

THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 2. CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1878. NO. 238.

ALMANAC FOR FEBRUARY, 1878.

MOON'S CHANGES.
New Moon, 2nd day, 4h 05m. a. m., N.E.
First Quarter, 10th day, 9h. 05m. a. m., N.E.
Full Moon, 17th day, 7h. 05m. a. m., N.W.
Last Quarter, 23rd day, 11h. 00m. p. m., N.E.

DAY OF WEEK.	Sun rises		Moon rises		High water		Dy's water len.			
	H. M.	H. M.	morn	aft'n.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.		
1 Friday,	7	29	4	58	7	14	10	32	9	34
2 Saturday,	28	5	00	7	31	11	7	37		
3 Sunday,	27	2	7	50	11	40	41			
4 Monday,	26	4	8	5	morn	43				
5 Tuesday,	25	5	8	21	0	8	47			
6 Wednesday,	24	7	8	36	0	37	50			
7 Thursday,	22	9	8	50	1	9	52			
8 Friday,	19	10	9	8	1	40	54			
9 Saturday,	18	12	9	29	2	17	51			
10 Sunday,	17	13	9	58	2	59	10	1		
11 Monday,	16	15	10	35	3	56	4			
12 Tuesday,	14	16	11	27	5	32	7			
13 Wednesday,	12	18	11	34	6	48	10			
14 Thursday,	11	19	1	52	8	12	13			
15 Friday,	9	20	3	38	9	17	15			
16 Saturday,	8	22	4	45	10	9	19			
17 Sunday,	7	23	6	11	10	55	22			
18 Monday,	6	25	7	37	11	28	25			
19 Tuesday,	3	26	8	58	11	59	28			
20 Wednesday,	1	28	10	19	12	34	31			
21 Thursday,	6	59	29	11	40	1	12	34		
22 Friday,	57	31	morn	1	53	37				
23 Saturday,	55	33	0	57	2	49	40			
24 Sunday,	52	34	2	10	3	54	43			
25 Monday,	51	35	3	12	5	19	46			
26 Tuesday,	49	37	4	4	6	49	49			
27 Wednesday,	47	38	4	43	7	53	52			
28 Thursday,	0	45	5	15	8	49	55			

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 8.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

To come into force MONDAY, DEC. 24, 1877

TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	No. 5 EXPRESS		No. 7 MIXED	
	Dp.	Ar.	Dp.	Ar.
GEORGETOWN				
Cardigan	Dp. 8.45	Ar. 9.62		
Mount Stewart Junction	Ar. 10.25	Dp. 10.35		
Royalty Junction		11.46		
CHARLOTTETOWN	Ar. 12.10	Dp. 2.40		
	A.M.			
	Dp. 9.00			
Royalty Junction	9.25	3.05		
North Wiltshire	10.22	4.02		
Hunter River	10.40	4.20		
Bradalbans	11.18	5.00		
County Line	11.28	5.10		
	P.M.			
Kensington	12.07	5.50		
SUMMERSIDE	Ar. 12.45	Dp. 2.00		
Wellington	2.45			
Port Hill	3.28			
OTTER	4.43			
Alorton	5.45			
Wignish	6.35			

TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	No. 2 EXPRESS		No. 4 MIXED	
	Dp.	Ar.	Dp.	Ar.
TIGNISH				
ALBERTON	Dp. 8.00	Ar. 8.55		
O'Leary	9.02	9.57		
Port Hill	11.07			
Wellington	11.48			
	P.M.			
SUMMERSIDE	Ar. 12.35	Dp. 2.10	Dp. 8.35	
Kensington	2.45	9.12		
County Line	3.30	9.50		
Bradalbans	3.40	10.10		
Hunter River	4.20	10.40		
North Wiltshire	4.35	10.58		
Royalty Junction	5.30	11.56		
CHARLOTTETOWN	Ar. 5.55	Dp. 2.05	Dp. 12.20	
Royalty Junction	2.30			
MT. STEWART Junc.	Ar. 3.40	Dp. 3.50		
Cardigan	5.12			
GEORGETOWN.	Ar. 5.40			

SOURIS BRANCH.

Going West.		Going East.	
STATIONS.	No. 5 MIXED.	STATIONS.	No. 6 MIXED.
	A.M.		P.M.
Souris	Dp. 7.30	Ar. 10.25	Dp. 3.50
Harmony	7.55	10.40	4.26
St. Peter's	9.10	10.55	4.32
Morrell	9.42	11.10	5.05
Lot 40	9.45	11.15	6.20
Mt St w't Jnc.	Ar. 10.25	Souris	Ar. 6.45

C. J. BRYDGES, Gen. Superintendent Govt. Railways.
W. McKECHNIE, Sup't. P. E. I. Railway.

Notice to the Public.

SUPPLIES for the "Soup Kitchen" will reach the Committee if left at the Store of Mr. Alex. Horne, corner of Queen and Fitzroy Streets.
Donations of money will be received by them through Dr. Dodd and Mr. J. Quirk.
N. B.—Food for the sick carefully prepared by the Committee.
Dec. 27—14

1878.

