

The Daily Examiner. DECEMBER 12, 1881.

News of the Prince Edward!

The news—just as we had almost abandoned hope—that the steamer Prince Edward was spoken in mid-ocean on the 4th inst., is a great relief to this community. Since the fourth, the weather has been comparatively fine; and we may well hope for her early arrival either on this or on the other side of the Atlantic.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12

To Peake Bros. & Co. The steamer "Prince Edward," was spoken on the 4th inst., in latitude forty seven thirty-four, longitude thirty five forty-five, by the steamer "Iowa," which arrived at Boston on Saturday. She was short of coal; but otherwise all right.

The Fisheries.

COMPLETED RETURNS of the Island fisheries show the catch of mackerel has been a failure the past season. While last year, 1880, the quantity taken was greater than within remembrance, although of inferior quality, this year shows barely half as many, or 36,083 barrels, but of quality very fair. About one-half of the whole taken are estimated as number ones and twos, and the remainder number threes.

Cod show poorly, 28,045 quintals having been taken last year, and only 16,934 this year. The quality was fair and the curing good. Hake have kept up to the average; say, 8,023 quintals. Halibut to the extent of 4,575 quintals, and haddock 72,600 quintals have to be added. The Norwegian gillnets for cod, recommended by Professor Baird, of Washington, U. S., and in use by some of the Gloucester fishermen, have been given a fair trial in several localities of the coast. Thirty-four, setting 930 fathoms, were imported, and with the exception of three at Georgetown that are moderately well spoken of, all are pronounced a failure.

The total catch of spring herring is set down at 24,440 barrels, of which only 4,500 were for food, the remainder for bait. More could have been taken if the fishery had been more actively pursued. Gasparaux are fading out, only 1,917 barrels taken, of which no more than 500 were for food.

The weather was frequently too gusty for the sea fisheries. Very few American vessels in the Gulf. A considerable number of Caraque and other New Brunswick and Nova Scotia boats were engaged in general fishing off the coast. Nothing is noticeable as regards freshwater fish, except that they are more abundant than three years since. Total catch of trout, smelt, eels and bass, 108,730 pounds. The few pounds of salmon caught are scarcely worth record. Three fishways have been opened which permit fish to ascend to the upper spawning grounds. The officers of the hatchery on Dunk River have been successful in obtaining 1,500,000 salmon eggs and have on hand females to produce 250,000 more, but there is a great scarcity of males.

The lobster fishery has sprung at one leap into the position of the first of the Island fishing industries, and shows returns more than double those of the united mackerel, cod and herring fisheries. 6,332,865 cans were produced this year, as against 3,551,050 in 1880. The figures are somewhat above the estimate made by some commercial firms, but are believed to be substantially correct. Anything to effect this industry injuriously would be a calamity to the Province.

Oysters show the average take of 20,815 barrels for home use and export. In accordance with the views of the Minister, H. N. J. C. P. O. e, the Department of Marine and Fisheries, has had charts prepared of existing oysterbeds and of localities where new beds may be planted. The likelihood is therefore that something may be done to protect and extend what is, after all, a valuable one among our fishing resources.

St. Vincent de Paul Society.

THE annual report of St. Vincent de Paul Society is published elsewhere. Referring to it we find that the Society, though in its infancy, has done wonderful work. It is composed chiefly of men whose means of living are limited. Yet it gave relief to many sufferers, not only in winter but during the summer months. The sum expended in charities among all denominations amounted to \$650.69, leaving at the close of the year, a cash balance on hand of \$11.19 cents. This is a small sum for a charitable Society to commence winter operations on. During the summer months much destitution prevailed in the city; and there was a continual drain of the funds of the Society. This being the case, it is but reasonable to suppose that during the winter the destitution will be much greater than in the summer; and the Society will, therefore, be called upon for relief, which they cannot give without the support of a generous public. We hope, then, that as the Society disperses charity to the poor of all denominations, the public generally will contribute to its support. Donations will be received by the Treasurer—Hon. A. A. McDonald.

Homeward Bound.

A man who has spent a summer in the mountains, requires a little recreation in the fall. It is a relief to turn one's eyes from lofty peaks, deep gulches and leaping cascades, to beautiful buildings and crowded thoroughfares and charming pleasure resorts. Not that mountain amphitheatres, with its rugged contour, and towering grandeur, is not beautiful enough. But the most beautiful thing on earth, if too continuously looked upon, becomes tiresome to the eye. It is, therefore, a relief—a joy unspeakable—to turn away for a while from the works of nature to those of art.

