Local and Other Items.

The Buddulph murder trial is now going on at London, Ont.

A death occurred from small pox at Upper Stewiacke on the 9th ult.

Mr. McKenzie's physicians say he must refrain from work this session.

The Halifax Sugar Refinery will be ready for occupation in a month.

Senator Skead has resigned, and will probably be succeeded by Dr. Grant, of Ottawa.

It is again reported that Mr. Gladstone is to be raised to the Peerage, as Earl of Hawarden.

We learn that Mr. Alexander Horne will test the election in Ward 5 in the Supreme Court.

By cable received by Peake Brothers & Co. to-day, we learn that the steamship "Prince Edward" arrived at Liverpool.

The ministers of Woodstock, N. B., have agreed to discontinue the practice of attending funerals on the Lord's Day.

Owing to the high price of coal, the people of Toronto are talking of utiliving the peat bogs in the vicinity of that city said to be equal to those of Ireland.

It gives us great pleasure to publish the speeches of the representatives from this Province, on the great National question regarding the Canadian Pacific Railway.

The Brigt Kitty Clyde, May, from Demerara for P. E. Island, before reported at Bermuda in distress, was repairing 20th inst; would go on marine slip.

Rev. B. Chappell was last week waited on by the members of his congregation in St. John, and presented with a handsome dressing-gown, as a token of their good feeling towards him.

A meeting of the leading mechanics of the city was held on Saturday night and we learn a public meeting will shortly be called to adopt means of aiding the Duchemin Bros. in carrying the celebrated injunction suit to a higher court.

In Halifax, on Saturday evening last, a daughter of Mr. Lewis, a seafaring man, was lighting a lamp when she accidently set fire to her little three year old sister's dress. Before the little one's clothing could be extinguished she was so fearfully burned about the stomach and chest that death resulted the next day.

In the *Patriot* of Saturday the Minister of Justice is called "Jim McDonald," and the Minister of Marine and Fisheries "Jim Pope;" while an official who has, unfortunately for himself, broken down in the service of the country, and now participates in the superannuation fund towards which he contributed for many years, is dubbed "a barnacle!"

George Dussell, aged 24, a liquor dealer, of Newark, N. J., being rejected by Mrs. Emily Rever, aged 23, residing on Broadway in New York, to whom he had paid suit, threw vitroil in the faces of her sister Mary and brother-in-law, William Holmes, disfiguring them for life. He then escaped. Mrs. Rever is a married woman, but lives apart from her husband.

The New York *Sun* of the 23rd estimates that 1500 men are on strike in that city at the present time. The strikes are due to an attempt to cut down wages in some instances and in others to an attempt to enforce the ten hour system at the wages paid for 9 hours. It is said the men are determined to hold out.—Some mill men in Rhode Island have had their wages reduced and have struck in consequence.

Assault.—Stephen Doriant, George Larter and Edward Harney appeared at the Stependiary Magistrate's Court on Monday, charged with assaulting and attempting to rob Simon Martin. The charge of the complainant and evidence of Joseph Bevan were heard. They proved the assault by Doriant but could not substantiate the charge of robbery. Doriant was fined $10 and costs and Harney and Larter were discharged.

Mayor Harrison, of Chicago, addressed two Land League mass meetings on the 26th inst. speaking warmly in favor of the object of the League. When he concluded the second speech, his audience passed strong Land League resolutions, and, before he could escape, demanded that he should sign and forward them to Dublin in his official capacity. He refused, and a wild scene ensued, during which the Mayor was hooted and finally hustled out of the hall.

We were shown at the factory of Messrs. McDougall & Seaman a handsome three-seated sleigh built by the firm for E. J. Hodgson, Esq. It is one of the most beautiful sleighs ever manufactured in the city, and the workmanship displayed on it reflects great credit on the builders. The body, which is of the best American white wood, is neatly proportioned and supported on the runners by durable iron studs and stays—which gives the sleigh a very light appearance. The main seats are *vis-a-vis*, while the seat for driver and footman is elevated and set off with a well-made patent leather dasher and plated rein rails. It is painted dark blue, is elegantly cushioned and trimmed, and bears the owner's crest, with the words: "*In Hoc Signo Spes Mea.*"

Horrible Railway Accident.—Mr. George Torry, brakeman on the Intercolonial Railway and son of Mr. Robert Torry, Moncton, met with a severe accident on Monday night near Norton. Just after the night express left that station Mr. Torry started to walk forward from the rear of the train, but slipping was thrown between two cars. His clothing caught in one of the cars and he was dragged with his feet dangling on the ground for over a mile. By his desperate attempts to prevent himself being drawn under the wheels his right arm was pulled from its socket and the wheel passing over it continuously reducing it to a frightful pulp. He succeeded in getting clear and by his cries attracted attention, but not before his feet and other hand were badly frozen. He was taken to his home in Moncton yesterday.

One of the most annoying things in the world is to be travelling along the road while the snow is so deep, and to see two women a quarter of a mile off coming towards you with a horse who is moving along at the rate of one knot an hour, and looking down with his head between his forelegs to see that his tail is fastened on behind. You pull off to the left on a track made by some horse that had preceded you, and there you wait and shiver in the cold for the coming procession to pass, while the women chat and jerk the reins as leisurely as though they were sweeping along at the rate of a hundred miles an hour. We are not likely to outlive the remembrance of an instance of this kind we experienced in New London the week before last.—*Argus.*

Assault on a Summerside Councillor.—A cowardly and brutal assault was committed on Mr. Jeremiah McArthur on Saturday evening last. It appears that as he was walking along Water Street, three men came in the opposite direction, evidently the worse of liquor. Mr. McArthur, who is a peaceable citizen, was trying to give them a wide berth; but one of the men, on approaching him, exclaimed, "Look out McArthur!" and before that gentleman had time to reply he was felled to the ground by a heavy blow on the forehead. His left eye presents a horrible appearance, being swollen and blackened in a fearful manner. We trust the ruffian, who is still at large, may yet be brought to book and severely punished.

