

THE DAILY EXAMINER. MARCH 2, 1894.

BIENNIAL SESSIONS.

The organs of the Government are beginning to discuss themselves of retrenchment. They have awakened to the fact that the dashy policy of last autumn cannot be maintained, and that something must be done besides cutting off the pinnacles of the poor. Last evening the Parliament expressed its willingness that the annual repair of Government House should be discontinued, and that the Legislature would meet once in two years instead of every year.

The first of these propositions seems to be hardly worth while talking about. Having lately been supplied with hot water and drainage, Government House cannot in future necessitate large annual expenditures, while those who remember the future that was raised in prospect of a visit from Lord and Lady Stanley when the late Lieutenant-Governor was not in the official residence, and the fears then expressed lest the Province should be disgraced if unprepared to give its distinguished visitors suitable and hospitable entertainment, will readily admit that a small amount—no more than is absolutely required—may well be afforded to keep the gubernatorial mansion in repair. The result of undue parsimony in respect to Government House would probably be that our Governors-General and other great people would not come to this Province—and we should not care to be passed by any more than to be tacked on, as a tail end, to Nova Scotia.

The proposition most worthy of consideration is that there shall in future be "biennial sessions." Certainly the saving of \$10,000 to \$15,000 every other year is worth while in the present straitened state of our finances. Certainly, if the Peters Party had not neglected the important duty of revising and consolidating our laws, and if the business of the Province were carefully conducted upon business principles by an honest administration, there would be no great need for an annual meeting of the Provincial Legislature. The opportunities which recesses of two years would give a dishonest and extravagant Government to make ducks and drakes of public money and property seem to be the principal objection to the proposed change. If the change is to be effected there must be, at the same time, a complete change in the system of keeping the public accounts and the method of conducting public business. If the public accounts were kept by double entry and included a capital account, and if a statement showing the receipts and expenditures were published every month and a statement showing the exact financial state of the Province published every six months, and if every contract were made in a systematic way by a responsible minister, and if our Provincial laws were first carefully revised and consolidated, the idea of having only biennial sessions of the Legislature might, perhaps, be carried out.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

"Progress with Prudence" is the excellent motto of the new Mayor of Montreal.

The House of Lords and House of Commons have compromised in respect to the Parish Council bill.

Professor Vroom writes to the Halifax Herald to deny the statement concerning the finances of King's College which was recently published. He says that the committee neither protested against the expenditure of trust funds, nor urged upon governors to notify the present staff of professors that their services would not be required after July next.

A close friend of Mr. Winan is reported to have said that the accused is guilty of no crime and of nothing dishonorable. The same person in the course of an interview makes himself authority for the statement that Mr. Winan spent \$30,000 of his own money on his commercial union campaign. A good deal of this money must have been distributed in Canada. Now is the time for the Canadian politicians who got the benefit of the expenditure to show their gratitude.

The Guardian this morning, referring to the imprisonment of the two McGaugheys under process for violation of the Scott Act, states that they "are the two gentlemen against whom High Sheriff Horne and his deputy had an execution for nearly two years." This is a most unparliamentary imputation against the Sheriff and his deputy. It is quite true that the process was lodged with the Sheriff, but the document was not executed because the Sheriff received written instructions from Attorney-General Peters not to execute it until further instructed by him. These further instructions only came a few days ago, and the result is that the offenders are now in jail.

A German specialist, Dr. Cold, has recently pleaded for giving the young people more sleep. A healthy infant sleeps most of the time during the first weeks; and, in the early years, infants are disposed to let themselves sleep as much as they will. But from six or seven, when school begins, there is a complete change. At the age of ten or eleven, the child sleeps only eight or nine hours, when he needs at least ten or eleven, and as he grows older the time of rest is shortened. Dr. Cold believes that, up to twenty, a youth needs nine hours sleep and an adult should have eight or nine. With insufficient sleep, the nervous system, and brain especially, not resting enough and ceasing to work normally, we find exhaustion, excitability, and intellectual disorders gradually taking the place of love of activity and the spirit of initiative.

The Ottawa correspondent of the Toronto News, referring to the appointment of Lieutenant-Governor Howland, says: "Those with whom I have spoken and who are familiar with the politics of the Island, say, one and all, that there is no man who has stronger claims to the position than the Senator. He has always come to the front whenever the interests of his party demanded it, and with no exception has he a superior in debate in the upper chamber in which he holds his seat. He does not speak often, but when he rises to his feet the attention that is accorded him in that chamber is fit striking contrast with the restless manner in which nine-tenths of the old senators listen to any of their colleagues talking on the issues of the day. It has often been remarked that it was a pity that a man so thoroughly versed in Canadian politics and public questions, and having such a practical way of putting his views before the public, should be buried in the Senate Chamber among the many old fossils who go to make up our House of Lords."

