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PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 3. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT!

ON AND AFTER
MONDAY, APRIL 29th, 1878.

Trains Going West.

STATIONS.	No. 1 Express.	No. 3 Mixed.	No 5 Mixed
Georgetown	Dp 4.00 pm	Dp 7.30 am	
Cardigan	ar 4.20 "	ar 7.50 "	
M. Stew't Jun	ar 5.25 "	ar 9.20 "	
Royalty Jun.	dp 5.35 "	dp 9.30 "	
Ch'town	ar 6.32 "	ar 10.45 "	
Royalty Jun.	ar 6.50 "	ar 11.05 "	P. M.
N. Wiltshire	dp 6.25 am	dp 11.35 "	dp 5.25 "
Hunter River	ar 6.43 "	ar 11.55 "	ar 5.45 "
Breadalbane	ar 7.18 "	ar 12.50 pm	ar 6.42 "
County Line	ar 7.30 "	ar 1.07 "	ar 7.00 "
Kensington	ar 7.58 "	ar 1.47 "	ar 7.38 "
Summerside	ar 8.05 "	ar 1.57 "	ar 7.48 "
Wellington	ar 8.33 "	ar 2.38 "	ar 8.25 "
Port Hill	ar 9.00 "	ar 3.15 "	ar 9.00 "
O'Leary	dp 9.15 "	dp 3.45 "	
Alberton	ar 9.52 "	ar 4.40 "	
Tignish	ar 10.22 "	ar 5.27 "	
	ar 11.18 "	ar 6.54 "	
	ar 12.00 "	ar 8.00 "	
	ar 12.40 pm	ar 8.50 "	

Trains Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 2 Express.	No. 4 Mixed.	No. 6 mixed
Tignish	Dp 1.50 pm	Dp 6.30 am	
Alberton	ar 2.30 "	ar 7.20 "	
O'Leary	ar 3.13 "	ar 8.57 "	
Port Hill	ar 4.10 "	ar 10.22 "	
Wellington	ar 4.40 "	ar 11.10 "	
Summerside	ar 5.15 "	ar 12.05 pm	A. M.
Kensington	dp 5.30 "	dp 12.40 "	dp 6.30 "
County Line	ar 5.55 "	ar 1.17 "	ar 7.07 "
Breadalbane	ar 6.23 "	ar 1.57 "	ar 7.46 "
Hunter River	ar 6.32 "	ar 2.07 "	ar 7.58 "
N. Wiltshire	ar 7.00 "	ar 2.48 "	ar 8.35 "
Royalty Jun.	ar 7.12 "	ar 3.05 "	ar 8.52 "
Ch'town	ar 7.47 "	ar 4.00 "	ar 9.45 "
Royalty Jun.	ar 8.05 "	ar 4.30 "	ar 10.05 "
Mt. Stewart	dp 8.05 am	dp 3.40 "	
Cardigan	ar 8.23 "	ar 4.00 "	
Georgetown	ar 9.20 "	ar 5.25 "	
	dp 9.40 "	dp 5.45 "	
	ar 10.43 "	ar 7.06 "	
	ar 11.05 "	ar 7.35 "	

SOURIS BRANCH.

Trains Going West.

STATIONS.	No 7 Mixed.	No. 9 Mixed.
Souris	Dp 3.14 p. m	Dp 6.30 a.m.
Harmony	ar 3.31 "	ar 6.52 "
St. Peter's	ar 4.25 "	ar 8.07 "
Morell	ar 4.55 "	ar 8.38 "
M. Stew't Jun.	ar 5.25 "	ar 9.20 "

Train Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 8 Express.	No. 10 Mixed.
M. Stewart Jun	Dp 9.30 am.	Dp 5.35 p.m
Morell	ar 10.02 "	ar 6.15 "
St. Peter's	ar 10.25 "	ar 6.47 "
Harmony	ar 11.23 "	ar 8.02 "
Souris	ar 11.40 "	ar 8.25 "

C. J. BRYDGES, W.M. McKECHNIE,
Gen. Sup. Gov. Railways. Sup't. P. E. I. R.
Ch'town, April 20, 1878—

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1878.

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W. L. COTTON,
Manager Examiner Printing and Publishing Company.
Ch'town, Dec. 6, 1877.

WAGSTAFF'S HOTEL.

THE Subscriber having fitted up the Hotel formerly known as **THE RANKIN HOUSE,** in first class style, is now prepared to give comfortable accommodation to

Permanent and Transient Boarders.

Tourists and others will receive every attention at the Wagstaff's Hotel.

WM. WAGSTAFF.

May 25, 1878.

P. E. I. Starch Manufacturing Co.,

CAPITAL . . \$25,000,
In Shares of \$25.00 each.

THIS COMPANY has been incorporated by Act of Parliament during the present session, and one-third of the Shares have been taken up by the leading men of Charlottetown. Farmers holding Stock in this Company will have the benefit of the preference in the large purchase of produce which the working of the Company entails.

Applications for Shares to be made to Messrs. **Hyndman Bros.,** until the Directors and Officers of the Company are appointed, April 16, 1878—

PAINTING!