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Jan. 3—

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC

WHILE taking this opportunity of thanking our numerous customers for the liberal manner in which they have patronized

OUR NEW STUDIO,

we would inform them that we have now increased facilities for the production of first-class work, and are prepared to make PHOTOGRAPHS of a Style and Quality that has never been before attempted in this City.

We have on exhibition, at our Rooms, a large number of Photographs of every variety, including the

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he most beautiful style of Photograph known, possessing a softness and delicacy of coloring that has never been equalled. This elegant picture has become deservedly popular elsewhere, and cannot fail to become so here.

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Glace' Pictures

which we make. They possess a highly enamelled surface, and are practically indestructible, and will retain their freshness and beauty for any length of time. If they become soiled they can easily be cleaned, as they will not lose any of their beauty by being wet. This valuable quality, combined with their remarkable elegance, make them very suitable for presents; while the difficulty of their production will prevent them ever becoming so common as to lessen their value. Our patrons can have one or all of their Photos finished in this style—an advantage which cannot be obtained elsewhere.

We give special attention to making Groups of Families, Societies, Schools, &c. Our pictures of children are sufficient evidence of our success in this difficult branch of our art.

Our ENLARGEMENTS, finished in India Ink, Pastel, Crayon, Oil and Water Colors, have made a favorable reputation for them selves throughout the Lower Provinces.

Parties intending to have Photographs made will find it to their advantage to sit early, as the number of our customers makes some delay in the delivery of the Photos unavoidable. We prefer to have our sitters come by appointment.

Photographs can be obtained for less money elsewhere; but in this case we ask that quality be given the preference; assuring the public that they will find our charges very moderate.

ROSS BROS.,

Cor. Queen and Dorchester Streets, opposite Connolly's Bank.

Sept. 19, 1877—3m eod

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions or statements of Correspondents.

Our Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 16, 1878.

The great *fete* given by the Spanish Minister and Madame Mantilla on the occasion of the marriage of their King, Alfonso, was the most brilliant of any that has been given at the Capital this season; and next in magnificence comes that given by the Japanese Minister and Madame Yashida last week. These people are vastly interesting in themselves. They are both very small and short, and to us their faces look just alike. When she came to this country Madame Yashida wore the Japanese costume and spoke English not at all, but she soon laid aside her native garb, and now speaks so well that she makes her calls without an interpreter. Her baby was the first Japanese born in America, and it is taught to speak nothing but French. A glance at their home here shows their love of country and their predominant home tastes. The armaments, furnishings, pictures, and the like, are mostly Japanese. At the entertainment of which I speak the air was heavily perfumed, and among other curiosities was a bed-spread of quilted silk embroidered with brilliant figures of birds, flowers, and quaint geometric figures.

The hostess was dressed in thick white silk embroidered in colors with flower sprays, which did not seem so appropriate or becoming to her as do some of her toilets of real Japanese silk.

Other entertainments are of daily and nightly occurrence—brilliant ones, too, for every one will do his and her very best in the way of show, and spread and splendor from now till Ash Wednesday puts an abrupt stop to social festivities. Saturday afternoons and Tuesday evenings are now given up to the White House receptions, those on Saturday being called Mrs. Hayes', and those in the evening Mr. Hayes' levees, since the Patent Office fire, more than four months ago, the question of fire-proof Government buildings has been very much discussed, but no definite step taken to place them in a non-ignitable condition. Directly after that destructive fire, the President appointed a Commission to examine all our public buildings, which examination, being made, resulted in the publication of the fact that not a single Government building in this city is fire-proof. Several, like the Patent and Post Offices, are externally impervious to heat, but even the Capitol itself is liable to partial destruction by fire, because of the tons upon tons of paper stored therein, which if ignited would burn with sufficient heat to melt the roof like lead. It has been the custom for scores of years to file away Government papers in wooden cases in the attics of the various Departments. In the Treasury alone there are enough of these cases, if piled six feet high and placed in a row, to reach three miles. A project is now on foot to construct a thoroughly fire-proof building to be used expressly for the safe-keeping of all public records not in current use, where they can be arranged for examination and convenient reference when needed.

The models of patents destroyed or involved by the fire last fall numbered 114,000, and before the debris was fairly cooled the question of restoration was raised and considered. A force of 160 skilled mechanics, helpers and laborers was formed. Congress appropriated \$45,000, and in less than six weeks' time 6,206 models were restored. Ever since then the work has gone on and there are now over 10,000 models in sight that can be put into good and useful condition. It is wonderful how much can be made from little. A mass of wheels and bars, all out of shape and melted together, which looks to a novice as much like a sewing machine as a hay-rake, goes through the workman's hands and comes out bright, beautiful and shapely. Another appropriation will be necessary before even this branch of the work is completed, and years will doubtless elapse before we have our Patent Office back again, all restored; but when it is, it will be far more perfect and splendid than ever—good out of evil.

MERRILL.

The Papal Election.