* * * * *

Since writing the above we have been informed that the man who committed the assault has come to terms with Mr. McArthur, that gentleman having accepted a small sum of money in full payment for the blow he received.—*Progress.*

Park Corner.

The Gulf is completely filled with ice.

The diphtheria has been very bad in one family—Mr. Colston's. They lost one child but the rest are on the mend.

The Post Office Inspector has made a change in the post office here, which is much more convenient and satisfactory to the public.

The mails are received very regular, considering the state of the weather. Mr. Durant, the new driver, is a pushing and obliging man.

Mr. James Cousins trapped a black fox one night last week.

There are several lobster factories being created for next season—one large one by Cousins & Waugh, Capt. MacAdee, foreman; others by McLeod & Sawyer.—*Jour.*

Local and Other Items.

The Quintette Club has secured a large selection of new music and are preparing to give a series of concerts in this city.

Those who have occasion to drive from Southport to Tea Hill, complain that the road is in a very dangerous condition owing to the multitude of pitches.

Abraham White was arrested on charge of brutally illtreating his wife, and the Stipendiary Magistrate, yesterday, admitted him to bail to appear when required.

The New York *Times* reports the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher as saying that his stepmother's prayers "never produced any more effect upon me than a flake of snow upon a slate roof." This may account for a good many curious things.

Prince Waldemar, of Denmark, the youngest brother of the Princess of Wales, has just narrowly escaped death. While assisting at some dynamite experiments, two cartridges charged with this dangerous substance exploded accidentally, and several persons close to him were wounded.

A Boston man, who professes to be a physician, has sent to the Kingston (Ont.) *Whig* an advertisement for a wife, accompanied by a long description of the sort of girl he seeks. He labours under a delusion. He needs, not a wife, but a mother, and that mother should have a strong right hand.

At a meeting held on the 27th ult., Mr. Justice Young, LL. D., was unanimously elected President of the Auxiliary Bible Society of this Island, in place of the late Sir Robert Hodgson. Judge Young was one of the originators of this auxilary over 40 years since, and has been its Vice-President since 1845.

The night watchman of Waterloo village, Ontario, drew the savings of a lifetime, $350, from the bank last Friday, intending to pay it on a house and lot the following day. That night, while like Sister Anne, upon the watchtower, protecting other people's property, some thief entered his house and made off with his hard-earned treasure.

Settlers in Lowe township, Ontario, on the Gatineau, refuse to pay their taxes, and chase the collector for his life when he attempts to do his duty. Ottawa papers demand that a militia force be sent up to enforce the law. Throughout other portions of Canada taxation is ungracefully submitted to as a necessary evil.

William A. Westervelt, who, on October 9th, 1875, was sentenced to seven years' imprisonment on the charge of conspiracy to kidnap and imprison Charlie Ross and extort ransom money from his family, has just been released from the Eastern penitentiary of Pennsylvania. He still protests his innocence.

The Post road, West of Clyde River is for a mile or more, in a most disgraceful condition—almost impassable. It appears that this piece of road lies between two districts, and the Supervisors dispute as regards their right to break or repair it. The Commissioner should see to this, and instruct one or other of the Supervisors to take charge of the road and keep it in repair.

We have the first number of the *Progress* under its new proprietors. Contrary to expectation, it is not to be amalgamated with the *Journal*. It is to be continued in the Conservative interest, its proprietor having evidently come to the conclusion that it is right and necessary to administer to the electors of Prince County an antidote for the poison which he supplies through the *Journal*. We hope the *Progress* will be sent to all readers of the *Journal*.

A number of English coal mines are being worked under the ocean. In Northumberland the net available quantity of coal under the sea is estimated at 403,000,000 tons, and on the Durham coast under the sea, including a breadth of three and a half miles with an area of seventy-one square miles, 734,500,000 tons. The latter mine is in a vein of an aggregate thickness of thirty feet distributed in six arms. Engineers are considering how it can be worked successfully in the future.

Mr. H. D. Simonds, of Montreal, arrived in town Wednesday, from Georgetown. He was one of the passengers who left the "Northern Light" on Saturday morning for Cape Bear. He reports that at 8 o'clock, thirteen passengers and eight of the crew left the steamer with a large ice boat. At night fall they reached within three-quarters of a mile of Cape Bear, but could not proceed further owing to the heavy and deep lolly. Finding it impossible to land they turned the there ice boat bottom up on a hard pan of ice, and remained until Sunday morning when they abandoned the boat and walked ashore. During the night they suffered much from frost and exposure. Two of the party, Capt. Gordon and Mr. Pollard, had their feet badly frozen. It is said, it will be necessary to amputate part of the last named gentleman's feet. The steamer is in a firm body of ice about thirteen miles from Murray Harbor with no hope of release. There are yet about sixteen passengers on board having provisions enough to last for a month or more.

Obituary.—With sincere regret we record the death of Mr William Walsh, which occurred at his home, Cornwall, on Tuesday evening. He had been in poor health for upwards of a year, but, notwithstanding, his end came very sudden. Mr. Walsh had been for several years engaged as book-keeper with Messrs. Dodd & Rogers, of this city, in which capacity he proved himself a most competent and trustworthy man. Thoroughly manly and honorable in all his actions, of a kind, courteous disposition, he leaves hosts of mourning friends who admired him for his many noble qualities. The funeral yesterday was attended by the Irish Benevolent Society, in regalia, and by a large concourse of people from the neighboring settlements who, although the weather was most unfavorable, gathered together to pay their last tribute of respect to his remains. Mr. Walsh was in the prime of manhood, and unmarried. To his relatives we extend our warmest sympathy, and pray with them that perpetual light may shine upon him.