THE Subscriber takes this opportunity of thanking the Public for the liberal patronage he has received during the five years he has been in business, and solicits a continuance of the same.

He is now prepared to execute, in a very superior manner, **House, Sign, and Carriage Painting, Paper Hanging, &c.** Special attention is given by him to

WHITENING, COLORING and the DECORATING OF CEILINGS, WALLS, &c.

On hand and made to order—**EVERY DESCRIPTION OF CARRIAGES.**

Carriage Repairing promptly attended to.

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32 Kent St., opp. Rocklin House.
April 2—3m eod

JAMES HOBBS, CABINET MAKER.

Cor. Kent and Prince Streets, Charlottetown.

THE SUBSCRIBER, in returning thanks to his customers and the public generally for past favors, would take this method to solicit a further continuance of their patronage. I am better prepared than ever to execute any orders that may be entrusted to me.

The latest styles of all kinds of Household, Office, Church and School Furniture, made from well-selected and seasoned stock, at short notice.

Special attention paid to Cutting, Making and Laying Carpets.

Repairing neatly done, at short notice I would also invite the attention of Trustees of City and Country Schools to A DESK, one of the Cheapest and Best ever offered here for School purposes. Please call and inspect it at my Show Room.

JAMES HOBBS.

Corner Kent and Prince Streets, } 3m 2aw
Ch'town, Feb. 23, 1878.

St. Lawrence Marine Ins. Co.

OF P. E. ISLAND.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL . . \$120,000.00.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

ARCHIBALD KENNEDY, Esq., President; JOHN F. ROBERTSON, Esq.; ARTEMAS LORD, Esq.; G. D. LONGWORTH, Esq.; W. E. DAWSON, Esq.; THOMAS MORRIS, Esq.; P. W. HYNDMAN, Esq.

Risks taken daily at their Office, Exchange Building.

FRED. W. HYNDMAN,
Secretary.

March 25—1y law

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—AND—

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Special rates for isolated residences. Losses settled promptly.

GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank),
Agent for Prince Edward Island
June, 1877—

Differing Opinions.

The Mackenzie Governments is squarely in favor of a revenue tariff policy.—*Chronicle.*

The issue between the two political parties is whether a revenue tariff shall be maintained or a protective one imposed.—*Toronto Globe.*

The real question at issue is whether the present tariff is the best possible for the present circumstances of Canada. You (the present Government) by your inaction assume the affirmative, and must consequently be held to the position that when unexampled commercial suffering exists in the country, you can, as a Government, do nothing whatever to relieve it. You allege that the cause are beyond your control, and that nature must supply the remedy. I take the contrary position, and affirm that the present tariff is eminently artificial, and therefore, open at all times to beneficial changes; and that in a period of severe distress the duty of the Government is to try the effect of changes. It has a most gloomy and depressing influence upon the mind of the country for the Parliament to assume the attitude of admitted incapacity to afford relief.—*Sir A. T. Galt's Letter to Mr. Mills.*

There are three quotations. Two of them are inspired by members of the present Government.

The first of the three declares in favor of a square revenue tariff.

The second declares that the present tariff is a revenue tariff which must be "maintained."

The third—which is the deliberate utterance of no less a man than Sir A. T. Galt—emphatically declares against the present tariff, affirming it to be "eminently artificial" and capable of "beneficial changes" which will go far to remove the depression now existing in the country.

The present Government have given their adherence to the views set forth in the first two quotations.

Sir John A. D. Tupper, Mr. Colby and the Liberal-Conservative Party generally, have given in their adherence to the policy presented in the third quotation.

The question for the country is whether the tariff shall be so revised that all our industries shall feel the stimulus Sir A. T. Galt declares must come from a change, or whether "the gloomy and depressing influence of admitted incapacity to afford relief acknowledged by the present Government will continue to be the policy of the country."

The real point in all the above, so far as our opponents are concerned, is to be found in the definition of a Revenue tariff.

A Revenue Tariff is an uniform duty on all imports.

Any deviation from that is a Protective Tariff.

Incidental Protection is the protection afforded by a Revenue Tariff.

These are three definitions which ought to be kept in mind.

We have shown, time and time again, upon what principles a Protective Tariff ought to be constructed. Sir John in his resolution brought out the principle.

Will the *Chronicle*, which declares in favor of a square Revenue Tariff, descend to details and tell the public if by a "square Revenue Tariff," Mr. Jones and his colleagues mean that every article of import shall contribute to the Revenue; if not, what it really does mean.—*His. Rep.*

Germany.

