

OUT OF 2,000 CLAIMS

Against an Accident Co. for last year, 31 were for accidents caused to pedestrians walking on the sidewalk

THE OCEAN ACCIDENT

Insures against all kinds of accidents. Its premiums are low, and it issues a good Policy

E. R. Brown

General Agent
Charlottetown

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

MAY 26, 1897.

OUR FISHERY INSPECTORSHIP.

AFTER a prolonged and not very dignified struggle for the prize, Mr. J. A. Matheson has been appointed Inspector of Fisheries for this Province in succession to Mr. James Yeo. Mr. Matheson will, we have no doubt, grace the position. But why was Mr. James Yeo dismissed from it without having been afforded even an opportunity to show his fitness for the office? For many years, in the time of their adversity, the Liberals had no more steadfast or influential supporter in this Province than Mr. James Yeo. If we mistake not, he never lost an election for them,—he invariably carried the Liberal standard in Prince County on to victory. But a Liberal Convention at Summerside having cast him off, as if he were an old shoe, Mr. James Yeo saw fit to come out as "an Independent." For this he is now punished. With the spirit of an Englishman he dared to express, in a practical way, his indignation at the manner in which he had been treated; he dared to show his personal independence; and for so doing he has been thrust from the office to which he was, in recognition of his long service to the country, appointed by the Government of Sir Charles Tupper. It will be remembered, it cannot be forgotten, that Mr. Laurier pledged his word before Parliament that those appointments of Sir Charles Tupper which had received the sanction of the Governor-General would be respected. When reminded of this pledge, a few weeks ago, Mr. Laurier said, in effect, that the Government was only waiting for information as to whether or not the offices were needed to which these appointments were made ere the pledge would be fulfilled. In this case they seem to have obtained information that the office was needed, for they have appointed Mr. John A. Matheson to it. In order that they might do this they were compelled to dismiss Mr. James Yeo from it by order-in-Council. Here is a distinct and formal breach of the faith of the First Minister of the Crown as pledged in the face of Parliament. Notwithstanding Mr. James Yeo's former services to their party, our Liberals treacherously discarded him, and not content with that, they have, contrary to Mr. Laurier's promise, ousted him from an office of emolument which he was qualified to fill in order that a more obedient follower might be rewarded. What is to be thought of such men and such conduct?

There is another point to be noted in connection with this matter. Not only has Mr. John A. Matheson been appointed Inspector of Fisheries for the Province, but Mr. W. C. Hobkirk has been appointed Overseer of Fisheries for the Province! This is a new office, involving additional expense, made for a political supporter. Whether Mr. Matheson is to inspect Mr. Hobkirk's work or Mr. Hobkirk is to oversee Mr. Matheson's work, it is at all events certain that an additional salary is to be provided out of the pockets of the taxpayers. Yet the Liberals were placed in power by the taxpayers in order that they might practice such economy as would put "those extravagant Tories" to shame!

PROGRESS IN VICTORIA'S REIGN.

"WHEN Victoria was called to the throne the United Kingdom contained 26,000,000 people," writes William George Jordan of "What Victoria Has Seen," reviewing in the June Ladies' Home Journal, the world's progress during the sixty years of the English sovereign's rule. "Today it has over 39,000,000. The 'wise men' of the time said the nation would go to pieces. They claimed it could never govern its home and colonial possessions. Under Victoria the new territory acquired alone is one-sixth larger than all Europe. To-day Victoria rules over 420,514,000 people, or twenty-seven per cent. of the population of the globe. Her Empire extends over 11,399,316 square miles, covering twenty-one per cent. of the land of the world."

THE AMENDED TARIFF.

PARTICULARS of the fifty amendments made by the Government to their new tariff will be awaited with interest. The "clerical errors" seem to have been quite plentiful in the tariff-making work of "our able men." It was complained that the budget debate was short on account of the failure of Sir Charles Tupper and his supporters in the House of Commons to discover any consistent argument against the new policy. But short as it was it has given the members food for reflection. One of the amendments refers to the "reciprocal feature" of the new tariff. It has been discovered that Sir Charles Tupper and Mr. Foster were right in their contention about the Most Favored Nations clause; for now we have an amendment to the effect that all the countries enjoying the privileges of this clause in their commercial treaties with Great Britain may (shall) have the advantages of a reciprocal tariff. The effect of the coup by which the Liberals gained the applause of some people in England, before they understood the matter, is likely to die out ingloriously even before Mr. Laurier pays his projected visit to the Mother Country. The Mother Country will secure no advantages whatever under the new tariff. Germany, Belgium and a dozen other countries will, under the reciprocal clause, send their goods into Canada upon the same terms as Great Britain and Ireland. The people of the Mother Country have said "thank you" for nothing; and our blundering Government has, as Sir Charles Tupper pointed out, not only imperilled Canadian industries, but sacrificed Imperial Preferential Trade.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

—Grit Economy! Over a million dollars a year added to the ordinary expenditures of the Government.

