The Examiner.

Charlottetown, Oct. 2, 1876.

CONTEMPTIBLE COWARDICE.

WE can respect a brave foe however much we may differ from him. For men who are false to their own principles and beliefs we have no respect. We always wish to think well of the Government of the country, even when our opponents are in power. It is with real regret, then, that we see our rulers already have begun to make themselves contemptible to every right thinking man.

On Thursday the Attorney General and the Provincial Secretary were returned for Charlottetown. They are safe now. The great Protestant victory, to gain which, all the forces of religious prejudices and bigotry lent themselves, is won. So the country is now to reap the fruits of it. Two days of solemn Council! And with what result? Ye Heavens,—that Richard Weeks, John Griffith, Frederick Hughes, may be turned out of office and three hungry champions of the pure Protestant Government put in!!

We call this cowardice; because we believe, we are sure, that many members of the Government know that this principle is an utterly wrong one. And yet they have not the courage and manliness to oppose the wrong and do the right. The voice of justice and right sounded weak to them. The cries and clamor of needy office seekers were too loud. "Others have done it before!" Well, and are evil customs never to be broken? Is there to be one unceasing, monotonous repetition by each Government of the vices of its predecessors?

There are peculiar circumstances at present, which gave a fine opportunity to inaugurate a new state of things. The Civil Service Act of last session, it was expected, would be the beginning of a better system. It might have been. The chance is lost for ever. There is now a coalition Government. It is always easier at such a time not to make changes. The easy act was too heroic for the virtue of our present rulers. The exclusion of all Catholics from office is bad statesmanship. When there were a few already in, some even who had not voted, it would have been a graceful act to let them alone. This has not been done.

The men in power to-day stand convicted of this, that when there was a specially good opportunity to break through an evil custom—a custom which in their own hearts and consciences they knew to be evil—they threw that opportunity away; and by their conduct they have done their best to continue the degradation which attends the politics of any country where this vile system is in force. We do not envy them their thoughts, when they reflect upon what they have done.

FOREVER INCONSISTENT.

AMONG numerous other difficulties that beset the path of the Mackenzie Administration at the present time, and which are giving them serious trouble, the British Columbia question is one of no small importance. Our readers are aware that in the agreement of Confederation with British Columbia the building of the Pacific Railway was the principal feature, and that it was the promise to build that railway which induced the "Pacific Province" to go into the Confederation. It is also well known that it was in the endeavor to carry out this contract with British Columbia that Sir John Macdonald and his party were hurled from power. But that which strikes us as the most unpardonable inconsistency, are the extremes the present Government are forcing themselves to in order to prove their conduct irreproachable. As before stated, it was upon this gigantic Pacific Railway scheme the Conservative party lost the Government in 1873. The immense outlay to the country which the taxpayers claimed the building and maintenance of the railway would necessitate—though by Sir John's scheme not a cent of the actual funds of Government would be required for that purpose—the factious and determined opposition made against them by the Grit-Liberal element, and the charges of corruption made—which, in the heat of excitement, when the people were only too anxious to grasp at anything that would put down what, at the time, seemed to them to be a vast and enormous enterprise that would ultimately impoverish the country—became such an effective weapon against the then Government, all combined to completely turn the tide of public opinion and cause the formation of the present Government. These facts are well known. The Reform Party spread themselves on the subject sufficiently at the time of the crash to make them known, and they have been keeping the everlasting Pacific Scandal well ventilated ever since; continually picturing in the most startling manner, the ruinous condition the country would have been reduced to had they not stepped in with their patent purification machine and squelched the Pacific Railway operations when they did.

But while all this is progressing, our friends in British Columbia are looking on with lowering brows; they feel that they are being foully dealt with; they claim that a contract in which they have fulfilled their part to the letter is being dishonored by the other party to it, and they consequently make their complaint, first to the Government just formed, with which they must deal direct, and then to the home Government. Their first complaint is allowed to pass almost unnoticed (as a matter of course) by those who have obtained the fats of office and the purse strings of Canada at their expense. Their next step is made to enlist the sympathies, if nothing else can be obtained, of the Crown. There they are noticed. The great thunderer the London *Times*, the *Saturday Review*, the *Pall Mall Gazette*, and numerous other powerful journals of England, after due consideration of the case, come to the rescue of, as they term it, an injured and betrayed people. These papers, actuated by a true sense of honor—as it is not at all probable they can have any particular interest or hold any partiality—as all Canada is one to them—declare emphatically that Canada is in the wrong, and that the contract with British Columbia should, in all honesty, be carried out. The Lion of the Mackenzie Cabinet is aroused. It begins roaring through the columns of the glorious Toronto *Globe*, and after abusing and maligning Sir John A. Macdonald and his followers until hoarse, it takes a different tack altogether, and states that the original Pacific Railway Scheme was absolutely defunct, and that faith was broken with British Columbia months before Mr. Mackenzie came into office; that Mr. Mackenzie has always been the warm advocate of the Canadian Pacific Railway; that the most just and kindly sentiments are entertained by the present Dominion Government towards British Columbia, and so on, whole columns of such falsity. Can anybody, not a lunatic, consider this anything but the grossest inconsistency? The Mackenzie party slide into power by dashing to pieces the policy of their predecessors; and when cornered as to their conduct by unimpeachable authority, they endeavor to prove that that policy was destroyed by those who originated it. Is it not contemptible? Ay, it is more; it is disreputable, a cut-throat game from beginning to end.

Sitting Bull is reported to be marching on Fort Sully with a large force of Indians.

THE CATTLE SHOW.

THE SHOW OF STOCK on Thursday last was, on the whole, very good. In horses, all classes were well represented. But the class of "mares and foals" was exceedingly well filled and very choice. So also were the classes of cart colts and fillies, and carriage fillies; and the judges had no little difficulty in deciding which was most deserving of the honor. In the latter class they did not, in our opinion, hit upon the best for first. In the class of thoroughbred Stallions, the chestnut horse "*Warrior*" from Kentucky, was much admired. It seems that through some bluudering, the judges did not award any prize in this class. The cart stallion *Dexter*, owned by Mr. Glover of Summerside, and bred by Mr. Devereaux, West River, by the *Stockman horse*, dam by *Columbus*, was a magnificent animal, and well deserved the first prize.

