THE DAILY EXAMINER.

MAY 17, 1884.

Editorial Notes.

—Reports from all the cattle ranches in the North-west are very encouraging.

—The Lumberman's *Gazette* states that of the 906 blast furnaces in England on March 1st, 1884, 488 were in operation and 410 were idle!

—Mr. VanHorne, general manager for the Canada Pacific Railway Company says that the Company are not now in any financial difficulty, and that the members of the Company now in Great Britain are not now engaged in raising money. He also denies most positively that there is any arrangement pending between the Canada Pacific and the Grand Trunk Railway Companies.

—It will be interesting to note the relative public debts of the following countries, per head of population, according to the last censuses:—

	Debt per head.		
United Kingdom	£21	17s.	8d.
Canada	7	11	1
Austro-Hungary	8	14	6
France	21	1	9
Holland	19	11	10
Swedan and Norway	25	17	9
Mexico	8	13	11
United States	7	12	4
Australasia	33	17	4

A comparison of the taxes paid would also show that the people of Canada are more lightly taxed than any of the other countries in the above list.

—Here is a warning for our City Council:

"WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., May 7.—The members of the City Council of Williamsport were to-day indicted for maintaining a nuisance in failing to keep up the streets of the city."

With this example staring them in the face, it is hoped that our city fathers will make every effort they can, consistently with the state of the weather, to repair the streets and sidewalks of Charlottetown. But if they will persist in bidding defiance to public opinion, and in ignoring the demands of the Press, decent people will be driven to take action against them in the Courts.

—Mr. Gladstone exhibited the key to his policy concerning the Soudan, when in speaking on Sir Michael Hicks-Beach's motion of want of confidence, he said:—

"The demands of honorable gentlemen amount to a war of conquest against a people struggling to be free. The war which El Mahdi is waging is a was for freedom. It is that which the honorable gentleman wishes England to put down?"

And again,—

"I have a duty to Gen. Gordon and a duty to the country. Both will be performed. Despite the scoff of the honorable gentleman at the climate danger and difficulty, it may be the duty of the Government to plant a British force in that terrible country, but the Government declines to be driven on without considering the blood, the honor, and the treasure of England. And the Government also declines to enter upon a vast scheme of conquest to please a captious opposition."

—It is reported that capitalists in Copehagen have come forward in support of a scheme to bring Iceland and Greenland into direct communication with Great Britain and America. It is purposed to start from Thurso, in Scotland, from there to run to the Faroe Islands, and from the Faroe Islands to Iceland, and from Iceland to the west coast of Greenland; and from whence it dips southward to St. Lawrence Bay, striking the American continent finally at Gaspe Habour. The total length of the cable is to be 3,150 miles. The longest section will be less than 900 miles, and on that account it is anticipated that it will do the work of any two of the cables now uniting Europe and America. The scheme, it is said, has not yet advanced beyond the stage of project, but holders of Anglo-Americans stock are likely to have a lively time.

—Some persons talk about the rapid increase of the debt of Canada. But it is nothing like as rapid as that of Australia. Here are figures showing the debt of Australia in 1873 and in 1881:

	1873.	1881.
Victoria	£12,445,722	£22,426,502
New South Wales	10,842,415	16,924,019
Queensland	4,782,850	13,245,150
South Australia	2,174,960	11,196,800
West Australia	35 000	511.000
Tasmania	1,477.600	2,003,000
New Zealand	10,913,936	29,659,111
Total	£42.672,423	£95,965,582

The increase of debt in this period was, says the Montreal *Gazette*, no less than £53,293.159, or about $266,450,000, and the debt in 1881 stood at $470,000,000 in round numbers, or about $170 per head of the population, which numbered 2,742,550 souls by the census of that year. Compare these figures with the debt of Canada. In 1874 the Dominion had a debt of $108.324.965, and in 1883 a debt of $158,466,715, an increase in this period of nine years of $50,000,000 or about one-sixth the increase in Australia's debt, while the *per capita* debt of Canada to-day is only $35 as against a *per capita* debt of $170 in Australia in 1881.