Chicago is twelve hours ride nearer Denver than it was a month ago. A new railroad has been built from a point on the Union Pacific Railway, called Julesburg, to Denver, Colorado, across the plains. It is called the "Julesburg cut off." It cannot fail to be of great advantage to both Chicago and Denver, and is now better patronized than any other road, by people intending to visit any point east of Chicago. A ride of forty-eight hours from Denver now lands a passenger in a Chicago depot. Our stay in the magic city of the plains, was a short one. It rained so constantly while we were there little opportunity was afforded for sight-seeing, so taking the Michigan Southern Railway we bade adieu to this wonder of the western world, and soon were reeling over the fertile plains of Michigan and Ohio. Our first halting place was at Cleveland, Ohio. One of my mining associates lived here. We had travelled along together, and nothing would satisfy him but that we should step over and visit the Grave of Garfield. We did so.

The cemetery in which is deposited all that remains of the departed hero and statesman, is a lovely one, but not so beautiful as either Greenwood in Brooklyn or Mount Auburn at Boston. But it is a comparatively new one, and may one day rival either. One thing is certain that no casket in either Greenwood or Mount Auburn holds the bones of a grander man than the martyred Garfield.

The thoughts that passed through our brain and the impressions made on our mind as we stood beside the grave of the once brave, eloquent, stalwart, active statesman and soldier, were such as will never be forgotten. The once eloquent tongue now silent forever. The once active brain now passive as the sands that lay upon the coffin. The once stalwart frame now pulseless in the arms of death. The once gallant soldier conquered at last by the king of terrors. The character once so resplendent in all the hues of the Christian graces, now cold, silent and calm in death. But we could feel that the dumb lips were yet speaking—that the agencies set in motion by the active brain were yet revolving—that the Christian example bequeathed to the young men of America was bearing the most glorious fruit. Garfield dead; yet speaking. Garfield's body in the tomb at Cleveland; Garfield's spirit basking in the rays emitted from the Throne of God! Let the young men of America visit the shrine. Let them drop a flower upon the heath. Flowers were made to bloom in just such spots. Of all America's departed dead, Garfield's life stands out pre-eminently as the one after which the young men of America ought to copy.

Mentor—Garfield's late residence, and now the home of his illustrious wife—is only a short distance from Cleveland. In another article we shall speak of our visit there, the impressions received at Guita's trial—all of which we hope may interest the reader of the EXAMINER.

St. Vincent de Paul Society.

THE WORK IT PERFORMED DURING THE PAST YEAR.

THE Annual Public Meeting of the Conference of St. Vincent de Paul was held in St. Patrick's Hall on Sunday evening. After the usual prayer and spiritual reading, the Secretary, Mr. Jas. A. McKenna, read his report. He referred to the success which had attended the Society since its inception; stated that during the past five months, since the last public meeting, visitors had granted orders for provisions in 141 cases, for cash in 52 cases, and for coal in 22 cases, besides which the Conference pay for the maintenance of an orphan child and a destitute aged person. He pointed out the course pursued by the Society in appointing two members to take charge of each family recommended to its care, etc., etc. After the adoption of the Secretary's report, the President called upon the Treasurer to give a statement of his transactions for the whole year now ended.

The Treasurer, Hon. A. A. McDonald, in submitting his report, referred briefly to the business done since the last public meeting, and submitted the following report of the transactions for the past year, during which relief had been granted in 1,066 cases.

Table with columns for 'THE CONFERENCE', 'In acct. with THE TREASURER, DR.', and 'CR.'. Lists various items like coal, sugar, molasses, butter, meat, fish, sundries, etc., with corresponding amounts.

Balance in hands of Treasurer, \$ 11 19

The treasurer observed that the Society was composed principally of working men who had their own families to support, but who, if they had much, would give abundantly, but having but little, took care "even so to bestow willingly a little." He recommended young men to join the society, in place of spending their leisure in places of amusement which were likely

to lead to dissipation, and called on all to contribute to the funds for the relief of the poor.