The chestnut owned by Hon. J. C. Pope and the black owned by Mr. Clow were also very fine animals. In the class of blood colts we think the judges clearly erred in their decision. In the two year old class, Mr. McPhail's colt, which took third, was, in our opinion, entitled to first prize, as being superior in blood points and little inferior in size. Of the yearlings, too, we think they choose the biggest rather than the best.

CATTLE.

In this class of stock, the great advantage which the country derives from the Government Farm was made manifest. The splendid thoroughbred Shorthorns and Ayrshires exhibited by our farmers of to-day are in marked contrast with the undersized, underbred, three cornered animals which made up our shows—even a few years ago. In the Ayrshire bull class, which was the first that met our eye, were two that would have done credit to their owners in any country. Mr. James Mutch's two year old was, in our opinion, an animal of conspicuous merit; and it is unfortunate that he had not been selected with his sire to represent the Island at the Centennial exhibition at Philadelphia. The Local Government has been very remiss in not giving encouragement and aid to breeders of fine stock to send their animals to the world's exhibition.

Of the shorthorns, there were some very fine animals. In the class of bulls under ten years, one shown by Mr. Pope, though not large, showed very good shorthorn points and good color, but the judges, through ignorance, gave the prize in this class to a *grade*. The great difficulty in making stock exhibitions successful, is the want of competent judges. We do no wish to say anything offensive to the gentlemen who gratuitously go through a great deal of trouble and expose themselves to annoyance. We think, however, that the Commissioners made a great mistake in selecting two judges from each county. One from each county, if it is necessary to admit the principle of sectionalism at all, (which we are far from admitting) would be sufficient, and two others appointed solely for their ability would be much better.

One of the objects of an exhibition of stock, and, we think, the chief one, is to bring together a large quantity of superior stock so that buyers and sellers may be mutually accommodated. To carry out this object, it is absolutely necessary to have a Fair extending over several days—three at least. To effect this, permanent buildings should be erected to shelter the stock. We hope the newly created Government will earn the commendation of the people by liberally providing for this service in the next session of the Legislature. Agriculture is the great, and almost the only, source of prosperity in this Province; and to stimulate and encourage this industry is the duty of every Government. Money should be spent freely. It all comes from the land; and a good share should go back to it.

LIST OF PRIZES:

HORSES.

Best Thoroughbred Stallion, with pedigree,—ruled out $12.00
2d best Thoroughbred Stallion (with pedigree,—ruled out 8.00
3d best Thoroughbred Stallion, with pedigree—ruled out 4.00
Best Carriage Stallion, imported or otherwise, Charles A. McNutt Park Corner 12.00
2 best Carriage Stallion, imported or otherwise, Samuel Noy, Lot 48 6.00
3 best Carriage Stallion, imported or otherwise, Lewis Heustis, Bedeque 4.00
Best Cart Stallion, imported or otherwise, Robert Glover, Summerside 12.00
2d best Cart Stallion, imported or otherwise, J. C. Pope 6.00
2d best Stallion, imported or otherwise, Geo. Clow, senr., Royalty 4.00
Best Entire Cart Colt, under 3 years old, John McLean, Clyde River 12.00
2d best Entire Cart Colt, under 3 years old, John Acorn, junr., Lot 48 6.00
3d best Entire Cart Colt, under 3 years old, Robert Simmons, Tryon 4.00
Best Cart Filly under 3 years old, Wm. Rattray, Brackley Point Road 9.00
2d best Cart Filly under 3 years old, John Kennedy, Brackley Point Road 4.50
3d best Cart Filly under 3 years old, James Moore, Crapaud 3.00
Best Blood Colt under 3 years old Alex McCormack, Lot 16 9.00
2d best Blood Colt under 3 years old Peter Stewart, East River 4.50
3d best Blood Colt under 3 years old Allen McPhee, North River 3.00
Best Blood Filly under 3 years old, Ben. Stewart, Lot 48 9.00
2d best Blood Filly, under 3 years old, Henry Binns, Royalty 4.50
3d best Blood Filly under 3 years old Henry Beer, Southport 3.00
Best Carriage Colt under 4 years old, Wm. Nicholson, Grand River 9.00
2d best Carriage Colt under 3 years old D. McKinnon, Highfield 4.50
3d best Carriage Colt under 3 years Ronald Matheson, Black River 3.00
Best Carriage Filly under 3 years old Peter Miller, New Bideford 9.00
2d best Carriage Filly under 3 years old, Lemuel Hyde, Clyde River 4.50
3d best Carriage Filly under 3 years old, Stephen Bovyer, Lot 48 3.00
Best Blood Mare with her Foal, J. C. Pope 9.00
2d best Blood Mare with her Foal, Albert Boswell, Lot 48 4.00
3d best Blood Mare with her Foal, Francis Bell, Charlottetown, 3.00
Best Carriage Mare with her Foal, Wm. Webster, East River 9.00
2d Best Carriage Mare with her Foal R. P. Haythorne, Marshfield 4.50
3d best Carriage Mare with her Foal, Samuel Lane, Lot 49 3.00
Best Cart Mare with her Foal, J. C. Pope, Royalty 9.00
2d best Cart Mare with her Foal, William Carey, Royalty 4.00
3d best Cart Mare with her Foal, Henry Longworth, Royalty 3.00
Best Yearling Cart Colt, John McMillan, Brackley Point Road 8.00
2d best Yearling Cart Colt, John Murphy, China Point 5.00
3d best Yearling Cart Colt, Jas. Hall, Tryon 3.00
Best Yearling Blood Colt, Charles Stewart, Lot 48 8.00
2d best Yearling Blood Colt, C. A. Mitchell, Village Green 5.00
3d best Yearling Blood Colt, James Miller, Frenchfort 3.00
Best Yearling Cart Filly, J. C. Pope 5.00
2d best Yearling Cart Filly, D. McMill, Covehead 4.00
3d best Yearling Cart Filly, D. K. Scott, North River, 3.00
Best Yearling Blood Filly, L. B. Disney, North River 6.00
2d best Yearling Blood Filly, Wm. Rattray 4.00
3d best Yearling Blood Filly, James Aitken, Lot 25 3.00

Judges.—James F. McNutt, Wm. Bagnall, John Green, Thomas S. Morrow, Patrick Dunphy, Alex. Smith Charles Byrne.

