CALENDAR FOR JULY 1894.

New Moon, 3rd day, 1h 32.0m., a. m. below horizon.
First Quar 9th day, 6h 2.5m, p. m, S.
Full Moon, 17th day, 6h 50.3m p. m., E. below horizon.
Last Quar 25th day, 4h 54.5m. p. m., N. below horizon.

	Day of Week.	Sun rises	Sun sets	High water
		h m	h m	after'n
1	Sunday	4 18	7 49	9 38
2	Monday	19	49	10 22
3	Tuesday	19	49	11 11
4	Wednesday	20	49	11 59
5	Thursday	21	48	morn
6	Friday	21	48	0 42
7	Saturday	22	47	1 24
8	Sunday	23	47	2 7
9	Monday	24	46	2 52
10	Tuesday	25	46	3 46
11	Wednesday	26	45	4 50
12	Thursday	26	45	6 3
13	Friday	27	44	7 13
14	Saturday	28	43	8 12
15	Sunday	29	43	9 2
16	Monday	30	42	8 45
17	Tuesday	31	41	10 25
18	Wednesday	32	40	11 12
19	Thursday	33	39	11 37
20	Friday	34	38	aft 9
21	Saturday	35	37	0 41
22	Sunday	36	36	1 12
23	Monday	37	35	1 46
24	Tuesday	38	34	2 35
25	Wednesday	39	33	3 11
26	Thursday	41	32	4 14
27	Friday	41	31	5 34
28	Saturday	43	30	7 4
29	Sunday	44	28	8 19
30	Monday	45	27	9 21
31	Tuesday	4 46	7 26	10 13

THE DAILY EXAMINER

THE LEADING DAILY NEWSPAPER OF P. E. ISLAND,

is issued every afternoon, from the office of the EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY, in the London House Building, Queen Street.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.
(IN ADVANCE)

ONE YEAR.....$4.00
SIX MONTHS.....2.00
THREE MONTHS.....1.00
ONE MONTH.....0.35

Sent post paid to any part of Canada or the United States

ADVERTISING RATES

For small advertisements which are ordered for only one or two weeks the charge is 50 cents per inch for the first insertion, and 25 cents for each continuation. Rate cards are furnished on application at the office. Special contract prices at a reduced rate are quoted for advertisements four inches in size or larger, which are to run for three months or longer.

No special notices inserted unless paid for at the rate of 10 cents per line, and under no circumstances will such paid notices appear in the local column.

Special discounts made on all advertisements connected with Church Fairs, Bazaars, Picnics, etc. No notices will be inserted with the same unless the regular rate of 10 cents per line is paid.

That THE EXAMINER is considered by our Merchants and Manufacturers to be the leading newspaper in P. E. Island, and consequently the most valuable advertising medium through which to make their announcements public, is abundantly proved by the fact that in order to accommodate our advertisers we have been compelled to enlarge the paper to its present size.

THE DAILY EXAMINER is for sale by the following agents:—
R. H. Mason, Post Office, Charlottetown.
J. McIntyre, Malpeque Road, "
C. Paul, Lower Spring Park Road, "
W. M. Coffin, Grafton Street, "
S. Grey, cor. Water and Prince St. "
D. Chappell, Prince Street, "
Bazaar Store, Queen Street, "
Geo. Carter & Co., Queen Street, "
S. Gray, News Stall, P. E. I. Railway and on the trains.
M. & T. J. Walsh, Eclectic Bookstore, Summerside.
Harry McFarlane, Souris.
Hon. D. Gordon, Georgetown.
D. A. Egan, Mt. Stewart.
G. M. Clarke, Alberton.
A. J. McNeil Stanley Bridge.

The Weekly Examiner

is issued every Friday morning from the publishers' office. It is made up of matter which has appeared in the Daily editions, and is a first-class weekly newspaper—interesting and full of the latest news.

The subscription for THE WEEKLY EXAMINER, post paid to any part of Canada or the United States, is one dollar per year.