After adoption of the report, the Rev. A. McGillivray addressed the meeting in his usual earnest and forcible manner, commending the good work of charity to them, and explaining the religious duties which must be performed by all who joined the conference, which had not only the approval and blessing of His Lordship the Bishop, but his most fervent prayers for its success.

The Report of the Keeper of the Wardrobe, showing the contributions of clothing and how disposed of, was then read and adopted.

A collection of \$24.60 was taken up in the Hall, after which the President read the usual closing prayer.

At the annual meeting of the Charlotte-town Conference of St. Vincent de Paul Society, held yesterday, the following officers were re-elected for the ensuing year:— Spiritual Director—Rev. A. McGillivray, P. P. President—John Caven. 1st Vice-President—James Reddin. 2nd Vice-President—J. E. Eckstadt. Treasurer—A. A. McDonald. Secretary—J. A. McKenna. Assistant Secretary—Henry FitzGerald. Keeper of Wardrobe—B. McRory.

CORRESPONDENCE.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions or statements of our correspondents

To the Editor of the Examiner.

SIR.—The Mayor has not complied with my reasonable request to give his reasons for publishing my private letters without my consent. A fair statement may remove the erroneous impression which Mr. Dawson's course has produced.

I submit the following proposition. A man holding a position, whether under a Government or a Corporation, having attached to it important duties, including the expenditure of money, and having received for his guidance definite rules without discretionary power, has no right to break those rules at his employers expense under any pretence whatever. If he should not like the rules he may resign, but while holding the office he should do as he is told. The Medical Attendant believes in the proposition and has asked accordingly. The great law of humanity is of course binding on officials as on others, but they should be charitable at their own expense.

After the medical attendant had assumed his duties, he received from Ottawa the following rule for his guidance:

"The law requires that the master of a vessel having a sick seaman, shall make a written recommendation to the Collector for medical and other assistance, which should be endorsed, "approved" by the Collector, and given to you for your authority for admitting the seaman."

The rule has been urged in subsequent communications. Any infringement of the principle of this rule would deserve, and would probably be followed by severe reprimand. The Medical Attendant had no more right to admit a sick seaman contrary to this rule than he had to quarter him in any private house in town. When the sick sailor arrived at the Railway Station, a messenger requested of the Medical Attendant permission to take the man to the Hospital. He was told that as the case now stood, it was impossible under the rules. After this the correspondence with Mr. Sharpe and the Mayor took place.

The Mayor was allowed, within forty-eight hours, to receive instructions (by telegraph) from Ottawa. The instructions came within twenty-four hours. The sick sailor was removed from the Marine Hospital without the knowledge of the Medical Attendant. As to the telegram from the Alberton Collector that the vessel had paid her dues, Mr. Dawson did not make it known to the Medical Attendant, and the latter knew nothing of it until he saw it in the published correspondence. If Mr. Dawson had shown the telegram to the Medical Attendant, the latter would have given his permission for the sick man's retention in the hospital. Mr. Dawson, therefore, is responsible for the man now being in the Marine Hospital. Mr. Dawson can talk, write and edit columns in newspapers, but we have no knowledge that he has contributed one cent to the poor man. He promised to be responsible for the expenses of the sick man at the Marine Hospital, but he has done nothing. The expense has been paid by the Medical Attendant. I will not attempt to characterize the conduct of men in Mr. Dawson's position, who is himself blamable for what he evidently considers a case of hardships, and who seeks by innuendoes to place the responsibility on others.

I am yours truly, F. P. TAYLOR, Medical Attendant of the Marine Hospital.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

SIR.—I notice in your issue of Saturday, a letter from a correspondent in reference to the day on which Christmas will be publicly observed (falling as it does on Sunday), with the suggestion that the Government appoint the day, in order that its employees may be enabled to enjoy themselves at that time. Is he aware, sir, that if the Government, in their generosity, do proclaim the holiday that the poor workmen's pay will be stopped? Is he aware, sir, that the railway employees, (most of them poor men) annually lose about twenty dollars a year on account of the generosity of the Government in proclaiming holidays and then docking them forthwith. Or is he one of the bloated officials whose pay goes on, holiday or no holiday, hence his eagerness in the matter referred to in his Saturday's letter. I am a poor man, Mr. Editor, an employee of the Railway, with a large family to support, and prospects of it being larger, and I think it is very hard to be treated in this manner.

Hoping that you will insert these few lines in your valuable journal, and knowing that you have the interests of the working man at heart.

