

and his body and head were shockingly mangled. The woman was thrown across the railroad track and upward against the fence. Her left leg, which probably got caught in the trestle work of the bridge, was broken in several places, and her nose was crushed and her skull fractured. As soon as the train was stopped the body of the man was placed in the baggage car and the woman was taken into a passenger car, and everything possible was done to bring her to consciousness by the conductor of the train, Mr. Lewis Tappin. Before reaching the city she revived sufficiently to exclaim, "My poor husband." She said her name was Alice Wheeler and that she lived on Merrimac st. Immediately after this she again became unconscious. Upon the arrival of the train in this city the body of the man was taken to the Morgue by officers of station 3, while the woman was taken to the Massachusetts General Hospital, where she had her leg amputated. She lived but a short time, dying shortly before noon. Medical Examiner Hildreth, of Cambridge, was notified, and at about noon he viewed the body of the man.

Effects found on the persons of the deceased did not establish their identity to a certainty, but investigations recently brought out these facts:—The unfortunate couple have resided for the past week at No. 22 Merrimac street, this city. Mr. Ledger, proprietor of the place, says the couple boarded with him several weeks last fall, and that last Monday they came back and remained in their room, working at their business, which was the manufacturing of rustic furniture, until yesterday morning. He says that he left his house in the best of spirits, saying that they were going into the country to obtain some birch limbs for the purpose of making some rustic chairs, and that they would return that evening. The officials of the railroad look upon this shocking affair not as an accident but as a case of deliberate suicide.

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

MARCH 13, 1878.

The Registry Office.

NORMAN LOUITUR.

The silence has at last been broken. The people of the Registry Office have decided that matters have become serious. But their spokesman is an unfortunate one. Their choice was not limited. The Deacon of the Captain were obviously the ones to make the required explanation, but neither of these gentlemen felt that they could with truthfulness gain say one statement that we made, and yet something had to be done. The lecture which the Attorney General gave them upon his return from Georgetown was still ringing in their ears. The editors of the Patriot and the Argus who went for information saw that they could make nothing of the job and went sorrowfully away, and then it was that the righteous indignation and wrathful anger of the Registrar flashed out. If he will take the public into his confidence, and during office hours, with an utter abandonment of official decorum and a complete disregard of ecclesiastical censures, denounce our statement "as a most damnable lie," he surely cannot complain if we give the widest circulation to his feeble though wicked anathema.

We really entertain the most kindly feelings for him, but if he will make use of such an instrument as the boy Norman, then if he gets himself into trouble he has only himself to blame for it.

The Registrar has directed the boy Norman to write that our statements are "utterly devoid of truth and without any foundation in fact." Does not Mr. DesBrisay see that this is not only not argument, but the silliest, most stupid manner possible of meeting our charges. It differs only from the "you're another" of the gutter boy by having the phraseology slightly changed.

We stated facts; we gave figures; we challenged, we still challenge any one to show wherein we were mistaken or inaccurate. The foolish, silly attempt of the foolish, silly boy who writes for the department, only shows the weakness of their case; they have the records before them; they can give days and dates and folios if they please, but they dare not, and so we repeat that our statements remain uncontradicted because they cannot be denied.

Norman tells us that "the deed that was registered on the last day of January was ready for delivery on the first day of February," what particular deed this is we have not the faintest idea; with the particulars before him he might have enlightened us had he pleased, but we have heard of deeds registered in that same month of January which are not "ready for delivery" yet.

Norman may, and probably does, consider our statements as to the number of folios per day, which he writes "unworthy of notice," "unfair," "unwarrantable," "unavailing;" but the sting lies in their accuracy, which cannot truthfully be denied.

The fact of his attention to lawyers and his inability to countrymen, was not, as he calls it, an "insinuation," it was a downright statement; and to those who know how he toadies and fawns upon those, with whom he seeks to make interest, would recognize that he was the guilty culprit, even had we not mentioned his name.