Diocesan Church Society.

ADJOURNED MEETING—BUSINESS DONE.

At an adjourned meeting of the Diocesan Church Society, held in St. Paul's schoolroom on Wednesday evening, the 2nd February 1881. Ven. Archdeacon Read in the chair:—

After the meeting was opened with prayer the following Resolutions were adopted;—

1. That the Report read at the last annual meeting of the Society be adopted and printed.

2. That the Treasurer's account be received and when completed be audited, and printed in the annual report.

3. That in future the several collections be made not later than December, so that the accounts according to the 10th Bye-law, may be closed on the 1st of January, and that no grants be made to any Parish where the collections are not sent in before the time of making the appropriations and annual grants.

4. That Mr. F. T. Newbery be the Assistant Secretary.

5. That subject to the approval of the Executive Committee, the next annual meeting of the Society be held in Summerside.

Meeting closed with benediction.

Supreme Court.

Friday, Jan. 28.

O'Hanley vs. McDonald.—The court is engaged trying this ejectment suit since yesterday. It is the last civil case on the docket. Bayfield and Peters for the plaintiff. Davies for the defendant.

The Chief Justice and Judge Peters this evening, gave their decision in the application of the defendant in the Stewart-Lawson libel case, refusing to postpone the trial. The case has been set down for trial on Monday next, when it will be commenced.

Thursday, Feb. 3.

At three o'clock, this afternoon, the jury returned a verdict of guilty against the Rev. S. G. Lawson, for criminal libel, with the following recommendation:—

To His Lordship Judge Peters:

Referring to the above case, having found the defendant guilty, we your humble petitioners, most respectfully beg to recommend the defendant to your most merciful consideration, and trust he may be dealt with as leniently as possible.

For self and others,
Allan Ramsay Spence, Foreman.

The play of "The Forty Thieves" was advertised in Philadelphia. But it didn't draw. The people wouldn't buy tickets to it. They could go and see their city officials for nothing.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

Constantinople, Jan. 31.

Greece having sent troops to the frontier, the Turkish transports are conveying 27,000 men Smyrna and Gulf of Volo as a precaution.

Athens, Jan. 31.

A decree has been published fixing Chalcis as the headquarters of the army of Eastern Greece, and Santa Maria that of Western Greece.

Santa Cruz, Jan. 31.

Camp Capitola, on the Squirrel Creek, four miles off, was washed to sea, only four houses being left. No lives were lost. The rainfall in several countries ranged from seven to thirteen inches in 70 hours.

Eight Chinamen cutting timber near Congherty's mill, were buried alive yesterday by half a mile of mountain sliding down. Ten escaped.

London, Jan. 31.

Thomas Carlyle lies at the point of death.

It is not considered necessary to send any more troops to the Cape at present.

The troopship "Crocodile" has arrived at Natal from India with 1245 infantry.

London, Jan. 31.

It was stated to-day in the Commons that the Government will not grant a new trial of the Traversers.

Gladstone said the dissatisfaction existing in Great Britian over the exclusive occupation of the House with Irish affairs, had not escaped attention of the Government who would eventually propose such steps which they might think advisible.

Ottawa, Feb. 1.

In the Senate this afternoon the Bill for the Naturalization of Aliens was postponed for a week, at the request of Sir Alexander Campbell. It is stated that the late ex-Governor Letellier had an insurance of $50,000 on his life.

The exports from British Columbia for the quarter ending Dec. 31, 1880, amounted to $547,019.

The Pacific Railway Bill will come up in the Senate to-morrow for a first reading.

The discussion in the Upper House may last a couple of weeks, for the hon. gentlemen in that branch of Parliament like to make the most of an important matter when they get an opportunity.

The Skating Carnival that took place at the Royal Rink last night was a most delightful affair. As it was under the patronage of His Excellency the Governor General, there was of course a large and fashionable attendance.

Lady Macdonald and Mrs. Edward Blake were companions for several hours in the Speakers gallery last night.

Mr. Brecken, of P. E. Island, said to-day that a great number of the signatures to the P. E. Island petition had been subscribed by persons in the dark as to the merits and demerits of the question. He was assured that the people of P. E. Island were perfectly satisfied with the Contract.

London, Jan. 1.

The Commons is still in session.

Michael Davitt is present in the House.

Parnell, in the debate denied the urgency of Foster's measures and said he would stake his head that there would be no increase of crime in Ireland should they fail.

The "Times" says: "We shall be greatly surprised if responsible leaders of the Conservative party refuse their assent to a well-considered scheme for putting an end to the disgraceful and mischievous perversion of Parliamentary procedure."

Ottawa, Feb. 2.

The State Ball at Rideau Hall to-night was a very grand affair. Over 700 invitations had been issued, and there was a large attendance. The House having adjourned early, Ministers, Senators and M. P's attended in large numbers, and the scenes during the evening were brilliant in the extreme. In the absence of the Princess Louise, Lady Geo. Campbell did the honors. The proceedings will be kept up till an early hour in the morning.

London, Feb. 2.

Gladstone gave notice that he proposes to follow the motion he intends to make on Thursday, by a resolution declaring that the state of public business is urgent.

The debate on A. M. Sullivan's motion to adjourn continues. Sullivan made an indignant speech.

London, Feb. 2.

