

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Improved Freehold Farm.

TO BE SOLD, by AUCTION, on SATURDAY, the NINTH day of JANUARY next (1861), on the premises, at Seven Mile Bay, at the hour of TWELVE o'clock, noon, pursuant to licence granted for that purpose by His Honor the Surrogate and Judge of Probate of this Island, bearing date the twentieth day of December instant, the REAL ESTATE which belonged to DONALD MACDONALD, late of Seven Mile Bay aforesaid, Farmer, deceased; this is to say, an improved FREEHOLD FARM, consisting of one hundred acres of LAND (more or less), situate on Township No. Twenty-seven; bounded on the north by lands owned or occupied by Finlay McInnis and Allan McDonald; on the east by the public Highway leading from Tryon to Bedouet; on the west by Finlay McInnis' land, and on the south by David Lowther's land, together with the Dwelling House and appurtenances thereto belonging, and of which said Farm and Premises the said Donald Macdonald died seized in fee simple. Conditions and further particulars of the Estate made known at the time of sale.

ALLAN MACDONALD, Executor. SARAH MACDONALD, Executrix. of said Donald Macdonald. Seven Mile Bay, 21st December, 1860. G. R. G.

Household Furniture.

THE Subscriber will sell by AUCTION, on THURSDAY, the 10th January next, at 11 o'clock, at the residence of Mr. PERCE GAUL, all the

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

consisting of Mahogany Tables, Chairs, Sofas, Bedsteads and Bedding, Carpets, Rugs, Window Curtains Fire Irons, Pictures, Looking Glasses, Kitchen Utensils, and a variety of other articles. Terms—All sums under £10, cash on delivery; over £10, 3 months credit, on approved joint Notes of Hand. ALEX. MCKINNON, Auctioneer. Charlotte-town, Dec. 17, 1860.

Sale by Auction.

THE subscriber has on hand 20 STACKS OF UPLAND and Marsh HAY, together with a quantity of STRAW, on Governor's Island, which he will offer at PUBLIC AUCTION, on the 25th JANUARY next, at 10 o'clock, a. m. Terms—All sums under £10, cash on delivery; over £10, three months' credit will be given, on approved joint notes of hand. ROBERT GAY. Pownal, Oct. 19, December 17, 1860. 4w pd.

Convention of the Delegates.

WHEREAS at a Meeting held at the "Globe Hotel," on the 25th Dec. 1860, and presided over by John Lord, Esquire, we the undersigned were appointed a Committee on behalf of the Tenantry, with power, in the event of any emergency arising demanding their intervention, to call a Convention of the Delegates nominated in the several Townships: Now, having been represented to us that certain Proprietors have disregarded the recommendation of Her Majesty's Commissioners, and have resorted to unnecessarily harsh measures for the recovery of arrears of Rent, &c., &c.—for these reasons we do call a meeting of the said Delegates, to be held at Charlotte-town, on Thursday, 10th day of January, at 2 o'clock, p. m., at which all persons aggrieved are respectfully requested to appear. BENJ. DAVIES, Delegate. W. M'GILL, do. Charlotte-town, Dec. 28, 1860. 11

Music! Music! Music!

THE Subscriber has now on hand a new 7 octave PIANO FORTE; superior as regards both finish and tone. Also new and second-hand Malodons—once suitable for Church purposes, with four stops. All very cheap, and on moderate terms. MARK BUTCHER. Charlotte-town, Dec. 22, 1860. 4w.

A CARD.

MRS. BURRIS takes the liberty to inform her friends and the public generally that her Dancing Class will reopen on Tuesday, the 8th January next, being the last term for the season, to which adults can be admitted. 11 Dec. 31, 1860.

Comfortable House to Let.

AND possession given immediately. That comfortable House lately occupied by Mr. S. A. FOWLE, corner of Prince and Water Street, and head of the Ferry Wharf. Apply to WILLIAM DODD, Queen Square. Dec. 17.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber begs to acquaint all persons indebted to him in his late business that unless their respective Accounts are paid on, they will be sued for the same, without further notice. Dec. 17. ALEX. MCKINNON.

CASTINGS FOR TRESHING MACHINES.

JUST received from Piestou foundry, and for sale by W. W. IRVING. Dec. 3, 1860. 1st 1/2

AXES! AXES! AXES!