CATTLE.

Best Shorthorn Bull under 3 years old, Richard Bagnall, Hazel Grove 8.00
2d best do., J. C. Pope 5.00
3d best do., Charles Reeves, senr., Freetown 3.00
Best Ayrshire Bull under 3 years old, James Mutch, Lot 48 8.00
2d best do., none 5.00
3d best do., none 3.00
Best Grade Bull, any age, Wm. Prowse, Royalty 8.00
2d best do., Robert Mutch, Lot 50 5.00
3d best do., A. LePage, Royalty 3.00
Best Shorthorn Cow in milk, C. C. Gardiner Royalty 7.00
3d best do., J. C. Pope, Royalty 3.00
Best Ayrshire Cow in Milk, Henry Longworth, Royalty 7.00
2d best do., J. C. Pope, Royalty 4.00
3d best do., James Lewis, Royalty 3.00
Best Grade Cow in Milk, C.C. Gardner, Royalty 7.00
2d best do., Donald Martin, Malpeque Road 4.00
3d best do., W. Heard, Royalty 3.00
Best Shorthorn Heifer (under 3 yrs. old in calf) Henry Longworth, Royalty 7.00
2d best do, Geo. Lewis, Royalty 4.00
3d best do., B. E. Wright, Royalty 3.00
Best Ayrshire do., St. Dunstan's College 7.00
2d best do., none 4.00
3rd best do., none 3.00
Best Grade Heifer, under 3 years old in calf, George Lewis, Royalty 7.00
2d best do., J. C. Pope 4.00
3d best do., Isaac Crosby, St. Peter's Road 3.00
Best Yearling Shorthorn Bull, F. Horn, St. Peter's Rd. 6.00
2d best do., none 4.00
Best Yearling Ayrshire Bull, Isaac Crosby, St. Peter's Road 6.00
3d best do., none 4.00
Best Yearling Shorthorn Heifer, Henry Longworth, Royalty 5.00
2d best do., none 3.00
Best Ayrshire Heifer, St. Dunstan's College 5.00
2d best do., none 3.00
Best Yearling Grade Heifer, B. E. Wright, Royalty 5.00
2d best do. R. R. FitzGerald 3.00
Best Shorthorn Bull Calf, C. C. Gardiner, Royalty 4.00
2d best do., B. E. Wright, Royalty 2.00
Best Ayrshire do., none 4.00
2d best do., none 2.00
Best Heifer Calf, shorthorn, Henry Longworth, Royalty 4.00
2d best do., do. 2.00
Best Ayrshire do., James Mutch, Lot 48 4.00
2d best do., none 2.00
Best Grade Bull Calf, A. M. McRae, Pownal 4.00
2d best do., Alex. Jones, Seal River 2.00
Best Grade Heifer Calf, J. C. Pope, Royalty 4.00
2d best do., A. M. McRae 2.00
Best Cow with her Calf, Henry Longworth, Royalty 8.00
Best Shorthorn Bull, any age, J. C. Pope 8.00
2d best do., A. McRae, Pownal 5.00
3d best do., none.
Best Ayrshire Bull, any age, Alex. Jones, Seal River 8.00
2d do., none.
3d do., none.
Best Shorthorn Cow in calf, H. Longworth 7.00
2d best do., J. C. Pope, 4.00
3d best do., none.

Judges—George Sinclair, W. H. Moore, George Tweedy, John W. Holman, John Thorn.

SHEEP.

Best Leicester Ram, any age, George Tweedy, Lot 50 $7.00
2d best do., Albert Boswell, Lot 49 4.00
3d best do., W. T. Mills, Lot 18 3.00
Best Ram, any age or other breed, B. E. Wright, Royalty 5.00
2d best do., John Kennedy, B. P. Road 4.00
3rd best do., B. E. Wright, Royalty 3.00
Best Leicester Yearling Ram, Henry Longworth, Royalty 7.00
2d best do, B. E. Wright, Royalty 4.00
3d best do., Henry Longworth Royalty 3.00
Best Cotswold, do., Henry Longworth, Royalty 7.00
2d best do., Alex. Jones, Seal River 4.00
2d best do., H. Longworth, Royalty 3.00
Best Leicester Ram Lamb, Henry Longworth Royalty 5.00
2d best do., Henry Longworth, do., 3.00
3d best do., Albert Boswell, Lot 49 2.00
Best Cotswell, do., Wm. Rattary, B. P. Road 5.00
2nd best do. Samuel Lane Lot 49 3.00
3d best do., H. Longworth, Royalty 3.00
Best Ram Lamb, any other breed, H. Longworth do. 5.00
2d best do., J. C. Pope, do. 3.00
3d best do., B. E. Wright, do. 2.00
Best pen 4 Leicester ewes having reared lambs this season, H. Longworth, Royalty 6.00
2d best no., B. E. Wright, do. 4.00
3d best do. Albert Boswell, Lot 49 3.00
Best pen 4 ewes, cross bred, having each reared lambs this season, H. Longworth, Royalty 6.00
2d best do., B. E. Wright, do. 4.00
3d best do., Wm. Rattray, B.P. Road 3.00
Best pen 4 Leicester yearling ewes, B. E. Wright, Royalty 6.00
2d best do., Henry Longworth do 4.00
3d best do., B. E. Wright, do 3.00
Best pen 4 yearling ewes, cross bred, Wm. Rattray, Lot 49 6.00
2d best do., Henry Longworth, Rl'ty 4.00
3d best do., B.E. Wright. do 2.00
Best pen 4 Leicester Ewe Lambs, H. Longworth, do 6.00
2d best do., Samuel Lane, Lot 49 4.00
3d best do., Albert Boswall. do 3.00
Best do., cross bred. Ewe Lambs H. Longworth, Royalty 4.00
2d best do., B.E. Wright, do 3.00
2d best do., Wm. Rattery, B. P. Road 2.00

Judges.—John Nichols, Wm. Ching, John Henderson, F. Bell, Thos. Annear, Samuel Hyde.

