

THE EXAMINER

Weekly Journal of Politics, Literature, and News.

"This is true Liberty, when Freeborn Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—Euripides.

Vol. XIV.

Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, Monday, November 7, 1864.

New Series.—No. 49.

NEW GOODS, JUST ARRIVED

AT
Queen Square House.
WM. HEARD.
P. S.—A vacancy for a suitable young man, of good character, resident in Charlottetown.
Oct. 21, 1864.

Mantles,
Shawls,
Dresses,
Dress Material,
Gala Plaids,
Plain Whincies,
Fancy Whincies,
Woollen Scarfs,
Fur Boas, &c.

OUR NEW STOCK
For the Season
NOW READY,
To which we invite the attention
of purchasers.

DAVIES & WEEKS.
Oct. 21, m r w i a p h d n

THE LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

HAVING A LARGE PAID UP CAPITAL,
ACCEPT ALL CLASSES OF RISKS,
At Reasonable Rates of Premium.

CHARLES YOUNG, Agent.

October 17, 1864.

Wholesale and Retail BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTORY!

We are now preparing our
FALL STOCK
OF
BOOTS & SHOES,
in every variety,
SUITABLE FOR THIS MARKET.

Wholesale & Retail Dealers
are invited to call before purchasing elsewhere,
as we will supply upon as
Reasonable Terms
as may be desired.

GEO. NICOLL,
Queen Square,
Immediately opposite the Post Office.
Ang. 29, 1864.

WANTED—A Journeyman Blacksmith, who understands the business. Liberal wages will be given to a first-class man. An Apprentice to the above business.
JOHN COSTIN,
Somerset, Oct. 24, 1864.

KEROSENE! KEROSENE!
IN STOCK, and FOR SALE—
at the
KEROSENE OIL,
June 13, 1864. J. S. CARVELL.

LITERATURE.

A RUSSIAN ROMANCE.

I had my hand on Dr. Tillmann's door, and yet I hesitated to knock. I was house-surgeon of the great Petro-Paulovsk Hospital at St. Petersburg, of which that testy and punctilious old German was principal physician, and I carried with me my daily report of the cholera patients who had died during the night.

A moment ago I had been talking briskly enough to a group of students, and now I was standing like a timid boy at a school-master's door. The fact was, I knew the old automaton was jealous of me, and disliked me, and I detested him, and I tried as much as possible to avoid coming into contact with him. I had determined to resist and resent any indignity offered me, and yet I wished to avoid a quarrel, because I loved his dear, pretty little daughter Olga. I was, moreover, on the morning of which I speak, tired out both in mind and body; for I had been up the greater part of the night attending patients in a state of collapse from the terrible epidemic which was devastating the Russian capital. On my way to my own room to snatch an hour or two of sleep, I had stopped at Dr. Tillmann's door to deliver my official report. At that moment I would rather have been digging graves, tired as I was, than have confronted that intolerable old martinet, whom nothing could propitiate, and from whom no exertion of mine could extort a word of praise.

At last, I knocked in a quick business-like way. There was a muttering, but no one answered. I knocked again. "Come in!" snapped out the doctor, in his dry mechanical voice. I entered. There he sat, as he had sat every morning for seven-and-twenty years at the same hour, the great brass tower of a samovar boiling before him, and the teapot mounted above the burning charcoal on the little brazier stand. Before him lay the *Journal de St. Petersburg*, which he, a little nankeen-coloured man in a blue official coat and brass buttons, was consulting with a contemptuous air. Opposite sat Olga at the open window, for it was April time, testing and feeling an old green and crimson parrot. It was a scene just such as Dr. Looze loved to paint. The sunshine fell in blanching light on one side of the snowy tablecloth, and in slant golden squares upon the marquetrie of the floor. I bowed to her and to the implacable doctor.

"Well, sir," said he, "your report."

I was about to hand it, when he said: "Read it."

I read it. "April 14, 1852. Number of patients received since yesterday: In the Peter ward, eighty-three; in the Catherine ward, seventy-five; in the Romanoff ward, sixty-two. Died during the night, forty-three."

"Oh, father, father, how terrible!" cried the doctor's daughter; "Heaven has indeed sent the destroying angel among us. Do the poor people suffer much, Dr. Campbell? Oh, can you be still any use? Do you think if I went to the wards I could encourage the nurses?"