—The Board of License Commissioners announce that they will require on the part of the persons to whom vendors' licenses are granted, the strictest adherence to the requirements of the law in selling only for medicinal purposes upon the certificates of medical men, or for manufacturing purposes upon the certificate of two Justices of the Peace. In order that the law may be properly carried out in this respect, the Board will require that a return shall be made half yearly or oftener, if deemed necessary, to the Chief Inspector of the County of all sales, with the names of the purchasers, in the same form as is required to be annually made to the Collector of Inland Revenue under the Canada Temperance Act. They remind vendors that under the Liquor License Act, the Inspector is empowered to enter and inspect all licensed premises, and to examine any part of such premises and take an account of the liquor therein, and he may demand samples of the liquor for the purpose of analysis if he has any reason to suspect that it is adulterated. As much harm is done by the sale of adulterated liquor, the Inspector will be expected to exercise this right and to take proper means for ascertaining if liquor sold by any licensed parties is adulterated, and also of punishing the person selling any such liquor in the manner pointed out by the Act. The Board further intimate that the conviction of any vendor for violation of his license, or for selling adulterated liquor will be a strong ground for cancellation of the licenses granted to him, and that any such violation of the law on the part of wholesale dealers who are licensed, will operate strongly against them in any applications they may make for a renewal of their licenses after they have expired. To applicants for license to sell by wholesale, the Board intimate that they have unanimously determined to refuse certificates for wholesale licenses for the current year to any persons who have been convicted of a violation of the Canada Temperance Act within the last twelve months, and that they will refuse new licenses to any of those parties to whom they are now granted if they are convicted of a violation of the law during the term they hold their license, unless satisfactory proof is given that the violation of the law was not wilful or intentional. These are good regulations; and we hope that public opinion will support the Board and the Inspectors in carrying them out. But what's to be done about the bad liquor sellers who are not licensed?

City Council.

THE ASSESSMENT BY-LAW PASSED—ASSESSMENT ONE AND ONE-TENTH.

AT a special meeting of the City Council, held last evening, the estimates submitted and published in THE EXAMINER a few days ago were discussed and passed. The usual by-law for levying an assessment was read a first and second time, and the rate of assessment agreed upon was 1-10, instead of 1 1-9, as estimated, and one-half of one per cent. on incomes.

A by-law authorizing a discount of 2½ per cent. on promptly paid taxes was also read a first and second time. Both were ordered to be read a third time at a special meeting to be held this morning.

During the debate on the Assessment Act, which was moved by Councillor Morris and seconded by Councillor Tanton, Councillor Murphy said he was satisfied with the rate and would have voted for less if the ruling power in the Council had moved a lower rate; but he was fully satisfied, in his own mind, that there would be a deficit at the end of the year. He referred to the cutting down of the school estimates, as furnished by the school trustees, who had the power under the act to enforce payment of every dollar asked by them. He also referred to the small amount appropriated for the streets, and said they were never so bad as at the present time. Still a smaller amount was to be voted for that service this year than last. If this policy was to be carried out, the city would have a number of law suits on hand; and it was far better to spend the money in repairs to our streets than in law.

COUNCILLOR TANTON was surprised to hear Councillor Murphy talk about deficits. Why, our local Government had a large deficit last year. The School Board were extravagant and the Act should be changed to allow the city control of the expenditure on schools.

COUNCILLOR CRABBE was surprised at the statement made by Councillor Tanton. He expected him to fully explain the estimates submitted, instead of which they are thrown together in a lump sum that no person can understand; but the Fire Department estimates that were submitted by the Chief Engineer, had been reduced some three hundred dollars by Councillor Tanton, while he had been assured by the Chief that every dollar asked for would be spent. A new boiler is required for the Silsby that had not been provided for in the estimates. If this policy is to be carried out, what rate will we have to pay for insurance? The rates have already been increased, with a notice that a further increase will take place unless our Fire Department is placed in a more efficient state.

COUNCILLOR DOUSE wished there were no Insurance Companies in the place. He said it was not for the want of water that the fire on Queen Square took place.