UNDERHILL'S best Cast Steel Axes (Island pattern) just received, and for sale by W. W. IRVING. Dec. 3, 1860. 1st 1/2

"Gazelle" from Liverpool, and "Carri M. Rich" from Boston.

THE Subscribers have received their FALL STOCK GENERAL MERCHANDISE, comprising a large & well selected Stock of

DRESS MATERIALS,

in French Marine, plain and striped Wineys, Gala Plaids, Coburgs, Alpaca, &c.

MANTLES, MANTLE CLOTHS & SHAWLS,

in great variety. RIBBONS, Velvet Trimmings, Scarfs, Flowers, Plaques, &c. A few magnificent

HEAD DRESSES,

GLOVES, Hosiery, Silks, Yelrets, Linens, Muslins, GRAYS and white COTTONS, Prints, striped Shirtings, WARPS, Tickings, Blue Denims, Drills, &c.

GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHS,

in Cassimere, Doekins, Pilots, Beavers, Whitneys, Broad Cloths, &c.

HARDWARE :

Table and Pocket Cutlery; Edge Tools; Saws, Files, Hinges, Locks, Screws, Saddlery, &c.

GROCERIES :

TEA, Coffee, Brown and Crushed SUGAR, Molasses Raisins, Currants, Candies, Soap, Spices and Dry Saltary.

GLASS, CHINA AND EARTHENWARE.

With large stock of Pitch, Tar, Rosin, Oakum, Warring Cheeks, Windlass Gear, Hawse Pipes; Bright and Naptha Varnish; Buckets, Brooms, Trunks, Buffalo Robes, &c.

Wholesale and Retail.

W. W. LORD & Co. Charlotte-town, November 26, 1860.

CHEAPSIDE STORE.

Queen Street, FIRM LATE CHARLES MCNUTT,

RETURN of the quantity of Produce shipped from Vernon River Bridge, during the months of October and November: Potatoes 18,710 Bushels, Oysters 460 Bushels, Cakes 56,478 do, Carrotes Park 31 do, Barley 2,263 do, Live Pigs 13, Turkeys 445 do.

PRICES CURRENT.

Table with columns for Provisions, Poultry, Fish, Lumber, and Sundries. Items include Beef, Mutton, Pork, Butter, Eggs, Turkeys, Geese, Hens, Chickens, Fish, Boards, Do. (spruce), Do. (pine), Shingles, Timothy Seed, Clover Seed, Potatoes, Turnips, Carrots, Wheat, Barley, Oats, and various other goods with their respective prices.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Mails---Winter Route.

THE MAILS for New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Canada and the United States, will, until further notice, be made up at the General Post Office, Charlottetown, every TUESDAY and FRIDAY, at 7 o'clock, p. m., and forwarded by Cape Tormentine.

Postage Stamps.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY INFORMED THAT STAMPS for the pre-payment of Letters and Packets to be sent by post, will, on the 1st of JANUARY, 1861, be ready for circulation.

Government House, 18th Dec. 1860.

HIS Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, will hold a public levee at Government House on TUESDAY, the 19th day of January next, at the hour of Two o'clock.

Fresh Fruit, Sugar, &c.

HELENA, from New York, 40 quarter } Fresh 14 halves } RAISINS, 10 boxes } very cheap, 18 barrels CRUSHED SUGAR, Kegs CURRANTS, per bbl. 20 Do. DRAINS FIGS, 2s and 3s per drum.

Wholesale and Retail, at low Prices.

U. C. VAUX. Glasgow House, December 31, 1860.

NOTICE.

BEING about to leave the Island for the winter, I have, by Letter of Attorney, dated this day, appointed Mr. DAVID ROGERS my Attorney during my absence, who is duly empowered to collect all manner of debts due me, and to conduct a general business for me until my return. JAMES C. POPE. Summerside, December 20, 1860.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having been empowered to collect all debts due the Hon. JAMES C. POPE, hereby notifies all persons concerned, that unless their respective Accounts be paid on or before the 15th day of JANUARY next, legal steps will be taken for the recovery thereof. The Subscriber trusts that no one will consider this Notice intended for his neighbour, and not for himself. DAVID ROGERS. Summerside, December 20, 1860. 4w

BEER & SON.