Even I had never before seen Olga look so beautiful as she did then, when a high and generous impulse was stirring her heart to good.

"Miss Tillmann," I replied, "you must not expose yourself to danger. The nurses are zealous. They understand the people, and can bear these scenes of horror better than you could."

"Olga attend to your parrot," said the old pedant, harshly; "practise your music; your master comes at eleven."

"I am afraid, sir," I said, "the opium and calomel treatment does not save more than a third of our patients. Those who have been brought in this morning have nearly all in a state of collapse, from which it has been, in most cases, impossible to recover them."

"A mere phase of the disease," said Dr. Tillmann; "that will soon pass away. Continue the opium and the calomel. We must have no absurd innovations in the Petro-Paulovsk Hospital. By-the-by," said he, (a mischievous malice twinkling in his little beady eyes,) "there is a letter in the *Journal* to-day putting up some new Persian anti-cholera drugs—the *Sumbul*, or *jumble*, or some such absurd name—a musk-root, that brings the dead to life, according to an English man's account. I really think these foreign quacks are getting more impudent than ever. (Here he suddenly twisted round in his chair, and fixed his weasel eyes on me.) "Mr. Campbell, did you insert that letter?"

The blood rose to my face, and my cheek was turned red, as I replied, indignantly: "No, Sir, I did not insert that letter; nor will I endure, even from you, the name of foreign quack."

I am sure the angry tone in which I replied must have given pain to Miss Tillmann, for she bent down to the parrot, and I could see the colour rise to her cheek.

Nothing could move the doctor. "Oh, I only asked," he said, "no offence; but I know your men take up these new-fangled fancies. The third-house-urgeon before you was mad about mesmerism, and was angry with me for ridiculing it. We had high words; a word of mine to the government, and his name was struck off the staff. Take a seat while I go into the next room and put on my coat. I will then go round the wards with you."

All this time the insolent old disciplinarian had kept me standing, as if I had been a servant.

I bowed, and took a seat. I was too proud to plead fatigue and so escape the odious duty imposed upon me by this narrow-minded fossil of a bygone regime. I had not dared to tell him that the letter he had questioned me about, though not inserted by me, was really my composition, and had probably been sent to the *Journal* by some imprudent and officious friend. It recorded some convincing proofs of the efficacy of the mysterious Persian musk-root.

We were well into the work, when, to my infinite chagrin, the door flew open, and in burst eight or ten medical students. They were Hungarians, Danes, Prussians, Americans—noisy, reckless, good-natured fellows—in many varieties of costume. One of them, who had, perhaps, taken a little too much wine (in his laudable anxiety to escape infection), was playing on a concertina, a fanciful selection of airs from the repertoire of the solitary Russian composer, Glinka.

"Here they are, grubbing away as usual!" cried Kalthofer, a Livonian.

"They'll kill themselves!" cried a young Prussian; "I know they will. Come, Pel-

ican, make a second table at which; here's Maslovitch and Hoffman been cleaning us all out!"

Up leaped Pellican, all his good resolutions forgotten in a moment. He drew a pack of cards from his pocket, fanned them with a practised hand, threw them in an arch over his head, and caught them as cleverly as a clever juggler.

"Not quite so much noise, old fellows," said I; "remember this is a terrible time, and we have our hands full. Besides, I have an hour's writing to do before I go round the wards. Come, troop!" And I rose from my seat with the gestures of a drover collecting his flock.

I was driving them out at the door, when two fresh students arrived, leading Alexis between them; he was pale, his coat was torn, he had a black eye, and his mouth was bleeding.

"Hallo, young Hydrocephalus," said Pellican, "what's this? Look at him!"

"Tell them all about it, Alexis," said his conductors, thumping him on the back.

"They call me a spy," growled Alexis.

"Who did?" said I.

"Who? why the black people in the market place. They took away the cholera cart from me, carried off the sick men, and would have thrown me into the canal, if one of them, a coachman, hadn't sided kindly. Let the beast go; he sold his head to the poisoning doctors years ago, and they'll only thank us for killing him!"

"And so you should," cried Pellican, laughing unfeelingly till he grew quite red.

"Come along, Alexis, and have a schnapps, and tell us the whole story!" Mr. Campbell, here, is busy. Come along, me garçons; I say you must. I've got some news for you. Look at Campbell!"

The students already in the passage huddled back into the doorway, their faces glowing through blue rings of smoke.