COUNCILLOR MORRIS said the insurance rates were raised previous to the last fire.

COUNCILLOR CRABBE asked His Honor the Recorder if while on duty the boiler of the Silsby exploded and any person was injured, how far the city would be responsible for damages.

RECORDER—If the proper authorities were notified of the state of the boiler, and an explosion takes place, and any damage done, the city no doubt would be liable.

COUNCILLOR MORRIS—We have not been notified that the boiler is unsafe.

COUNCILLOR DAVEY—The matter has been brought before the Fire Department.

COUNCILLOR MURPHY—The Chief Engineer is present. I move that he be heard in reference to the state of the boiler.

COUNCILLOR MORRIS—We do not want to hear the Chief Engineer.

The motion was then put and lost.

A communication from Carvell Bros., asking for extension of lease of Pownal Wharf, was referred to a committee.

A letter from the Salvage Corps was referred to the Financial Committee.

At a special meeting held this morning at 10 o'clock the assessment by-law was read a third time and passed.

The by-law allowing a discount for the prompt payment of taxes was also read a third time and passed.

Both by-laws were ordered to be published in the WEEKLY EXAMINER and *Weekly Patriot* for three weeks, and in the DAILY EXAMINER and *Daily Patriot* twice a week for three weeks.

A letter was read from Chief Engineer Large stating that the Engineer had examined the boiler of Silsby Engine, and pronounced it unsafe. A motion was passed authorizing the Fire Wardens to have the boiler of Silsby tested.

Previous to adjournment Councillor Tanton moved a resolution of regret and of censure because the Local Legislature did not comply with the Council's request for authority to raise a revenue that they might be able meet the debts left as a legacy to the city by the extravagance of the predecessors of the present Council. The resolution was a speech in itself.

COUNCILLOR MURPHY said the meeting was specially called to pass the assessment by-law, and that no other business could be transacted; but if the resolution was laid over to the next meeting he would be better enabled to combat it. The resolution, he said, was sprung up on the Council. It was out of order and should be laid over in justice to all concerned.

Councillors Tanton and Morris insisted on putting it to a vote.

Councillors Crabbe and Koughan strongly objected, and the latter gentlemen left the room in disgust.

COUNCILLOR MURPHY made another appeal for fair play and free discussion of the subject, but

COUNCILLOR TANTON insisted on pressing it to a vote, and it was, therefore, put and carried, only Councillors Murphy and Crabb voting against it.

The Council then adjourned.

Notes on Tree Planting.

St. Peter's boys and girls schools have each decided to plant a tree on Rochford Square on the Queen's Birthday; and both boys and girls have engaged to watch and protect, as well as they can, the growing trees. This is a good idea—a good example. It will be a great pleasure for our boys and girls, when they grow old, to walk or sit under the shade of stately trees which, when they were young, they helped to plant and to care for. Other schools in the town will, no doubt, follow this good example; and we shall see our boys and girls, generally, as careful for the growing trees as the men and women—perhaps more so.

"Arbor Day" was well observed in the city of Quebec. The *Chronicle* says:—"Officially, about 800 choice trees were planted; unofficially there were as many more.

The Moncton *Times* is advocating the planting of trees in that town.

Supreme Court.

MAY 17.

McDonald *vs.* Kennedy.—The rule for a new trial on this case was made absolute.

McNevin *vs.* McNevin.—In this case judgment was given last week, when the Chief Justice was in favor of the plaintiff, and Mr. Justice Peters was in favor of defendent. The Court being thus equally divided a motion was made by the defendant's counsel for leave to argue the case over, when Mr. Justice Hensley would be on the bench and be able to take part in judgment. This motion was yesterday allowed by the Court and the argument set down for Monday.

The Court stands adjourned until Monday the 19th.

Gould in an Optimistic Mood.

THE RECENT FAILURES NOT DUE TO STOCK SPECULATIONS.