HAVE been patiently waiting in expectation of RECEIVING a satisfactory visit from several of their customers, whose accounts fell due some three months since. Altho they have waited in vain. They now notify those to whom it applies, that their respective accounts must be settled without further delay. December 31, 1860. In

WORTH KNOWING!

AT VAUX'S, GLASGOW HOUSE, THEY ARE SELLING Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, HARDWARE AND GROCERIES, Of all kinds—CHEAP FOR CASH. Charlotte-town, December 28, 1860.

THE LATEST!

EX "HELENA" FROM NEW YORK: 40 CHESTS and half-chests TEA, warranted, 4 lbs. Muscovado SUGAR, 10 lbs. Crushed do, 25 kegs NAILS, 2 boxes COTTON WARP, 2 boxes BUFFALO ROBES, 10 boxes GRIND COFFEE (very superior), 25 lbs. FLOUR, 3 puncheons High WINE.

Wholesale and Retail.

J. & T. MORRIS. Dec. 31, 1860.

MUST BE SOLD.

250 Bbls. Extra Labrador HERRING, put up in Bbls. for family use, 50 Bbls. Baldwin APPLES, 20 do Russet do, 20 do Greening do.

Wholesale and Retail.

JASON WEBB, opposite the Bank. Ch. Town, Dec. 24, 1860.

STOVES.

A LARGE and well selected assortment of Cooking Office, and Parlor STOVES, Grates, &c., for sale cheap, to close engagement, by JASON WEBB, opposite the Bank. Ch. Town, Dec. 24, 1860.

A WELL-MERITED COMPLIMENT.—In an article in the last *Islander*, on the increase of trade between this Colony and the United States, the following just tribute is paid to our much esteemed and enterprising fellow citizen, W. B. DEAN, Esq. This gentleman is well known to every person in the community; and all are ready to admit that scarcely any person has ever rendered so essential services to our agriculturalists as he has done by the zeal and energy with which he has promoted his commercial transactions, and the unblemished integrity by which they have been all distinguished.

The pioneer in the American trade was W. B. DEAN, an American citizen. He was the first who commenced business with our farmers on the principle of buying a lot, he had to sell, and paying them good prices in cash. Mr. Dean has for the past 12 or 14 years been, and still is, the chief exporter to the United States. He has established and carried on extensive Fisheries in different parts of the Island which have given profitable employment to large numbers of persons—and to him the farmers of Prince Edward Island are under deeper obligations than they are to any man who ever placed foot on her shores. Mr. Dean is noted for his integrity as a merchant, and for his indomitable perseverance; and we sincerely trust that the extensive and laborious business which he has for years carried on, may prove as profitable to him as it has to the inhabitants of P. E. Island.

St. Peter's Road Mutual Improvement Association.—The Hon. T. Heath Haviland lectured before the members of this Association on Tuesday evening last—subject: "The Study of Modern History." The lecture, we understand, was well attended, and gave much satisfaction.

Catholic Young Men's Literary Institute.—The Hon. E. Whelan lectured at this Institute on Thursday evening last. "On some of the principal Events of the closing year." The attendance was large, and a very interesting discussion followed the lecture.—Dr. E. Gauvreau will lecture next Thursday evening "On the Senses."

Masonic Festival.—On Thursday evening last the brethren of the "Mystic Tie," known as the Free and Accepted Masons of St. John's Lodge, celebrated their anniversary by dining together at the Masonic Hall, where Brother Connell had prepared a sumptuous repast for them, covering the tables with a profusion of the delicacies substantial viands and choicest liquors which the Island could afford. The attendance was, as on former occasions, very numerous and respectable; and we need not add that the good fellowship, brotherly feeling, sparkling wit, and genuine eloquence which have always characterized the festive meetings of the St. John Lodge, eminently distinguished "the feast of reason and the flow of soul" which its brethren enjoyed on Thursday evening last.

FIRE!

About half past three o'clock yesterday morning (Sunday) the inhabitants of this City were alarmed by a cry of fire, which was discovered to be in a house in Sydney Street, near the R. C. Cathedral, and adjoining the St. Dunstan's School House. The house was totally consumed, and it was with great difficulty the fire was prevented from spreading to the adjoining buildings; but there being little or no wind, the efforts of the firemen and citizens were successful in preventing the spread of the conflagration. The house was owned by a poor and industrious man named Philip Coyle, and we regret to learn was not insured.