—We have a copy of "Burt's Garden Guide and Almanac, 1897." The directions for amateur gardeners are very full and explicit. Address Robert Burt Company 922 924, Market Street, Philadelphia, U. S. A.

—The Liberals have almost doubled the vote for Rideau Hall and have increased the vote for the maintenance of nearly all the departments at Ottawa,—and they still boast that they are the "great economists."

—Farming for May is at hand. It is a capital number, though somewhat late in coming to hand. The articles in it are written by practical men and are very much to the point. Only \$1 a year. Published by Bryant Bros. Toronto.

—We are indebted to the Postmaster General for a double size photographic reproduction of the Queen's Jubilee postage stamp which is to be issued forthwith. It presents the likeness of Her Majesty as she was in 1837 and again as she is now in 1897, and is altogether neat and tasteful in design.

—The Patriot is compelled to raise the tu quoque argument so often that its Liberal readers are beginning to doubt whether, after all, the new administration of affairs is any better than that of the Tories. Surely the acts of the present Government and its supporters ought to be defensible upon their own merits and without reference to what their predecessors did.

—The booksellers of British Columbia have passed resolutions in opposition to the new Canadian tariff. They set forth that twenty per cent. ad valorem is too high. It affects all the best books; that the prohibition of British reprints from the United States is wrong, as it largely increases the price of better books; that in the opinion of the meeting the prohibition is framed solely in the interest of Toronto Canadian publishers.

—Henry Clews remarks that, business in New York is kept more or less unsettled by the persistent agitation in the Senate of the recognition of the independence of the Cubans and says that it is to the last degree unfortunate that the very branch of Congress designed to hold in check wild popular vagaries and dangerous outbursts of popular passion should itself become the chief source of such disturbance of public confidence; and yet to-day we

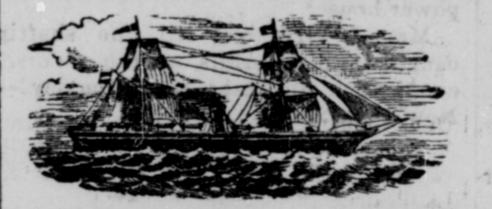
witness in that body little else than such perversions of its pacific functions. The attempt made by the Senate to force the Government to intervene in Cuba is little short of wicked. Its effect can only be to still further unsettle confidence by raising an issue involving the very delicate question of the respective rights of the President and the Senate, and for no better purpose than to revel in a wild revolt against safe and conservative methods of government. The bad effects of this legislation is not so much in any expectation that the President will permit himself to be forced into any addition of his executive rights, as that the highest house of legislature should have become so utterly untrustworthy and dangerous.

—The discussion of the bank note contract occupied the House of Commons a few days ago. If that which is stated by the Canadian company be true, millions of dollars of our public money will, year after year, be thrown away upon a company of New Yorkers. The public were led to believe that the tender of our Montreal company was excessively high. But the Montreal company maintain that their tender "upon bank note engravings alone"—notwithstanding all the calculations and additions made—was \$18,416.88 less than that of the American company; and in another branch of engraving and printing the price of the American company is nearly four times greater than that of the Canadian company—that is \$7,332.99, as against \$1,935.04—an almost incredible fact, for the same amount of work. I also held that the only thing that has been accomplished is the wanton destruction of an old established enterprise, wanton because no permanent good can result to any one, and the plea of economy is only a sham. The Americans made a cut rate upon the cheapest kind of machine work, and were allowed to amply make it up by the permission given them of doing the essential work in New York, the part requiring capital, talent, and an established business, directly contrary to the specifications.