Jay Gould, in an interview with a reporter on the 12th instant, said that he saw no cause for alarm in the failure of the Marine Bank and Grant & Ward. The failure of those concerns could not be attributed to stock speculation, and he pointed to the fact that the losses to all members of the Stock Exchange on account of the failures, were less than $5,000, as the best evidence of the truth of his assertion. "This fact," said he, "appears to be entirely overlooked." Mr. Gould did not anticipate any further suspensions. Speaking of the stock market, Mr. Gould was of the opinion that many stocks were very much below their value and the prices must soon take an upward turn. When asked what effect the election would have on business, he stated that he did not think it would effect stocks, and that the selection of any particular candidate would not matter much. He thought the action of the Democratic party showed that they were much divided on the question of protection; and that this issue would cause a split in their ranks. This he viewed as an assurance to the country against any violent changes in the tariff for some time to come. Both parties must, he said, nominate good men, and if this was done it mattered little who was elected. In conclusion, Mr. Gould stated that he saw nothing in the business or political situation that should give any cause for alarm. He thought the condition of affairs generally satisfactory.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

Work on the Streets.

SIR,—Instead of repairing the numerous ruts on our principal thoroughfares and making our sidewalks partially safe to walk upon, our active(?) Street Committee have had a gang of able-bodied(?) men, six in number, working the whole of the present week spreading a few loads of refuse before the premises of our City Surveyor, on Hillsborough Street. This work is not at all necessary, as this street is in a passably good condition and not very much travelled, whereas Queen, Water and other important streets, are in a frightfully dangerous condition. The snail progress made by the workmen is the subject of general remark. They seem afflicted with *slow* fever. Surely our City Council are exemplifying to the very letter their incapacity and showing "how not to do it."

CITIZEN.

HUMORS of the stomach, salt rheum, and all blood disorders, are radically cured by Ayer's Sarsaparilla. [m12 1w wkly.

Charade.

As I went awalking one moraing in May,
I carelessly wandered along the highway,
To view the gay scenes of the landscape so fair,
And inhale the sweet odor of the fresh balmy air.
The greeting I got from each dear friend I met,
Tickles my fancy when I think of it yet.
Ten letters just spell what each said to me,
Where the puzzle comes in, they only sound three.
Ye wits and you bards and all who know how
Please send me the answer a fortnight from now.

LARGE DISCOUNT

OFF EVERYTHING,

While we remain in our Present Store.

WE ARE OFFERING

Watches	at from	15 to 30 p. c.	discount.
Rings	"	"	"
Braclets	"	"	"
Gold Set, B & E	at from	20 to 30	"
Necklet & Bracelet	"	15 to 30	"
Cruet Frames	"	25 to 30	"
Clocks	"	15 to 30	"

Pencil and Toothpicks at half price.

E. W. TAYLOR,
Queen Street.

Ch'town, May 17.

NEW GOODS!

In Store and to Arrive:

105 brls. Refined Sugar,
5 brls. Porto Rico Sugar,
50 puns. Choice Molasses,
25 casks Kerosene,
50 doz Brooms,
15 boxes Cheese,
250 brls. Kent (Patent Roller),
50 brls. Beaver "
250 brls. Evangeline (Superior Extra),
125 brls. Tranquility "
125 brls. Extra,
125 brls. Spring Extra.

—ALSO—

Raisins, Currants, Beans, Baking Soda, Washing Soda, Pails, Soap, Matches, Wrapping Paper, Sole Leather, etc.

For sale at lowest prices.

FENTON T. NEWBERY.

May 17—3i wkly her sj 2i

BANK NOTICE.

THE undermentioned Banks beg to notify the public that, on and after 2nd July next, their office hours will be from ten till three o'clock (without interval). Saturdays from ten till one o'clock.

For the Dominion Savings Bank,
PERCY POPE,
Manager.

For the Bank of Nova Scotia,
GEO. MACLEOD,
Manager.

For the Merchants Bank of Halifax,
F. H. ARNAUD,
Agent.

Ch'town, May 17, 1884—pa' tl july 1

FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale all those beautiful grounds adjoining the Hon. Judge Young's property, comprising Town Lots Nos. 26 and 71, in 5th 100, Charlottetown, having a front on Fitzroy Street of 84 feet, and a depth through to Euston Street of 320 feet, with a front thereon of 84 feet.