The Debate continues. The Irish members up to 5.35 p. m., continued their obstructive motions. As the House rises at six o'clock p. m., Wednesday, they will doubtless be successful in preventing Forster from moving the second reading of his Bill, and making the usual explanatory statement on doing so, though he has urged the convenience of that course.

The speeches of the Irish members show much heat and indignation.

Mr. O'Donnell maintained that the House should adjourn as otherwise, for the reason that Mr. Forster would have an opportunity to make an inflamatory statement which would go forth without contradiction.

After the motion to adjourn had been negatived, the Irish members to prevent Forster from making his statement, objected to every Bill upon the Order of the Day, thus occupying the time until the House was obliged to adjourn.

The motion of amendment was rejected by a vote of 278 to 44.

The *Globe* says the door of Gladstone's residence, in Downing Street, is being guarded by policemen, night and day, recently, in view of a possibility of a Fenian attack.

Gladstone was followed at a distance by a policeman when he went to the House of Commons to-day.

The condition of Carlyle is very critical.

Hanlan has returned to Putney, having done good work at Southwick.

Cape Town, Feb. 2.

The Burgers are showing reluctance to serve in Basuto land owing to the sympathy of the Boers, and many have deserted.

Durban, Feb. 2.

The Basuto Petition is published, praying for peace on condition that the Basutos be allowed to retain their arms. It is believed here that such a condition cannot be entertained.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

The loss by the Philadelphia fire is $200,000.

Reports from Samoa announce the death of the King, November 8th, since which time anarchy prevails.

A meeting at Amsterdam resolved to ask the King of the Netherlands to ask Great Britain to grant the Boers their independence.

Norfolk, Va., Jan. 31.

A great portion of the town of Plymouth N. C., is destroyed by fire.

The losses foot up to 1,275.00 dollars.

Cork, Jan. 1.

A priest and twenty members of the Land League have been summoned to answer charges of intimidation at Mallow.

Charlottetown Cemetery Company

The Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the Charlottetown Cemetery Company was held on the 1st February. The Report stated that fifty acres of the Cemetery Farm had been sold, and that after paying off all encumbrances the Directors had placed the balance and a sum received in excess of the ordinary expenditure at interest, amounting together to about $1,600. This sum they propose to add to, from time to time, until the interest and burial fees shall be sufficient to cover the annual expenses of the Cemetery.

There have been, up to the present time, four hundred and thirty-eight interments in the Cemetery, the grounds of which are becoming a favorite resort in the summer season.

A resolution was passed, recommending the Directors to make a beginning in the planting of shade and ornamental trees, a course which would have been proceeded with from the first, but for lack of funds.

The Board of Directors were re-elected, viz: Hon. Judge Young, President, John Ings, H. J. Cundall, Thomas Alley, George R. Beer, J. W. Morrison, and F. W. Hales Esquires.

James Beatty, of Toronto, recently made application for discharge from insolvency. In granting the discharge, the Judge stated that Mr. Beatty's case was an example of the great evils of the Insolvent Act. At the time he was forced into insolvency he had $500,000 worth of property in Toronto, which was put up on the market and sacrificed, leaving the insolvent a poor man. His Honor believed if the estate had been left in Mr. Beatty's hands he could have paid everybody and have had $200,000 left for himself.

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the statements or opinions of our correspondents.

Cape Tormentine.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

Sir,—We sincerely sympathize with the fourteen passengers who left the "Northern Light" on Saturday, and who did not reach land until sometime on Sunday. It is only those who have suffered the exposure can truly realize the position. The suffering in body and mind on one of these occasions is indeed very great. Now, Mr. Editor, was this fearful exposure of life and suffering unavoidable or not?

Arthur Irving.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

Sir,—Would you kindly let me know through the next number of your paper, the salaries paid the President of the United States and the Governor General of Canada, also whether any previous President received a lower salary than Mr. Hayes, and is the pay of the Marquis of Lorne higher than his predecessors? By giving the above, with the answers required, space in your valuable journal, you will confer a favor on an

Old Subscriber.

Lot 46, Jan. 25. 1881.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

Dear Sir,—A writer in Saturday's *Patriot*, styling himself "Jack," gives an untrue account of a meeting held in the Orwell North Schoolhouse on Monday night, Jan. 24.

The following is a correct account:—A few of the young men of the District gathered at the Schoolhouse that evening for the purpose of organizing a Debating Club. After the business of the club was transacted, a discussion was started on the Syndicate question. After a warm discussion, a motion was made "condemning the Government's action in relation to the Syndicate."

An amendment then followed upholding the Government. On a vote being taken it was *found that the meeting was equally divided.* The Chairman, (he being a rank Grit) gave the casting vote against the Government.

By publishing the above you will much oblige the Conservatives who were present.

Yours &c.,
Johnny.

Orwell, P. E. Island, Feb. 1, 1881.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

Sir,—Although diametrically opposed to the commonly inferred, or, it may be, real views, on many subjects, of the gentleman believed to be your correspondent "Observer," I have no hesitation in saying that the larger portion of his views upon the events of the passing months are so cosmopolitan as to be in accord, in many respects, with my own; and that, as a whole, these "reviews" are set forth in so terse and masterly a manner that even persons who do not agree with the writer, must say with me that he is, at all events, a scholar, a shrewd observer and a gentleman. The reviews so far as my humble judgment goes, contain in them nothing to call forth any such article as that in the *Patriot*, the evident intention of which is only to lay on the rack of a newspaper "gridiron," the name of a gentleman presumed to be their author, without their being in the reviews in question any single thing that a rightly constituted journal or journalist could twist into a cause for attempting to expose a name that, for obvious reasons, had been withheld from the public. A "nom de plume" is quite justifiable and quite proper, and often better than the real name when prejudice against that name is such that the views of its bearer would otherwise be enough to prevent their being read, even, by the many. Personal attack, however, should never be admitted by a public journalist on the public or private character of any individual under a "nom de plume," unless the journalist is prepared to head the article with the words: "We are responsible for the correspondence in our paper." Truth would then prevail where lies are now palmed off for it.