—The correspondent of the Halifax Herald at Ottawa writes: "Mr. Martin, of Prince Edward Island, made a thoughtful speech yesterday on the Newfoundland question. Mr. Martin does not despair of the admission of Newfoundland into the confederation. Nor is he unwilling that his political opponents should have the credit of accomplishing the important work. The liberal-conservatives need not fear for their reputation as nation builders, having accomplished so much in the way of organizing a nation in North America, they can well afford to allow Mr. Laurier and his party to round out the confederation by the acquisition of Newfoundland. Mr. Martin is willing that the most generous terms should be given, and in the meantime urges that the broadest trade relations should be established between Canada and the old colony. It was a very interesting trade statement which he produced showing the possibilities of larger commercial transactions with Newfoundland. He strongly impressed the House with the fact that at present Newfoundland was a great market for the products of Canada and especially for those of the Maritime provinces. In view of these circumstances he would be willing to have all goods from Newfoundland admitted into Canada free, without regard to the tariff laws of that colony."

None as Good as E. & D.

Bicycle Fishing Rods, four pieces.—Reddin Bros.



DOBELL LINER.

SS. Gretland's is due here from Montreal Friday, the 28th inst., and sails for St. John's, and Salmon Cove, Nfld., carrying produce under deck and live stock on deck at lowest rates.

For further information apply to N. RATTENBURY, Agent

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THE GOODS YOU WANT AS YOU WANT THEM

We could give a good many reasons why we do the biggest Furniture trade in the Province. But ONE FACT covers all—we have the goods you want at prices you want to pay. Everything is good and reliable. We get a good deal of credit for selling things too cheap but making ourselves our goods costs us less. It's easy to sell things for too little; hard to sell them for too much—that's the reason trade is brisk at "The Home Makers."

Mark Wright & Co., Ltd

HOME MAKERS.

Suit Event

Opening of the Summer Suits Means Three things to suit Buyers in Charlottetown.

First, a larger selection to choose from, than you ever had before. Second, the most exact representation of the styles and elegant character that is usually found only in the finest imported goods. Third, the money saving that does not mean a cent off in order to give odd price, but means all the way from \$2 to \$5, often a larger amount of saving on each garment. See our 200 odd Jackets worth from \$3 to \$4 for \$2.50 and \$3.

JAS. PATON & CO.

STAG.....

BICYCLES

\$48.00

Arrived yesterday; all the gents sold within one hour after uncrating. Just 2 ladies left; more ordered by telegram. They have Dunlop Tires, large Barrel Hubs, large Balls, and are by far the best value ever shown in this city. Also in

E. & D. Barnes, Perfect, Garden City, Dominion.

And 1 ladies and gents Brantford RED BIRD—these I will sell at \$60.00 each. Don't buy before seeing our stock as we can save you money and give you the best value.

Dawson's Bicycle Depot

THE LEADER.

TO-NIGHT.

The Electrical Bicycle MASSEY HARRIS

.....ON EXHIBITION AT.....

MILLER BROS.,

The P. E. Island Music House.

Engagement

Extraordinary

EXHIBITION BUILDING

Charlottetown, P.E.I.

Monday Ev'g, June 7th

SOUSA and his BAND.

50—MUSICIANS—50
Mrs Elizabeth Northrop, Prima Donna Soprano.
Miss Martina Johnson, Violinist.
Mr. Arthur Pryor, Trombone.
Herr Franz Hell, Fluegel-horn.
Reserved Seats now on sale at Dodd's Medical Hall. Prices \$1 and 75c according to location. Admission, 50c.
P.E.I.R. will issue special excursion rates.
The Provincial tour of the band is under the management of Mr. C. N. Pyke.
Admission tickets on sale at all Drug Stores.
122—

W. C. T. U.

The Annual Convention of the Provincial W. C. T. U. will be held at Kensington on the 8th and 9th June. Tickets by rail will be issued at all points on railway at one first-class fare on June 7th and 8th, good to return up to and on June 10th. It will be necessary for return delegates and visitors to have certificates of attendance signed by Secretary of Convention.
122.—dy2i&wky2i

AUCTION

NICE FURNITURE

THURSDAY, MAY 27th

at 11 o'clock.

I will sell by Auction, on the about date, all the nice Household Furniture now contained in the middle tenement of the house on corner of Prince and Sydney Streets (owned by Peake Bros & Co) consisting of:—
KITCHEN.—Stove and Utensils, Dishes, etc.
DINING ROOM.—Oak Sideboard Chairs, Tables, Dishes and Carpets.
DRAWING ROOM.—Suite, extra Tables, Pictures and Carpets.
BEDROOMS.—Four nice Suites with Feather Beds, Chamber Sets, Carpets, Curtains, etc.
With extra Stoves and general household outfit. All nearly new, clean and in nice condition.
Positive Sale. No Reserve Bids. Ladies especially invited.

E. H. NORTON, Auctioneer.
WANTED.—At once, a girl for general housework in a small family. Apply at this office. 122—11 pd