—ALSO—

A Building Lot, 75 feet square, on Orlebar Street, near Euston Street.

BENJ. DESBRISAY.

Ch'town, May 17—sa mo we fr

LOBSTER FISHERMEN.

FOUR FISHERMEN wanted to fish Lobsters at Tracadie. Apply to

MORRIS & HYNDMAN.

May 17—3i

COAL. COAL.

JUST ARRIVED per schooner Bounty from Pictou,

100 tons Intercolonial Round Coal.

Will be sold at $3.25 (cash) per ton from vessel.

ALSO, TO ARRIVE NEXT WEEK,

100 tons Acadia Nut Coal.

Will be sold at $2.75 (cash).

CAPT. JOHN HUGHES,
Water Street.

Ch'town, May 13, 1884—3aw tf

HOME INDUSTRIES.

P. E. ISLAND SOAP WORKS.

FULL LINES in Maple Leaf, Acme, Spruce Bud, Mottled, Island Bouquet. Value fully equal to imported Soaps.

BEER & SONS,
Proprietors.

Ch'town, April 21, 1884—1m eod

TO SECURE THE

LARGEST CROPS

of Grain, Grass and Vegetables, every farmer should use

THE BAY STATE FERTILIZER.

This is the best and most economical Chemical Manure in the market, and can be used with profit by all classes of Farmers and Gardeners.

Farmers who used it last year are applying for MUCH LARGER QUANTITIES now.

I have sufficient of this fertilizer on hand for immediate demands, and will receive large quantities by schooners during the season.

FARMERS' HAND-BOOK mailed free on application.

J. M. AULD.

Grafton Street, Ch'town, May 17—law sa wkly

ROYAL CANADIAN INSURANCE CO.

FIRE.

CAPITAL, - - - - - - - - $2,000,000

HEAD OFFICE—Montreal.
HALIFAX BRANCH—J. Scott Mitchell, Agent.

Risks Taken on Most Favorable Terms.

AGENT FOR PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND:

F. H. ARNAUD,
Merchants Bank of Halifax

Ch'town, Feb. 27, 1884.

SALT. SALT.

To arrive and now due at Point Du Chene, N. B., 3,500 sacks Liverpool Coarse Salt.

FOR SALE LOW.

JAS. FRIER.

Shediac, May 16—7i

COAL. COAL.

THE Subscriber is now prepared to receive orders for the following Coal, which will be sold at the lowest cash price, viz:

Acadia Mine, Round and Nut,
Intercolonial Mine, Round and Nut,
Vale do., do.,
Albion do, do.,
Gowrie do., do,
Sydney Old do., do.,

—AND—

Anthracite (Egg and Chestnut Sizes).

CAPT. JOHN HUGHES,
Water Street.

Ch'town, May 15, 1884—3m tu th sa

Lobster Packers' Supplies

10,000 cases flat and tall Cans (1-lb.),
500 cases ½ lb tall Cans,
250 boxes Tin Plates,
100 ingots Tin,
50 pigs Soft Lead,
5 bars 1¼ and 1½ Copper,
200 coils Rope (6, 9, 12 and 15-thread),
5 bales Marline,
100 bags Liverpool Salt,
12 Mounted Herring Nets,
100 lbs. Cotton Guanging,
50 doz. Tarred Cod Lines (12, 14 and 18-thread),
50 gross Trawl Hooks (Nos. 14 and 15),
100 barrels Bait,
100 doz. suits Oil Clothing,
50 doz. suits Jumpers and Overalls,

For Sale by

HORACE HASZARD.

May 13—2w eod

STONE MASONS.

TENDERS will be received up to Friday next, the 16th instant, at twelve o'clock, noon, for the building of a basement wall for the block of stores, etc., to be situated on South Side of Queen Square. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of W. C. Harris, Esq., Architect, Mr. Cundall's Brick House, King Street. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

HORACE HASZARD.