It will be seen by an advertisement in another column that there will be a convention of the Delegates, appointed on behalf of the Tenantry, at Charlotte-town, on the 10th January next, for the purpose of showing how far the proprietors have rejected the recommendations made to them by the Royal Commissioners as regards their dealings with the tenantry, and ascertaining the extent of the oppressions since practised. This is a very proper course to be taken; but we regret that the Delegation Committee have not given a longer notice for the Convention.

During the last month or two, the proprietors and their agents have been very busy in enforcing their claims for rent, issuing writs of distress to an enormous number, and even in cases where the tenants tendered the payment of one year's rent, as recommended by the Royal Commissioners. We are credibly informed that the Colonial Secretary, the Attorney General, and two members of the Executive Council are those who have distinguished themselves most as the agents and attorneys of proprietors in arbitrary proceedings against the tenantry. Can there be any better proof to show the insincerity of a Government who proclaim themselves to be the friends of the tenantry?

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

We have received, and will give you next, copies of correspondence which has lately passed between William McGill, Esq., late Major in the Militia Force, and the Adjutant General in regard to the resignation of Mr. McGill's having presided over a public Meeting, at which some resolutions were passed, impugning the conduct of the Commander-in-Chief for not recognizing the Celtic Volunteers. Mr. McGill has been removed from the Militia Force for not retracting the resolutions referred to. We shall probably offer some remarks on the subject in our next.

A Lover of Justice" will appear again next week. "On Dix" by "Reocder," will appear next week. A copy of the Resolutions and Memorial, adopted at a meeting of the Delegates on behalf of the Tenantry, while the Royal Commissioners were sitting in Charlotte-town—have just been handed to us for publication, and will appear next week.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE EXAMINER.

Sir—It was cursorily reported about the time the Prince left here that he gave a sum of money to be distributed among the poor. Now, Sir, as this is the time of year when the Royal Highness's bounty would be most appreciated by the poor, I think it is due to the Prince for the parties in whose hands the money was entrusted to publish a statement of how much has been expended, and what charitable societies have been charged with its distribution, for up to this time no public notice has been given that any sum was left by the Prince, thus withholding that information which above all other acts of the Prince the poor ought to know. Yours, ENQUIRER. Charlotte-town, Dec. 31, 1860.

Married.

On the 19th instant, at St. Eleanor's, by the Venerable Archdeacon Read, Mr. Robert Webster, of Summerside, to Miss Caroline Kille, of Lot 16.

At Charlotte-town, on Monday, the 24th instant, at the residence of the bride's brother, by the Rev. Thomas Duncan, Minister of St. James's Church of Scotland, ROBERT HOLDEN CHAMFORD, Esq., Registrar of Deeds and Keeper of the Plans of this Island, to EUPHROSINE BIRNIE, young daughter of the late Mr. J. B. Morrison, of this City.

Died.

At Little York, of Pleurisy, on Saturday the 15th instant, Harriet, wife of Mr. Adam Bridges, aged 62 years.

On the 19th instant, Priscilla, wife of Mr. John Corbin, Southport, Lot 48, aged 55 years.

PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN.

ENTERED. Dec. 24.—Schr. Rapid, Madril, Halifax; goods. Gold Hunter, McKay, Newell; bal. Helena, Roberts, New York; goods. Almas, Horn, Newell; fish. 26.—Porter, Nicholson, Halifax; goods. 27.—Zebra, Mutch, Sydney; Oct. Margaret Ann, Bourke, Mulgrave, N. S.; goods.

CLEARED. Dec. 26.—Schr. Eubank, Walsh, St. John's, N. F.; 190 Bbls. Beef, 4 do. Pork, 4 do. Pearl Barley, 2000 do. Oats, 100 barrels Potatoes, 20 Hogs—by W. B. Dean.

PORT OF PINETTE.

