

WHY Suffer With Your Corns?

You have no excuse for going about like a cripple, afraid to put your foot squarely on the ground. If your boots are too small and you can't get them stretched, give them away.

YOUR FEET ARE WORTH MORE THAN YOUR BOOTS

Then SPEND TWENTY CENTS for a bottle of Foster's Liquid Corn Cure and get relief.

If this preparation fails to remove the corn, then it can't be moved—some corns cannot.

E. A. FOSTER Central Drugstore

Sea & Poppins Sauce



A seasoning—as necessary as salt.

Once tried found invaluable.

The Original Worcestershire

The Imperial Order Daughters of the British Empire in the United States is preparing to entertain 1,500 guests at its Victory Dinner to be given in New York City on June 3, the birthday of King George V.

Startling Exposure Of Liberal Tactics

(Continued from page One)

prove this he makes reference to a few matters. One of these is a matter that seems to cause the honorable gentleman a great deal of trouble. \$2,500.00 paid to this Government by the Federal Government for increased production. This has been referred to many times. I only refer to it now as the honorable gentleman has used it to show the auditor was not correct in his statements.

These gentlemen do not appear to know how much money was paid to the province, or how it was spent. I will take the honorable gentleman back seemingly further than their memory is capable of going, that is to April of the year 1918—that is ancient history to these gentlemen; it is so far back, they can't remember it.

They know when Dr. Robertson came to this province in the interests of increased production. He spoke before this House, and there was one thing he wanted, that is—that not an acre of land in this province should be allowed to go without cultivation for want of seed. He said, "supply seed to those who want to buy it, to those who need it and can pay for it; but supply it anyway. We will go half in the expense." He got a grant of \$5,000 to be paid to us, \$2,500 first payment and the balance when we needed it; this Government to supplement with an equal amount.

The question was how to do this, and do it properly. It was thought advisable at that time not to lay out a plan and spread it broadcast, but in order to overcome some difficulties which the honorable gentleman will remember, we held a session in this House behind closed doors. The honorable gentleman then was told the amount of money we were getting, and they were told just how it was proposed to spend it. It was proposed to use it by calling in the assistance of farmers' associations, principally the Egg and Poultry Association of this province, as they were well established to handle it. Farmers' Institutes could handle it, or if their members were near the local poultry associations, they could do it through them. It was done through them. They bought the seed and they supplied it. I think the gentleman here will remember they were not to do this altogether at their own risk. This money that we were receiving would go to guarantee against loss. They undertook the work and did as well as could be done under the circumstances. They financed it as far as they could; they supplied somewhere between \$12,000 and \$14,000 worth of seed. When they called on us for assistance in financing, we paid them the amount that was in hand from the Dominion Government, and we paid them a like amount out of the Local Treasury.

This money was not credited to the Provincial Account, but was credited to our account for moneys received from Ottawa and was audited under that head. If these gentlemen thought there was anything wrong, they could have asked for the information, and if at any time that was not satisfactory to them they could have called the accountants before the Public Accounts Committee.

This Dominion account closes with the end of the federal financial year on the 31st March each year. You will find in this year's report the statement for last year. The statement for the year ending 31st March last, and containing this item will be ready shortly and tabled in this House.

The matter of this \$5,000 we entrusted to the Egg and Poultry Association.

These gentlemen wish to insinuate that the Government received the full \$5,000 from the Dominion Government. Did they inquire? No. They know the truth, but they would like the falsehood to go to the country.

The \$2,500 was paid; it was put where it was intended, accounted for in the proper way, and audited as it should be.

Another matter the honorable Leader of the Opposition dwelt on for a long time—and it was not the first time, and I don't suppose it will be the last—was the matter of the Sanatorium. He tried to show here, too, that the auditor did not do his duty. He has brought it up before every session during the last four years, and he alone dealt with it. He placed it before the country at four different by-elections, and there also, he alone dealt with it. In each case he got his reply and if he persists in repeating it, he will get the same reply, the loss of his candidate. I don't know if there is any member of the House willing to back him up in that matter. You will remember that during his speech on this resolution he referred to certain moneys paid to the member from Tignish, personally. The original

cheques were produced here, and it was shown by these cheques that the money was not paid to the member from Tignish; it was paid to the Commissioners of the Charles Dalton Sanatorium.

