

# THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 7.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1880.

NO. 110

**JUST ARRIVED!**

**BRITISH WAREHOUSE,**

Ex S. S. "Hibernian,"  
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF  
**Black Silk Fringe,**  
**Corsets,**  
**Cashmeres,**  
**Colored and Black Satins,**  
**Pompadour Prints,**  
**TOILET COVERS & QUILTS,**  
(in Plain and Fancy);  
**White, Scarlet, Grey & Fancy Flannels,**  
**Cloths, Tweeds, &c.,**  
All of which are now opened, and will be sold at our usual low prices.  
**W. & A. BROWN & CO.**  
Ch'town, Aug. 24, 1880.

**PACIFIC Mutual Insurance Co.,**  
NEW YORK  
**MARINE.**

Assets 31st Dec., 1879, - \$744,149.00  
Insurance effected on CARGOES and FREIGHTS, covering \$15,000 and upwards on first-class risks.  
Certificates issued payable in London at the office of MORRIS ROSE & Co., Bankers, or in New York.  
Risks taken and rates fixed without being referred to Head Office.  
**FENTON T. NEWBERRY,**  
Agent for P. E. Island.  
May 11, 1880.

**Nut Coal. Nut Coal.**  
FREE from Slate and Fire Clay. Also Round and Slack, at Albion Mines, Pictou, Nova Scotia. For orders apply to  
**G. W. DEBLOIS,**  
Sole Agent for P. E. Island.

**Old Sydney Mines, Cape Breton.**  
Lingan Mines, Cape Breton.  
ORDERS for Round Coal can be obtained on application to  
Terms as usual. **G. W. DEBLOIS,**  
Sole Agent for P. E. Island.  
Office, No. 35 Water Street, Charlottetown.  
June 17, 1880—pat her sj kca tf

**QUEEN INSURANCE CO'Y.**  
OF ENGLAND.  
CAPITAL, . . . TWO MILLIONS STERLING.  
INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise and Produce. Also, on Vessels on the stocks.  
Special rates for isolated residences.  
Losses settled promptly.  
**GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank),**  
Agent for Prince Edward Island  
June, 1877—

**TRY IT. TRY IT**  
GIVE ALBION MINE NUT COAL a fair trial and you will not be disappointed in the result; it is COAL, not fire clay and slate. For orders apply to  
**G. W. DEBLOIS,**  
Sole Agent for P. E. Island.  
Office—No. 35 Water Street,  
Charlottetown, July 8, 1880—pat tf

**For Sale or to Let.**  
THAT Freehold Property, with a front of eighty feet on Pownall Street and eighty-four feet on Sydney Street, the House containing 16 large rooms and two Kitchens. Can be turned into one Dwelling by unlocking a door. Apply on the premises to  
**MRS. BOSWALL.**  
April 26, 1880—tf

**BANJ. F. GRAFTON,** STORY B. LADD,  
HALBERT E. PAINE.  
Late Commissioner of Patents.  
**PATENTS.**  
**PAINE, GRAFTON & LADD,**  
Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors of American and Foreign Patents,  
412 FIFTH STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C.  
Practice patent law in all its branches in the Patent Office, and in the Supreme and Circuit Courts of the United States. Pamphlets sent free on receipt of stamp for postage. sept4

**THE GUARDIAN**

**FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.**  
ESTABLISHED 1821.  
HEAD OFFICE:  
11 Lombard Street, London, E. C.  
Total Assets, . . . . . \$14,500,000.00  
Annual Income, . . . . . \$2,375,000.00  
Risks at lowest current rates by  
**Carvell Brothers,**  
Charlottetown, July 21, 1880—2aw 2m, pat law 2m Agents.

**THE IMPROVED SEMI-CIRCULAR ADJUSTABLE HIP CORSET!**

The Latest Novelty.  
**THE Ne Plus Ultra**  
FOR  
Comfort, Ease and Elegance cannot be equalled.  
**EVERLASTING WEAR.**



The Queen of Bone Stiffened  
**CORSETS**  
Pretty, Attractive,  
AND  
**ECONOMICAL.**  
ADMIRIED BY ALL.  
**TRY ONE.**

SOLD BY  
**J. B. MACDONALD,**  
Queen Street.  
Sept. 20, 1880.

ESTABLISHED 1825.  
**CANADA CORDAGE FACTORY.**  
**JOHN A. CONVERSE, MONTREAL.**  
MANUFACTURER OF CORDAGE of Every Description, including all sizes Manilla Rope, Tanned Manilla Hawsers, Lobster Marlin, Tanned Hemp Rope, Houseline, Hambroline, &c., &c., equal in quality to the best American. Prices on application.  
Jan. 7, 1880.