I am, sir,
Your obedient servant
Another Observer.

Ch'town, Feb. 2, 1881.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

Sir,—The following is a scrap of information that some of your readers may not have noticed, but which the writer doubts not, if carefully examined, will open their eyes to the drift of Grit Policy perhaps better than pages of argument could possibly do.

In the Dominion "Sessional Papers," vol. XI, No. 4, 1878, page 410 they will see in the "Abstract of the value of goods entered for consumption in the Dominion of Canada" from Great Britain, *dutiable* goods to the value of $32,916,776; *free* goods, $6,655,463; total from Great Britain $39,572.239; duties paid on British goods, $6,377,596.23.

From the United States, *dutiable* goods $23,510,846; *free* goods, $27,510,846; total from United States, $51,307,479; duties paid, $4,393,510.88. Now, contrast that state of things with the present under Liberal-Conservative rule, and under that "horrid Grit bugbear" known as the "National Policy." For this see the St. John, N. B., daily *Sun* of 27th January, under the head "Trade Returns." I will only quote from it the following: "In the trade with Britain there was an INCREASE of of $13,018,438 over the trade of 1879, whilst there was a DEREASE in that with the United States of $8,207,863."

The Grits contended that the protective policy would materially injure our trade with Britain. Is it doing so?

Yours,
Ch'town, Feb. 3, '81. N. P.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

Dear Sir,—I send you the enclosed poem for publication. It is addressed to a statesman whom every patriotic Irishman should ever hold dear.

God made the earth for the poor as well as for the rich, and no man should inherit more of it than he is able to cultivate. The tenant farmers of Ireland, cultivate more of the land in Ireland, than their landlords. Consequently these tenant farmers have a better right to the land of Ireland than their landlords. The landlords of Ireland never got possession of their estates by honest means, although they have held possession of these estates for several centuries and robbed the rightful owners of the land of their just inheritance. The landlord's unjust claim to the land in Ireland should be annulied forever, and the land given to those who cultivate it.

Parnell is willing that the landlords should receive a just value for their estates although they acquired them dishonestly. With this the landlords should be satistied. They can put the value of their estates in Bank, and draw the interest for it instead of rent. They should not be allowed to crush the poor forever, by acts of the most cruel tyranny.

Yours truly,
Edwin P. Ford.

TO CHARLES S. PARNELL, M. P.

May the noble acts of the brave Parnell
Keep ever fresh on memory's page,
In every land, where the Irish dwell,
Until the world's remotest age.
May his tongue never cease, nor his hand ever fail,!
Until he shall free the lov'd land of the Gael;
Until he shall see her free banner unfurled,
And receive the loud plaudits and cheers of the world.
And O, when the statesman lies cold in his grave,
May the flag of his country in freedom still wave;
May millions of freemen then honor his name,
As long as the Shannon shall flow to the Main;
And as long as the stars shall shine from above,
May his name continue a by-word of love.

Edwin Ford, M. D.,
Souris.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

Sir,—In your paper of Friday last, I read the following paragraph.

"It is again reported that Mr. Gladstone is to be raised to the Peerage, as Earl of Hawarden."

May I ask if you can inform me whether the rank and title of the Viscount Hawarden, whose family surname is Maude have come under some 'Confiscation of Titles Act,' and whether he who was, during his late father's lifetime, the Honorable Cornwallis Maude, and whose mother was Jane, the youngest daughter of Patrick Crawford Bruce, Esq., of Glenelg, and Bruce Cliff, is to be permitted to remain Viscount, coexistent with Mr. Gladstone's Earldom of Hawarden! Some remarkable mistakes or anomalies have occurred in the nomenclature of English Peerages, some of which, of late years, have been created for the express purpose of swamping or overawing the Tory majority of the House of Lords. Mr. Coke, of Norfolk, the celebrated agriculturist and grazier, could not be created Duke of Norfolk, to the exclusion of the noble family of Fitz Alan Howard, the co-descendant, with the Stewarts and Her Majesty the Queen, of Reginald Fergant Fitzalan, the companion of Guillaume le Conquerant—the Premier Peer of the House of Peers in Great Britain. So the title of Earl of Leicester was bestowed upon Mr. Coke, although *that* is the second title of the Marquis Townshend, and is borne by his eldest son, as matter of courtesy, during his father's lifetime. Again, the Duke of Devonshire, whose secondary titles are Marquis of Hartington and Earl of Devonshire, whose ancestor came into note by killing Wat Tyler, in defence of King Richard the Second, and another ancestor, long subsequently, by favor of Cardinal Wolsey and King Henry the Eighth, which King had the sagacity, or—shall we say it?—the good feeling, to respect and trust William Cavendish for his fidelity to his deposed patron, Wolsey. This Dukedom of Devonshire, and Earldom, too, is co-existent with the title of the noble family of Courtnay, Earl of Devon, lineal descendant of Constantine Palaiologos* (why don't you get a set of Greek types?) Of this family a well known and distinguished member is now Deputy Minister of Finance in the Dominion of Canada. Is it possible that the Governor General of this Dominion is to be created Duke of Greenwich in his own right? In case this be so, there is great choice of second titles—Marquis of Deptford and Botherhithe, Earl of Saye's Court and Loving Edward's Lane, Viscount of Bundleshopper's row, and Duckman's yard, or Ratcliffe Highway. An East-end Londoner's memory warms at the names of these classical localities, as well as at the Old Kent Road and Tooley Street, with its three celebrated tailors.†

Your constant reader,
Vich Dhomnuil nan Ord.

