

The Daily Examiner

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THE WEEKLY EXAMINER Issued every Friday morning. It is made up of matter which has appeared in the Daily and is a first class newspaper containing all the latest news. Subscription \$1.00 a year.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

In order to realize the importance of Manitoba as a flour-producing country it is to be said that flour was shipped in that province for Ogilvie and Lake of Woods during one day last week to India, Australia, Japan, Iceland, China, Fiji Islands, Newfoundland, Great Britain and Eastern Canada.

Montreal Gazette: The men who love war rather than peace were too strong in the United States Senate for those who love peace rather than war. If the country were compelled to go to war it is very doubtful, however, if many of those who voted against the ratification of the arbitration treaty would be found in the battalions that go into the fight.

It was represented as the cause of a recent dismissal at Ottawa that the official refused to consult a certain local politician as to the purchase of certain stores; as it was shown in Parliament that the official did try to consult the politician reported to but that the latter refused to consult him unless he were paid for it. "Business is business, you know."

Another Instance! The Ottawa Journal took out of the custom House a few days ago a \$5 book ordered from the United States—a volume pertaining to newspaper business—and paid one dollar duty, and remarks "that is the new Liberal free-trade tariff of 20 per cent. on books. Had the volume reached here two weeks ago, the duty would have been six cents. That was the old Conservative N. P. tariff of 6 cents a pound on books." What lighteners of taxation these Liberal are!

President Kemp of the Canadian Manufacturers Association says truly that the reciprocal feature of the Fielding tariff does not really mean preferential trade with Great Britain and declares that it will not result in increasing our exports one penny's worth; "for the only way we can increase them," he maintains "is by cheaper inland communications towards the sea, by cheaper ocean freights, by cold storage facilities, and by diligently pursuing the course we have adopted of thoroughly informing ourselves as to the requirements of the British people."

The following is the judgment passed by the Paris Temps on Lord Salisbury: "His mind is one of the most masculine, his understanding one of the broadest, his reason one of the clearest and most luminous of his country and his age, while passion has at times touched his lips with the living coal, and while his eloquence is nothing less than doctrinaire. He has too lofty a spirit and he is too right-minded to be the victim or the exploiter of those miserable party prejudices, those sectarian narrownesses which disturb the vision. His friendship for Mr. Gladstone, his great political tor, throws light upon one of the happy traits of his character."

In his recent valedictory to the newspaper business, Walter Nichol, the recent clever editor of the London, Ont., News emits the dreariest wail of the year. Mr. Nichol fails to see a speck of blue sky anywhere. The whole vault of heaven is a funeral pall. The newspaper man expends his brains and energy in making a great property for the owners and is himself cast aside like a sucked orange when his usefulness is gone. All the newspaper editor has gained in the meantime has been a decent living—no golden store for the future. Consequently Mr. Nichol washes his hands of the whole business. The Journal, of Ottawa, remarks that it is a mistake for any man to go into newspaper work in a comparatively new and thinly-populated country like Canada, unless he has an invincible bent that way and feels he won't be happy at anything else. The reward for brains and hard work is better in almost any other calling. This is simply because Canada as yet only supports a very limited number of successful papers, and good positions are so scarce that good men have much better chances in other occupations.

ESTEEMED EXCHANGES.

Montreal Star: The "won't-do-any-harm" tariff is stirring up the manufacturers mightily.

St. John Sun: It does not appear that the government is saving much money by its changes and shufflings in the civil service. For instance, there was a cry made some days ago that a great saving had been effected by the dismissal and retirement of a number of clerks in the privy council office. Yet when the figures are made up, when allowances are made for the new men that Mr. Laurier has taken into that department, when the new charges on the superannuation fund are considered, it appears that the country will pay just a little more than before.

Montreal Star: The dispassionate character of the Provincial campaign thus far may be taken as evidence that both politicians and people realize that the questions at stake at a provincial election are of a

purely business nature. The Legislature is properly a business committee charged with the unheroic but vastly important task of managing the affairs of the province. A discussion, then, of provincial policy, should be fuller of figures of finance than figures of speech, and while there is great need for light there is none for heat.

THE DINGLEY BILL.

The news from the states is to the effect that the Dingley tariff, as revised by the Senate Committee, is exceedingly unpopular. The newspapers of the great cities generally oppose it. The two leading journals of New York, supporting high protection, were editorially silent on the morning after the publication of the report. The New York Times, Herald, World and Journal all criticize the measure sharply on various grounds. They condemn in particular the imposition of the duty on hides, the surrender to the Sugar Trust in the sugar schedule, the duty on anthracite and the changes in the wool schedule. As advocates of a revenue tariff they find mocking satisfaction in the resort of the Senate Committee to increase taxes on beer and tobacco, and in the levying of duty on tea to supply the income that protection will not yield. They commend these as a shifting to the Democratic position, and they approve the abandoning of the retroactive clause. The most significant editorial of all is that in the bitterly partisan Republican Press. In substance it likens the Senate Committee to the man that fell among thieves at Jericho and was stripped of his clothes and goods. It fiercely assails the abandonment of the modification of the provision for reciprocity, the abandonment of the retroactive clause, and the ad valorem tax in the sugar schedule.