**INSURANCE AGRICULTURAL FIRE Insurance Co'y,**  
OF WATERTOWN, N. Y.  
ORGANIZED 1853.  
Net Assets for Protection of Policy Holders.  
**\$1,137,549.73.**

Deposited with the Dominion Government for Security of Canadian Policy Holders,  
**\$100,000.00.**

LOSSES PAID TO DATE, OVER  
**\$3,000,000.**

Parties desiring Insurance on Private Residences and contents, or Farm property, had better find out rates, etc., of this Time Tried and Fire Tested Insurance Company.  
N. B.—Canvassers wanted.  
**ROB. ANGUS,** Special Agent for the Maritime Provinces.  
**JAS. DESBRISAY,**  
General Agent for P. E. I.  
Ch'town, July 31, 1880—3m  
THE place to get your Printing done is at the EXAMINER PRINTING ROOMS.

**LORNE HIGHLAND WHISKY.**  
ANALYTICAL SANITARY INSTITUTION, 54, Holborn-viaduct, E. C., London, Aug. 18, 1879  
REPORT on the LORNE HIGHLAND WHISKY:  
"We have visited the bottling stores of Greenlees Brothers, and have selected from the vats, samples of their Lorne Highland Whisky, and have subjected them to careful examination and analysis. The samples were very fragrant, mellow, and of pleasant flavor, and possessed all the characteristics of pure and well-matured Scotch Whisky of the first quality."  
"ARTHUR HILL, HASSALL, M. D."  
"OTTO HEINER, F. C. S., F. I. C."  
Agents:—  
**MESSRS. OWEN CONNOLLY & CO.,**  
Charlottetown, P. E. I.  
Feb. 24, 1880



**WORTH'S LIVERY STABLES!**  
PRINCE STREET,  
Between Kent and Grafton Streets  
Charlottetown, P. E. Island.  
June 17 1880—3m eod pd

**Valuable Property for Sale.**  
TO BE SOLD, all that part of Town Lot No. 74, in the first hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown; having a front of 67 feet, Dorchester Street, and running back 80 feet, together with the buildings thereon erected.  
For further particulars apply to Messrs. HOBSON & McLEOD Charlottetown.

**THE DAILY EXAMINER.**  
SEPTEMBER 27, 1880.

**The Recent Elections.**  
THE Opposition press throughout the Lower Provinces have been persistently repeating the statement that the Liberal leaders made Free Trade the issue in the Bye-Elections which have recently taken place; and they triumphantly point to the fact that the Conservative majority has diminished in West Toronto, while the Liberal one has increased in North Ontario, as evidence that the people are only wanting an opportunity to overturn the National Policy. Of the Selkirk Election we do not hear much. But, of course, nothing is to be deduced from that!

Unfortunately for our Opposition friends, the published speeches of Mr. Blake and others show conclusively that, at any rate, so far as the West Toronto election was concerned, many side issues were drawn into the contest. The Leader of the Opposition pandered to every prejudice that he thought might be harbored by his hearers both as regards Dominion and Local affairs. The ghost of the Pacific Scandal was again invoked and made duty in West Toronto, as it has been in every contest for the past few years. All Mr. Blake's ingenuity and eloquence were employed to make the gaunt spectre alarm the electors of the Queen City and persuade them into voting against Sir John Macdonald and his present Pacific Railway Policy.

The Toronto Telegram, an independent journal, with leanings towards Mr. Blake, felt itself compelled to use strong language in denunciation of his attempt thus to revive a dead issue. The Telegram said:—  
"We had supposed that our public men had got away in advance of the Pacific Scandal, and that they had buried it out of sight forever, beyond the hope of resurrection. But it seems not. Mr. Blake has been dragging it to the light again. It would have been less of a surprise if any other of Sir John Macdonald's opponents than Mr. Blake had done this, for he is looked upon as the embodiment of advanced ideas. To go back to the grave of the Pacific Scandal and rattle the dried bones again in order to frighten the electors back from the Conservative candidate, is to admit that he has retrograded from his advanced position and is willing to do the work of a political hack. It is quite natural that he should be anxious to inflict a blow upon the Macdonald Ministry, and that he is prepared to adopt the motto of 'Anything to beat Beatty.' But it is a disappointment to the future hope of the country to see their idol revamping the worn-out issues of the past, instead of striking out boldly in the direction of progress. The Pacific Scandal is dead. The people consented to forget it when they sent Sir John Macdonald back to power, and to rake up its ashes and throw them in the eyes of the great body politic at this late day is unworthy of a man of Mr. Blake's great mind."