"Campbell's in love!"

"In love? they all broke out, like the Greek chorus.

"Yes; in love—in love with old Tillmann's daughter—but he has no chance. She smiles at me whenever I meet her."

I rushed at my tormentor in a pretended rage, that was a shadow of a laugh, and the door closed on Pellican and his roystering friends.

An hour afterwards I entered Dr. Tillmann's room. Olga was not there, but there was her book with a flower in it to mark the place. The doctor was at his desk, writing the paper on which he was illuminated by the yellow light thrown upon it by the glow of an Argand lamp, over the glass of which was placed a circular green shade. Half in light and half in shadow, just beyond the lamp, stood three glass jars containing specimens of enormous tarantulas and scorpions.

The doctor looked up as I entered, and in the coldest manner possible acknowledged my presence.

I mentioned the report of Alexis, and the possibility of the hospital being attacked during the night. I requested to be allowed to send to the citadel for a company of the Petro-Paulovsk regiment.

"How long, sir, am I to be troubled with these absurd fears?" demanded the doctor, suddenly. "Is it not enough that you deceive me, mock me, encourage your fellow-students to mutiny and insubordination? Will I have no soldiers guard the Petro-Paulovsk Hospital? I have seen too much of our passivity to fear them."

"You do me a great injustice, Dr. Tillmann," I replied; "and but for one reason that I have, I would not remain another day under your direction."

The doctor's eyes turned red as he took up one of the glass jars and shook it before me. "There is no reptile here," he said, "full of poison as thou art. Do you think I am not discovered that you have dared to administer to the patients of the emperor's hospital your infamous drug? No wonder the ignorant peasantry accuse us of poisoning sick people. I understand, sir, also, your insolent allusion to my daughter; but be sure, sir, she shall never become the wife of a big game adventurer. You see this letter (here he pointed to a letter on the table); it contains an order for your instant dismissal from the staff of this hospital. No words, sir. Good night. We shall see to-morrow what is to happen in this regard."

I bowed and retired. I was paralysed by Dr. Tillmann's threats. A cruel hand seemed snatching me from Olga, and hurling me into an abyss of obscurity, penury, and despair. When I was on the verge, too, of a false, happiness, and a great discovery!

I was more and more certain now that my discovery was one of importance to the scientific world—one that would bring me fame and fortune. But how was I, an unknown man, kept in obscurity by a jealous superior, to make the discovery public? My proofs would have no weight in the eyes of prejudiced men disliking a novelty which superseded the old remedies of their youth. I was not enthusiastic enough to believe I had found a panacea, but I was sure I had found a reliable aid to the cholera doctor.

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"Hurray, Campbell!" he cried; "I've distilled the stuff as you wished me, and here it is. Reinsch and I have been at it ever since the last case of collapse was put into his bed."

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We all liked Reinsch, who was one of those quiet, amiable dreamers, too negative in quality for any one to dislike. But Pellican was my great enemy. He was a native of Little Russia, an impulsive, warm-hearted fellow, as eager at study as at pleasure, our best surgeon, our best billiard-player. One moment you found him absorbed in the laboratory, and the next moment you would find him shouting and singing among a party of card-players, and looming out of clouds of circling smoke.

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BOOTS & SHOES.

JUST RECEIVED,
PER STRAMER *FRANCONIA*,
500 Pairs
Ladies', Gents', Boys', Misses' and Children's
BOOTS and SHOES,
IN GREAT VARIETY,
which may be had **TRAY** earlier from the subscriber.
H. HASZARD.
Charlottetown, August 22, 1864. 1d

THE UNDERIGNED

has been instructed by the owners to offer FOR SALE or RENT, several VALUABLE FREEHOLD and LEASEHOLD PROPERTIES and FARMS in BELFAST and other parts of the Island, in good cultivation, well wooded, and possessing other advantages; and for which good and valid titles and immediate possession can be given.