Yesterday the collect *Pro eligendo Pontifice*, that the Almighty may be pleased to grant a worthy pastor for the Church, was said throughout the Catholic world, and it will be repeated daily until the Conclave has chosen a new Pope. There are three modes for electing a Pope: by inspiration, by compromise, and by ballot. The first is to be used when the Cardinals, by previous arrangement or otherwise, unanimously agree on one of their number. The second form consists in leaving the appointment to a committee of the Sacred College. The third is when the conclave proceeds by secret ballot. On this occasion it is probable that the election will be by inspiration, as it is understood that a successor to Pius the Ninth was chosen in November last when His Holiness was believed to be in *extremis*. The Conclave meets ten days after the death of the Pope. As Pius the Ninth died on the 7th inst., the Conclave will meet on the 17th. After preliminary religious services, the attendants and others are dismissed and each Cardinal standing before the altar with his hand on the Gospels takes this oath in Latin, "I call to witness Christ

the Lord before whom I shall stand at the great day of judgment, that I intend to cast my vote for him who before God I think ought to be elected." Three scrutineers are then chosen by lot and the balloting begins, supposing that the election is not by inspiration. Each Cardinal is provided with a blank ballot and on this he writes the name of his candidate, affixing also a verse or motto besides a private seal by which he, but he alone, can identify the vote. Receiving these, the scrutineers call out the motto and the figure of the seal and then the name of the Cardinal for whom the ballot is cast. The ballots are placed in a chalice, and if two-thirds are cast for a Candidate, he is elected; if none of the candidates receive two-thirds, the ballots are burned and another vote is taken. There are two ballots a day after the first, which is taken at nine o'clock of the night of the meeting of the Conclave. When a Candidate gets a two-third vote, he has to reveal his own ballot to prove that he has not voted for himself. All the ballots are then burned as before, and the Conclave rises, saying: "Let the will of the Holy Ghost be done," and spends the night in the cells set apart for the members in praying for the new Pope.

The Sacred College consists at the present time of sixty-three cardinals, viz: six of the order of bishops, forty eight of the order of priests, and nine of the order of deacons. It is generally believed that Cardinal Billo has already been fixed upon as the successor of the dead Pius. He was born at Alessandria, in Italy, in 1826, and was appointed Cardinal in 1866. It was he who compiled the Syllabus. He is a profound scholar, and a man of vast intellectual power and great experience in church government. As an orator, he has no equal in Rome; and Cavour once said of him when he was but a humble ecclesiastic, that "he could teach state-craft to Europe." Cardinal Billo's grandmother was an Irish lady.

Full Outfit.

An officer in the army who was going to India to join his regiment, recently, made all his purchases at a famous West End establishment where the boast is that everything can be had there cheap and of the best. The customer was such a large buyer that the proprietor, contrary to usage, stepped forward to thank him, and to express a hope that the officer was perfectly satisfied, and had been able to find everything he required. The captain thanked the proprietor, and answered:—

"Nearly all."

"Not all?" was the quick query of the proprietor—"not all? I hoped, sir, we could find you everything."

"Why it is a little out of your line?"

"Out of our line? Not at all sir."

"Oh, you are quite sure of that, are you?"

"Quite certain, sir."

"Well, then," continued the captain, laughingly, "I want a wife."

"Step this way sir," and the astonished military man followed. He went through strange labyrinths, and up and down stairs, innumerable. *En route* the proprietor communicated these facts. About three or four months prior, a beautiful, highly-educated girl, of good family, who had lost her parents, and with them all resources, applied to him for employment, and he found her a worthy and exemplary girl. The captain saw and admired. He bought of her, and introduced himself. He came often, bought more, and upon inquiry found all particulars to be truthfully stated. His manners and appearance pleased the girl, and when he told her the story of how his last want had been mentioned to the proprietor of the establishment, it ended in a hearty laugh on both sides—but after the laugh they were married within three days, and she is now on her way to India.—*London Miscellany.*

A STRANGE DELUSION.—Reuben Stafford, known throughout the eastern part of Connecticut for the past 25 years as the "old hermit of Wewacuss hill," died at Montville a few days ago at the age of 83. He was a steady-going mill operative until 1849, when the California mining fever turned his head, and in company with Geo. Roberts, who had a similar maggot in his brain, he began hammering and blasting the flinty rocks in the neighborhood in search of the precious ore. The two men finally organized a mining company, capitalists joined the enterprise, money flowed in and shares sold high. But at last the chimerical scheme, which was only sustained by the fraudulent representations of one of the principal managers, broke down completely, the works were abandoned, and the ruined stockholders returned to their pursuits. Stafford, however, never awoke from his dream of sudden wealth, but built him a hut at the mouth of a mine and spent the rest of his days in solitude, hammering at the barren rocks and pouring over musty mining treatises. But age, which did not weaken his trust, enfeebled his frame, and the town authorities, on the approach of winter, mercifully removed him to the poor-house. This broke the old man's heart, and he survived but a few weeks' the extinguishment of his hopes.

Nothing makes the average tramp so mad as to find a bottle with a German label on it in the road. When he is almost certain that the bottle contains whiskey, there is a lingering suspicion that it is medicine for a sore toe, and between the two doubts he goes thirsty.