In addition to this piece of evidence, which, we think, shows pretty conclusively that side issues were relied upon to influence the electors of West Toronto and that the Liberal leaders dare not trust exclusively to their pet hobby of one-sided Free Trade, we have the still stronger evidence in Mr. Ryan's card to the electors of St. George's Ward, as published in the Toronto papers:—

"Your support and vote are requested for Alk. Peter Ryan, of St. George's Ward. The unanimous choice of the Liberal Party in Convention assembled as their Candidate, in opposition to the nominee of the Government at Ottawa, and as a supporter of the Hon. Edward Blake. Vote for Ald. Ryan and protect yourself against the burdensome taxation of the Ottawa Government and against the proposal of Mayor Beatty to abolish the Provincial Legislation and Toronto as the seat of Government."

Yet, even with these side issues, combined with the eloquence of Mr. Blake and the vituperation of Mr. Mackenzie, the Liberals were unable to lower the Conservative vote from what it was in 1878. Mr. Beatty and Mr. Wright, both of whom declared themselves supporters of the National Policy, together polling about the same number of votes as Mr. Robinson in 1878.

With reference to the recent election in North Ontario, we are not informed as to the details of the contest. We remember, however, gleaming from the Opposition press of Ontario that the farmers in that Province were ripe for rebellion, that they were champing the bit of their iron lot, and that they wanted only an opportunity to show their detestation of the fiscal policy of the Government. We were rather sur-

prised after this election, held—as it was—in a rural constituency, to see that while Mr. Wheeler managed to add a few votes to his majority, yet he owed them entirely to the two towns—Uxbridge, in which he resides, giving him 112 of his majority, and Port Perry, 47; while his total majority was 158, out of a total vote of 4,500.

It does not look from these two elections as if the people of Ontario felt themselves so terribly outraged by the existing tariff.

As regards the Selkirk election, if the Opposition wish it to be understood that the battle there was between Free Trade and Protection, of course we will not object. The Globe declares that the issues were fairly placed. From what we can learn, however, we are inclined to think that the main issue on the Grit side was narrowed down to the personal popularity of their candidate, Mr. Donald A. Smith. That gentleman, who wields all the immense influence of the Hudson Bay Company, did not even announce himself as a supporter of the Hon. Edward Blake, as Mr. Ryan had done in Toronto. No pledge was given to support the party with whom he had been identified for the last seven years, from the day when he shamelessly abandoned his leader in the hour of his need to the present time. Nay, we have been told, and by one who was in Manitoba at the time of the election, that it was more than once hinted, during the canvass, that Mr. Donald A. Smith, in the event of his election, might not improbably give the Government an "independent support." But it was all to no purpose. Mr. Smith was defeated by 158 votes, and the people of Manitoba have emphatically declared themselves in favor of the policy of Sir John Macdonald and colleagues.

The Government have certainly every reason to feel assured of possessing the confidence of the country. They have been two years in office; and although borne in, as it were, on the top crest of a great reaction, they are actually ten votes stronger on a division than they were on the 17th September, 1878. Since that date, without counting the elections consequent upon Ministers taking office, there have been nine Conservative constituencies opened, viz., Beauharnois, Bonaventure, Cape Breton, Montmorency, Provencher, Three Rivers, West Toronto, Yale and Yamaska; and the Conservatives have kept them all. During the same period there have been eight Liberal constituencies opened, viz., Argenteuil, Charlevoix, Chateaugay, West Durham, Centre Huron, North Lanark, North Ontario and Selkirk, and of these the Opposition have held five and lost three. In addition to this gain, Niagara and East Hastings, in both of which constituencies Liberals were declared elected on the 17th of September, 1878, were given to the Conservatives by the courts, making a gain of five votes or as we have said a difference of ten votes on a division.

Had the Government lost ten votes, coming in as they did with such an enormous majority, it would not have surprised anyone; for it is usual for the popularity of a Government to wane from their first accession to power. Mr. McKenzie so far from holding his own, had lost in two years—we do not recollect how many seats—but almost all, that it was possible to lose; for, especially during the last years of his reign, to open a constituency meant to lose a seat. We look upon the record of the present Government as something phenomenal.

We place these facts before the public of Prince Edward Island. We ask them to consider them carefully, and then to say, whether they are not the best possible evidences in the world, that the present Government is popular with the people of Canada. What stronger could be adduced? And yet in the face of hard facts, like these, we see daily in the columns of the Patriot, et hoc genus omne, that the people of this country are waiting only an opportunity to "hurl from power the men by whom they have been so shamelessly deceived and betrayed."

Indeed, we read in a prominent Grit Organ not long ago, that one of the ministry was already looking for "a safe place, where he might hide himself from the storm of 1883." It is too much to say that the men who would write this rubbish would write anything.

A new letter of instructions has been issued to the Irish constabulary.

The Grand Duke Constantine of Russia is to visit Constantinople shortly.