PIGS.

Best Boar Pig any age, B. E. Wright, Royalty $8.00
2d best do John Sellers, North River 5.00
Best Breeding Sow, C. C. Gardiner, Royalty 8.00
2d best do Wm. Connolly, Royalty 5.00
Best pen Pigs—not less than 3–7 months old—Barrows excluded—Donald Ferguson, East River 6.00
2d best do B. E. Wright, Royalty 4.00
Best Fat Pig, Henry Beer, Southport 8.00
2d best do Thomas Parsons, City 6.00

Judges—B. Bearisto, D. P. Irving, W. H. Douglass, H. McDonald.

In the afternoon, A. McNeill, Esq., sold by auction stock from the Stock Farm as follows:

HORSES.

Trotting Stallion, Dr. Jenkins $121.00
Grey Mare, Kentucky, J. C. Pope 60.00
Blood Foal, Dr. Jenkins 21.00
Cart Colt, Harry Binns, Binstead 30.00
Cart Filly, Edward Clay 37.00

CALVES.

Bull Calf, Durham, John Sutherland, New London $39.00
Bull Calf, Durham, Geo. Mason, Lot 48 56.00
Bull Calf, Durham, Lauchlan McMillan, Covehead 52.00
Bull Calf, Durham, William Haslam, Springfield 36.00
Bull Calf, Durham, H. Mutch, Lot 48 35.00
Bull Calf, Durham, Daniel Millar, Rocky Point 27.00
Heifer Calf, Durham, John Newson, City 16.00
Heifer Calf, Durham, Herman McDonald, Lot 45 30.00
Heifer Calf, Durham and Ayrshire, Peter Stewart, Souris 38.00
Bull Calf, Ayrshire, Peter Stewart, Souris 43.00

LAMBS.

Ram Lamb, Leicester, P. McRae, Bedeque 11.00
do R. Haslam, Springfield 8.50
do Francis Belle, Royalty 8.00
do G. Irving, Cape Traverse 7.00
Ram Lamb Leicester, W. Tombs, Rustico 5.50
do W. Gillaspie, Carleton 7.00
do Ronald McCormack 3.50
do Peter Stewart, Souris 3.00
do J. McRae, Canoe Cove 3.25
Ewe Lamb, Peter Stewart, Souris 6.50
do Peter Stewart, do 4.00
do C. Haszard, Belleview 4.00
do J. McLauchlan, Souris 4.00
do C. Haszard Belleview 3.25
do J. McLauchlan, Souris 3.50
do J. McLauchlan, do 3.25
Ram ——Vickerson 14.60

Sir Garnet Wolseley and Sir T. Shepstone have sailed for the Trans-vaal Republic, in South Africa, with special powers to represent Great Britain in the trouble that is at present going on there.

THE EXHIBITION.

IT is estimated that about three thousand persons went to see the exhibition in the Drill Shed. The display was fine—especially of Roots and Vegetables. We reserve our comments for next week. The following is the list of

PRIZES AWARDED.

POULTRY.

Best pair of Turkeys, Rooster and Hen, Stephen Bovyer, Lot 48 $4.00
2d best pair of Turkeys, Rooster and Hen, Wm. Carey, Royalty 2.00
Best pair spring Geese, Augus McKenzie, Royalty 3.00
2d best pair Spring Geese, Henry Binns, Royalty 2.00
Best pair Ducks, John Ling, Lot 24 3.00
3d best pair Ducks, Wm. Patridge, Royalty 2.00
Best Rooster and two Pullets any breed, Angus McKenzie, Royalty 4.00
2d best Rooster and Pullets any breed, Herbert Love, City 3.00
3d best Rooster and two Pullets any breed, Thomas Green, City 2.00
Honorable Mention—Cage California Quails, exhibited by Wm Bagnall, Esq.

Judges—Henry Curtis, F. G. Bovyer, F.H. Moyes.

GRAIN.

Best two bushels Wheat, Thomas Bullman, Rustico, 66½ lbs. $8.00
2d best two bushels Wheat, James Hogan, Morell, 66 lbs. 7.00
Best two bushels Winter Wheat, none
Best two bushels two-rowed Barley, Thomas Bullman, Rustico, 60 lbs. 6.00
2d best two bushels two-rowed Barley, D. Pieno, Rustico, 59 lbs. 5.00
Best two bushels four-rowed Barley, Thomas Bullman, Rustico, 57½ 6.00
2d best two bushels four rowed Barley, D. Pieno, Rustico, 56 lbs. 5.00
Best two bushels six rowed Barley, none 6.00
2d best do. do., none 5.00
Best bushel Buck Wheat, Wm. Jones Lot 49 3.00
2d best bushel Buck Wheat, none 2.00
Best two bushels Oats, black, John McGregor, Lot 48, 43 lbs. 5.00
2d best two bushels of Oats, black, Charles Craswell, Rustico, 44½ lbs. 4.00
3d best two bushels Oats, black, T. Bullman, Rustico, 44 lbs. 3.00
Best two bushels Oats, white, C. Bullman, Rustico, 47 lbs. 5.00
2d best two bushels Oats, white, D. Pieno, Rustico, 46 lbs. 4.00
Best two bushels Oats, Norway, Stephen McCallum, B. P. Road, 40 lbs. 4.00
2d best two bushels Oats, Norway, Alex. Jones, Seal River, 40½ lbs. 4.00
Best half bushel Hops, Hon. J. C. Pope 3.00

Judges—B. Bearisto, L. McMillan, Wm. Mutch, Hon. D. McDonald.