* The last Greek Emperor of the East.
† Meminisse juvabit.

Souris Notes.

Messrs. Wright Bros., of Charlottetown, are doing a flourishing milling business here. The Grist Department, under the superintendence of Mr. Neil McDonald, is doing excellent work. The flour is pronounced by competent judges to be the finest and whitest ever made on the Island. The demand is very large, and the mill is running day and night to meet the requirements of their customers. Timber sawing is extensively carried on in the basement of the beilding, where all orders receive due attention, without deference or partiality. Wright Bros., give general satisfaction. Success to their enterprise.

On Saturday night Mr. Charles Hackett, while returning to his boarding house, met with what might have been a fatal accident. Not being aware of the narrowness and unsafety of the road, and the crumbling condition of the bank (especially near the railway track) he stepped into a hole and fell to the bottom of the rugged declivity, a distance of forty feet. His injuries, strange to say, were not of a very serious character. How he escaped being killed is marvellous. It is high time that the Supervisor should give his attention to this road, and not jeopardize the lives of the community by leaving the embankment as it is.

Lobster factories occupy a prominent place in the minds of the speculative class. The erection of a dozen new factories is anticipated during the coming summer. Can-manufacturing is now largely carried on in a number of private buildings.

Mr. Augustine Busby and Capt. Murphy (of the schr "Silver Spring") crossed from East Point to the Magdalen Islands, with a horse and sleigh, on Monday, the 24th January.

The lovers of mirth and music have organized a Dancing Assembly here. to wear away the silent hours. Meetings are held semi-weekly.

Canada as a field for Settlement

(*From Professor Sheldon's Report.*)

"Is Canada a suitable field of settlement for English farmers? I approach this point with caution, because I am aware of its great importance. But the question rather is: Are English farmers suitable for Canada? It appears to me that Canada, as a country, has many advantages, and a future in all probability very important. She is a rising country; this cannot be denied; and she cannot remain in her present stage of developement. I think, then, that many of our middle-aged English farmers are unfitted by their habits of life and of labor to battle with the work which would fall to their lot in Canada. But there are many others who are fitted for it, particularly those who have led laborious and active lives; and our young farmers would soon fall into Canadian habits. Men with large families who are not afraid to work would, as a rule, do well in Canada. The younger men would not long be at a loss in pioneer life in Manitoba, but it is scarcely the place for a man who has been long accustomed to English methods of farming; that is they would have to unlearn their old methods and learn new ones, but it is only fair to add that the land and climate of Manitoba are so generous that very careful cultivation is at present alike unnecessary and scarcely profitable. These latter men, as it seems to me, would be happier, and their wives would be more content, in Ontario, or New Brunswick, or Prince Edward Island. They are not suited to the cruder life of the far West. A man with a capital of £1,000 would do well in one or other of the maritime Provinces, or in the eastern townships of Quebec; one with $2,000 would do well in Ontario. A man with little or no capital should either go to the Red River district or take a free grant of land in one of the lower Provinces. But any man should look round him for some time, and get into some kind of employment before he buys a farm or takes up a free grant. Looking at the increasing competition which British farmers have to meet, and at the heavy rates, taxes, rents, bills and wages they have to pay, I have no doubt many of them would do better out yonder, and their families would do better than they can in England, providing always that they are not afraid of work, and are sober and frugal.

It is said that Canada is the place for a poor man, and this no doubt is true; but it is also the place for a man of means, for capital tells a tale there. It is not probable, however, that many farmers of capital will face the ills they know not of in Canada; and indeed I would not advise anyone to go there who is doing well in this country; but, then, it is hardly fair to Canada that only poor men should go there as farmers, for money is wanted to develop the riches of the soil—not labor only. I know farmers in England who toil year after year, and live very carefully, without being any forwarder at the year's end than they were at its start; this sort of thing to me seems very hopeless, and I would say to such men, 'You will get along faster in Canada.' There is not, and has not been, a better time than the present for English farmers going to Canada. Canada is just recovering from a period of depression, during which the value of land has become ruduced, and it so happens that many of the farmers of the Lower Provinces are looking wistfully at the wonderful prairies of the North West, and are anxious to seel their present farms and go there with their rising families. They, it is true, are fitted to go, and it seems to me a nice arrangement that English farmers of capital should take their places, as they appear to me well calculated to carry out the systems of farming which are needed, viz., the restoration of fertility to the soil; many English farmers, (particularly those whose capital is small,) if we except the older ones, would do well in the North West, yet in the Lower Provinces they would find farms and homes more in keeping with those they leave behind in England. Their sons in turn will move in the direction of the setting sun.

(*Written for the Examiner.*)

The Twa Lawyers.

Twa lawyer loons went out on the tramp,
Oh, yea O.
And in their train went many a scamp,
Their aim the powers that be to swamp,
Oh, yea, O.

The leader swooped round like a tax curse hawk,
Oh, yea, O.
And spouted away much spurious talk—
The same as he used when cock of the walk,
Oh, yea, O.

His flight erratic caused little surprise,
Oh, yea, O.
But when he opened a budget of lies,
Do you wonder the yeomanry winked both eyes,
Oh, yea, O.

He bowed and smiled his insidious best,
Oh, yea, O.
But failed when he came to the crucial test,
For what knows he of the great Nor'west?
Oh, yea, O.

His special pleading would not take,
Oh, yea, O.
As his hearers well knew, and no mistake,
That he followed the trail of ubiquitous Blake,
Oh, yea, O.

