peters, May 6.—Passed through canal, schrs J W Russell, Sydney, to Charlottetown; Ottawa, do. Summerside, May 7.—Str Frank C Batt arrived here from Charlottetown this morning to ply between here and Bedouque. Cleared on the 5th inst—Schr C A Bell, Bell, Cape Traverse, ballast. 6th—Phantom, Kennedy, Wallace, Produce. 7th—Daring, Consins, Shediac, oats and potatoes.

FURNITURE, &c

I AM instructed by CAPT. MAXWELL to sell by Auction, at his residence, Fitzroy St (West), on

Wednesday, May 18th, at 11 o'clock,

- Household Furniture, comprising in part Drawing-room, Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Suits, New and Second-hand Carpets (choice). 1 Hall Stove (Sultan) 2 do (Danmark). 2 Parlor Stoves (Standard). 1 Walnut Sideboard (choice). 1 do Bed-room Suit (choice). 1 Book Case and Secretaire (I-land Ast). 1 China Dinner Service (choice). 1 China Dessert Service (choice). A lot Glassware, &c. Kitchen Utensils, complete. 1 Family Phonon, 2 Sleighs. 1 Jersey Case (in calf). 1 Brown Mare, 1 set Harness. 1 Riding Saddle, Stable Implements, &c. 1 Hot-bed Frame, 1 Garden Seat, &c. Furniture on view Tuesday, May 17th, from 10 a. m. to 6 p. m.

A. MCNEILL, Auctioneer.

P. E. ISLAND HOSPITAL

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the act of Incorporation a Public Meeting of all contributors to the above Institution will be held in the Upper Parlor of the Young Men's Christian Association, in the City of Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, on THURSDAY, 24th May, at the hour of 7 1/2 o'clock, p. m. for the purpose of election of Trustees for the government of the Institution in accordance with the by-laws and for the transaction of such other business as shall be brought before the Meeting.

B. BALDERSTON, Sec. of Board of Trustees.

LYCEUM,

ONE WEEK.

Special Engagement of the English Actors

CLAIRE SCOTT,

supported by the Popular Actor

S. K. COBURN

AND SELECT COMPANY

Will give a series of their excellent Entertainments for the week commencing

MONDAY, 9TH MAY

REPERTOIRE:

opening with

Lucretia Borgia

and be followed with

Leah the Forsaken (Tuesday).

Mary, Queen of Scots (Wednesday).

Galatea (Thursday).

Gamille (Friday).

Macbeth (Saturday).

(subject to change)

MATINEE—Saturday afternoon, 11th May, at 2 o'clock.

Reserved Chairs, 50c; Unreserved do, 35c; Plan of tickets, seats and tickets at the Diamond Bookstore.

Doors open at 7.15; commence at 8. Attentive ushers in attendance.

May 8, 1887.

COAL.

NOW LANDIN 3 per cent. James Simons—

100 Tons Intercolonial Round Coal, (Fresh mined.) C. LYONS, Acadia Coal Depot, Pank's No. 2 Wharf. May 6-6

MANTLES.

French Jeted Dolmans Silk Dolmans, Cloth Dolmans, Cashmere Dolmans.

FASHIONABLE NOVELTIES.

STOCKINGETTE JACKETS. STOCKINGETTE JACKETS. STOCKINGETTE JACKETS. JERSEYS. JERSEYS. JERSEYS.

Newest Styles at Lowest Prices. You are invited to call and examine our large stock in every department.

BEER BROS.

Ch'town, May 9, 1887.

Wide Open For Business!

WITH A BRIGHT ARRAY OF NEW AND SEASONABLE DRY GOODS, FANCY GOODS, MILLINERY GOODS & NOVELTIES.

Correct in Style--Very Low in Price.

STANLEY BROS.,

BROWN'S BLOCK. Ch'town, May 9, 1887—cod & wky

WE WANT YOU TO SEE

OUR NEW AND MATCHLESS COLLECTION

OF

SUITS, PANIERS, WOOL TWEEDS, CASIMERE, &c. SEEB'S, OVERCOATS, YACHT CLOTH, DOESKINS, &c.

A SPECIAL LINE OF COUCH AND IRISH TWEEDS.

These Goods are New, Novel, Original, the Latest Designs, representing the most recent ideas. You won't find a more complete line in the City to select from. Our reputation for first-class Tailoring will be maintained. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed.

HATS AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

We have every Style, Shape and Color; complete line of HATWEAR. Our prices are right—Our Values the Best

D. A. BRUCE.

Ch'town, May 9, 1887—cod & wky.

5,000 AGENTS WANTED! Be Quick

JOE HOWARD'S LIFE OF BEECHER, infinitely the most valuable because coming so early from the family circle, and by a master-hand, engaged in a "tabooed" subject. Richly illustrated, steel portrait, &c. Will sell more usefully. Millions want this Standard Life of the greatest reformer and orator of the age. Quick is the word. Territories in great demand. Send for circulars and see for details to W. E. BARKER, St. John, N. B. Manager for J. S. BOWEN & BROS., Publishers.

April 26—law & wky

WANTED.

AN AGENT FOR THE LIFE DEPARTMENT

Of an old established Canadian Company.

Apply to "J. M." EXAMINER OFFICE.

May 7-31 p

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and infirmities of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c. I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City.

Prince Edward Island Electric Co.

THE Annual Meeting of the Prince Edward Island Electric Company will be held at the office of R. F. Fitzgerald, in Charlottetown, P. E. I., on WEDNESDAY, the 11th day of May next, A. D., 1887, at the hour of 7 o'clock, noon.

J. R. BOWWELL, President.

April 30, 1887-21

For Sale at the Gas Works.

EXCELLENT HOUSE COAL also some specially prepared Asces, at 50c per ton, per load of 20c per bushel on a ton of 20 bushels as received for making clean, dry and durable tracks and carriage drives the former is most valuable.

CH'LTOWN, APRIL 20, 1887-t1 dtto

3 O'LET—Three Tenements, four rooms in each—in a house on Rochester Street—near Gas Works; rent moderate. Apply on the premises to Edward Tobin. may 5-2 wkd

LOBSTER LABELS

5,000 BEST GLOSSED LOBSTER and SHUCKER LABELS in stock and to arrive FURS, L. L. McKean, Martin & McDonald, for the purpose of electing Directors, passing by laws, and transacting such other general business as the Act of Incorporation requires.

GEO. W. GARDNER, Queen's square, Charlottetown.

May 4-6 wed sat

Lorne Hotel Co'y (Limited)

A GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Lorne Hotel Co'y (Limited) will be held on FRIDAY, MAY 13th NEXT, the 13th day of May, 1887, at the office of Messrs. McKean, Martin & McDonald, for the purpose of electing Directors, passing by laws, and transacting such other general business as the Act of Incorporation requires.

JOHN T. CROCKETT, JOHN J. DAVIES, EWEN McDUGALL.

May 7, 1887.

PITCH & FELT.

JUST RECEIVED:

100 Rolls "Beehive Brand" Felt.

25 Brls. " " Pitch.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

DODD & ROGERS.

Ch'town, May 7, 1887-61

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders in the Charlottetown Gas Light Co. will take place at the Gas Works, on TUESDAY, the 10th day of May, 1887, at the hour of seven o'clock, in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing Directors and the general transacting of business.

DENNIS MURPHY, Manager.