But his attempted explanation only makes matters worse. He tells us of the suavity and courtesy of his manner, (Heaven bless the mark) since "my advent to that office;" but will he permit us to ask one question, what business has he at all with persons who come to make searches? His business is to copy indexes, and that only, and filling up the receipts for the deeds when brought in, and attending to the general work of the office is no part of his duty. The Registrar has his Assistant Registrar, and for the boy Norman to usurp his duties, is an impertinence on his part, and a grave impropriety on that of the Registrar.

We are inclined to believe that he is correct when he says that our statements regarding his irregular conduct afford him "amusement." He is evidently of that class who glory in the shame at which others

would hang their head. One thing he may be quite certain of, his "amusement" is, we assure him, not nearly yet at an end.

In the case of the traversers McDonald, Brennan and Sweeney, charged with riot, Judge Peters commenced his address to the jury at eleven o'clock to-day, and concluded at one. The counsel for the defense did not address the jury, but declined after a few remarks. The Judge intimated to the counsel for the Crown that as the counsel for the defense did not address the jury, it was unusual for the Crown so to do. He (the crown counsel) also declined. The jury retired shortly after one o'clock. The next named traversers for trial are Thornton, McKenna and McGuigan.

The store of the late Hon. P. Walker was discovered to have been burglariously entered at four o'clock this morning, and a large quantity of goods were taken therefrom. The burglars obtained entrance to the store by breaking a large pane of glass in a window, looking on Great George Street, which was unprotected by shutters or bars. Immediately after the burglary was discovered, the police went on trail of the burglars, and, after a diligent search, found a very large portion of the goods in a stable owned by William Crosby, in the rear of his premises on Fitzroy Street. Crosby was taken in charge by the police, and two young men, whom officer Cameron saw in the vicinity of the burglarized store, were arrested. The police are also in search of others who were seen near the premises about the time of the robbery. The goods stolen are valued at about three hundred dollars. Those arrested will be examined before the Stipendiary Magistrate to-morrow morning.

There was an immense demonstration at Hyde Park yesterday. Peace speeches were made by Messrs. Bradlaugh and Hubert, and resolutions of the same tenor carried. Soon after the supporters of the Government party arrived in force, and the meeting was declared dissolved. Bradlaugh was cudgelled and had to fly for his life in a cab.

According to the largest estimates, the number of persons who attended the peace demonstration was about 2,000. They were hustled about the Park and finally ejected by a larger and disorderly mob. Sticks were freely used, and several persons were slightly hurt and taken to hospitals. The mob then separated, cheering for Lord Beaconsfield and Musurus Pasha. A large crowd cheered and gowned before Gladstone's residence; Mr. Gladstone and his wife, when going to Church, were obliged to take refuge in a friend's house, whence they were escorted by the police.

Prince Teck was mistaken for Count Schowaloff, Russian Ambassador, and insulted and jostled by the mob. Mr. Gladstone has written a letter to the Greenwich Liberal Association, stating that he would not contest Greenwich at the next general election, in consequence of a growing sense of his inability to discharge all the duties that constituency may reasonably expect from one of its representatives.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 10. Raouf Pasha and General Ignatieff started for St. Petersburg to-day. Hobart Pasha will leave for Crete on Tuesday.

The visit of the Grand Duke Nicholas to the Sultan has been abandoned for the present. The report is again current that the Austrians are about to occupy Bosnia and Herzegovina.

LONDON, March 11. The Times' despatch from St. Petersburg on Sunday says that the general impression produced by the Ozar's remarks at his reception, that day of the Diplomatic Corps, is decidedly pacific. A special to the Times from San Stefano says that it is stated that Raouf Pasha will ask a remission of 30,000,000 dollars of the indemnity.

A Vienna despatch to the Daily News announces that the peace congress will open March 31st. It is proposed that the three Emperors meet after the congress.