Advertising rates on the same scale as given bove for THE DAILY EXAMINER.

DOCTOR DORSEY,

Physician and Surgeon.

Graduate of the Medical Department of the University of the City of New York, late Member of the Resident Staff of Bellevue Hospital and the New York Lying-in Hospital, New York City.

OFFICE. North Side Queen Square
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE
Residence—Near Corner of King and Queen Streets, Charlottetown.

TO LET.

The Store and Offices situated on Water Street, formerly occupied by F. T. Newbery, Esq., and now by M. Trainor, Esq. Possession given 1st July next. Apply to
PEAKE BROS. & CO.
may17

TINWARE

—FOR—

Creameries and Cheese Factories.

The very best work guaranteed on all jobs for Creameries and Cheese Factories. WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF THIS KIND OF WORK.

M. STEVENSON,
MANUFACTURER OF
Tinware, Stove Pipe, &c.,
55 QUEEN STREET.
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND.

All orders promptly attended to.
ap9—tf

REMOVED!

I have removed my Bookbinry to the Shoop next to A. E McEachen's Boot Store, two doors below Weeks & Beer's Old Stand, Queen St., where I will be pleased to see all my customers.

J. D. TAYLOR.
ap30 tf

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

TERMS: Four Dollars a Year

"... is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—Euripides.

Single Copies Two Cents

NEW SERIES — CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND THURSDAY, JULY 5 1894. — VOL 34.—NO. 3

Stoddard's Photographs!

THE SERIES NOW COMPLETE!

Sample Portfolios, containing Sixteen Photographs, 10 cents each.
THE EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY.

"The Rain it Raineth Every Day."

What a comfort it is to walk down town in the morning wrapped in the luxurious embrace of a

RIGBY POROUS WATERPROOF COAT,

all dry and comfortable, while those of one's less fortunate friends shiver and endure the old style of waterproof garment. But people are rapidly becoming educated to better things, and the cold, clammy, air-tight rubber waterproof is fast disappearing.

dy & wky—june9

NEW FLOUR JUST RECEIVED AT S. B. ENMAN & CO'S.

BEAVER and FAMOUS brands of Flour very cheap for Cash at

S. B. ENMAN & CO'S.,

Charlottetown, April 30, 1894—mon wed fri — In J. D. McLeod's Old Corner Building.

TURNIP SEED!

We have now in stock our supply of

Genuine Haszard's Improved Turnip Seed,

Same as formerly sold by Henry T. LePage.

Also, TURNIP DRILLS, for Hand or Horse.

D. W. FINLAYSON,

Ch'town, June 1, 1894—eod & wy — H. T. LEPAGE'S OLD STAND.

HAWKER'S CATARRH CURE

POSITIVE PAINLESS PERFECT — SAFE SURE SIMPLE

EFFECTUALLY CURES CATARRH, COLD IN THE HEAD, CATARRHAL HEADACHE AND DEAFNESS, INFLUENZA, ETC.
Sold everywhere. Price, 25 cents. M'f'd. by T. & H. HAWKER MEDICINE CO'Y., L'td., St. John, N.B.

GEO. H. COOK,

PHOTOGRAPHER,

Calls special attention to the marked superiority of his Photos. They are not mere Photographs, they are Likenesses, and make invaluable mementoes of absent friends. Call and see specimens.

CHILDREN'S PORTRAITS a specialty, for which no extra charge will be made.

Studio—Corner of Queen and Grafton Streets.

Charlottetown, May 19, 1894—3m dy

MORTGAGE SALE

of Valuable Freehold and Lease hold Properties on Lot 3. Prince County.