The Montreal Star remarks: "Sir John Thompson, Hon. Geo. E. Foster, and Sir Charles H. Tupper come from the Maritime Provinces, and while as members of the Cabinet they represent the whole Dominion, the Provinces which elect them to Parliament may fairly expect them to take care that no injustice is done to the people down by the sea. To lower the iron duties would be to do the Maritime Provinces a grave injustice. Any one who has visited the Maritime Provinces knows that the hotels down there are almost full of commercial travellers from Ontario and Quebec. Nearly every Montreal and Toronto business house of any standing has men travelling through those provinces, and every town and city in central Canada sends its quota of agents down there to drum up trade. We send the people of those provinces large quantities of flour and all kinds of manufactured articles. And what do we buy from them in return? Almost nothing but coal and iron. We do buy large quantities of coal, and the iron business is rapidly attaining large proportions, but the lowering of the iron duties would paralyze the iron industry, and most injuriously affect the coal mines. How intimately the coal-mining and iron-making industries are associated may be appreciated when it is stated that the Ferrons iron mines, of Pictou County, N. S., alone consumed ninety thousand tons of coal last year, although the furnace only went into blast in the spring."

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

CAUSE OF FIRE—AN ENQUIRY.

Sir,—An incident happened here a few days ago which may go a great way toward explaining the cause of fires, the origin of which has hitherto remained a mystery. A neighboring farmer's wife was awakened by a noise in an adjoining room resembling water dripping, and getting up to investigate, she found that a box containing a number of tallow candles had taken fire. The candles had been made a day or two previously and were carefully placed in a pasteboard box on a shelf. By some means they had taken fire, and the melted tallow falling upon the floor had caused the noise. So hot was the box that when the lady seized it she was severely burned. The wick used in making the candles was common cotton warp. There was nothing else in the box. Now, if spontaneous combustion is possible under such circumstances, the public should be informed on the matter. Would you please direct the attention of Prof. Harcourt to the matter, and him to kindly give an explanation of it in your next issue.

FATHER STRUBLE REMEMBERED.

The members of St. Ann's Young Men's Society, of Montreal, presented a purse to their spiritual director, the Rev. Father Struble, on the occasion of his approaching departure for a three months' holiday in his native Belgium. The Rev. Father replied suitably, and assured his hearers of his intention to return at the expiration of his holiday. Father Struble conducted a mission in St. Dunstan's Cathedral, Charlotetown, a few years ago. He has not only belonged to the congregation of the Holy Redeemer. After brilliant studies in the Jesuitical College of St. Louis at Bruges, Belgium, he entered the seminary of the secular clergy. For five years he was professor in a Flemish school. He worked with such industry that the King of the Belgians decorated him with the civic cross. The Rev. Father asked to enter the Romanist Order, which would furnish him with greater opportunities for practicing the charity which has been so extensively appreciated in Montreal. He always devoted himself to the poorer classes, and in all his missions in Belgium he was known as a friend of the needy. The Rev. Father and many delicate tasks to perform in social life and he acquired himself honorably. Mr. Fabre having asked the Pope for some devoted missionaries for the Irish parish of St. Ann, Montreal, the Rev. Father came to Montreal. Father Struble did not know the English language, but he set to work learning and in six months' time he was able to preach.

NEWS NOTES.

Quebec's total revenue for 1893 was \$561,151.93, and the total debt \$6,042,806.20.

Two French-Canadian youths are after a \$12,000,000 estate in New York, and likely to get it.

William Waldorf Astor has subscribed \$10,000 to the fund for the relief of the unemployed in New York.

The most demand of the Northwest is for the ballot in parliamentary elections. The open voting which prevails there is a peculiarity of the law that has nothing in particular to commend it. It should go.

A railroad deal of vast importance to shipping interests has been made. It is the purchase of the Erie and Huron railway by a syndicate of New York and Cleveland capitalists. The railway is in the Province of Ontario. It is eighty miles long and runs from Hamilton harbor, Lake Erie, directly opposite Cleveland, to Sarnia, opposite Port Huron, on the St. Clair River. The road is crossed by all the trunk lines of Canada.

The United States House of Representatives has been shocking public opinion by sitting on Washington's birthday. Not long since the Canadian House of Commons sat on the Dominion's birthday, and the British House of Commons lately broke the record and sat on the New Year's birthday. English-speaking legislators seem to be forgetting all the landmarks that old association has made sacred.