PEAS AND BEANS.

Best one bushel Peas, Wm. Jones, Lot 49 $5.00
Best one bushel White Beans, James Farquarson, Lot 48 5.00
Best one bushel Horse Beans, none 5.00
Best one bushel Vetches, James Warburton, Royalty 5.00
Best Timothy Seed D. McMillan, Covehead
Best Flax Seed, Andrew Gallant, Rustico

Judges—T. D. Crosby, John McGregor.

ROOTS.

Best twenty Swede Turnips, J. C. Pope, Royalty 2.00
2d best do., do John Nelson, West River 1.50
Best bushel [White] Field Carrots, W. F. Dawson, Royalty 2.00
2d best do do, none 1.50

POTATOES.

Best half bushel Potatoes [any kind] Francis Mutch, Lot 48 2.00
2d best do do E. Drake, West Rvr. 1.50
3d best do do Jas. Howard, do 1.00
Best Ashleaf Kidney, [half bushel] J. C. Pope 1.50
Best Early Rose, do Capt. Freeland 1.50
Best Governor's White do Hon. Jos. Pope 1.50
Best of any new kind, do Edward Bayfield, Royalty 1.50

BUTTER AND CHEESE.

Best Cheese, not less than 20 lbs. weight, John Howard, Cornwall $4.00
2d best do do Wm. Howard, East Wiltshire 3.00
3d best do do Chas. Hyde, West River 2.00
Best Tub of Butter, not less than 28 lbs., Mrs. Geo. Seller, Highfield 4.00
2d best do do Wm. Howard, East Wiltshire 3.00
3d do do do Chas. Dickieson, New Glasgow 2.00

Judges—E. L. McNutt, Owen Connolly, D. McKenzie.

HORTICULTURE.

Best one dozen Tomatoes, Wm. Heard City $1.50
Best one dozen Mangold Wurtzel, Hon. J. C. Pope 1.50
Best three Cabbages, Richard Bourke 1.50
Best three Savoy Cabbages, Jas. C. Pope, City 1.50
Best half dozen roots of Celery, Jos. Moore, City 1.50
Best Pumpkin, Richard Bourke 1.50
Best two Citron Melons, Mrs. H. Longworth 1.50
Best group of Vegetables, growth of the exhibitor, Richard Bourke 5.00
Best 1 dozen red Onions, R. Bourke Lot 40 $1.50
Best do., white or yellow do., J. Judson Lot 49 1.50
Best do., Beets, R. Bourke, Lot 49 1.50
Best do., Parsnips, J. C. Pope 1.50
Best do., Carrots, do. 1.50
Best three Cauliflowers, Wm. Heard City 1.50
Best one dozen Indian Corn, F. Bell Stock Farm 1.50
Best Squash, R. Bourke, Lot 49 1.50

Judges—Henry Beer, Archibald M. Wright, James Hogan.

FLORICULTURE.

Best three Fuchias, cut or otherwise, Mrs. Chipman, Bedeque 1.50
Best three Petunias, Hon. Jos. Pope. City 1.50
Best three Verbenas, William Heard, City 1.50
Best three Carnations, none 1.50
Best three Geraniums, Miss A. J. Longworth, City 1.50
Best three Gladiolus, Edward Bayfield, City 1.50
Best three China Asters, Mrs. Daniel Davies, City 1.50
Best three Roses, none 1.50
do. Stocks, Miss Warburton, Royalty 1.50
do. Japan Lilies, none 1.50
Best three Dahlies, Mrs. George Davies 1.50
2d best three Dahlies, Thos. Ridgway, City 1.00
Best three Balsoms, Miss Warburton, Royalty 1.50
Best 12 Pansies, Wm. Heard 1.50
2d best do., Mrs. George Davies 1.00
Best Boquet Flowers, Mrs. J. C. Pope 1.50

Judges — Wm. McLeod, John Brecken, Joseph Hensley.

FRUIT.

Best basket Cooking Apples, Wm. Jones, Lot 49 $2.00
2d best do., do., Jas. Lewis, City 1.00
Best basket Eating Apples, George Wright, Royalty, 2.00
2d best do., do., Wm. Cairns, St. Peter's Road 1.00
Best basket winter keeping Apples, John Stewart, Caledonia 2.00
2d best do do E.B. Alleyne 1.00
Best sample Siberian Crab Apples, Mrs. Solemn Hyde, West River 1.00
Best sample Green Gages, J. C. Pope 1.50
do do Plums, J. C. Pope 1.50
do do Damsons, Mrs Burnett, St. Peters Road 1.50
do dozen Pears, Wm. Weldon, City 2.00
2d do do Wm. Heard 1.00
Best sample Grapes, Wm. Heard, City 1.50
Best half bushel Cranberries, Edward Horne, Rustico 2.00
2nd do do T.D. Crosby, West River 1.00

Judges.—Thos. Annear, John Nichols, Wm. Ching, Samuel Hyde.

FARM IMPLEMENTS.

Best Iron Plough [new & improved,] Wm. Wyatt, Malpeque Road $6.00
Best Set Iron Harrows do, do do 6.00
Best Horsehoe & Moulding Plough do John Prowse, Royalty 5.00
Best Fanner do Geo. Smith, New Glasgow 6.00
Best Potato Digger constructed so as to collect Potatoes in rows or heaps, to be tried in Pope's field on Tuesday next, at 2 o'clock 30.00
Best Scuffler or Cultivator, John Prowse 8.00
Best Root Cutter, none 5.00
Best Grain Seperator, Smallwood & Bovyer, City 5.00
Best Churn, none 5.00
Best Roller, new & improved, Wm. McKenzie, Lot 48 5.00
Best Horse Hay Fork, John Lockerby, City 6.00
2d best do do David McLeod, Lot 49 4.00
Best Threshing Machine with Cleaner Thos. Hall, S'Side, 15.00
Honorable Mention—Pulverizer, McKinnon & McLean, City

Judges—James Laird, Andrew Dickieson, James McNutt, Robert Farquharson, John Smith, Alexander Hamilton.