The other flew round like a thing all-fired,
Oh, yea, O.
Some little black imp his zeal inspired,
That same black imp his soul desired,
Oh, yea, O.

All thrown away was his fuss and vim,
Oh, yea, O.
He couldn't deceive old Pat or Tim.
Sure what do they wan't o' the likes o' him,
Oh, yea, O.

Old Pat he slily tapped his poll,
Oh, yea, O.
Sure, a fellow that can't himself control
Was never intended to reach the goal.
Oh, yea, O.

Wells without water—clouds without rain,
Oh, yea, O.
They like some King of France or Spain,
Went up the hill and down again.
Oh, yea, O.

They climbed each hill; they scoured each glen,
Oh, yea, O.
Their tramp was a failure, and what then?
Why! They came back sadder and wiser men!
Oh, yea, O.

S.

the Progress of Medicine.

It was with no ordinary pride and satisfaction that we lately had the honour of an introduction to one of the most eminent men of the age, Professor Thomas Holloway, a gentleman who has done more for the advancement of medical science than any other that can be named. It is true the public have long been familiar with his great reputation. The enormous demand which exists throughout the whole of Europe, Australia, the East Indies, and most other parts of the civilized world.

For proceeding step by step, on strictly scientific principles, the Professor, at the early part of his career, attained to a discovery. He noticed how the boasted medical knowledge of the present day was empirical, and how little was really known of the laws of human physiology. Continuing his investigations, a happy thought struck him, like an inspiration, and he located the seat of every disease,—no matter what its nature and diagnosis,—in the blood. The blood has vitality—the blood *is* alive; it is indeed, in the language of Scripture, "the *life* of man." If that stream of existence is impure, how can the human being be otherwise than feeble, exhausted, emaciated and afflicted by various forms of disease? To purify the blood, and keep it pure, is virtually to banish sickness from the earth. Here, then, is hope for the sufferer. The poor invalid, despairing of recovery may go forth a renovated and strong man. Professor Holloway's treatment eradicates all our ailments; whether they are of the stomach, liver, kidneys, lungs, heart or skin, he refers their origin to the blood, and restores the apparently diseased organ to pristine and perfect health. Knowing this as we do, from the experience of our friends, as well as from our own, we discharge but a Samaritan's duty to the public, by a cordial recommendation of Holloway's Pills and Ointment—the former for internal derangements of the system; the latter for external application to wounds and soars, which have resisted every other so-called remedy.—*N. Y. Atlas.*

MARRIED.

At the Manse, Murray Harbor North, on the 20th ult., by the Rev. E. S. Bayne, Norman McLeod, of Vernon River, to Sarah Glover of White Sands, Murray Harbor South.

At the residence of the bride's father, on the 19th ult., by the Rev. William Grant, Mackieson Dixon, of Bannockburn Mills, to Amanda Lowther, eldest daughter of William Lowther, Esq., St. Peter's Point, Nine Mile Creek.

DIED.

At Cornwall, on the 1st inst., William Walsh, in the 27th year of his age.

At Charlottetown, on Sunday, the 30th inst., John Handrahan, aged 84 years.

At Argyle Shore, on the 4th ult., of Diphtheria, Christy, eldest daughter of Alexander and Christina McPhail, aged 15 years and 2 months.

Suddenly, at his residence, at Bradalbane, on the 11th ult., Mr. David Orr, in his 81st year. He emigrated with his father and family from Scotland in 1819 and settled at New Glasgow.

At South Lake, East Point, Lot 47, on the 16th inst., Daniel James McDonald, aged eighteen years and one month, son of Angus McDonald and Elizabeth McDonald. May he rest in peace.

At Crapaud, on the 25th January, of diphtheria, Nellie Myrtle Howatt, beloved daughter of George and F. J. Howatt, aged five years and seven months.

At Alberton, on the 3rd ult., Mr. Charles Bernard, aged 30 years. The deceased leaving a widow and one child to mourn the loss of an affectionate husband and kind father.

At Pownal Bay on the 26th ult., of mould on the gum, Charles Amos, son of Sophia, and Nicholas J. Jenkins, aged 2 months and 26 days.

Of Diphtheria, at St. Eleanor's Road, on the 15th inst., Zuleika, aged 16 years 5 months and 20 days, beloved daughter of William and Eliza Carr.

At Clyde River, Lot 31, on the 25th ult., Catherine Fraser, in the 67th year of her age.

At Orwell Cove, December 18, 1880, Alex. Nicholson, aged 53 years, much and deservedly regretted.

Very suddenly, at Kensington, on the 2nd ult., Jane, the beloved wife of James Howard, leaving a sorrowing husband and six children to mourn the loss of a kind wife and loving mother, aged 39 years.

At Clifton, on 15th ult., after a lingering illness of consumption, Annie, eldest daughter of John B. and Isabella Champion, aged 23.

At Fermony, Lot 18, on the 11 ult., Henry aged 4 years; and on the 15th ult., Mary Ellen, aged 2 years, of diphtheria, children of Jeremiah Sanders.

At Portage, Belfast, on the 6th ult,, Mary, the beloved wife of James T. Fraser, aged 33 years, leaving a husband and four children to mourn their irreparable loss.

At New Argyle, Lot 30, on the 20th ult., Neil Hector, aged 2 months and 13 days. beloved son of Charles and Sarah McLeod.

Nearly 400 Sold on P. E. I.

By the subscriber, and all giving perfect satisfaction.

THE "BELL" ORGAN

Stands ahead of all others, and can only be had of the undersigned, General Agent for P. E. Island, or his Travelling Agent, Mr. Chas. Yeo.