The Sultan has ratified the treaty. It is reported that the last clause is that Russia and Turkey will regard the treaty as *sole*, implying that they will not recognize the right of any power to interfere with the terms except as regards the question of straits and the settlement of the boundaries of Montenegro.

A Paris special to the Times says that the question of the visit of the Grand Duke Nicholas to Constantinople suited in a compromise—his visit is to be less ostentatious than at first proposed.

The portion of our telegram which we have italicised does not appear in the Patriot until this morning, March 13.

ing the latest news, and fine only "stale" telegrams which have appeared in the Y. M. C. A. sixteen, and in the EXAMINER fifteen hours previously. We do not mean to use the "tu quoque" argument, but it is really amusing to us to read the charges of the Patriot, because every charge applies with so much more force to himself. He has charged us with altering the dates of telegrams in order to deceive. What do we see below! Our telegram is dated London 10th, the Patriot's London 11th, and yet they are identical. "Explanation wanted."

We trust that we have now written enough to convince the Patriot that our telegrams are in advance of his, and that he will "forever hold his peace" with regard to his enterprise. We must apologise to our readers for having devoted so much space to the subject, as we are sure that they are tired of it; and having now "shown up" the Patriot, we shall not again revert to the subject, no matter what the Patriot may say or write. Here are the telegrams at issue:—*Examiner*, March 11th. *Patriot*, March 12th.

LONDON, March 10. At the peace demonstration in Hyde Park to-day, Bradlaugh and Herbert made speeches and proposed resolutions in favor of peace, which passed immediately.

Soon after the supporters of the Government party arrived in force, and the meeting was declared dissolved. Bradlaugh was cudgelled and had to fly for his life in a cab.

Sticks were freely used and several persons were hurt. The Peace Party was finally ejected from the Park. The mob cheered for Beaconsfield and Musurus Pasha, and gathered in front of Gladstone's residence, who with his wife when going to Church were obliged to seek refuge in a friend's house. He was afterwards escorted by the police.

Prince Teck, being mistaken for Russian Ambassador, was hustled and insulted by the mob.

It is said that Gladstone will not run for Greenwich next general election. The Standard's Constantinople dispatch says that 700 Circassians perished on steamer *Sphinx*, burned near Cape Elia.

Earle Derby's proposal that Greece should be represented at Congress gives universal satisfaction in Athens.

TOBACCO. TOBACCO.

25 TONS Prime Chewing & Smoking Tobacco, SECOND TO NONE.

Sold at prices to suit the times. Give us a call.

HICKEY & STEWART, No. 1 Queen St., Ch'town, March 13—1m eod.

BANKRUPT SALE

NEW GLASGOW!

Will be Sold by Auction, On Monday, the 18th inst., at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Establishment of A. EXANDER McDONALD, New Glasgow, an Insolvent,

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES: 4 FINISHED WAGONS, 5 Unfinished WAGONS, 1 Unfinished Threshing MACHINE, 5 Unfinished SLEIGHS, 1 Ton IRON, assorted; 1 Sewing MACHINE, 1 COLT, 3 years old; Lot Lumber, Hardwood, Etc.

B. WILSON HIGGS, Auctioneer.

March 13, 1878—pat sale

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under signed has been appointed Executor of the Estate of the late Henry Cooper, of Charlottetown, deceased. Any persons having any claim against the Estate of the deceased will please present the same, duly attested; and any person indebted to the said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to me or to his widow, at her residence, Prince Street.

RICHARD M. GIDLEY, Executor.

March 13—3i eod

THE GREAT BANKRUPT SALE

OF THE STOCK IN TRADE OF S. KEITH & CO.

WILL ONLY BE Continued for a Few Weeks Longer.

Great Bargains

MAY BE EXPECTED, as the whole Stock must be sold Regardless of Cost.

Now is the time to get

CLOTHING

MADE TO ORDER, CHEAP FOR CASH.