ALSO—FOUR LOTS, being the residue of thirteen Building Lots (the other nine having been sold the present season) in that most advantageous mercantile situation known as SUMMER HILL, adjoining MONTAGUE BRIDGE, ten miles from Georgetown, where close on to 150,000 bushels of produce are annually shipped, and nearly all paid for in cash. Americans and other speculators purchase here, and ship for Great Britain, the United States, &c. A number of Stores, Wharves, a Meeting House, Post Office, and Temperance Society have been established for some time, with many Grist, Saw and Cloth Mills in the vicinity; where also any quantity of all kinds of Lumber can be had in trade at low rates. SUMMER HILL property is the only *Freehold Property* for sale in the place, which renders it most desirable for all classes of artisans, now so much wanted in this rising town. A STORE, and Dwelling in it, capable of holding 15,000 bushels of produce, with a double Wharf, and site for Lime Kiln, will be sold cheap or leased on reasonable terms.

Plans, particulars, or any other information can be obtained by calling at the office of Messrs. Ball & Son, Land Surveyors, Charlottetown. Reference can also be had from N. Sanderson, P. P. Attorney, Thomas Amner, Georgetown; Jas. Brody, Campbelltown; Lot 4; F. W. Hughes, Office of the Surveyor, Charlottetown; and to the subscriber at Orwell, who is also Agent for the *Manny's Mowing Machine*, the celebrated Yarmouth COOKING STOVE, and also for the Pulling Mills of Messrs. Horner, Mill View, the Hon. Jas. McLaughlin, New Port, and Finlay W. McDonald, Pictouville, where Cloth is received and sold by deposit.

RICHARD J. CLARKE.
Orwell Store, August 15, 1864.

THE IMPORTATIONS FOR SPRING 1864

ARE NOW COMPLETED AT THE BRITISH WAREHOUSE, WHERE YOU WILL FIND An Extensive and General Supply of BRITISH and FOREIGN MERCHANDIZE, COMPRISING—All the requisite Articles in Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, The leading novelties for the Season. Superior Tea, and other GROCERIES, Gents' General Outfits, HARDWARE and CUTLERY, Iron Bedsteads, and FURNISHING GOODS. Purchased on the Best Terms, and selected with the greatest care, and Sold at the Lowest remunerating Prices. W. & A. BROWN. Ch. town, June 26, 1864.

Queen Insurance Company OF LIVERPOOL. FIRE AND LIFE!

Capital—£1,000,000 Sterling.

THE Subscriber, having been appointed Agent for the above-named Insurance Company, in Prince Edward Island, is enabled to give the most satisfactory descriptions of property.

Charlottetown, Feb. 10.

J. S. CARVELL.

[EXTRACTS FROM NEWSPAPERS.]
On reference to a return made to Parliament, and acted on by the House of Commons, in the month of June, 1861, it will be seen that the increase of Duty laid on the importation of Fire and Life Insurance, was £250,000, and that the same was paid by the same office ever yet established in this City.

[From Gleaner's General Advertiser, Nov. 21, 1861.]
"Indeed, we believe that we are perfectly justified in saying that, no other Company, within the same limits, ever attained so large an income in either the Fire or Life Department as the Queen Insurance Company. In making this statement, we make no exception of any other company, namely, the Liverpool and London, and the Royal, and the Lancashire Insurance Companies."

[From the Civil Service Gazette, Nov. 2, 1861.]
"Among the important institutions stands eminent for its solidity, as well as for its success, the Queen Insurance Company, which last week held its annual meeting in the City of London. The reference to the ample report in another page will fully satisfy every reader of the signal progress made by this distinguished institution. Such success is, indeed, rarely attained; and it attests at once the excellence of its management, and the public confidence in its constitution."

[From the Liverpool Mercury, Nov. 2, 1861.]
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To Shipbuilders.

THE Subscriber HAS RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT, FROM ARRHATH, Scotland, a large quantity of SAIL TWINE and CANVAS in assorted numbers from 1 to 3, which will be sold at a moderate price.

ALSO ON HAND: IRON, PAINTS, PITCH OIL, SPIRES, PAINT II, Paraffine Varnish, NAILS, DO BRUSHES, &c.

H. HASZARD.
Upper Queen Street, Charlottetown, May 30, 1864.

Life Assurance Company of Glasgow.

ESTABLISHED IN 1838. Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

Governor: The Right Honourable The Earl of Glasgow.

Subscribed Capital, £500,000
Accumulated Funds, £450,000
Annual Revenue, £95,000
Reserve Funds, £2,500,000

HENRY DUNLOP, Esq., Chairman.
W. F. BRIDGEMAN, Esq., Manager.