C. P. FLETCHER.

Queen St., Ch'town, Jan. 17, '81—2aw, wkly

IMPORTANT SALE
—of—
VALUABLE PROPERTY.

The Directors of the CHARLOTTETOWN WOOLEN FACTORY COMPANY offer for Sale their Valuable Property situated on Spring Park. The property consists of One Acre of Land, with the Buildings thereon, Engine & Boiler, Shafting, Bolting and complete Heating apparatus throughout the whole building. The size of the Main Building is 80 x 50 feet, three stories high, besides basement, Engine House of Brick 50 x 30 feet together with a large Building attached and used by the Company as a Dyehouse. The Engine is 30 horse power and was built by Messrs. Montgomery & Sons, of Halifax, in 1871, and cost there about $2,600. The Engine and Boiler are in a complete state of repair and almost as good as new. There is about 60 feet of 3 inch Shafting together with the Hangers. The Main Driving Belt cost about $300 and is quite as good as new. The Steam Pipes for heating extends throughout the entire building and cost upwards of $1,000. There is a never failing Spring of water within a few feet of the factory, where a sufficient quantity can be obtained for any purpose required.

For further particulars apply to either of the undersigned.

HENRY LONGWORTH, President.
D. R. M. HOOPER, Director.
ALBERT SIMPSON, Secretary.

June 30, 1880.—oaw-wkly

SHERIFF'S SALE.

John Sinnott, Plaintiff,
and
Donald McQuarrie, Defendant.

By virtue of a Writ of Statute Execution to me directed, issued out of Her Majesty's Supreme Court of Judicature "under 8th Sec., 24th Vic. Cap. 5," at the suit of John Sinnott against Donald McQuarrie, I have taken and seized as the property of the said Donald McQuarrie, all the right, title and interest of the said Donald McQuarrie in and to all that tract, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being on Lot or Township Number Twenty-nine, in Queen's County, in Prince Edward Island, bounded as follows, that is to say: Commencing on the shore of the eastern side of Dundas River, at the north-west angle of land conveyed to Alexander McQuarrie, and running thence north eighty-six degrees east along the said Alexander McQuarrie's north boundary line, until it meets the division line of Townships number twenty-nine and thirty; thence north along said line seven chains and five links, or to the south boundary of land now or formerly in possession of James Palmer; thence south eighty-six degrees west to the aforesaid shore; and thence along the same to the place of commencement, containing sixty-five and one-half acres of land, a little more or less, being the north moiety of one hundred and thirty-one acres of land held by the late John McQuarrie, by virtue of a certain Indenture of Lease from Lord Melville, bearing date the nineteenth day of December, A. D. 1836, and by the said John McQuarrie devised to the said Donald McQuarrie, together with the buildings and improvements thereon, and I do hereby give Public Notice that I will, on WEDNESDAY, the thirteenth day of July next, A. D. 1881, at twelve o'clock, noon, at the New Law Courts Building in Charlottetown, in Queen's County, in the said Island set up and sell by Public Auction, the said property, or as much thereof as will satisfy the levy marked on the said Writ, being four hundred and ninety-two dollars and thirteen cents ($492.13), with interest on four hundred dollars ($400), part thereof, from the first day of September last past, (1880), at the rate of ten dollars per centum per annum, till paid, besides Sheriff's fees and all other legal incidental expenses.

JOHN H. GATES, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Queen's County, 18th December, A. D. 1880. [de 31 3i

Walter A. O. Morson, Plaintiff's Attorney.

HOUSEHOLD WORDS!

HOLLOWAY'S
Pills and Ointment!

Purity of Blood Essential to Health, Strength, and Long Life.

THE PILLS

surpass all other Medicines for Purifying the Blood; they are available for all as a domestic and household remedy for all disorders of the STOMACH, LIVER, KIDNEYS and BOWELS. In Congestion and Obstruction of every kind they quickly remove the cause, and in constipation and disordered condition of the Bowels, they act as a cleansing aperient.

For Debilitated Constitutions and all Female Complaints these Pills are unsurpassed—they correct all Irregularities and Weaknesses from whatever cause arising.

THE OINTMENT

stands unrivalled for the facility it displays in relieving, healing, and thoroughly curing the most inveterate Sores and Ulcer, and in cases of BAD LEGS, BAD BREASTS, OLD WOUNDS, Gout, Rheumatism, and all Skin Diseases, it acts as a charm.

Manufactured only at Professor Holloway's Establishment,

533, OXFORD STREET, LONDON, and sold at 1s. 1½., 2s. 9d., 4s, 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Box and Pot, and in Canada at 36 cents, 90 cents, and $1 50 cents, and the larger sizes in proportion.

Caution.—I have no Agent in the United States, nor are my Medicines sold there. Purchasers should therefore look on the Label on the Pots and Boxes. If the address is not 533, Oxford Street, London, they are spurious.

The Trade Marks of my said Medicines are registered in Ottawa, and also at Washington.

Signed THOMAS HOLLOWAY.
533, Oxford Street, London.
Sept. 1, 1880.

A MANUAL FOR THE
Married & Unmarried.

It teaches you the Secrets of Life and how to enjoy them.

Sent post-paid on receipt of 50 cents.

N. Y. AND MONTREAL PUBLISHING COMPANY, 181 ST. JAMES STREET MONTREAL.

Please state in what paper you saw this.

NOTICE.

All Parties indebted to the Estate of the late Flora Johnstone are hereby notified to pay the amounts due by them to the undersigned: and all parties having claims against the said Estate, are hereby notified to furnish their accounts, duly proved, to me.

NEIL McLEOD,
Administrator *cum testamento Annexo.*
Charlottetown, 24th June, 1880—rg 3m [j25