The following facts and rumors show the state of public feeling in Germany: The editor and manager of a newspaper at Glauchon has been arrested for the publication of socialistic writings. A Committee has been formed in Berlin to purchase the house No. 18 Unter den Linden, and convert it into a place of religious worship. Numerous manufacturers have resolved to discharge all their workmen attending socialistic meetings. Between twenty and thirty persons persons have been arrested in various towns for expressing regret at the failure of Nobeling to kill the Emperor. At Brunswick and Barmen men were arrested, charged with telling beforehand of Nobeling's attempt. At Hanburg the police closed a socialistic meeting. Some newspapers announce that Nobeling's condition is improved, and that there is some prospect of his recovery, but the story of the surgical operation is false and so also seems the circumstantial account of his admission in the presence of his mother and the police about his accomplices, and drawing lots to determine who would undertake the assassination of the Emperor. The "National Gazette" says that when Nobeling's mother reached the prison he was already unconscious, and has been so ever since. Persons who knew Nobeling intimately at Halle, say he often had fits of insanity. The Kiel "Gazette" says while at Dresden, Nobeling was suddenly seized with the idea that he had found the solution of the Eastern question, and started for London, declaring the determination to submit his plan to the British Government. The London "Telegraph" says: We have authority to state that the rumors about Nobeling's connection with socialist conspirators in England, and about the part taken by the English police in communicating the alleged facts to the German authorities, are entirely baseless. There is some evidence that Nobeling was an extreme social democrat, but both the German and English police have evidence that he had made arrangements which negative the presumption of any premeditated plan to shoot the Emperor.

Church of Scotland.

LETTER FROM HER MAJESTY TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

At the recent meeting of the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland in Edinburgh, the following letter from the Queen was read:—

"To the Right Rev. and well-beloved the Moderator, Ministers, and Elders of the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland.

"Victoria Reg.—
"Right Rev. and well-beloved, we greet you well!

"It is with unfeigned satisfaction that we hail the approach of the time fixed for a renewal of your deliberations, as we are thereby afforded an opportunity of again conveying to you our cordial approbation of the meeting of your venerable and august Assembly, and of assuring you of the affectionate regard in which we hold the Church of Scotland.

"The constant proofs which you have given us of your loyalty and devotion to our person and throne, and of your earnestness in the promotion of true religion, inspire us with the fullest confidence that the same zeal, wisdom and moderation for which your councils have always been distinguished will continue to be shown as heretofore; and we earnestly pray that, under the blessing of Almighty God, your deliberations may be guided to the advancement of the best interests of the Church, and of the moral and spiritual welfare of the congregations committed to your charge.

"Relying upon the eminent qualities and tried judgment of our right trusty and right well beloved cousin, Francis Robert, Earl of Rosslyn, we have appointed him to represent us as Lord High Commissioner during the present Assembly; and we do not doubt that the fidelity and prudence with which he has on former occasions discharged the important duties with which we have thought it fit to entrust them, will not fail to render him acceptable to you, and to ensure for him your cordial cooperation and assistance.

"And so we bid you heartily farewell!

"Given at our Court, at St. James', the 20th day of May, 1878, in the forty-first year of our reign.

"By Her Majesty's command.
(Sgd.) "RICHD. ASSHETON CROSS."

Bayard Taylor's Reception in Berlin.

[From *Smylley's Latest London Letter.*]

I hear from Berlin that Mr. Bayard Taylor arrived there on Saturday; his wife and daughter leaving him at Hanover for a short time to visit Mrs. Taylor's mother, who is ill. From the German frontier onward, everything was made easy for the party. Mr. Taylor was received at Cologne by the highest railway officials, a saloon carriage was reserved for his journey next day, and notice of his coming was evidently sent forward, for at all the principal stations the inspectors appeared and offered their services. At the railway station in Berlin all the members of the American legation and consulate were in attendance to welcome their new chief. On Monday Mr. Taylor was received at the German Foreign Office by Herr Von Balow, and on the following day by the Emperor. The rapidity with which these first receptions and presentations were granted must be interpreted as complimentary to Mr. Taylor and friendly to the country he represents. His speech to the Emperor was in German, and the Emperor, who much prefers the use of his own to any foreign tongue, was exceedingly cordial and pleasant. A semi-official dinner was given Mr. Taylor the same evening by Herr von Balow, at which other members of the ministry and other distinguished persons were present. Mr. Taylor's mission opens with every omen of good will, and of diplomatic success as well, for one of the four cases of contested citizenship pending was decided in favor of the legation shortly after his arrival.

The following is doubtless true enough, but many people will wonder to read it in the *Toronto Globe*: "The *St. John Telegraph's* Hnlitax correspondent writes: Business is generally dull, very dull. The West India trade shows some favorable symptoms. The overhasting drawback is the uncertainty of return cargoes to this port. Were our long-talked-of sugar refinery in operation, there would be no danger as regards return cargoes, and the risk on all ventures to the tropics would be reduced one-half, or even more."

The *Toronto Telegram*, a quasi Independent paper, leaning however Grit-wards, says:—

"There seems to be good reason for believing that it was the intention of the Government to hold the elections before the harvest, and the programme was changed almost at the eleventh hour. It is doubtful, however, if the postponement will redound to the advantage of the Reform party.

"Whether the present Administration will be able to swim safely out of the waters of public opinion or not, is a question which must be left for the Fall to decide. It almost looks as if it dreaded to take the first plunge, and was holding on to the last minute."

Mr. McKenzie, however, thinks he will have a "slight gain" at the elections. Quite slight, we should say.—*Halifax Herald.*