CARRIAGES & SLEIGHS.

Best Buggy, McKinnon, Fraser & Co., City $10.00
2d best do Wm. Groom, City 5.00
Best Double-seated Wagon, none 10.00
2d best do none 5.00
Best Single do Angus Gregor & Co., New Glasgow 8.00
2d best do J. & B. Scott, City 4.00
Best Express Wagon, none 8.00
2d best do none 4.00
Best Family Sleigh, none 5.00
2d best do none, 3.00
Best Single Sleigh, Alex. McDonald, New Glasgow 5.00
2d best do do John McPhail, City 3.00

Judges—C. C. Gardiner, George Compton, Wm. P. Lewis.

HARNESS.

Best Carriage Harness, black, John Stumbles, City $8.00
Best do brown, John Stumbles, City 6.00
Best Cart Harness, John Stumbles, City 4.00
Best Truck Wagon Harness, double sett, John Stumbles, City [no competition] 6.00

Judges—John McGregor, Angus McLean, Lauchlan McMillan, Stephen McNeill, Wm. Lawgher.

TEXTILE FABRICS IN WOOL.

[Manufactured by the exhibitor.]

Best 10 yards black full dressed Cloth, Mrs. Wm. Ross, New London $3.00
Best 10 yards grey, full dressed Cloth, dyed, Mr. Maurice Walsh, Georgetown 3.00
Best Gentleman's Plaid, new, Mrs. John Pleadwell, Millcove, 3.00
Best Woman's Shawl, new, Mrs. D. McPhee, Freetown 3.00
Best pair Horse Rugs new, John McDonald, New Perth 3.00
Best Fancy Drugget, striped, Mrs. Wm. Ross, New London 2.50
Best Fancy Drugget, checked, Mrs. Samuel Hyde, West River 2.50
Best Hearth Rug, Mrs. Caleb Taylor, Freetown 2.00
Best Door Mat, Eliza McGregor, Lot 48 2.00
Best 10 yards Twilled Flannel, wool Johnson and Gordon, Bedeque 2.50
Best 10 yards plain, John Millan, Black Point 2.50
Best 10 yards Woolen Tweed, John D. Reid, Tryon Mills 2.50
Best 10 yards Wool Carpet, Mrs. Alfred Chipman, Bedeque 6.00

KNIT GOODS.

Best 3 pair Socks, Mrs. J. Auld, Covehead $1.50
2d best do Mrs. B. Bearisto, Malpeque 1.00
Best 3 pair Stockings, do do 2.00
2d best do Mrs. James Auld 1.00
Best 3 pair Mitts, Mrs. McGregor, City 1.50
2d best do Isabella Higgins, Stanhope 1.00
Best pair Gents' Woollen Overalls, none
Best Collection of Knit Work, Mrs. E. Lane, Dunstaffanage 3.00

FINE ARTS.

Best Pictures, oil or water colors, Miss Longworth, City 5.00
2d best do Miss E. P. Longworth 5.00

Judges—John Ings, J. T. Jenkins.

BASKETS.

Best Collection of Basket Work, Edward Lane, St. Peter's Road $1.50
Best Collection of Basket Ozier or other material, 1.50
Best Indian Basket, Joseph Louis, (Indian) 1.50
Besk Collection Indian Basket, Mary Pock, (Squaw) 1.50

FLAX MANUFACTURE.

Best ½ dozen Towels, Mr. Neil McEachern, Long Creek $1.50

FISH.

Best ½ barrel Mackerel, Alex McNeill, Cavendish $3.00
2d do., do., L. Kickham, Souris West 2.00
Best qtl. Codfish, M. Foley, Alberton 3.00
2d do., do., Thos. Kickham, Souris West 2.00

ALARMING NEWS.

The *Times* Belgrade correspondent says: "I believe the only chance of peace, and it is no more than a chance, lies in Turkey's prompt acceptance of all the conditions of the Powers; that is also her own best policy, for in a week there may be a different army in the Servian field. Hundreds of Russians are arriving daily; for one officer at Belgrade in the Servian uniform you meet twenty in Russian. The situation is most alarming for the peace of Europe."

It appears probable that a Commission will be appointed to arrange the details for the settlement of the Eastern question.

Between thirty and forty negroes were killed by whites during a recent trouble in South Carolina.

It is rumoured that Canada gets first prize for woolens, furs, and commercial woods at Centennial.

The ship Lammermuir, from Calcutta for Demerara, with 300 Coolie emegrants on board, is posted at Lloyds; supposed to have foundered with all hands.

INFANTICIDE AT SUMMERSIDE.—The body of an infant was found in the seaweed near Queen's wharf, on Saturday last. An inquest was held. Verdict—violence, by party or parties unknown.—*Journal.*

Gladstone rises at seven o'clock every morning, and at eight walks to prayers in the village church. He drinks bitter beer with his breakfast, a glass or two of claret at dinner, and sometimes a glass of port later. An egg beaten up in sherry and secured in a tiny glass jar is the fortifier with which he supplies himself when about to make one of his speeches of three or four hours' duration.

About five years ago London policemen were condemned to protect their heads with helmets covered with felt, and lined with tin. During the Prince of Wales' stay in India he studied the matter of head covering, and is now trying to induce the Commissioners of Police to institute helmets lined with cork. It has been discovered that cork serves as a protection against blows and cuts.

A very modest young lady, who wanted a pair of garters, addressed the shopman thus: 'It is my desire to obtain a pair of circular elastic appendages, capable of being contracted or expanded by means of oscilliating burnished steel appliances, that sparkle like particles of gold leaf set with Alaska diamonds, which are utilized for retaining in proper position the habiliments of the lower extremities of the female form, which innate delicacy forbids me to mention.