HUDSON BAY EXPEDITION.

In the House of Commons a few days ago Hon. Mr. Davies announced that the Government had engaged the Newfoundland steamship Diana, 473 tons gross, 80 horse power. Commander Wakenam would have charge of the expedition while Mr. Whitley, of Newfoundland, would be sailing master. Admiral Markham could not join the excursion, but recommended Captain Bourke of the royal navy, who had been invited to take his place. Mr. Fisher, M. P., of Manitoba, would go in the interest of his province. A party from the geological survey would go to assist in the exploration. A general discussion followed Mr. Davies' announcement, several members contending that as the expedition was intended to discover whether Hudson straits were navigable for merchant ships transporting grain, from the northwest the trial ship should be a large ship of the merchant class.

HE BACKED HIS CREED.—The St. Andrew's, N. B., Beacon says: A mild sensation was created at the prayer meeting in the Methodist church at St. Andrew's on Friday night last, when Mr. Allan, the Baptist preacher, arose and endeavored to draw the Methodist pastor, into an argument on the respective merits of the two creeds. He challenged anyone present to produce a passage of Scripture in the New Testament authorizing "sprinkling," and wound up by offering his horse and carriage and fur coat to the person who would bring forward such a text. Some of those present got up and left the church.

A FOOL AND HIS MONEY.—The fools are not all dead. One of them borrowed a sensational newspaper the other day, and discovered an advertisement headed, "How to Make Pants Last." He sent 50c. for instructions, and in due time received the following: "Make the coat and vest first." At last accounts the simpleton was trying to recover his money by legal process.

MOTHERS

Anxiously watch declining health of their daughters. So many are cut off by consumption in early years that there is real cause for anxiety. In the early stages, when not beyond the reach of medicine, Hood's Sarsaparilla will restore the quality and quantity of the blood and thus give good health. Read the following letter: "It is but just to write about my daughter Cora, aged 19. She was completely run down, declining, had that tired feeling, and friends said she would not live over three months. She had a bad

Cough

and nothing seemed to do her any good. I happened to read about Hood's Sarsaparilla and had her give it a trial. From the very first dose she began to get better. After taking a few bottles she was completely cured and her health has been the best ever since." MRS. ADDIE PECK, 12 Railroad Place, Amsterdam, N. Y. "I will say that my mother has not stated my case in as strong words as I would have done. Hood's Sarsaparilla has truly cured me and I am now well." CORA PECK, Amsterdam, N. Y. Be sure to get Hood's, because

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Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists, \$1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. are purely vegetable, reliable and beneficial.

AFTER TEN LONG YEARS

Of Mental and Physical Sufferings and With Common Medicines.

Paine's Celery Compound Completely Cures Mrs Hopper of Thornhill, Ont.

What a blessing it would be to humanity if all suffering men and women knew just what Paine's Celery Compound is able to do.

The work that cannot be done for the sick in long years of experimenting with other medicines is successfully carried to victory by Paine's Celery Compound in a few short weeks.

The cure of Mrs. Hopper fully proves the assertion made above. After years of failures, misery, agony and despondency, Paine's Celery Compound made a "new woman" of one who had become a mere wreck—one who was fast nearing the grave.

Have faith, sufferer! A strong deliverer is ever ready to help you! From today let your hope be centred in Paine's Celery Compound and its power to cure. It has never disappointed any; it cannot fail with you.

Read Mrs. Hopper's wonderful testimony:

"With very great pleasure and satisfaction I wish to add my testimony to what has already been said in favor of Paine's Celery Compound. For a very long time I suffered from general debility and run-down system. Having heard of Paine's Celery Compound, I determined to give it a trial, and I am happy to say it has done for me more good than I can express. For ten years I doctored with other medicines without any good results; but after using Paine's Celery Compound I am perfectly restored to health, can eat well, digestion is good, and my sleep is sweet and sound. Altogether, I am a new woman. I always recommend Paine's Celery Compound to my friends."

England and Germany have agreed on free trade for the Sooloo Islands, over which Spain asserts sovereignty. Arms, ammunition and alcohol are the only dutiable articles.

All the nerve giving and vitalizing properties of the Cocoa Plant are concentrated in a palatable form in Sovereign Cocoa Wine. Ask your druggist for it.