He questioned that, and asked if that was the case, why was the statement placed on the table of the House that it was paid to Sir Charles Dalton personally. He said he had that statement, and was quoting from it. He even deceived the Patriot which had been relying on his statement believing it to be true. It was put in such a way that perhaps few, indeed, would doubt it.

I have in my hand here the return dated 12th April, 1916. "Answer to question No. 55. Charles Dalton Sanatorium." The statement says there was advanced to the Charles Dalton Sanatorium \$1,000, June 30; October 8, advanced to Charles Dalton Sanatorium \$500; November 29, advanced to Charles Dalton Sanatorium, \$918.56; not one single dollar to Charles Dalton.

This is the original return from which he did not get the statements he made; the return which he deliberately falsified.

THE PREMIER—Will you take it back?

MR. BELL—I won't take it back.

MR. MCKINNON—He says he won't take it back; he does not want to take it back. That is a sample of many of the statements coming from that side of the House, not founded on fact, published by a newspaper quite ready to do it for them, and for use in the country for election purposes! I have here, also, a carbon copy kept in the Provincial Secretary's Office with the late Leader's memorandum. There is no question about it. The honorable gentleman will try to show both auditors were wrong in their statements in the face of the fact that we have here the original documents which he so shamelessly misrepresented.

There is nothing left staring the Opposition Leader in the face but the plain fact that from 1911 to the close of 1918 all the reports will show that the finances of the country are better by several thousands of dollars than they were when the present party came into power. During all these years when the war was on, while other provinces were going into debt, this province did not go into debt one single dollar. He will find that while other provinces were paying high interest, the Dominion Government paying very reasonable interest, indeed, and that is perhaps the best proof we have of the excellent financial standing of the province. The time these gentlemen were in power the Dominion Government was borrowing at 2 1/2; they were borrowing at 4, 4 1/2 and 5 per cent. You would almost think that when the Dominion Government borrowed at 4 1/2 we should be paying 9 per cent. We are not, we are borrowing at 4 to 5 1/2 per cent. There is nothing that will show more conclusively that the province is in good financial condition.

There are other things besides finances that require attention and they are sometimes difficult to deal with. One of these questions is education. I have heard it said several times since this session opened that we are confronted with a serious situation, that the condition of education is serious in this province. I don't say the educational situation is serious today; there was a time when it was serious. If a man is in danger and does not know it, his situation is serious; if he is in danger and does not know it, he can avert the danger, or avoid it altogether. Our educational affairs were in a very serious condition when those honorable gentlemen were in power, salaries were low and some schools were closed. There was no great noise made about it. The Government at that time got \$100,000 increased subsidy; how much of that money did they pay towards the teachers' salaries? Not one single dollar. Since the present Government came into power they got \$100,000 increased subsidy; they paid \$45,000 in teachers' salaries alone. There is surely some difference in that, and it is surely some consolation to the teachers to know the management of educational affairs is in the hands of those who show some sympathy, rather than those who ignore them altogether. They did not pay a single dollar of the \$100,000 to the salaries of teachers; they reduced the salaries. What kind of a cry would go up from the other side of the House if the present Government cut down the small salaries of teachers?

They appointed a commission that cost several thousand dollars; they published a large report. I would like to know if there is an honorable gentleman on that side of the House who saw the report. There are gentlemen on the other side of the House who were in the Government at that time; I would like to know if they read it. They did not. It was not their intention to act on it. They ignored their own report. There was a large petition sent all around the country, through every school district; it was largely signed, sent in to them to impose taxes to pay the

This Advertisement Is Designed To Give Workers and Others Information Regarding the Red Triangle Drive, May 5---9

The National Campaign is for . . \$1,100,000.00

The Provincial Committee have accepted the amount allocated to the Provinces, divided as follows:—

King's County.....	\$1,500.00
Prince County.....	4,000.00
Queen's County.....	7,000.00
Total.....	\$12,500.00

Of the \$7000.00 for Queen's County it is expected that Charlottetown will raise \$3,500.00. In addition to this, \$3,000.00 is being added for improvements to the local Association Building, making a total of \$6,500.00. A lot of new equipment is needed in the Charlottetown "Y" and a heating system must be installed in order to make the Building more comfortable and up-to-date.