Let everybody read the invaluable medical and physiological treatises published by the Peabody Medical Institute, Boston. "The Science of Life, or Self-Preservation," will, when carefully perused, convince the most skeptical readers that it is comparatively easy to avoid the ill which beset the young and thoughtless, and that the weakened forces of manhood may be re-established—that happiness and usefulness may be restored to those whose constitutions have been prematurely broken down. "Sexual Physiology of Woman," one of the publication of the Institute, is filled with matter of vital importance to females. And in this day, when so many are prematurely broken down, the work on "Disease of the Nerves and Nervous Maladies" is a timely one. The author of these works has recently been presented with a Gold Medal by the National Medical Association. The advertisement of the Institute, headed with a true likeness of the great benefactor, George Peabody, may be found in another column.

CORRESPONDENCE.

CITY IMPROVEMENTS.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

DEAR SIR,—I believe that there are few places which have more natural advantages for being made into beautiful cities than Charlottetown; and I can fancy how the old surveyors, while laying out the wide streets from the water's edge up along the gentle slope of the hill, then covered with trees and grass, would say to each other, "What a splendid site for a fine town; what advantages there are along these slopes for drainage; what handsome ranges of buildings will be made along these streets if the coming generation possess industry combined with good taste!" And yet, alas! if one of those old men should come out of their graves and walk through the town and into the Council Chamber, I feel he would stamp his foot in anger and exclaim: "Is this all you have accomplished in half a century? Begin to work at once, or it will soon be too late to save your city from epidemic, conflagaration, dirt and ugliness. Consumption has already sent hundreds of your best citizens to be my companions in the silent churchyard. The grave is a far warmer home than most of your miserable dwelling houses."

The qualifications of a fine city are morality, health, wealth and a good architecture. We must understand that as morality is not made by the ministers neither is health by the doctors. The doctors are merely an evidence that disease is in our midst. If the Councillors wish health to be one of the qualifications of our city they must provide proper drainage, ventilate the mass of air above us by removing all the factories and their chimney smoke into the vicinity, compel breastworks to be built where people have water property between the wharves, and the mud to be covered, build a short breastwork across the mouth of Beer's marsh and the marsh will dry up in six months,—then there will be plenty of fresh air in the town, and, as I shall explain hereafter, the Council may compel the people to provide ventilation in their houses. The next duty of the Council, in their attempt to make their citizens have good health, would be to provide means of exercise and amusement. If the streets and squares are made agreeable places for walking upon, this would furnish the female part of the population and children with plenty of exercise. A park would be very valuable in this way, but, much rather than have a beautiful park outside the city, I would be inclined to vote for expending the money in making the interior of the city pleasant and agreeable. A large field should be secured close to the town, (about Gregortown, somewhere) and kept for public amusement. Almost every city has some large commonland, where the young men may play cricket, lacrosse or quoits; but here all these manly games are assigned to the boys, because there is no proper cricketfield near the town. A good large square is also required near Gregortown; for that part will be very soon thickly built upon. It is a pity that our wide streets are not continued into the country. Between exercise and amusement I will mention baths. Scarcely any of our houses have bath rooms, and the supply of water is limited. A good public bathing-house, with cold and hot water and shower baths, next to the Steamboat wharf would be a great boon to the town, and, I believe, if Mr. James Duncan or the Steam Navigation Company would take up the idea and work it out next Spring they would find that the baths would return them a very large percentage. In the way of amusement, the town is very badly off for a good hall, which can be used for a concert room or theatre. Our present Market Hall is in no way a suitable room for such purposes, and the market building itself is beginning to be very crowded on market days. I have been thinking that it would be a good idea to cut the Market building into two pieces, move them to different parts of the town, and a very little fixing would change them into first-rate schoolhouses that could be well ventilated and lighted. I dare say that two large schools would meet the requirements of the town at present. If the Government would buy this building from the members of the Corporation and make them a grant towards erecting a good stone or brick Market House, City Hall, Police Station, Public Library and Museum in one building, it would be an immense benefit to the town and give Queen Square a very commanding appearance, with the four solid structures upon it. The Market House at present seems very much out of keeping with the other substantial buildings, and perhaps this is the last opportunity we will have for a long time of getting rid of it. If this plan were adopted the Market House could be removed to the edge of the Square and left there temporarily, to be used for six months while the new building would be being roofed in, during which time foundations could be built for the two new schools, and as soon as the new building was roughly finished—sufficient for holding markets in—the old building could be cut in two, moved to its intended foundations, and in a month after be ready for opening school. By these means, no more time would be lost than it would take to build two new schoolhouses. If the City Council should decide on carrying out this idea, no doubt Messrs. Davies and DeBlois, as our representatives, will do what they can in this matter for the welfare of Charlottetown.

It would be advisable to form new districts and lay off streets outside of the town and not to allow the vicinity to be hacked up into all manner of triangles as it is in great danger of becoming at present.

This arrangement of buildings into districts in the town would equalize the value of property, and any one wishing to put up a good dwelling house could easily make choice of a site where there would be no danger of a little hut being crected against his dining room windows.

At present the city seems to be, in regard to appearance, in a very bad state. Wooden houses, brick buildings and little shanties are all jumbled up together. This state of affairs might be amended, if we had a few new laws about the building of houses, and the arranging of certain classes of buildings in certain districts. The buildings might be arranged thus: Brick buildings—1st class wooden buildings—2nd class wooden buildings—3rd class wooden buildings. These of course would have to be more minutely described as to size, cost, &c., amount of yard room, outhouses, &c. Districts or streets would have to be arranged for each of these classes of buildings. The district where no buildings but brick ones would be allowed to be erected, would probably be all around Queen's Square; Great George St., between Colonial Building and Steam Boat wharf; Queen Street; Water Street, between Ferry wharf and Pownal wharf, and the two streets between Great George street and Queen street.

All buildings in crowded districts between Pownal and Queen St. to have brick ends.