Entries and Clearances at this Port for the past three months: Shiplog Boat, McLeod, Miramichi. Swallow, Melke, Charlottetown. Christina, McNell, Halifax. Trial, McLean, Charlottetown. Ocean Gem, Bagged Islands. Ocean Wave, do. Porter, Nicholson, Halifax. Mary Louisa, Rogers, Halifax. Emma, Answorth, St. John's. New Brig, Trial, Forestal, United States. Bridg, Saladin, Smith, do. Brig. Barbara, Taylor, Great Britain; Bridg, Saladin, Smith, do.

The above Vessels carried away 43,371 bushels Oats, 6,741 bushels Potatoes, 1,420 do. Barley, 70 do. Turkeys, 24 carcasses Pork and Beef, a quantity of Geese, Fowls and Oysters.

EXPORTS FROM THE PORT OF BEDOUET, FOR THE YEAR 1860. Horses, 80; Horned Cattle, 116; Butter, 10,164 lbs.; Beef, 4,680 lbs.; Eggs, 2964 doz.; Barley, 10,714 bushels; Oats 133,647 bushels; Oatmeal 105,243 bushels; Potatoes, 25,326 lbs.; Pork, 82,670 lbs.; Turkeys, 659 bushels.

CHARLES GLENN, Collector. Import Office, Bedouet, Dec. 20, 1860.

good hope. They profess a desire for enlarged commercial intercourse with Europe; and they at the same time claim to be the heirs of the original Chinese race, and as such the victims of Tartar oppression. Moreover, there is said to be a deep-seated hatred of the supremacy of the Tartars among the three hundred millions of the Chinese population, so that the King of Nankin may attribute his ten years' success as much to national sympathy as the force of his arms, and it might not be a subject of lamentation were the Emperor Hien-fung, who has run away into Tartary, never to come back again.

These matters are of interest to us only as showing that the flight of the Emperor of China is a wrong thing for the Emperor himself than it can be for the Allies, and that as our object is merely to obtain security for commerce and a faithful observance of treaties, we should be satisfied with the accomplishment of these objects whether the supreme authority in the "flower land" be vested in either Tartars or ancient Chinese. Certain it is that the absence of Hien-fung from Peking makes a favorable opportunity for a movement on the part of the latter, who, being avowedly sensible of the importance of commercial intercourse with Europeans, might re-establish their rule, with satisfaction and safety, upon those principles of honorable trading and amity which the Emperor Hien-fung and the mandarins of Peking are unable to see the wisdom and advantage of.

THE SIEGE OF GAETA.

MOLA DI GAETA, Dec. 4.—The fire of the Sardinians had begun. It was on Saturday morning that Cialdini, in order to try Cavalli's new rifled guns, directed the commander of the artillery to open fire at once from the batteries placed at the Cappuccini. The result was more successful than had been expected, for in less than four hours a strong battery the enemy had at the top of the Monte Orlando was quite disabled by the effect of Cavalli's conical shot. The besieged army had not expected the sudden attack of the Piedmontese, for on the bursting of the first shell—six mortars were at the same time bombarding Gaeta from the isthmus—both troops and citizens ran through the streets like mad people, screaming and howling in the most awful manner. The terror was so great that it was thought necessary to offer shelter to the panic-stricken population under the casemates of the ramparts. If such has been the effect of the first trial, what will happen when Cialdini opens fire with 120 pieces? The 10,000 soldiers who are now within the walls of Gaeta may be the staunchest supporters of Francis II.; but very much doubt if their fidelity and devotion will stand a day or two's bombardment. Abandoned as they are by their officers, dragged right and left, badly fed and badly clothed, it is scarcely to be expected they should endure all the hardships of a long siege with that constancy which distinguished the garrison of Gaeta in 1806, when commanded by the gallant German Prince Hess, of Philipstadt.

Dec. 8.—During the night shells hurled several buildings, and even the hospital. The Queen rushed from one battery to another, encouraging the soldiers. The King insisted on both withdrawing to the casemates. The fortress of Gaeta energetically returned the fire of the Sardinian batteries.

It is asserted that England, France, and Russia have requested the King of Naples to cease his fruitless defence.

It is announced that Victor Emmanuel has designated General Cialdini for occupying Rome in the event of the departure of the Pope. An Englishman, formerly in the service of Garibaldi, has been assassinated.

DISCONTENT AT NAPLES—PETITION FOR THE RECALL OF GARIBALDI.