To be sold by Public Auction, at the Court House in Summerside, in Prince County, in Prince Edward Island, on THURSDAY, the Nineteenth day of July, A D 1894, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon:—

1. All that tract, piece or parcel of land situate on Lot Three, in Prince County, bounded as follows:—Commencing at a stake fixed or intended to be fixed on the south side of the Centre Line Road, running thence in a southeasterly course on the east side of an old pine stump to a yellow birch tree near the old barn, and extending in the same course till the line strikes the Brook; then following the course of the Brook to the eastern boundary of the said Dennis O'Brien's land; thence north along the said boundary to the Centre Line Road; thence along the said road a distance of five chains to the place of commencement, containing by estimation three acres, more or less, together with the rights, privileges and appurtenances thereto belonging, and also with the liberty and privilege of taking clay, earth, stone or gravel from the bank and land of the said Dennis O'Brien adjoining, and also full liberty to raise and build the dam intended to be erected on the land of James G. Wiggins near the said tract, so as to raise the water of the said Brook to any height he may require on and over the other land of the said Dennis O'Brien.

2. All that tract, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being at Miminigash, Lot or Township Number Three, in Prince County, Prince Edward Island, bounded and described as follows, that is to say:—Commencing on the north side of the Miminigash Road, at the distance of one chain and eighty links east from the stream to Big Miminigash Pond, or the division line between Paul T. Costain and Richard Costain, following thence along said road east four chains; thence north eleven chains, or to said stream; thence following the various courses of said stream southwestwardly to the said line between Richard Costain and Paul T. Costain; thence along said line south three chains, or to the said road at the place of commencement, containing by estimation three acres of land, a little more or less.

The first piece of land above described being Freehold, and second piece above described being Leasehold.

ogether with all rights, members and appurtenances thereto belonging or in anywise appertaining.

The above sale is made pursuant to a power of sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the 28th day of June, A D 1892, made between Samuel H. Wiggins and Sarah A. Wiggins (his wife) of the one part, and Alexander McKinnon and Thomas A. McLean of the other part.

For further particulars apply to Mr. William S. Stewart, Solicitor, Newson Block, Charlottetown.

Dated this 5th day of June, A D 1894.

ALEXANDER McKINNON,
THOMAS A. McLEAN,
Mortgagees.

June6—law (wed) & wky tl sle

TO LET—One-half of the Three-story Dwelling on Prince Street, at present occupied by Mr. J. M. Davison. Apply to W. W. WELLNER. ti—may1

GOOD Food - - Digestion - Complexion

are all intimately connected—practically inseparable. Though the fact is often ignored, it is nevertheless true that a good complexion is an impossibility without good digestion, which in turn depends on good food.

There is no more common cause of indigestion than lard. Let the bright housekeeper use

COTTOLENE

The New Vegetable Shortening and substitute for lard, and her checks, with those of her family, will be far more likely to be "Like a rose in the snow." COTTOLENE is clean, delicate, healthful and popular. Try it.

Made only by
N. K. FAIRBANK & CO.,
Wellington and Ann Streets,
MONTREAL.

CAMPBELL'S QUININE WINE.
It will tone up your system, and restore the appetite.
JUST WHAT YOU NEED -- THIS SPRING.
The best cure for Debility.

Unlike the Dutch Process
No Alkalies
—OR—
Other Chemicals
are used in the preparation of
W. BAKER & CO.'S
BreakfastCocoa
which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

What's the time?

If you have a Cough it is time you were taking

GRAY'S SYRUP of RED SPRUCE GUM

THE OLD STANDARD CURE FOR COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA and all LUNG AFFECTIONS.

Gray's Syrup has been on trial for more than 50 years and the verdict of the people is that it is the best remedy known. 25c. and 50 c. per bottle. Sold everywhere.

KERRY WATSON & CO. PROPRIETORS
MONTREAL.

THE SOCIETY OF ARTS of Canada (Limited),

MONTREAL.

CAPITAL STOCK, - - $100,000.

A Society established with a view to disseminate the taste for arts, to encourage and help artists.

Incorporated by Letters Patent of the Government of Canada, the 27th February, 1893.

GALLERY OF PAINTINGS

Nos. 1666 and 1668 Notre Dame St., Montreal.

One of the Richest Galleries of Paintings in Canada.

ADMISSION FREE, from 10 o'clock a. m., to 4 p. m.