Experience Has Proved It.

A triumph in medicine was attained when experience proved that Scott's Emulsion would not only stop the progress of Pulmonary Consumption, but by its continued use health and vigor could be fully restored.

DR. CLIFT

treats Chronic Diseases by the Salisbury method of persistent self-help in overcoming past errors and Removing causes from the blood. Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Shortness of Breath, Pleurisy, Tuberculosis, Consumption of Lungs or Bowels, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Gastritis, Ulcer, Cancer, Dropsy, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Constipation, Piles, Fissures, Fistula. Diseases of Heart—Valvular, Fatty Enlargement, Palpitation. Of Liver—Jaundice, Diabetic Cirrhosis, etc. Of Kidneys—Albuminuria, Bright's Disease, etc. Of Spleen and Bladder—Cystitis. Of the Blood—Anæmia, Chlorosis, Scrofula, Malaria, Rheumatism, Gout, Sciatica, Scurvy, Purpura. Of Female Organs—Inflammations and Displacements of Womb, Ovaries, Bladder or Bowels. Menstrual irregularities of Sexual Organs. Of Nerves and Spine—Nervous Prostration, Sleeplessness, Decline, Hysteria, Tremors, St. Vitus' Dance, Chorea, Epilepsy, Convulsions, Paralysis, Locomotor Ataxia. Paralysis, Agitans, Softening of Brain. Some forms of Insanity—Dementia, Mania, Hypochondria, Melancholia. Failure of Vision and Voice, Deafness. Of Skin—Eczema, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Syphilis. Tumors, Glandular Fatty, Fibroid, Uterine, Ovarian and Cancer, Goitre, Cretinism, Obesity, Corpulency. Drug and Liquor Habits—Opium, Morphine, Chloral, Cocaine, Tobacco, Stimulants. Of Bones and Joints—Deformities, Curvatures, and Pott's Disease of Spine, Paralysis, Hip Disease, Knock-knee, Bow Legs, Club and Flat Foot, Wry Neck, Rickets, Scrofula, Sore Legs, Varicose Ulcers, etc. Continuous intelligent treatment insures Minimum of suffering and Maximum of Cure, possible in each case. Avoid attempts unaided or under blind leaders.

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THE HEPATICA.

Its dainty blossom seems a thing so frail, Fit for snug shelter and the breeze of May. Yet it is first to hail the lengthening day, Flung wide its perfumed chalice to the gale And cry aloud to all the dozing flowers, Wakerobin and bloodroot in their mossy beds, Anemone and violet—drowsy heads Still dreaming, as they sleep, of summer showers: "Wake, wake! The dreamy winter's past! The snow is gone! Wake up, wake up! Open to April's kiss each petaled cup! See! Sister flowers, spring is here at last!" —J. L. Heaton in "The Quilting Bee."

VAL C. PRINSEP, R. A.

What Is Told of Some of His Experiences While Painting Portraits.

The noted painting of Queen Victoria being crowned empress of India took three years to paint, and the artist, Val C. Prinsep, R. A., had many curious experiences while at work. He went to India in the winter of 1876. The picture is 27 by 13 feet and contains 150 portraits. So it was necessary to have sittings from many Indian potentates. When Holkar was sitting, he grew tired and yawned, and all the court at once engaged in snapping fingers to prevent the devil from leaping down Holkar's throat. Indian ways were new to the English artist, and he attempted to assist unpack his painting materials, but was told it was considered highly degrading to stoop to the shadow of an attempt at manual labor. "Afterward," he said, "I grew so great a personage that if a spot of paint got on my finger tip I leaned languidly back while an attendant wiped it off."

On one occasion, when Holkar was sitting, he grew impatient and manifested it in unmistakable fashion. Said Mr. Prinsep earnestly: "If the great God took five and twenty years to make you as beautiful as you are (Holkar was over 50), how can you expect me to paint you in as many minutes?" The potentate became tractable at once.

One rajah who refused to give the requisite number of sittings also refused to allow Mr. Prinsep to take away his jeweled coat to paint. Finally the artist told the rajah's son unless his father let him borrow the coat he would be obliged to paint the rajah attired in his cook's garment. Prinsep got the coat. Another rajah would not eat in a room where a European had been, and always washed himself after shaking hands with a white man. It was a trying year passed by the artist. He had to compose doggerel poetry to amuse his sitters; witnessed elephant and buffalo fights, and was thrown from his pony over a bridge into a stream. One rajah took some interest in the sittings and asked to be painted fat. He was rather proud of his bulk, and it was reputed that he was able to eat a whole wild boar at one sitting.