A CROSS IN THE HEAVENS.—A late despatch from Oil City, Pa., says: "At 10 o'clock last night thousands of people in this city and vicinity were gazing at a marvelous spectacle in the heavens. High towards the zenith in the east a huge cross, white in color, and indescribably brilliant, blazed in the sky, while the moon, encircled by starlight, made a beautiful centre piece. At each corner of the cross appeared to be huge balls of fire of all colors of the rainbow. The phenomenon lasted for half an hour. The meteorologists who were called in by saying that it was caused by a peculiar condition of the atmosphere and the presence of a thin cloud that formed a sort of lens, causing a refraction of the rays of the light from the moon."

London, Feb. 27.—Rear Admiral Frederick G. Bedford, commander-in-chief of the Cape of Good Hope and west coast of Africa station, telegrams from Barbours, under date of yesterday, that the slaves entered the British colony, and attacked Commander Corbett at daylight. The British force and the enemy were engaged for two hours, and the latter was eventually driven back. Only three marines were wounded during this engagement.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Advertisements under this heading charged for at the rate of ten cents per line.

Hood's sarsaparilla at Reddin Bros. Stylish hats—Don't you think you had better put away that cap and treat yourself to one of Prowse Bros' nice, nobby hats. It seems to be the only place in the city where you can get a hat up to the times. Look at our window and you will see the hats your fathers wore. Don't buy them; get a stylish one at Prowse Bros' stylish hats.

10 cases new goods per S.S. Stanley at Reddin Bros. Those white cotton remnants are going fast. Call early—Moore & McLeod.

Sanderson & Co. are selling 3 lbs. sugar biscuit for 25 cents; 3 lbs. fruit, 25 cents; 3 lbs. Boston crackers, 25 cents; 2 lbs. milk lunch, 21 cents. Other kinds at like reductions.—Sanderson & Co.

Room Paper—Call and see our sample book of odd lots. Big bargains—Moore & McLeod.

Getting cut up—Our stock of carpets. No wonder, the low prices asked for such extra quality would cut up anything. Ladies, if you want 1 yard of carpet, better spring, don't pay away your cents before first seeing our stock—Jas Paton & Co. the reliable carpet men.

Don't get wet, when we have the latest in ladies' and gentlemen's waterproofs. One hundred to select from. One set consisting of one hundred will clear at 50 cents each to \$2. Reason: They are slightly out of style, but we guarantee them waterproof—Paton & Co., the Reliable.

White Cotton Remnants.—One case just received, selling at 25 per cent less than regular rates. Any length, from one yard up, any quality, any price. Call early, they're going fast.—Moore & McLeod.

The fine Scotch oatmeal (in tins) for 25 cents at Sanderson & Co's. 126 1w eod

It will pay you to see our large stock of suiting and trousers and get our prices.—John McLeod & Co. 124 1w

USE SKODA'S DISCOVERY, the great blood and Nerve Remedy.

Business Men

are covered by the Canada Accident Ass. Co., by a special Policy at an exceedingly low premium.

AGENT FOR P. E. ISLAND, E. R. BROW BROWN'S BLOCK, CH'TOWN.

TELEGRAPHIC.

SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER PARLIAMENT PROROGUED.

The Radicals and the Leadership.

HENRY LABOUCHERE'S ULTIMATUM.

LONDON, March 2.

After the debate in the House of Commons yesterday, Edward Majoribanks, Secretary and yesterday that the Premier would be prorogued on Monday until March 12th.

Henry Labouchere protested against the succession of Lord Rosebery to the premiership. He said if the Premier was not taken from the House of Commons the Radicals would desert the Liberal party.

GLADSTONE'S RETIREMENT.

His Failing Eyesight, Deafness and Advanced Age.

LONDON, March 2.

The News Agency is authority for the statement that Mr. Gladstone's Private Secretary and yesterday that the Premier's resignation will be forthcoming in a very short time, the circumstances to which it is due being such as to admit of little if any further delay. The Secretary said that at yesterday's audience Mr. Gladstone informed the Queen that his failing eyesight, deafness and advanced age, made it imperative that he should relinquish the cares and responsibilities of office.

McCreery and Connolly.

OTTAWA, March 2.

Messrs. McCreery and Connolly yesterday afternoon obtained their liberty.

Nicholas Connolly arrived here last evening and was met at St. Lawrence Hall by a number of his friends, who warmly congratulated him upon his release. The Government's action in the matter has given perfect satisfaction here. McCreery went on to Quebec.

THE SOCIETY OF ARTS of Canada (Limited), MONTREAL.

CAPITAL STOCK, - \$100,000.