I remain, Yours truly, WORKMAN.

Weather Bulletin.

Probabilities for the next 24 hours for the Maritime Provinces.

TORONTO, December 12—10 a. m. Winds mostly from the Southwest and west, fair milder weather.

1881. FAIR TRADE. 1882.

NO FAVORS ASKED.

WE HAVE IN STOCK AND OFFERING AT

Bottom Prices for Cash, 1,375 BARRELS OF FLOUR,

OF THE FOLLOWING CHOICE BRANDS:

- 125 barrels SUNBRAM—Full Patent Hungarian Process, superior to any Flour in the Market. 500 barrels Kent. 125 " Stratford. 125 " Maritime Rose, CHOICE PATENTS. 125 " Airdrie, SUPERIORS. 125 " Tranquility. 125 " Anchor.

200 Barrels K. D. Cornmeal.

Oatmeal for the People—Bagnall's Manufacture, awarded First Prize at Dominion Exhibition.

- 100 boxes } Plain and Fancy CRACKERS (Rankin's). 80 barrels } 50 barrels White Gr. 50 " Yellow Refined } SUGARS. 20 hds. P. R. 15 puns. Barbadoes } MOLASSES. 10 puns. Trinidad } Brs. Amber and Golden Syrup.

TEA (Choice.)

FRESH FRUITS.

- 200 boxes Valencia RAISINS, 20 barrels CURRANTS, 100 boxes London Layers, 5 cases do., 50 half-boxes do., 100 boxes FIGS. 50 qr. boxes do.,

20 bags Rice, 10 barrels Beans, 1 1/2 TONS CHOICE CHEESE, 200 bags Coarse Salt.

CANNED GOODS.

Ox Tongue, Corned Beef, Potted Ham, Devilled Ham, Mock Turtle Soup, Peaches, Pine Apple, Sliced Apple.

FISH—Salmon, Mackerel, Herring, Finnan Haddies, Sardines, Lobster, Cove Oyster.

IN POTS—Marmalade, Jellies, Jams, Preserved Ginger.

CALF FOOT JELLY, in quart and pint Bottles.

Standard and Water White Kerosene.

Pratt's Celebrated Astral Oil (Odorless).

in 5 gallon tins and on draught, far superior to any other illuminating Oil in use.

200 boxes DIGBY HERRING.

Colman's Starch, Pure Spices and Sauces (English.)

English Malt, White Wine, XXX VINEGARS, and a large assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES. Also Pails, Tubs, Buckets, Brooms, &c.

GOODS WARRANTED,

AND DELIVERED FREE OF CHARGE WITHIN THE CITY LIMITS.

INSPECTION SOLICITED.

J. D. MACLEOD & CO.

Corner Queen and Grattan Streets. Dec. 10, '81—3m 2w, wkly

XMAS XMAS XMAS

—AT THE—

'CITY HARDWARE STORE.'

We have on hand a large assortment of

SILVERWARE,

Cruets, Pickle Dishes, Toast Racks, Cake Baskets, Butter Dishes, Knives, Forks, Spoons, &c., &c.; Rogers Bro's 1847 A1 Plate, excellent value, newest designs, selling very low during the Holidays.

COME AND GET BARGAINS.

BOURKE SON & CO.,

Dec. 3, 1881—2w 3w, wkly 3f, pat

City Hardware Store.

C. P. FLETCHER

Has just received his Winter supply of the celebrated

BELL ORGANS,

in new and elegant designs. Call and see them at FLETCHER'S MUSIC STORE, Sign of the "Big Fiddle."

Ch'town, Dec. 9, '81—2f, wkly 2f, pat

Molasses and Sugar

JUSU RECEIVED, ex "NATALIE," from Barbadoes, — 2 hds. Barbadoes Bright Grocery Sugar, 40 puns. Barbadoes Molasses, prime article. Will be sold cheap from Warehouse on wharf.

GEO. COOMBS, Ch'town, Dec. 9, '81—1f

CITIZENS'

INSURANCE CO., OF CANADA.

SIR HUGH ALLAN.....PRESIDENT.

Capital.....\$1,188,000 Deposited with Dominion Govt..... 142,000

Fire, Life, Accident and Guarantee.

Risks taken in the above Company at moderate rates. (Farm Property and Isolated Dwellings a speciality.) Policies issued in office at Charlottetown. Losses settled promptly and liberally.