Prince County is also adding \$2,600.00 to their budget towards a County Y. M. C. A. King's County amount is stationary at \$1,500.00.

Watch the Large Advs. now running, and see the great BIG WORK ALREADY DONE, now BEING DONE and TO BE DONE BY THE "Y. M. C. A."

Kindly cut out this Advertisement for reference IT WILL NOT APPEAR AGAIN

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

AGENTS WANTED

PORTRAIT AGENTS WANTED. Send for catalog, prints, Solar and bromide. Finished portraits convex, or flat. Frames, glass and all supplies. Merchants Portrait Co., Toronto. 5382-5-1m6f1.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—WHITE LEGHORN hens, laying. Apply 228 Cumberland St., City. 53774-4-30M21pd

FOR SALE—TWO CARS LIME JUST arrived; also one car Sydney Slag. Apply H. A. McPhail, New Haven. 53774-4-30M41pd.

HORSE FOR SALE—I WILL SELL on the Market Square on Tuesday, May 6th, at 12 o'clock noon. 1 general purpose horse. Terms at sale. Benj. Carter, Auctioneer. 5394-5-1 M 31 pd

FOR SALE A MOTOR BOAT WITH 6 H. P. Palmer Engine. Size of boat 24 feet overall. Everything in good order, as the owner is called away it will be sold at a bargain. Apply to A. C. Myers, Annandale, Lot 36. 5365-4-30M6f1

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN A GAS engine manufactured by the National Engineering Co., Saginaw, Michigan, U. S. A. 2 H. P., speed 400, in very good condition, with little expense could easily be converted into gasoline engine. Apply Guardian Office. 5298-4-26m1f

HELP WANTED

WANTED A MAID UNTIL JULY 1st. No washing. Apply 22 Pleasant St. 5412-5-2M3pd.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, AN EXPERIENCED MAN TO WORK ON FARM. Will pay \$40.00 a month. Apply to Harry Essery, Union Road. 5343-4-29M10fpd

WANTED IMMEDIATELY MAN OR big boy for farm work, small crop. Apply to Fred Court, Bedford, R. R. 5297-4-26m6f1d.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED—TWO GIRLS. APPLY 175 Grafton St. 5380-5-1m3f1.

WANTED—TWO GIRLS. APPLY 175 Grafton St. 5380-5-1-M 3f1

WANTED AT ONCE—MAID FOR general house work. Apply 143 Easton St. 5392-5-1 M 3f1 pd

WANTED—TO RENT OR BUY FOR small family; house centrally located. Apply Guardian Office.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply Mrs. Byron Brown, 202 Easton St. 5296-4-26m1f

WANTED—AT ONCE MAID FOR general house work. Apply to Mrs. Bruce Stewart, 14 Water Street. 5228-4-23M1f.

WANTED—A MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN for house keeper with an elderly couple in a country village. Apply to E.J.C. 15 Grafton St. or to T.H. Bulpitt, Montague. 5386-5-1-M3f1pd

MISCELLANEOUS

B. R. HOLMAN EXPORTER OF RAW furs, 85 Queen Street, Charlottetown. 5280-4-26M1f

HAY WANTED.—JOHN McQUILLAN & Co. want four or five cars pressed hay. 5395-5-1M4f1

SINGLE COMB BLACK MINORCA eggs for hatching. \$2.00 per 15 eggs. William J. Cudmore, 82 Elm Ave., Charlottetown, P. E. I. 53194-28M6f1d.