A Society established with a view to disseminate the taste for art, to encourage and help artists.

Incorporated by Letters Patent of the Government of Canada, the 27th February, 1893.

GALLERY OF PAINTINGS No. 1666 and 1668 Notre Dame St., Montreal.

One of the highest Galleries of Paintings in Canada.

ADMISSION FREE, from 10 o'clock, a. m. to 4 p. m.

All the Paintings are originals, mostly from the French school, the leading modern school.

Eminent Artists, such as Francois Rochegrosse, Aulet, Baran, Pesant, Petitjean, Maris Roy, Scherrer, Saunay and a great many others, are members of this Society.

Price of Paintings at easy terms. Next distribution of Paintings between the Society and Scripsholders on 28th February. Price of Scripium, \$1.00. Ask for Catalogue and Circular.

H. A. A. BRAULT, Director. jan17-mw17

Oranges and Lemons.

225 Boxes arrived to-day per Stanley. Choice Fruit, first of the season.

mech1-2i CARVELL BROS'

On the Square!

PROWSE BROS. keep a Retail Store Quite near the Market Square; All those who want Gen's Furnishings Are sure to find them there. They're giving bargains every day, So go and get your share; Don't buy elsewhere until you've called At PROWSE'S, on the Square. In Overcoats, and Beavers, too, They're offering bargains rare; While Underclothing is quite cheap At PROWSE'S, on the Square. A doctor's bill you'll have to pay If that Hat or Cap you wear; You'd better buy a nice Felt Hat At PROWSE'S, on the Square. No need to stay at home from church Because you're naughty to wear; When you can buy a Suit quite cheap At PROWSE'S, on the Square.

feb3-eod

WE WANT TO SEE YOU IN OUR STORE THIS WEEK.

Have Somethin' Very Special. Don't Miss It.

J. M. McLEOD & CO., QUEEN STREET.

Charlotetown, February 27, 1894-ly

GOFF BROTHERS.

Headquarters for Genuine French Calf Hand-Made Boots, ALSO RUBBERS AND RUBBER BOOTS.

Leave your measure for a pair of our superior Hand-made Boots for Spring

Business Men

are covered by the Canada Accident Ass. Co., by a special Policy at an exceedingly low premium.

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MEMORANDUM NOTES.

Business is getting lively here to what it was a while ago. There are a great many people employed hauling cord wood to the factories, as there is eight of them being supplied with Minnigash Harbor and about twenty-five fishing stages.

I hear that the Engineer was here the other day laying off some new work on the breakwater. It will be another chance for the farmers to sell their lumber. I think our Dominion Government will get a good deal off here the next coming election, especially if the inspector of this work is a resident of the place, as the last one was imported and there was a considerable lot of grumbling.

Captain Paul T. Costain is busy dredging out the harbor and making quite a success of it. He certainly deserves credit for it badly needed deepening, and it is to be hoped that our Dominion Government will not forget him, as I understand he is doing it at his own expense.

The Examiner is eagerly looked for every Tuesday, which ought to come on Friday if our mails were carried according to regulations, but it is always welcome if it is behind time.

REPLY TO "FAIRPLAY."

Sir,—About a month ago there was published in your paper a letter headed "A Hardworking Clergyman," giving a brief account of the Methodist minister's work at Souris last summer and fall. The account was not by any means exaggerated one, and was literally true in all particulars. No one, at the time it appeared, thought of calling in question its veracity. It seems, however, that after nearly a month's quietude, a number of persons, who are not known to me, signed himself "Fairplay," has suddenly wakened up to find fault, not with the letter itself, but with the heading of it. Why he delayed noticing it so long is best known to himself, but perhaps he is a victim of weather and obscurity of location had something to do with it. Anyway, as he is desirous that justice be "meted to all men," I shall try to accommodate him as well as I can.

And first, let me tell him that the Methodist minister at Souris is no novice in the ministerial harness. He has borne the heat and burden of it ever since he entered the ministry considerably over a quarter of a century ago, and although now a little the worse for the wear so far as throat trouble is concerned, looks back with pleasure and satisfaction to the time when he used to drive fifty and sixty miles of a day to fill his appointments, and that, too, without murmuring or whining, as too many of the tenderfoots in this part of the day are apt to do. He is too old a worker, though the missionary field not to know what hard work is. He is still a worker, though at present he does not drive the fifty and the "ten miles further," which "Fairplay" says the other man has to drive. Speaking of driving reminds me that that is not the hardest part of a minister's work.