A. S. URQUHART, General Agent for P. E. I. Ch'town, Dec. 9, 1881—1a

MUSICAL AND LITERARY Entertainment

Y. M. C. A. HALL,

Monday Evening, 12th inst.

PROGRAMME.

- Instrumental—Overture—"La Souveraine," Orchestra Chorus—"Merrily Rolls the Mill Stream on," Agnes E. Doherty Recitation—"Hannah Whitty Solo—"Little Bright Eyes," Hettie and Daisy Lewis Reading—"The Doctor's Story," Gertie Mitchell Solo—"Jack o' Hazelton," Miss M. Crabbe Duet—"Sliding Down the Hill on a Sled," J. and H. Knight Recitation—"The Christmas Dinner," Tilly Ferguson Chorus—"Hark the Merry Christmas Bells," Tommy James Recitation—"Fannie's Pet," Tommy James

PART II.

- Instrumental—Selections from Poet and Passion, Orchestra Chorus—"Giving," Hettie Lewis Solo—"Little Bird's Song," Hettie Lewis Recitation—"The Parson's Daughter," Florrie Love Piano Solo—"Old Black Joe," with variations, Miss Ella Palmer Recitation—"Woman's Rights," J. Knight, jr Solo—"Flow gently, sweet Afton," Mr. Read Recitation—"The Philosopher's Scale," Herbert Clarke Chorus—"The German Student's Song," Instrumental—"Den Sorgen Tretz Waltzes," Orchestra God Save the Queen.

Doors open at half-past seven; commence at 8 o'clock. Admission only 10 cents. Dec. 9, 1881.

FANCY SALE AND TEA,

IN AID OF THE

BAPTIST CHURCH BUILDING FUND, will be held in the

MARKET HALL,

—on—

Wednesday, 21st December.

The Sale will begin at 2 p. m. Tea on the Tables at 5 o'clock. Refreshments during the afternoon and evening.

Admission to Hall 10 cents. Tea 25 cents. Tickets can be procured at W. R. Watson's, Apothecaries Hall, C. D. Rankin's, from either of the undersigned, and at the door.

Donations towards either Sale or Tea will be thankfully received by

- Mrs. George Davies, Mrs. F. Lawson, Mrs. James DesBrasay, Miss M. Currie, Mrs. D. G. McDonald, Miss Mary Davies, Mrs. S. McRae, Miss Jessie Scott. Ch'town, Dec. 9, '81.

Fishwick's Express Line!

M. A. STARR

Sails from here for Halifax, on Friday, 9th inst.

EDGAR STUART

(Weather permitting) leaving Halifax Tuesday next. In returning will leave here about 16th inst.

Both steamers carry through freight for European, United States, West Indies and Newfoundland ports. They will run to Charlottetown or Georgetown as late as navigation permits.

Apply to L. A. Barnaby, Manager, Halifax, or here to

A. H. B. MACGOWAN, Agent, Queen's Wharf, Ch'town, Dec. 8, 1881. 3f 8 12.

53 Queen Street.

SIGN OF THE

Blue Flag.

Extraordinary and Unprecedented Bargains

IN BOOTS AND SHOES.

The stock is good and reasonable, and the opportunity is a very rare one to secure really

MARVELLOUS BARGAINS.

P. E. Island Bank notes taken at their full value for goods.

E. W. SMITH.

Ch'town, Dec. 5, 1881—cont

WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.

WANTED—An experienced Clerk. Must be well recommended. Apply in writing to SULLIVAN & MOSEY, Charlottetown. [de 12]

STRAYED from the Revere House, on Thursday night, a large red Cow, with large horns and the top of light ear, and lower end of tail white. Information regarding her whereabouts will be gladly received and rewarded by Mrs. McNeill. [de 12]

GENERAL SERVANT wanted in a small family. Good wages. Apply at this office. [de 6]

TO LET—A valuable Business stand in St. Louis East, consisting of a Shop, Dwelling House, Warehouse and Stable. Possession given immediately, if required. For terms apply to R. BURDITT, Bridgetown, P. E. I. [no 24 1m]

TO LET—That desirable Dwelling House on the north side of King's Square, containing nine rooms and a convenient frost proof cellar and good stable. Rent very low. Possession given in about one month from this date. Apply to MARK BERNES. [no 6 f]