All the Paintings are originals, mostly from the French school, the leading modern school.

Eminent Artists, such as Francais Rochegrosse, Aublet, Barau, Pesant, Petitjean, Marius Roy, Scherrer, Sauzay and a great many others, are members of this Society.

Sale of Paintings at easy terms. Next distribution of Paintings between the Society and Scripholders on July 18.

Price of Scriptum 25cts.

Ask for Catalogue and Circular.

H. A. A. BRAULT,
jan17—mwf tf — Director.

Dominion of Canada,
Province of
Prince Edward Island,
City of Charlottetown.

Before Francis Longworth Haszard, Esq., the Stipendiary Magistrate for the City of Charlottetown.

TAKE NOTICE that His Honor the Stipendiary Magistrate for the said City of Charlottetown has, by virtue of the power and authority in him vested by the statute of the General Assembly of the said Island, intituled, "An Act to consolidate and amend the several acts incorporating the City of Charlottetown," ordered and appointed that

Monday, 9th Day of July Next.

be the day set down for hearing all appeals made to him from the last preceding valuations, assessments or rates imposed or authorized by the City Council of the said City, and that on such day, and daily thereafter, until all such appeals have been heard, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, in the Police City Court, in Charlottetown aforesaid, all such appeals will be heard and finally determined by him.

Dated this 28th day of June, A. D. 1894.

ROBERT VANDERSTINE,
Collector for said City.
June 28—3i eod

TOMBS OF OLD EGYPT.

RECENT IMPORTANT DISCOVERIES AND BURIED TREASURES FOUND.

French Exploration of the "Black Pyramids" of Dahchour—The Jewel Box of a Princess—The Archæologists Expect Great Finds Before Long.

Since the commencement of the century, in Egypt, more than in any other country, antiquaries and archæologists have dug and excavated so as to penetrate the mysteries of the history of the ancient races that peopled the land. The ground has been turned over, more or less, in nearly every district, and many a hitherto forgotten town or city has been brought to light, so that we might say that little has been left undiscovered which was worth discovering in the country between Alexandria and the cataracts on the Nile.

Of all the places in the Valley of the Nile, none has more often attracted the attention of explorers than the tract of country which has been called the Necropolis of Memphis—that spot in the desert which the ancient inhabitants of Memphis chose as a site for the tombs of their rulers, and where the Kings of the ancient dynasties erected the pyramids which were to contain their mortal remains. In spite of their efforts to hide the actual position in each instance of the chamber containing the coffin, the inconoclastic explorer of this and other centuries has discovered them in the majority of cases, and the tombs have been rifled of their treasures. Many of the pyramids, as we all know, have contained objects of historical value, which have enabled archæologists to make discoveries of the greatest importance, while some of the other ancient monuments have hitherto added little of any value to the student of Egyptology.

Until recently the two brick pyramids of Dahchour (or Dashoor) might have been included among the monuments which were full of mystery, and which had hitherto not enriched the stores of the nineteenth century knowledge. These pyramids are called by the Arabs the black pyramids, and they have excited the curiosity of travelers from the time of Herodotus, who said of them that they were even more mysterious than their sisters, the stone pyramids. At one time these brick pyramids had an outer covering of stone, but this was taken away by a well-known Egyptian conqueror, the famous Sesostris, who did not hesitate to denude these pyramids of their carved stone facings so as to enrich and enlarge the beautiful temple of Ptah at Memphis. To-day the pyramids are little better than shapeless mounds, although a close inspection shows how well each pile had originally been constructed, and of what good material it had been composed, to stand so long after being deprived of its protecting stone covering.

So early as the year 1839, Mr. Perring, who had been sent out on behalf of the British Museum, had attempted to cut his way into the more northerly of the two brick pyramids, but without result. The Egyptian Government department, which concerns itself with the discovery and preservation of Egyptian antiquities, a department founded by the French savant, M. Mariette, the discoverer of many of the Memphis remains, has made several attempts to probe the depths of the mystery of the "black pyramids," and in 1884, under the direction of Mr. Maspero, an excavation on an unusually large scale was commenced on the north side of the larger pyramid. It was expected that the secret entrance to the innermost chambers would soon be reached. The work was continued for two years and was then given up.