VISITING CARDS GENTS 90c. PER 100; Ladies \$1.00 per 100. Guardian Job Printing, Charlottetown. 4085-2-20m2f

ENVELOPES WITH ADDRESSES or Initials 65c per 100; \$2.00 per 500; \$3.00 per 1,000. Guardian Job Printing, Charlottetown. 4085-2-20M2f.

NOTEPAPER AND ADDRESSES—Single sheet 75c per 100. \$1.50 to 500. Double sheet \$1.00 per 100. \$2.00 per 500. Guardian Job Printing, Charlottetown. 4085-2-20M2f.

MULTIGRAPH LETTERS, SAME AS typewriting on customer's stationery: 100 for \$2 per 40 lines; 500 for \$2.50; 1000 for \$3.50. If we supply stationery: 100 for \$2.75; 500 for \$4.50; 1000 for \$7.50. Guardian Job Printing, Charlottetown.

DAIRYMEN'S SANITARY BUTTER paper, printed. "Fresh Dairy Butter"—35c per 100. Per post 40c.

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, AN EXPERIENCED MAN TO WORK ON FARM. Will pay \$40.00 a month. Apply to Harry Essery, Union Road. 5343-4-29M10fpd

WANTED IMMEDIATELY MAN OR big boy for farm work, small crop. Apply to Fred Court, Bedford, R. R. 5297-4-26m6f1d.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY RELIABLE young man as shipping-clerk in wholesale grocery warehouse. Returned soldier preferred. Apply box 190. 5300-4-26 M1f

WANTED A GOOD TRUSTY MAN TO fire a steam boiler and to work around machinery. Write John Bernard, Bradalbane, R. R. 5417-5-2M5f1d.

LOST.— AT VICTORIA PARK EAST Saturday child's kid glove. Find or please leave at 26 Great George Street. 5388-5-1M3f1

FOUND

FOUND ON THE RAILWAY TRACK near Millview a ladies gold filled watch, with monogram. Owner may have same by proving property and paying expenses. Janie Acorn, Vernon River, P. E. I. 5372-4-31m3f1d.

WANTED

WANTED SMALL SIZE SAFE. State price wanted. Apply Box 42 City. 5410-5-2M2f1d

teachers a higher salary.

No doubt you will hear them shouting out because some people advocate putting on more taxes and increasing salaries. Even without any petition these gentlemen are anxious it should be done. What do they themselves do? Nothing. The present Government encouraged the teachers by giving them supplements, by giving them a grant for attendance. Further than that, they appointed a sufficient number of inspectors to have the schools properly inspected.

Why, in their day some of the schools were visited twice a year, some only once, some only once in two years; and there were a few not visited at all. That was the state of the schools then. That was when it was a serious matter, but today there are sufficient inspectors to give the schools good attention, and they have stirred up educational matters, so that today the people are realizing, and they have realized, the condition, and when a system—I don't care what it is—realizes its position, we have some hope it will be improved.

Who is going to make the improvement? Whom can the affairs of education be trusted to in the province at the present time? Those who neglected it, who even cut off the salaries? Or those who have encouraged them, improved salaries step by step from the time they came into power up to the present? I think when the time comes the teachers and ratepayers will know whom to trust in this matter.

There are other matters of considerable importance; perhaps one of the most important is Agriculture. We have heard a great deal of what the Commissioner of Agriculture did not do. There is one thing, I think that is, inaugurating the greatest back to the land movement that was ever known in this House. I don't know how far it will extend, or what effect it will have in the country. I don't think it will have a very good effect as far as the gentlemen of the Opposition are concerned. We find that every member on that side of the House, whether a lawyer, a druggist, or a merchant, gives little attention to Public Works and finances, he merely mentions casually something about them, and gets on to Agriculture. He says at the start he is not going to say much—he will say that to the farmers, but whether it is the lure of the land, the lure of the next election, or the magnetism of the farm, he always dwells on Agriculture. Personally I may say I rather enjoy that, and I am pleased indeed when they stick to the facts as they find them. But it is very seldom they do that. Even the honorable member from the second district of Prince County took up the greater part of his time with Agriculture, and I think he was very careful than the others. He did not undertake to say very much, except that he denied the Department did anything at all; they actually did nothing! If the honorable gentleman