Distinctive Features in the Company's Business System:—

Annual Division of Profits. Policy-Holders Participate in Profits from First Year of Entry. Bonus Assurance at the Smallest Outlay. Seven Years' Half Credit Assurance. Exemptions—Foreign Travel and Foreign Residence.

Rates of Assurance, and all other information, may be had from the Agent for this Island, at GEORGETOWN, WM. SANDERSON, Georgetown, June 27, 1864.

The Liverpool and London FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Marine Insurance Company OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Incorporated 14th April, 1863.

WILLIAM HEARD, Esquire, Commission Merchant and Auctioneer, No. 259 HOLLIS STREET, HALIFAX, N.S.

RESPECTFULLY announces to his acquaintances and others in P. E. Island, that he has commenced business as above, and is prepared to receive consignments to dispose of at Auction or otherwise. He is of opinion, from his long acquaintance with the trade of P. E. Island, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, he will be able to do justice to those who patronize him.

James Parrie, Esq., Charlottetown.
James McNeil, Esq., Summerside.
Donald Morrison, Esq., New London.
September 26, 1864. 3m

ACARD.

THE Subscriber, having, for the last four months, been engaged in making large and important additions to his Factory, the CITY TANNERY, and which are now on the eve of completion, he deems it a necessary to be one on which he holds the liberal patronage which, for a period of six years—the time which has elapsed since he established his Factory—has been extended to him by his numerous friends in Town and County, and which has not only enabled him to enlarge and improve upon his premises for manufacturing purposes, but has also enabled him to meet the very heavy outlay thereby incurred. To those friends, therefore, he now begs leave to offer his stock and finished goods at a discount of ten per cent. upon the price for which he is already inclined to give; not doubting that his former customers, as a more extensive scale to supply them, on the most reasonable terms, with the very best articles in his line, will, on their part, be pleased to avail themselves of the opportunity of his sale. The additions which he has made to his Factory, and the improvements which he has effected in the machinery, will enable him to manufacture with more accuracy and speed than ever before.

Light Thousand Sides of **SOLE LEATHER.**

A year's stock of the former quality of UPPER LEATHER, and having been successfully in obtaining the services of an experienced

First Class Sole Leather Tanner, from the United States, he confidently trusts that he shall have in his power to offer to an appreciable public an article of **SOLE LEATHER**, superior to any previously manufactured in the country, and fully equal to any imported.

CHARLES E. STANFIELD.
Charlottetown, Sept. 17th, 1864. 1d p w

Furniture Warehouses.

GEORGE DOUGLASS, Manufacturer and Importer of Furniture and Upholstery Goods.

RESPECTFULLY solicits the attention of such as are in want of Furniture, to call at his new and spacious Warehouses on the corner of Kent Street and King Square, and examine his STOCK OF FURNITURE, of the very latest designs, consisting of: Drawing Room SEATERS, in green, red, and hair cloth; new Dining Room Furniture, and also new Chamber Furniture, in oak, mahogany, walnut and rosewood, 1800 Wood and Case-stone CHAIRS, Office Stools, Office and P. E. ISLAND SEATERS, Windsor Chairs, Coriaces, Shades and Tassels; Walnut and Gilt Moldings for Picture Frames, Looking Glasses and Plates, Chess TABLES, &c. &c. one superior PIANO, two SEAPHONES.

—ALSO— Every article in the trade required for House-keeping supplied at the cheapest rate and shortest notice.

GEORGE DOUGLASS,
Corner of Kent Street and King Square, Charlottetown, P. E. Island.
Oct. 24, 1864. 4m

ISLAND MANUFACTURER.

THE Subscribers having purchased the Tobacco Stock of the late G. F. C. Lowden, Esq., have entered into a co-partnership for the purpose of manufacturing and selling the same to offer for sale, under the style and firm of LOWDEN & RICHARDSON, at their Store in Queen's Street, next door to the Bank of P. E. Island, the best quality of **STRAW** and **ISLAND MANUFACTURE**. Strict attention paid to orders from the country.

MORIN LOWDEN,
D. J. RICHARDSON.
Oct. 19, 1864.

IN ASSURANCE!

WINTER IS COMING!

THE subscriber has on hand a supply of STRONG AND SUBSTANTIAL READY-MADE CLOTHING, suitable for Fall and Winter wear, consisting of OVER-COATS, in Pilot and Seal Cloths, PANTS, in Black and Fancy Dressings, VESTS, in Black and Fancy Dressings, &c. &c.