True, if he happens to own a lazy horse, bound when he comes to a gate or meet anyone to stop short, never to go again, his journeyings to and from may require a certain amount of manual labour that makes life on the road not so easy as it might be. But a minister's work is rarely not to be reckoned by the long drives he makes, so much as by the solid mental and moral work he puts forth in the pulpit, in the home, in the school, in the home, and in his intercourse with the world. Everyone acquainted with the minister at Souris knows that in these respects he ranks among the best. He can, therefore, afford to treat with silent contempt the insinuations of "Fairplay," who ought to know, by this time, that the Methodists of Souris, though few in number, are not an "unhappy set," that their work is not a "stagnant pool," and that they are, in fact, doing a noble work in the world.

That good hogs are bred and fattened in this Province is an established fact. But it is also undeniable that those well bred hogs could not, to any extent be produced by Mr. Dillon's method. It is well known that the farmers rearing such would not dispose of them, and he was specially designed to be fattened with whey and crushed grain.

Mr. Hughes should know that all animals are bred in most instances for the purposes for which they are intended, and in the case of pigs the principle of evolution is most apparent. The hog, in its wild and savage state possesses a massive head, with enormous tusks that serve as weapons of assault or defence, and the case may be, while the wild kind quarters are thin and light in order to accelerate his movements; but when brought under the influence of civilization the head gradually diminishes, the tusks that in the wild progenitor were so valuable horns of the unicorn, are rarely seen, the body presents a proportionate and uniform appearance, and is susceptible of laying on flesh at a rapid rate under skillful treatment. It becomes apparent, by a series of evolving circles we have an animal completely transformed, destitute of some of its old characteristics, new ones being acquired, and thus we have the humanized hog under the most evidently changed conditions, that what he gained in fat he lost in pluck.

The pigs that Mr. Dillon was forced to buy, for reasons already assigned, were bred known on the Island as the shab-sided razor-lacked clam digger, concerning which Mr. Hughes is no doubt conversant, and in his leisure hours at Ottawa can trace back their pedigree, as he will in all probability find that they are of the same strain as the swine into which the evil spirit entered on the banks of

Spring Medicines.

Ayer's and Hood's Sarsaparilla. Radway's Ready Relief. Dyer's Extract of Malt. Maltine Preparations. Bark and Blood Bitters. Get's and Haver's Iron Tonic. South American Nervine.

All Fresh Stock at

DAVIES' DRUG STORE, ST. GEORGE PHARMACY.

mech2

Choice No. 1 Hay.

100 Tons now at Pictou. Orders received will be shipped promptly after arrival of "Stanley" to any Station direct from Georgetown.

CARVELL BROS. Ch'town, March 2, 1894—31 eod bus.

ORANGES.

Just received, 25 Cases Oranges, selling at 15 cents a dozen.

W. A. HUTCHESON. mech2-dy 21 then eod tv gear pat.

FOUND.

"After careful ANALYSIS of samples of WOODILL'S GERMAN BAKING POWDER, purchased by me at several Groceries, I found them PURE, WHOLESOME, WELL PROPORTIONED."

GEORGE LAWSON, Ph. D., L. L. B., Halifax. feb27

What are the mill news saying? The MILLER'S PEBBLE. SING HIC TOBACCO. BRIGHT MILD & PURE.

Tobacco is man's most universal luxury; the fragrant aroma of Mastiff Plug Cut starts people to pipe smoking, even those who never used tobacco before

J. B. Pace Tobacco Co., Richmond Virginia, and Montreal, Canada.

THE SEED BUSINESS.

To those not acquainted with us, the following facts may prove interesting.—We have carried on a Seed Business in this city for fourteen years. We have always tried to merit success, have kept the best Seeds procurable, sold at moderate prices, and treated our customers as well as possible. Our business has increased year by year, and the largest increase of all was in 1893. For many years we have had the largest Seed Business in P. E. Island. We have now the largest business of the kind in the Maritime Provinces. Nothing but genuine merit in the Seeds we sell could have brought about these results.

FOLLOW THE CROWD!

This is a wise rule when buying seeds. People don't rush to buy poor seeds, but they do crowd to Carter's Seed Store every season, because they know the value of the seeds. This is not "blow" but simple fact. Poor seeds sell their own story when they grow, so do good ones. Buy those that have told a good story for years past. They are CARTER'S.

Send for our Seed Catalogue for 1894. Ready 15th March.

Geo. Carter & Co., SEEDSMEN.

Charlotetown, - P. E. Island.

Read James Paton & Co's. Daily Announcement.

'STILL IT HUMS.' No wonder. Who ever heard of such LOW PRICES for Carpets? NOT ONE LOT, but all our stock getting cut up with eager buyers. MADAM!—Now's your chance! Get your Husband to visit PATON'S Great