The new director of the department, Mr. T. de Morgan, being satisfied that the efforts of his predecessors had not been properly directed, determined to make a fresh attack on this mysterious and impregnable fortress of the dead. So in February this year he established himself at Dahchour, and shortly after his arrival some hundreds of fellahs were engaged to make excavations. The men dug the sand and filled the baskets for the women and children to carry off, the whole crowd singing all day long their peculiar songs, of which the words vary but seldom and the tune never. Mr. de Morgan commenced by excavating the tombs situated round the pyramid, by which he was enabled to make researches proving the period to which the tombs, as well as the pyramids, belonged. These tombs were the burial places of the richest of the inhabitants of Memphis who lived in the reigns of the kings who built the pyramids; the better class of people, and the courtiers, being able to afford to be buried close to the burial place of the kings. About thirty mastabas, as these tombs are called, were laid bare, among them being the sepulchres of several grand court functionaries known to students of ancient history, such as Khnoum-Hotep, Nehasi, and Out Khent-Khiti. All the thombs were built on the same simple principle, each being covered by a mass of stone masonry ornamented on the sides with sculpured funereal figures, while in each case the entrance to the tomb was from the north, whence a passage led to a pit more or less deep in which the sarcophagus had been deposited. This was, of course, the mode of burial in vogue up to and including the Twelfth Dynasty. Among the royal names on some of the thombs were those of Osirtasen II., Osirtasen III., and Amenemha III., the pricipal monarchs of that dynasty.

As a result of his researches Mr. de Morgan was able to prove that the large pyramid was built on a plan similar to the small tombs for he set his men to dig carefully all along the northern base of the pyramid inside the outer surrounding wall, until one day his enterprise and patience were rewarded by the discovery of an entrance to a pit, in which was an opening leading to a tortuous, narrow passage. At the end of this passage was a tomb with a rifled sarcophagus—rifled by the spoliators of a bygone age, perhaps in the time of the Romans. This sarcophagus chamber led to a gallery about 120 yards long. The pit by which entry had thus been obtained into the pyramid was evidently not the true and original entrance, but a pit made by the people who had rifled the tomb of its treasure. The difficulty now was to find the proper doorway. And this was all the more necessary since it was found impossible to remain inside the gallery without being suffocated, and an opening near the other end of this gallery would establish some ventilation which would enable the workers to carry on their explorations. At length the proper entrance was found. It led to twelve vaults, more or less spacious, of which the contents—sarcophagi, offerings, canopies, carpets, etc.—had been stolen or rifled at some remote period. Most of the objects left behind contained no inscriptions; but the few hieroglyphics remaining showed that the explorers were in the burial-place of a family of high estate; in fact, of a whole series of princesses, and among them actually the coffin of the Queen Nofert-Hout, and the coffin of the royal daughter Ment-Sent-Senbetes.

But the discovery that placed the date of these burials as having taken place in the middle of the medium or middle empire, during the time of the 12th powerful dynasty of that period, was made a few days later. Mr. de Morgan was carefully clearing the floor of the passage when he discovered, under the spade of one of his assistants, a hiding place scarcely covered by the sand, and which had not been noticed by those robbers of bygone days who had rifled the tombs. In this secret receptacle was a little wooden box, quite rotten, filled with jewels of marvelous workmanship. This box was carefully conveyed to the museum of Gizeh. The principal jewel was a breastpiece of gold, encrusted with precious stones of remarkable beauty and of very fine workmanship. On this was depicted two eagles guarding the tomb of Osirtasen II. The rest of the jewelry consisted of necklaces, bands, bracelets, and scores of various little trinkets.