C. V. MCGREGOR, ASS'NER.

Ch'town, March 12, 1878—2aw

To the People of Souris.

AN intimation having appeared in the Charlottetown papers, to the effect that a company intend starting a paper shortly in Souris, and as the new outfit which I had ordered from the Dominion Type Foundry could not possibly be here before the opening of navigation, I feel compelled, very reluctantly, to relinquish the project, as I do not think that, however willing, Souris is large enough to support two papers.

Thanking you for your promised liberal support, I remain, &c.,

A. T. FULTZ.

March 12—1i

BUTTER!

JUST RECEIVED—25 Tubs BUTTER, choice article, will sell low for CASH.

B. WILSON HIGGS, Water Street.

March 8—1w

FISH SALE!

FOR SALE AT CLR STORE: 400 QUINTALS No. 1 CODFISH, 20 Quintals POLLOCK, 30 Boxes Smoked HALIBUT, 50 Boxes Preserved LOBSTERS.

HASZARD BROS., Ch'town, Feb. 28—4y pat 1m

AUCTION!

Fishing Station at Rustico, TO BE SOLD, ON

Thursday, the 9th May next, at 11 o'clock, on the premises,

THE FISHING STATION of the late E. E. Churchill, which comprises all that tract of Land situated on Rustico Beach, in Lot 24, bounded and described as follows: Commencing at a stake set in the west side of Water Terrace, and in the northeast angle of Fishing Station No. 4, in possession of R. B. Morrison, and running thence by the Magnetic Meridian of the year 1764, south sixty degrees west, two hundred feet, to the shore of Rustico Bay; thence north sixty degrees east to the said Terrace; and thence southward along the same to the place of commencement—together with Buildings thereon.

—ALSO— 4 Fishing BOATS, 8 DORIES, 38 PUNCEONS, Lot of Fishing Gear, Bait, Barrels, &c., &c.

Terms at sale. J. S. CARVELL, Administrator, Ch'town, March 11—eod wkly t sale mttas

DOMINION OF CANADA, Province of Prince Edward Island.

In the Supreme Court of Judicature THE QUEEN vs. NICHOLAS COLLINS and others.

WHEREAS comments have been made by the Press on the trials of the defendants in this case.

It is ordered that no comments on the proceedings, either with reference to the evidence, the speeches of Counsel or the Judge's charge, or to any other proceedings relating to the said trials shall be made until the whole of the said trials are finished; and any proprietor or editor of any newspaper disobeying this order shall be liable to be punished for contempt.

By the Court. D. HODGSON, Prothonotary.

[Signed] March 11, 1878.

Marine Insurance Company

P. E. ISLAND.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held in their Office, corner of Great George and Lower Water Streets, on Thursday, the 28th March, at Eleven o'clock, forenoon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and the transaction of other business.

By order, F. W. HALES, Secretary.

Ch'town, 12th March, 1878.

GROCERY

ON HAND, 10 CHESTS CONGOU TEA, ("New Season")

1,000 Lbs. Canadian Cheese,

10 Casks American Kerosene Oil, (120° test; 36 cts. per gal.)

20 BARRELS SUGAR (all kinds),

100 Bbls. Sup. Extra Flour,

3 Puns. Very Choice MOLASSES

20 doz. Pickles, 20 doz. Assorted Jams

20 boxes Dessert Prunes,

100 Tins Sardines

CANS PEACHES, PINEAPPLES, STRAWBERRIES, TOMATOES

NEW RAISINS, ZANTE CURRANTS, DRIED APPLES, STEWING PRUNES, 300 QUARTS CRANBERRIES, GREEN GRAPES.

300 LBS. SMOKED HALIBUT,

25 QTLs. CODFISH, 100 BOXES DIGBY HERRING.

and all goods usually found in a First-Class Grocery Store.

FAMILIES SUPPLIED BY THE MONTH

DONALD NICHOLSON.

Jan. 16, 1878—y