The above having been manufactured under the subscriber's own superintendence, he can with confidence recommend them to the public for their DURABILITY and CHEAPNESS. The inspection of Farmers, Mechanics and Laborers is particularly invited before purchasing elsewhere.

Also, on hand, Beaver, Pilot and Seal CLOTHS, which will be made up to order on the most reasonable terms.

Call and judge for yourselves.

P. REILLY.
Ch. town, October 17, 1864. 2m

Cloth Factory!

THE SUBSCRIBER begs respectfully to inform the public that he will continue to manufacture CLOTH, &c., at his establishment in Troy. Wool will be received in Charlottetown by J. Galt, Agent, or at the Mill.

Wool Cloth received or Dyeing and Dressing as heretofore.

CHARLES E. STANFIELD.
May 23, 1864.

THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Agent for the above first class English Fire Insurance Company begs to call the attention of the public to the advantages offered by this Company, in respect to the security to the insured, and promptness to pay losses, which, without disparaging other Companies, may be safely asserted to be superior to those afforded by any other Company. This special security, which London & L. Insurance Company has been in successful operation since 1838, with agencies all over the world, and has paid in losses about two millions and a quarter sterling. Its subscribed capital is £2,000,000 sterling, and its invested funds amount to £1,212,000 sterling, and the fire premium for 1861 amount to £260,120 18s 6d; and in addition to this very large capital, the Company, having been established before the recent Limited Liability Act, the individual fortunes of each of the shareholders, comprising some of the wealthiest merchants in Liverpool and London, are liable for the losses, should the whole of the capital be swept away. In this respect it differs, it is believed, from any other Company established here.

And lastly, the Agent being appointed by Power of Attorney directly from England, is authorized to draw Bills the moment a loss occurs, and without referring to the Home Company, to the extent of one thousand pounds sterling.

With these superior advantages, the Company is not dissipated (though it might be well justified) to ask a higher rate of premium than other English Companies, which do not present the same advantages, and the Agent has been advised that a uniform rate has been agreed upon by the Directors of this Company and the other English Companies, which do not present the same advantages, and the Agent has been advised that the Agents here should, in this respect, "act in concert."

W. A. JOHNSTONE,
Agent of the Liverpool and London Fire Insurance Company.
Nov. 10, 1864.

THE IMPORTATIONS FOR SPRING 1864

ARE NOW COMPLETED AT THE BRITISH WAREHOUSE, WHERE YOU WILL FIND An Extensive and General Supply of BRITISH and FOREIGN MERCHANDIZE, COMPRISING—All the requisite Articles in Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, The leading novelties for the Season. Superior Tea, and other GROCERIES, Gents' General Outfits, HARDWARE and CUTLERY, Iron Bedsteads, and FURNISHING GOODS. Purchased on the Best Terms, and selected with the greatest care, and Sold at the Lowest remunerating Prices. W. & A. BROWN. Ch. town, June 26, 1864.

Queen Insurance Company OF LIVERPOOL. FIRE AND LIFE!

Capital—£1,000,000 Sterling.

THE Subscriber, having been appointed Agent for the above-named Insurance Company, in Prince Edward Island, is enabled to give the most satisfactory descriptions of property.

Charlottetown, Feb. 10.

J. S. CARVELL.

[EXTRACTS FROM NEWSPAPERS.]
On reference to a return made to Parliament, and acted on by the House of Commons, in the month of June, 1861, it will be seen that the increase of Duty laid on the importation of Fire and Life Insurance, was £250,000, and that the same was paid by the same office ever yet established in this City.

[From Gleaner's General Advertiser, Nov. 21, 1861.]
"Indeed, we believe that we are perfectly justified in saying that, no other Company, within the same limits, ever attained so large an income in either the Fire or Life Department as the Queen Insurance Company. In making this statement, we make no exception of any other company, namely, the Liverpool and London, and the Royal, and the Lancashire Insurance Companies."

[From the Civil Service Gazette, Nov. 2, 1861.]
"Among the important institutions stands eminent for its solidity, as well as for its success, the Queen Insurance Company, which last week held its annual meeting in the City of London. The reference to the ample report in another page will fully satisfy every reader of the signal progress made by this distinguished institution. Such success is, indeed, rarely attained; and it attests at once the excellence of its management, and the public confidence in its constitution."

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