The following day the explorers brought to light, close to the sarcophagus of another princess, a still larger box of jewels, of which the principal were two breastplates, on which are inscribed the names Osirtasen III. and Amenemha III., while around the names the enemies of these two kings are depicted being thrown to the ground.

Encouraged by these finds, the explorers continued their researches, but as yet the vault, containing the mummy of the king for whom the pyramid was constructed, has not been discovered. Success will, however, probably crown Mr. de Morgan's efforts, which have been delayed by the mass of debris caused by the former excavators.

Since the discovery of the great subterranean passage, several other pits have been cleared of sand, but none has given any interesting result. Two fine sarcophagi, made of alabaster, have, however, been found.

In the meantime, at the other brick pyramid, situated nearly two miles to the south of the first, some important work is being carried on. This pyramid is not nearly in so good a state of preservation as the northern one. Here the work was commenced on the 6th of last April, and a series of excavations have been made along the north side, as in the case of the previous pyramid. Some of the discoveries already made will be of great scientific value. The first was the tomb of a king whose name has hitherto been unknown in the compiled lists of Egyptian monarchs. This king's name is Hor Rafou-ab, and his place is at the end of the Twelfth Dynasty. The tomb also contained a wooden coffin, covered with bands of gold engraved with hieroglyphics, and a statue made of acacia wood, and representing the king. This coffin stood close by and is ornamented similarly to the real coffin. Hieroglyphics cover the gold bands. The statue, which is almost life-size, represents a young man of extraordinary beauty, and is a wonderful example of Egyptian art; in fact, it throws quite a new light on the art of the period.

The next vault had been left intact, and was found just as the mourners left it thousands of years ago, with the funeral offerings surrounding the sarcophagus. A princess had been buried here. Her name was Nonb-Hotep, and in the coffin were enclosed jewels of great interest, consisting of necklaces, bracelets, anklets, and other trinkets. A scourge was also in the coffin.

This is how matters stand at Danchour. The two pyramids have not yet altogether disclosed their secrets, but M. de Morgan is quite justified in expecting that success will crown his well-directed labors. The value of these latest researches can, of course, hardly be estimated as yet.

Largest, Deepest, Highest.

The largest bronze statue in the world is that of Peter the Great, at St. Petersburg, Russia; weight 1100 tons.

The greatest bee owner on earth is Harbison, of California, who owns 6000 hives.

The Czar of Russia holds the largest individual estates, 100,000,000 acres.

The deepest hole ever bored into the earth is an artesian well at Pesth, Hungary, which was driven to a depth of 8140 feet.

The largest flower is the "Rafflesia," (named in honor of Sir S. Raffles), which is a native of Sumatra. The diameter often exceeds nine feet.

The Mordella beetle has the greatest number of distinct eyes, a single specimen possessing as many as 25,000 facets of vision in his compound eye.

The largest bird's nest is that built by the Australian jungle fowl, usually about twenty feet in diameter and fifteen feet high.

The greatest height ever attained by balloonists was by Coxwell and Glaisher, who reached an altitude of 37,000 feet. They made the ascent from Covent Garden, London, in 1862.

Sweet Woman's Way.

"Good morning, Mr. Dolyers."

"Good morning, Mr. Trivvet. What can I do for you to-day?"

"Well, the fact is, Mr. Dolyers—I—I—er, your daughter referred me to you, sir."

"Oh, she did, did she?" snorted the papa. "Well, all I've got to say is that I'm getting tired of this referring business. You are the fourth that she has sent to me in the last ten days. I'll put a stop to it. I'll tell her that if she hasn't enough nerve to do her own rejecting, I'll accept the very next dude that she unloads on me in this way, and make her marry him. When the fellow comes along that she wants she'll accept him without taking the old man into consideration, and I don't propose to be made a scapegoat any—— Well, I declare, if the chap didn't actually walk off before I got done telling him what I had to say."

Mr. Dolyers resumes his work of cutting off coupons.

As for Mr. Trivvet, he never came back.

Odd Feat of Endurance.