On his return from India the queen commanded the sketches be brought her for approval. A van was required for the forty odd sketches, which were arranged in two drawing rooms, and the queen's visit lasted an hour, Mr. Prinsep explaining to her. The great picture was painted in sections of nine feet each. The huge oak frame cost \$1,500.

In the case of the Prinsep picture, "Emperor Theophilus Choosing a Wife," all the women in the picture were painted from models among Prinsep's own friends, many of them women noted as society beauties. One of them he desired to wear an angry look, but could not manage it until he happened to mention her daughter-in-law, whom she hated. Instantly a flash of anger lit the eyes he wanted to paint just so.—Chicago News.

Electric Matches.

The electric match is the next important invention promised. Before very long the phosphorous tipped wooden splints now in use will be replaced by a handy little tool that may be carried in the pocket or hung up conveniently for striking a light when wanted. Twentieth century people doubtless will speak of the "hell sticks" of the present day as primitive and absurd, just as we are disposed to look with scorn upon the flint and steel of our forefathers. Already there is on the market a gaslighter which affords more than a suggestion of the electric match of the future, a twist of the handle generating sufficient electricity to accomplish the purpose; also there are several styles of cigar lighters which depend for their supply of electricity upon storage batteries. For some years past the gas jets in theaters and public buildings have been lighted by the electric spark. Indeed most persons have seen the curious experiment of lighting the gas with the finger after a shuffle across the carpet to generate the electricity needed.

The portable electric lighter is bound to come. Mean while inventors, as shown by the records of the patent office, exercise much ingenuity in trying to improve on the common everyday match. There are matches of bone and matches of pasteboard; also matches made of glass and matches of paper, while one enterprising genius proposes to manufacture matches out of a mixture of oyster shells and clinkers ground up. Not least interesting is a spherical match—a little ball of wood pulp, covered with phosphorous composition. In using it a holder is required, inasmuch as there is no stick, the ignited wood pulp burning slowly until wholly consumed. Thus there is no residue of stick and char to be disposed of, and matches of this kind have the further advantage that they are cheap and can be packed in very small compass, like pills.—Boston Transcript.

Definition.

Hungry Higgins—Wot is a pessimist anyway? Weary Watkins—You know Dismal Dawson?

"Yep." "An the other day you heard 'im say that he believed they would come a time when ev'body would have to work? Well, he's one of them fellers."—Indianapolis Journal.

To Be Taken With the It.

Every dyspeptic should immediately send for a refrigerator. A learned professor of Berlin has announced a new cure for dyspepsia, which consists of locking the patient up in a refrigerator and reducing the temperature to 105 degrees centigrade. If the patient lives, he will recover.—Hardware.

Women's new pebble laced boots, \$1 a pair.—R. K. Jost.

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It is the original. It is the best in use. It is unlike any other. It is the oldest on earth. It is superior to all others. It is the great vital and muscle nerve. It is for internal as well as external use. It is used and endorsed by all athletes. It is a soothing, healing, penetrating Anodyne. It is what every mother should have in the house. It is used and recommended by many physicians everywhere. It is the Universal Household Remedy from infancy to old age. It is safe to trust that which has satisfied generation after generation. It is made from the favorite prescription of a good old family physician. It is marvellous how many ailments it will quickly relieve, heal and cure.

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Present Capital of the Company, - \$70,000.00 Divided into 3,500 Shares of \$10.00 Each. 350 Bonds of \$100.00 Each

The bonds bearing interest at 7 per cent. are redeemable ten years from date of issue, and are to be secured by a first mortgage of all the property, assets, and franchises of the Company to be made to the Eastern Trust Company of Halifax, and by a sinking fund which will provide for repayment of the bonds at maturity.

GUNN & CO., LIMITED, has been incorporated by special Act of the Legislature of Nova Scotia, March 1st, 1897, and under the provisions of its charter it is empowered to purchase all the Mills, Warehouses Properties, Good Wills of A. GUNN & Co., Campbell Road, Halifax, N. S. and BRIGHTLY & PAGE, Upper Water Street, Halifax, N. S., and these properties have been taken over by the Company with a view of further developing same.

A few of the shares or bonds are still unallotted and the Directors beg to draw the attention of merchants and others interested in P. E. I. produce the advantage of being connected with this Company. Each share or bond holder will be advised weekly the state of the European and Local Markets. Hay is a special feature in the business of the company, and their Cold Storage arrangements both on this and the other side of the water will enable them to handle all perishable produce more profitably than hitherto. The Secretary of the company is now staying at the Davies House, Charlottetown, and is prepared to give any information respecting the business.

THE WHEEL

LADIES should see our high heeled Canvas Bicycle Bala and Oxford Shoes. GENTLEMEN'S Bicycle Boots with new ELK HIDE solein Black and Oxblood. BOYS' Bicycle Shoes.

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