The districts for 3rd class wooden houses to be one in the east part of the town and one in the vicinity west of Malpeque Road, these small dwellings should be placed in districts which can be extended so that they may be kept together and bound by certain streets.

Every corner of streets in the town should be reserved for first-class wooden houses or brick ones; such corners as Hobb's building or Tanton's will be very valuable some day.

The district for first class wooden buildings, would be around Hillsborough, Beers, Rochford, and Jail squares; in the vicinity of drill shed, next to Government Pond; in the vicinity of Kirk and St. Peters's Church; Prince street and Weymouth street; in the vicinity of the rink.

The districts for 2nd class wooden houses, to be on the principal side streets.

The working of this Statute would not interfere with the buildings that are at present standing, but where present buildings are not according to the district class it would be advisable to allow no alterations or additions to be made to them, and where buildings are very much in the way as in the West Bog, &c., the Council might get permission from the Government by Act to buy the land where such houses are built and move the houses into their proper districts. This naturally beautiful part of the town could then be used for first class houses and the land would increase threefold in value. It would be a simple matter to move these small houses in the winter, and if the people living in this part of the town were somewhat separated I have no doubt but it would increase their morality.

Tenement houses, which seem to be a very abominable necessity, might be arranged in the three classes, but in the first two classes brick partitions should be made between the tenements.

In this climate of ours, I am fully convinced that most of the consumption, catarrh, and fever which we have throughout the town and country is principally owing to the slight buildings in which the people live. Most of the bedrooms in this town have a partition between the inside where the people sleep, and the cold night air outside formed thus: an inch and a half of rough board and shingle with cracks in the board a quarter of an inch wide, then four inches of air and then an inch of lath and plaster with the damp frost clinging to it, and then likely the bed stands against this partition, and the wind comes whistling in between the base board and the plaster like a jolly young angel of death, although nobody thinks it is one until the little children die of whooping cough. If people would be willing to pay higher rents for better houses they would find that the doctor's bill would decrease very materially.

In the classification of the houses of first, second, and third rate a description would be made of what covering was needed and what arrangements must be made for ventilation.

To carry this classification into effect a city architect should be appointed, and all plans for dwelling houses, etc., should be brought for his inspection and signature before such buildings could be erected.

I wished to say something about our streets and drainage but will not trespass on your space any more at present.

I remain,
Yours, etc.,
A PROGRESSIVE CITIZEN.

THE BREADALBANE PEERAGE.

(From the St. John Telegraph.)

Our readers are familiar with the claims of Mr. Peter Campbell, of St. George, to the title of Earl of Breadalbane. His legal adviser, George S. Grimmer, Esq., was much impressed with the solidity of Mr. Campbell's claim, and the matter has not yet been settled, for it is generally known that the true heir is not the present proprietor of the estates and title. The true Earl is in this country, whoever he may be. A notice which appeared in the *Telegraph* relative to Mr. Campbell of St. George, came under the eye of Mr. Peter C. Campbell of Maria, in the Province of Quebec, as well as under that of his brother Mr. John U. Campbell, of Dalhousie, and on looking into the case made out for Mr. Peter Campbell, they concluded that John U. Campbell was clearly the true heir, as shown by the following circumstances.

On the death of the late Marquis of Breadalbane, which took place some twelve years ago, public opinion in Scotland was very much divided as to who should succeed to the title and estates. Campbell, of Glenfalloch, who during the lifetime of the late Marquis, had been looked upon as the probable successor, was, nevertheless, never publicly acknowledged by the Marquis, who always stated that *the real heirs were to be found in Canada. But in the absence* of these heirs, and no one competing, a service was carried through, and he was invested in the title and estates. Campbell, of Boreland, another distant relative of the family, some six years ago disputed his title, pointed out that there was the taint of illigitimacy in Glenfalloch's descent, but being unable to prove satisfactorily the marriage of his grandfather, whose martial relations had also been of an illicit character, and were continued by habit and repute first in England and afterwards in Scotland, he was defeated in his claim, and Glenfaloch continued in the estates.

But this title is now to be called in question by a lineal decendant of Duncan, Lord Ormalie, whose claim was even superior to that of the late Marquis. This gentleman, Mr. John U. Campbell, of Dalhousie, in this Province, is represented by his brother Mr. Peter C. Campbell, above alluded to, who proceeds immediately to Scotland to establish his claim. The other claimant Mr. Peter Campbell, of St. George, is of the same stock as Mr. John U. Campbell, but is the descendant of a younger brother.

It has long been considered a misfortune that the real heirs to the estate and title of Breadalbane, who were known to be somewhere in Canada, could not be found, but luckily, this blot in the escutcheon of one of the great families of Scotland is likely soon to be wiped out, and the true heir, who is now believed to be Mr. John U. Campbell, invested with the title, the estates and revenue of that rich peerage.

OATMEAL IN THE HOUSEHOLD.—In Great Britain, children of all ranks are raised on oatmeal diet alone, because it causes them to grow strong and healthful, and no better food can possibly be found for them. It is also quite as desirable for the student as for the laborer, and for the delicate lady as for her hard working sister; indeed, all classes would be greatly benefitted by its use, and dyspepsia, with all its manifold annoyances, can be kept at a dististance. Oatmeal is more substantial food, it is said than veal, pork or lamb, and quite equal to beef or mutton, giving much more mental vigor, while its desideratum consists in one's not becoming weary of it, for it is welcome for breakfast or tea, as is wheat or Graham bread. It can be eaten with syrup and butter as hasty-pudding, or with cream and sugar, like rice. It is especially good for young mothers, upon whose nervous forces too great a demand has been made, and they lose their equilibrium of the system and become dispirited. Oatmeal requires to be cooked slowly, and the water should be boiling hot when it is stirred in. *Baldwin's Monthly for September.*

South Carolina is excercised by great political excitement. Federal officials report artillery placed in the streets of Charleston by the Democrats, who threaten bloody work in order to carry the State for their party.

In addition to outrages heretofore reported in Turkey, 700 Christians have been slaughtered in Erzeroum.