would only look out of his window

and survey the town of Summerside he would find one of the public buildings, an Agriculture building, that was put there by the present Government. It is possible the gentleman does not know it is there. If some one would remind him of it, and he would take the trouble of going into that building, he would find a graduate of an Agricultural College there, with six or seven years' experience. If the man in charge is not there all the time, he is out in the country, because it is in the country most of his work is. However, the honorable gentleman should at least give the Government credit for putting that building there.

If he took a trip to his own district, which is a little distant from Summerside, he would see a tile plant which would not have been there if it had not been for this Government. Then he will find a little further on, a ditcher, ditching the low lands of his own district. The honorable gentleman said the Department did not do anything.

These and some other things done in his county, possibly in his own district, are surely within his knowledge. With reference to the statement of a gentleman who was a farmer, the representative from the Third District, I might say that among the statements he made when addressing the House were some that were very complimentary to the Agriculture department. He told this House about some Seed Fairs held in Summerside, good seed Fairs, well patronized, well conducted, well arranged, and well attended, educational meetings, everything required; and above all, they promptly paid their prizes when the Fairs were over. But he did not tell at the same time that these were Fairs we had to do with. Then he told the House of another Fair held there which was not well conducted, it was not well arranged, nor well advertised, nor well attended, and five or six months passed before prizes were paid. This was the only Fair that was bad. He neglected to inform the House that we did not have anything to do with it. When he shows the contrast, it points very much in our favor. The honorable gentleman, I said, was a farmer, and he gives us the information that he is still a farmer. I know he was a seed grower, exhibited seed, and marketed seed, and he is a gentleman who knows something about seed fairs. I think when he addressed this House and undertook to give some information he should have given something reliable. That gentleman knows as well as I do that the Fair he referred to, and the Fair he blamed the Commissioner of Agriculture for not conducting properly, was a maritime Fair, with which we never had anything to do since maritime Fairs were first established. They are conducted by a maritime committee.

I might refer to a letter that appeared in the Patriot, signed "Exhibitor." We know who signs letters of this kind. He said the Commis-

sioner was slighted for some reason

or other, and he refused to pay the grant. That is what the letter said, but I can tell the honorable gentleman the Commissioner was not slighted; he was treated by that committee as well as by any other committee of maritime Fairs. I have always received invitations from the maritime Fairs to attend. I always attended when convenient. I attended in this case; they generally asked me to speak at their meetings, they gave me the same invitation this time. They put me in some honorary way on the program, they did the same this time; that was all there was to it. They conducted the Fair; the expense of that Fair was something like \$1300. But the honorable gentleman says I should have paid that out of the funds of the Department, and the honorable Leader of the Opposition says I disgusted the farmers when I did not pay it out of the Department. What would they say if I paid \$1300 that we had no right to pay, that we were never expected to pay. These fairs are supported by the Dominion Government and all three provinces. The other two provinces paid a certain amount; the secretary asked our Department to pay \$300. It was a little larger grant than we usually paid when Fairs were held in the other provinces. I do not think we were over-stepping the amount.

Another letter besides the one I referred to, was published not long ago by a man claiming to be an exhibitor. He said that he asked one of the committee why the prizes were not paid, and the reply was that he did not attend the last two or three meetings of the committee, because there was going to be a row with the Commissioner about the grant. There was no cause for a row as far as I was concerned, but somebody was trying to make the row. He did not get the row started, consequently he tried to fill the country with false reports. That same writer says he asked why the prizes were not paid, and they said the Commissioner refused to pay the money. What was that done for? To circulate throughout the country mis-statements that would prejudice exhibitors against the Commissioner and against the Department.

(to be continued)

No Breakfast trouble at our house

says— Bobby

Every morning now we have

POST TOASTIES