A feat of endurance, unique in its way, was performed at the Aldershot Gymnasium yesterday, when Tom Burrows, the champion Indian club wielder and axe thrower of England and Australia, easily beat the previous best record of club swinging. He started at 7.24 a. m. and kept up the exercises without a single check of either hand for eight hours and fifteen minutes. The clubs weighed two pounds and two ounces each. He was fed during the day by his confrere, Tom Williams. Col. Fox, Army Inspector of Gymnasia, was chief referee, assisted by other officers.—London Telegraph.

Origin of Rosebery's Title.

It appears from some family reminiscences of Lord Rosebery recently published that the title Rosebery was borrowed from Yorkshire. The first lord married an heiress from Rosebery Topping, in the broad-acred shire, and when he was ennobled he took the name of the place for his title.—Westminster Gazette.

THE STRONG POINT about the cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla is that they are permanent. They start from the solid foundation—Pure Blood.

Fatal Result of Delay.

Sickness generally follows in the path of neglect. Don't be reckless! but prudently take a few doses of Scott's Emulsion immediately following exposure to cold. It will save you many painful days and sleepless nights.

USE SKODA'S DISCOVERY the great Blood and Nerve Remedy.

Mr. J. Alcide Chausse
Montreal, P. Q.

A Marvelous Medicine

Whenever Given a Fair Trial Hood's Proves Its Merit.

The following letter is from Mr. J. Alcide Chaussé, architect and surveyor, No. 153 Shaw Street, Montreal, Canada:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen:—I have been taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for about six months and am glad to say that it has done me a great deal of good. Last May my weight was 132 pounds, but since

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla CURES

I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla it has increased to 163. I think Hood's Sarsaparilla is a marvellous medicine and am very much pleased with it." J. ALCIDE CHAUSSE.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

Our Portfolios!

Below will be found a Combination Coupon, which, when cut out and sent to this office with ten cents, will entitle sender to any one Part of whichever Portfolio is desired. Sample copies of all the books may be seen at this office or R. H. Mason's News Stand.

The Examiner Publishing Comp'y,
CHARLOTTETOWN.

STODDARD'S PHOTOGRAPHS.
Parts 1 to 16 Now Ready!
This Coupon and Ten Cents will procure any Part.

OUR OWN COUNTRY,
The King of Portfolios.
A PICTURESQUE AMERICA.
Part No 1 to 2 Now Ready
This Coupon and Ten Cents will procure any Part.

Watch your Weight

If you are losing flesh your system is drawing on your latent strength. Something is wrong. Take

Scott's Emulsion

the Cream of Cod-liver Oil, to give your system its needed strength and restore your healthy weight. *Physicians*, the world over, endorse it.

Don't be deceived by Substitutes!
Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & $1.

DR. J. P. MURRAY,

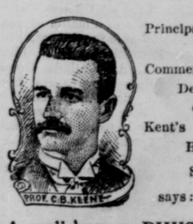
DENTIST,
Queen Street, - - - Charlottetown
may30

Any Time is the right time for everybody to drink Hires' Root Beer

A temperance drink.
A home-made drink.
A health-giving drink.
A thirst-quenching drink.
A drink that is popular everywhere.
Delicious, Sparkling, Effervescent.

A 25 cent package makes 5 gallons of this delicious beverage. Don't be deceived if a dealer, for the sake of larger profit, tells you some other kind is "just as good"—'tis false. No imitation is as good as the genuine HIRES'.

Refuse worthless substitutes.



PROF. C.D. KEENE

Principal of the Commercial Department of Kent's Hill Seminary, says:

A well-known PHYSICIAN RECOMMENDED
Skoda's Discovery
for my wife, which she has taken with the most satisfactory results. This led me to try Skoda's German Soap, as I was troubled a great deal with a sensitive face which shaving would irritate.
Skoda's German Soap
has entirely rid me of this trouble. For softening and clearing up the skin one has only to try it to appreciate its superiority over all others.
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makes you eat, it makes you sleep, it makes you well. Medical advice free.
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