Ch'town, May 12, 1884—4i

NOTICE.—The time for receiving the above Tenders has been extended until Monday next, the 19th instant, at twelve o'clock, noon. Persons tendering may include the brick work also.

HORACE HASZARD.

SEED BARLEY.

FOR SALE—Eighty bushels prime Seed Barley—yields twenty-six bushels from one.

Samples to be seen at Belmont Mills, the market, or Mr. J. D. McLeod's.

Price moderate.

B. E. WRIGHT.

April 29, 1884.—wkly

Brick Machine For Sale

AT A BARGAIN.

BULLMAN & SHEPHERD'S MAKE. Capable of turning out about 10,000 Bricks a day. Apply to

BEER & GOFF.

Ch'town, April 16, 1884.

Dominion of Canada,

Province of Prince Edward Island.

IN THE SUPREME COURT.

In the matter of An Act of the Parliament of Canada, passed in the forty-fifth year of Her present Majesty's Reign, Chapter 23 intituled, "An Act respecting Insolvent Banks, Insurance Companies, Loan Companies, Building Societies, and Trading Corporations, and of the President, Directors, and Company of the Bank of Prince Edward Island, an Insolvent Banking Company.

UPON the application of the Liquidators of the above-named Banking Company, and upon reading the Petition of Lemuel Cambridge Owen, Charles Colson Gardiner and David C. Chalmers, dated the twenty-sixth day of March, A. D. 1884, praying for a general order, requiring the Contributories of said Company to pay a final call of fourteen dollars and eighty-eight cents per share, and the order made by me, dated the first day of April last past, A. D. 1884, calling on all parties concerned to shew cause this day why such third and final call, to the amount of fourteen dollars and eighty-eight cents per share, should not be made on all contributories of the above-named Banking Company, and upon reading the notice signed by the Prothonotary, issued in pursuance of such order and the affidavit of Leith E. Brecken, of the publication of such notice in THE EXAMINER newspaper, and in the *Weekly Patriot*, which I order shall be sufficient publication, and the affidavit of Benjamin F. Messervey of the due transmission by mail of such notices to all contributories residing abroad, and upon hearing counsel for the said Liquidators, and no cause to the contrary being now shewn before me, I DO ORDER that a THIRD and FINAL CALL of FOURTEEN DOLLARS AND EIGHTY-EIGHT CENTS per share be made on all the Contributories of the said Banking Company; and I do further order that each such contributory do, on or before the THIRTY-FIRST day of OCTOBER NEXT, A. D. 1884, pay unto the BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA, at its Branch, in Charlottetown, in said Province of Prince Edward Island, to the account of the Liquidators of the said Company, the amount which will be due from him or her or them, in respect of such call; and I do further order that a copy of this order, together with a notice from the Liquidators of the said Company, specifying the amount due from each such contributory, in respect of such call, be served on all such contributories by posting the same in a letter, prepaid and registered, in the General Post Office, in Charlottetown, in said Province, addressed to the party or parties contributories, at his, her or their last known address or place of abode, or by the delivery thereof severally to the attorney of the party to be served; and I do further order that a copy of this order be published in the *Royal Gazette* newspaper of said Province, and in THE EXAMINER and *Patriot* newspapers, published in Charlottetown, in said Province, in the daily issues thereof, for two weeks from the date hereof

Dated this twelfth day of May, A. D. 1884.

(S'g'd) JAMES H. PETERS,
A. J.

May 15—2w

A CARD.

I BEG to announce that I have completed my work on the Bishop's Palace, and have decided to remain in Charlottetown for the month of May, and will, in that time, attend to any orders for first-class Painting and Graining, Paper Hanging, or Kalsomining. Orders may be left at Messrs. Norton Bros., City Hardware Store.

F. LANDRY,
Artist.

Ch'town, May 10, 1884.—10i

WHITE RUSSIAN SEED WHEAT.

THE best producer yet tried on the Island. Call and examine and see testimonials at my Furniture Store, J. D. McLeod's corner.

JOHN NEWSON.

Ch'town, March 8,