The accounts from Naples still indicate a very hostile feeling between the Neapolitans and the Piedmontese. A private correspondent writes—"The malcontent spreads here and deepens. Between us and the Piedmontese there can be no amalgamation. These latter, hard as their own mountains, will not fall in with the special habits, tendencies, and wants of our population; there is collision at every step, antagonism on every question." Again, a petition to King Victor Emmanuel circulates freely for subscription in the Neapolitan press, and bears already an incredible number of signatures. The petitioners ask—1. For the removal of Farini and his advisers as unpopular. 2. The recall of Garibaldi and his resumption of power at the head of the Government of Southern Italy. 3. The demolition of the Fort of St. Elmo. 4. Public Works on a large scale. 5. The dismissal of Nunziante. 6. The removal of all Bourbon public officers, and the appointment of men well deserving of the Italian cause. 7. The military organization of the country for the accomplishment of national unity and the conquest of Rome and Venice. The Bourbon holds out at Gaeta, and reaction lists its many heads throughout the Abruzzi Calabria, and other provinces.

CAPTURE OF PEKIN.

The following telegram has been received from Her Majesty's Agent and Consul-General at Alexandria, dated November 20, 1860: "Two of the gates of Pekin are in our hands. Parkes and Loch have been returned to us. Capt. A. Dorn and Mr. De Norman have died from the effects of the treatment. Capt. Brabazon and Bouly (Times's correspondent) second division of the Emperor's summer palace taken and sacked, allowing immense booty. Emperor fled into Tartary. Forces to winter at Pekin and Tien-tsin."

"The two Ambassadors at military headquarters."

ANOTHER TELEGRAM.

PEKIN, Oct. 13.—Pekin surrendered to the Allies this day, yielding to all demands. Parkes, Loch, and Leisearre were released on the 8th instant. Three hundred soldiers have been released. There is little hope of the return of Brabazon, Bouly, or the French officers missing. The Emperor and the Targui may have fled, and none of the enemy are to be seen at Pekin. The Pekin gates have been given up to the troops, who are a healthy and encamped on the wall. Indemnity ready well demanded.

SHANGHAI, Oct. 20.—All is quiet here. A new and distinct rebellion is reported in the province of Shensi. It is said to be headed by influential people. Little is known of the Tai-ping rebellion.

ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION OF THE DUKE OF TETUAN.

The Correspondencia of Madrid, of the 7th, gives the following account of the attempted assassination of the Duke of Tetuan:—"Yesterday evening, at six o'clock, as the Duke of Tetuan was leaving the Senate, a bystander wrapped up in a cloak approached him, and presenting a pistol, fired at him, saying, 'De traitor!' A short-hand writer present, who was also a physician, at once examined the General's wound, and found that it was very slight. On feeling himself wounded, the Duke exclaimed, 'Neither the African balls nor those of Madrid can hurt me!' When the event became known the English and French Ministers, and other members of the Diplomatic Body, and a great many members of the Cortes, waited on the Marshal to congratulate him. The assassin, after firing ran off crying, 'Viva la Reina!' but was pursued and captured.

AWFUL COLLIERY EXPLOSION.

FEARFUL SACRIFICE OF 135 LIVES. A mine explosion, tremendous in its consequences, happened on Saturday at the Black Vein Pit, Risco, 6 miles from Newport (Monmouthshire) the property of the Risco Coal Company. The colliery has been in work some years, and the production of steam coal, and as gas was more or less generated, the preventive measures were adopted. The pit was examined according to custom, after which above two hundred descended. About nine o'clock a terrible explosion occurred, which was heard far above the surface; and upon inspection it was found at some distance from the bottom of the pit the gas had found. Considerable damage was done to the works, and as soon as the ventilation would allow search was instituted. Dead bodies were discovered in several directions. By about twelve o'clock eleven had been sent up, and by four, forty more had been collected at the bottom, the whole being brought up in the course of the evening, and, in cases on us hastily constructed biers, conveyed to their respective homes. The number of victims of the explosion appears to have been 135—an awful sacrifice of life, whether owing to the recklessness or carelessness of some collier determined to enjoy his pipe without regard to the fearful risk of exposing an unprotected light in so dangerous a place, or to some failure, accidental or otherwise, in the system of ventilation. The scene of mourning which has been occasioned in the village is scarcely conceivable; to adequately describe it would be impossible, to attempt to do so would be subjecting our readers to a poignant grief for a futile purpose. Hardly a row of cottages stands in the place but what contains one or more corpses. Belonging to one house alone, it is said, no less than eight souls were swept away; a widowed mother or a former fatal result having now lost her two sons, three brothers, and other lodgers. In another case the death of three sons are mourned for by their parent. In many instances father and son were by side by side, but amid so much sorrow it is not easy to determine who has suffered the greatest bereavement and affliction. It is most melancholy to reflect on the reckless manner in which colliers sometimes expose themselves and fellow workmen to the most imminent danger. It was only on the previous Saturday that one of the workmen from this pit was sent to prison for fourteen days, for having, contrary to the rules, a lamp key in his possession. At the same time it was ascertained that several other men had negligently worked for the purpose of opening the lamps. A common practice, we are told, exists of the men smoking in the pit, and frequently opening their lamps to light their pipes. They are also known to remove the wire gauze in order to obtain more light, heedless of the danger with which an act was fraught, the hopeless fall from the cap of one of the dead men was taken up.

payment of the Duke of Devonshire, on his extensive Irish estate, as what is called a Farm-Mason. He at the same time retained and cultivated a large farm. His life was consequently an extremely active one, and his time entirely devoted to it, an extremely active one. Like his son Thomas, Mr. McGrath, out-of-door existence—he stood of feet in his shoes, with a power of body and endurance—was only once married, and had well proportioned frame. He was only once married, and Mrs. McGrath and he had had, "between them two," a family of 10-12 daughters and 4 sons—of whom only one died in infancy. The stock was a good one, and though the present tree in a green old age has been removed, is sure to flourish.—*Monroist Pilot*, Nov. 21.

UNITED STATES.

A SCAMP.—A young married man belonging in West Waterville, named A. J. Shurey, decamped on Saturday morning last, taking with him his horse and buggy, and a young woman living in the neighborhood named Adelaide. He leaves behind him an entirely destitute circumstance, a wife and two small children. Previous to leaving he forged his father's name to a note for twenty dollars, and obtained the money on it from one of his neighbors.

To cap the climax of misfortunes, the house, also belonging to his father, in which the deserted family lived, took fire on Saturday night and was destroyed, together with most of its contents, bedding, furniture, and clothing; and in the attempt to extinguish the flames, the father was badly burned while a daughter who came to his assistance, became so prostrated by fatigue and excitement, that her life is despaired of.—*Maine Farmer*.

Miss Georgiella Tucker eloped with a negro barber from Toledo, Ohio, lately, and they were married at Detroit. The young lady is represented as highly accomplished.

Wm. Abson, a market gardener near Jersey City, has been arrested for poisoning his wife, a long time feeble and sickly woman, who died last Friday. He wanted to be rid of her and get another wife.

Thirteen prisoners escaped from the Auburn (Cal.) jail recently, by picking the locks with pieces of the steel hoops of a Chinese woman incarcerated in the jail.

The furniture and fixture of the two houses of ill-fame in Sparrows, N. Y., were completely destroyed on Thursday night, by a mob of one hundred young men and boys, in revenge for a murder committed at one of them.

One of the acts passed by the Hawaiian Legislature of 1860, is entitled "An act to prevent married persons from deserting one another."

In Colebrook, N. H., a potato of the Janny Lind variety has been raised which weighed three pounds and eleven ounces. At a show of fruit and flowers at the Crystal Palace, England, last month, a single bunch of grapes was on exhibition which weighed eight pounds and fourteen ounces.

During the recent Presidential campaign, and only a few days before the election, Senator Douglas, one of the Presidential candidates, and certainly, whatever his party associations may be, the most respectable, intellectual and statesmanlike man of the four, was pelted with eggs by the Breckenridge men of Montgomery, Alabama. One of the offensive missiles struck his hat, and splashed over the face of Mrs. Douglas who stood beside him on the hotel steps where the disgraceful occurrence took place. The Southern chivalry is showing itself in a new vein.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 21.—Eleven lives were lost by the burning of the steamer Paife.

RATHER PARTICULAR.—Mrs. G. of Boston says: "A ragged urchin came to my door not